4SHB 1541 - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education

NOT CONSIDERED 03/04/2016

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- Sec. 1. (1) The legislature has already 3 "NEW SECTION. established that it is a goal of the state to provide for a public 4 school system that gives all students the opportunity to achieve 5 personal and academic success. This goal contains within it a promise 6 7 of excellence and opportunity for all students, not just some students. In 2012, in McCleary v. State of Washington, the Washington 8 9 supreme court reaffirmed the positive constitutional right of every student by noting, "No child is excluded." In establishing the 10 educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee in 11 2009, the legislature recognized that additional work was needed to 12 13 fulfill the promise of excellence and opportunity for students of 14 certain demographic groups, including English language learners.
 - (2) In its 2015 report to the legislature, the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee made the following recommendations in keeping with its statutory purpose, which is to recommend specific policies and strategies to close the educational opportunity gap:
- 20 (a) Reduce the length of time students of color are excluded from 21 school due to suspension and expulsion and provide students support 22 for reengagement plans;
- 23 (b) Enhance the cultural competence of current and future 24 educators and classified staff;
- 25 (c) Endorse all educators in English language learner and second language acquisition;
 - (d) Account for the transitional bilingual instruction program instructional services provided to English language learner students;
- 29 (e) Analyze the opportunity gap through deeper disaggregation of 30 student demographic data;
- 31 (f) Invest in the recruitment, hiring, and retention of educators 32 of color;

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- 1 (g) Incorporate integrated student services and family 2 engagement; and
 - (h) Strengthen student transitions at each stage of the education development pathway: Early learning to elementary, elementary to secondary, secondary to college and career.
 - (3) The legislature finds that these recommendations represent a holistic approach to making progress toward closing the opportunity gap. The recommendations are interdependent and mutually reinforcing. Closing the opportunity gap requires highly skilled, culturally competent, and diverse educators who understand the communities and cultures that students come from; it requires careful monitoring of not only the academic performance but also the educational environment for all students, at a fine grain of detail to assure adequate accountability; and it requires a robust program of instruction, including appropriately trained educators, to help English language learners gain language proficiency as well as academic proficiency.
- 18 (4) Therefore, the legislature intends to adopt policies and 19 programs to implement the six recommendations of the educational 20 opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee and fulfill 21 its promise of excellence and opportunity for all students.

22 PART I

DISPROPORTIONALITY IN STUDENT DISCIPLINE

- Sec. 101. RCW 28A.600.490 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 301 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall convene a discipline task force to develop standard definitions for causes of student disciplinary actions taken at the discretion of the school district. The task force must also develop data collection standards for disciplinary actions that are discretionary and for disciplinary actions that result in the exclusion of a student from school. The data collection standards must include data about education services provided while a student is subject to a disciplinary action, the status of petitions for readmission to the school district when a student has been excluded from school, credit retrieval during a period of exclusion, and school dropout as a result of disciplinary action.

- 1 (2) The discipline task force shall include representatives from 2 the K-12 data governance group, the educational opportunity gap 3 oversight and accountability committee, the state ethnic commissions, 4 the governor's office of Indian affairs, the office of the education 5 ((ombudsman [ombuds])) ombuds, school districts, tribal 6 representatives, and other education and advocacy organizations.
- 7 (3) The office of the superintendent of public instruction and 8 the K-12 data governance group shall revise the statewide student 9 data system to incorporate the student discipline data collection 10 standards recommended by the discipline task force, and begin 11 collecting data based on the revised standards in the 2015-16 school 12 year.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:
- 15 (1) School districts shall annually disseminate discipline 16 policies and procedures to students, families, and the community.
- 17 (2) School districts shall use disaggregated data collected 18 pursuant to RCW 28A.300.042 to monitor the impact of the school 19 district's discipline policies and procedures.
- 20 (3) School districts, in consultation with school district staff, 21 students, families, and the community, shall periodically review and 22 update their discipline rules, policies, and procedures.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 24 28A.345 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The Washington state school directors' association shall 25 create model school district discipline policies and procedures and 26 post these models publicly by December 1, 2016. In developing these 27 model policies and procedures, the association shall request 28 29 technical assistance and guidance from the equity and civil rights 30 office within the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the Washington state human rights commission. The model policies 31 and procedures shall be updated as necessary. 32
- 33 (2) School districts shall adopt and enforce discipline policies 34 and procedures consistent with the model policy by the beginning of 35 the 2017-18 school year.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 28A.415 RCW to read as follows:

- 1 (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 2 develop a training program to support the implementation of 3 discipline policies and procedures under chapter 28A.600 RCW.
- 4 (2) School districts are strongly encouraged to provide the 5 trainings to all school and district staff interacting with students, 6 including instructional staff and noninstructional staff, as well as 7 within a reasonable time following any substantive change to school 8 discipline policies or procedures.
- 9 (3) To the maximum extent feasible, the trainings incorporate or adapt existing online training 10 or curriculum, 11 including securing materials or curriculum under contract or purchase 12 agreements within available funds.
 - (4) The trainings must be developed in modules that allow:
- 14 (a) Access to material over a reasonable number of training 15 sessions;
 - (b) Delivery in person or online; and
- 17 (c) Use in a self-directed manner.

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- 18 **Sec. 105.** RCW 28A.600.015 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 302 are each 19 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt and distribute to all school districts lawful and reasonable rules prescribing the substantive and procedural due process guarantees of pupils in the common schools. Such rules shall authorize a school district to use informal due process procedures in connection with the short-term suspension of students to the extent constitutionally permissible: PROVIDED, That the superintendent of public instruction deems the interest of students to be adequately protected. When a student suspension or expulsion is appealed, the rules authorize a school district to impose the suspension or expulsion temporarily after an initial hearing for no more than ten consecutive school days or until the appeal is decided, whichever is earlier. Any days that the student is temporarily suspended or expelled before the appeal is decided shall be applied to the term of the student suspension or expulsion and shall not limit or extend the term of the student suspension or expulsion. An expulsion or suspension of a student may not be for an indefinite period of time.
- 37 (2) Short-term suspension procedures may be used for suspensions 38 of students up to and including, ten consecutive school days.

- 1 (3) Emergency expulsions must end or be converted to another form 2 of corrective action within ten school days from the date of the 3 emergency removal from school. Notice and due process rights must be 4 provided when an emergency expulsion is converted to another form of 5 corrective action.
 - (4) School districts may not impose long-term suspension or expulsion as a form of discretionary discipline.
- 8 (5) Any imposition of discretionary and nondiscretionary
 9 discipline is subject to the bar on suspending the provision of
 10 educational services pursuant to subsection (8) of this section.
- 11 (6) As used in this chapter, "discretionary discipline" means a
 12 disciplinary action taken by a school district for student behavior
 13 that violates rules of student conduct adopted by a school district
 14 board of directors under RCW 28A.600.010 and this section, but does
 15 not constitute action taken in response to any of the following:
 - (a) A violation of RCW 28A.600.420;
- 17 <u>(b) An offense in RCW 13.04.155;</u>

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- 18 (c) Two or more violations of RCW 9A.46.120, 9.41.280,
 19 28A.600.455, 28A.635.020, or 28A.635.060 within a three-year period;
 20 or
- 21 <u>(d) Behavior that adversely impacts the health or safety of other</u> 22 <u>students or educational staff.</u>
 - (7) Except as provided in RCW 28A.600.420, school districts are not required to impose long-term suspension or expulsion for behavior that constitutes a violation or offense listed under subsection (6)(a) through (c) of this section and should first consider alternative actions.
 - (8) School districts may not suspend the provision of educational services to a student as a disciplinary action. A student may be excluded from a particular classroom or instructional or activity area for the period of suspension or expulsion, but the school district must provide an opportunity for a student to receive educational services during a period of suspension or expulsion.
- (9) Nothing in this section creates any civil liability for school districts, or creates a new cause of action or new theory of negligence against a school district board of directors, a school district, or the state.
- 38 **Sec. 106.** RCW 28A.600.020 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The rules adopted pursuant to RCW 28A.600.010 shall be interpreted to ensure that the optimum learning atmosphere of the classroom is maintained, and that the highest consideration is given to the judgment of qualified certificated educators regarding conditions necessary to maintain the optimum learning atmosphere.
- (2) Any student who creates a disruption of the educational process in violation of the building disciplinary standards while under a teacher's immediate supervision may be excluded by the teacher from his or her individual classroom and instructional or activity area for all or any portion of the balance of the school day, or up to the following two days, or until the principal or designee and teacher have conferred, whichever occurs first. Except in emergency circumstances, the teacher first must attempt one or more alternative forms of corrective action. In no event without the consent of the teacher may an excluded student return to the class during the balance of that class or activity period or up to the following two days, or until the principal or his or her designee and the teacher have conferred.
- (3) In order to preserve a beneficial learning environment for all students and to maintain good order and discipline in each classroom, every school district board of directors shall provide that written procedures are developed for administering discipline at each school within the district. Such procedures shall be developed with the participation of parents and the community, and shall provide that the teacher, principal or designee, and other authorities designated by the board of directors, make reasonable attempt to involve the parent or guardian and the student in the resolution of student discipline problems. Such procedures shall provide that students may be excluded from their individual classes or activities for periods of time in excess of that provided in subsection (2) of this section if such students have repeatedly disrupted the learning of other students. The procedures must be consistent with the rules of the superintendent of public instruction and must provide for early involvement of parents in attempts to improve the student's behavior.
- 36 (4) The procedures shall assure, pursuant to RCW 28A.400.110, 37 that all staff work cooperatively toward consistent enforcement of 38 proper student behavior throughout each school as well as within each 39 classroom.

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- 1 (5)(a) A principal shall consider imposing long-term suspension 2 or expulsion as a sanction when deciding the appropriate disciplinary 3 action for a student who, after July 27, 1997:
- 4 (i) Engages in two or more violations within a three-year period of RCW 9A.46.120, ((28A.320.135,)) 28A.600.455, 28A.600.460, 28A.635.020, 28A.600.020, 28A.635.060, or 9.41.280((, or 28A.320.140)); or
- 8 (ii) Engages in one or more of the offenses listed in RCW 9 13.04.155.
- 10 (b) The principal shall communicate the disciplinary action taken 11 by the principal to the school personnel who referred the student to 12 the principal for disciplinary action.

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- (6) Any corrective action involving a suspension or expulsion from school for more than ten days must have an end date of not more than ((one calendar year)) the length of an academic term, as defined by the school board, from the time of corrective action. Districts shall make reasonable efforts to assist students and parents in returning to an educational setting prior to and no later than the end date of the corrective action. Where warranted based on public health or safety, a school may petition the superintendent of the school district, pursuant to policies and procedures adopted by the office of the superintendent of public instruction, for authorization to exceed the ((one calendar year)) academic term limitation provided in this subsection. The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules outlining the limited circumstances in which a school may petition to exceed the ((one calendar year)) academic term limitation, including safeguards to ensure that the school district has made every effort to plan for the student's return to school. School districts shall report to the office of the superintendent of public instruction the number of petitions made to the school board and the number of petitions granted on an annual basis.
- (7) Nothing in this section prevents a public school district, educational service district, the Washington state center for childhood deafness and hearing loss, or the state school for the blind if it has suspended or expelled a student from the student's regular school setting from providing educational services to the student in an alternative setting or modifying the suspension or expulsion on a case-by-case basis. An alternative setting should be comparable, equitable, and appropriate to the regular education services a student would have received without the exclusionary

- 1 <u>discipline</u>. Example alternative settings include alternative high
- 2 schools, one-on-one tutoring, and online learning.

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- **Sec. 107.** RCW 28A.600.022 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 308 are each 4 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) School districts should make efforts to have suspended or expelled students return to an educational setting as soon as possible. School districts ((should)) must convene a meeting with the student and the student's parents or guardians within twenty days of the student's long-term suspension or expulsion, but no later than five days before the student's enrollment, to discuss a plan to reengage the student in a school program. Families must have access to, provide meaningful input on, and have the opportunity to participate in a culturally sensitive and culturally responsive reengagement plan.
 - (2) In developing a reengagement plan, school districts should consider shortening the length of time that the student is suspended or expelled, other forms of corrective action, and supportive interventions that aid in the student's academic success and keep the student engaged and on track to graduate. School districts must create a reengagement plan tailored to the student's individual circumstances, including consideration of the incident that led to the student's long-term suspension or expulsion. The plan should aid the student in taking the necessary steps to remedy the situation that led to the student's suspension or expulsion.
 - (3) Any reengagement meetings conducted by the school district involving the suspended or expelled student and his or her parents or guardians are not intended to replace a petition for readmission.
- **Sec. 108.** RCW 43.41.400 and 2012 c 229 s 585 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- (1) An education data center shall be established in the office of financial management. The education data center shall jointly, with the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee, conduct collaborative analyses of early learning, K-12, and higher education programs and education issues across the P-20 system, which includes the department of early learning, the superintendent of public instruction, the professional educator standards board, the state board of education, the state board for community and technical colleges, the workforce training and education coordinating board,

- 1 the student achievement council, public and private nonprofit fouryear institutions of higher education, and the employment security 2 department. The education data center shall conduct collaborative 3 analyses under this section with the legislative evaluation and 4 accountability program committee and provide data electronically to 5 6 the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee, to 7 the permitted by state and federal confidentiality extent requirements. The education data center shall be considered an 8 authorized representative of the state educational agencies in this 9 section under applicable federal and state statutes for purposes of 10 11 accessing and compiling student record data for research purposes.
 - (2) The education data center shall:

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- (a) In consultation with the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee and the agencies and organizations participating in the education data center, identify the critical research and policy questions that are intended to be addressed by the education data center and the data needed to address the questions;
- (b) Coordinate with other state education agencies to compile and analyze education data, including data on student demographics that is disaggregated by distinct ethnic categories within racial subgroups, and complete P-20 research projects;
- (c) Collaborate with the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee and the education and fiscal committees of the legislature in identifying the data to be compiled and analyzed to ensure that legislative interests are served;
- (d) Annually provide to the K-12 data governance group a list of data elements and data quality improvements that are necessary to answer the research and policy questions identified by the education data center and have been identified by the legislative committees in (c) of this subsection. Within three months of receiving the list, the K-12 data governance group shall develop and transmit to the education data center a feasibility analysis of obtaining or improving the data, including the steps required, estimated time frame, and the financial and other resources that would be required. Based on the analysis, the education data center shall submit, if necessary, a recommendation to the legislature regarding any statutory changes or resources that would be needed to collect or improve the data;

(e) Monitor and evaluate the education data collection systems of the organizations and agencies represented in the education data center ensuring that data systems are flexible, able to adapt to evolving needs for information, and to the extent feasible and necessary, include data that are needed to conduct the analyses and provide answers to the research and policy questions identified in (a) of this subsection;

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- (f) Track enrollment and outcomes through the public centralized higher education enrollment system;
- (g) Assist other state educational agencies' collaborative efforts to develop a long-range enrollment plan for higher education including estimates to meet demographic and workforce needs;
- (h) Provide research that focuses on student transitions within and among the early learning, K-12, and higher education sectors in the P-20 system; ((and))
 - (i) Prepare a regular report on the educational and workforce outcomes of youth in the juvenile justice system, using data disaggregated by age, and by ethnic categories and racial subgroups in accordance with RCW 28A.300.042; and
 - (j) Make recommendations to the legislature as necessary to help ensure the goals and objectives of this section and RCW 28A.655.210 and 28A.300.507 are met.
- (3) The department of early learning, superintendent of public instruction, professional educator standards board, state board of education, state board for community and technical colleges, workforce training and education coordinating board, achievement council, public four-year institutions education, <u>department of social and health services</u> and employment security department shall work with the education data center to develop data-sharing and research agreements, consistent with applicable security and confidentiality requirements, to facilitate the work of the center. The education data center shall also develop data-sharing and research agreements with the administrative office of the courts to conduct research on educational and workforce outcomes using data maintained under RCW 13.50.010(12) related to juveniles. Private, nonprofit institutions of higher education that provide programs of education beyond the high school level leading at least to the baccalaureate degree and are accredited by the Northwest association of schools and colleges or their peer accreditation bodies may also develop data-sharing and research agreements with the

- 1 education data center, consistent with applicable security and
- 2 confidentiality requirements. The education data center shall make
- 3 data from collaborative analyses available to the education agencies
- 4 and institutions that contribute data to the education data center to
- 5 the extent allowed by federal and state security and confidentiality
- 6 requirements applicable to the data of each contributing agency or
- 7 institution.

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- 8 **Sec. 109.** RCW 13.50.010 and 2015 c 265 s 2 and 2015 c 262 s 1 9 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) For purposes of this chapter:
- 11 (a) "Good faith effort to pay" means a juvenile offender has
 12 either (i) paid the principal amount in full; (ii) made at least
 13 eighty percent of the value of full monthly payments within the
 14 period from disposition or deferred disposition until the time the
 15 amount of restitution owed is under review; or (iii) can show good
 16 cause why he or she paid an amount less than eighty percent of the
 17 value of full monthly payments;
 - (b) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following: Police, diversion units, court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, detention center, attorney general, the legislative children's oversight committee, the office of the family and children's ombuds, the department of social and health services and its contracting agencies, schools; persons or public or private agencies having children committed to their custody; and any placement oversight committee created under RCW 72.05.415;
 - (c) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the juvenile court containing the petition or information, motions, memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;
- 29 (d) "Records" means the official juvenile court file, the social 30 file, and records of any other juvenile justice or care agency in the 31 case;
- 32 (e) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the 33 records and reports of the probation counselor.
- 34 (2) Each petition or information filed with the court may include 35 only one juvenile and each petition or information shall be filed 36 under a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed 37 separately from the official juvenile court file.
- 38 (3) It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to 39 maintain accurate records. To this end:

- 1 (a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information.
 2 Any information in records maintained by the department of social and
 3 health services relating to a petition filed pursuant to chapter
 4 13.34 RCW that is found by the court to be false or inaccurate shall
 5 be corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;
 - (b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent tampering with them; and

- (c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.
- (4) Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.
- (5) Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those records by the agency may make a motion to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the records or parts of them should remain confidential.
- (6) A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.
- (7) The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.
- (8) The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice advisory committees of county law and justice councils, engaged in legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes.

Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present a notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles and parents will remain confidential.

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- (9) The court shall release to the caseload forecast council the records needed for its research and data-gathering functions. Access to caseload forecast data may be permitted by the council for research purposes only if the anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will be preserved.
- (10) Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the caseload forecast council upon request. The commission shall not disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records without the named individual's written permission.
- (11) Requirements in this chapter relating to the court's authority to compel disclosure shall not apply to the legislative children's oversight committee or the office of the family and children's ombuds.
- (12) For the purpose of research only, the administrative office of the courts shall maintain an electronic research copy of all records in the judicial information system related to juveniles. Access to the research copy is restricted to the ((Washington state center for court research)) administrative office of the courts for research purposes as authorized by the supreme court or by state The ((Washington state center for court research)) statute. administrative office of the courts shall maintain confidentiality of all confidential records and shall preserve the anonymity of all persons identified in the research copy. Data contained in the research copy may be shared with other governmental agencies as authorized by state statute, pursuant to data-sharing and research agreements, and consistent with applicable security and confidentiality requirements. The research copy may not be subject to any records retention schedule and must include records destroyed or removed from the judicial information system pursuant to RCW 13.50.270 and 13.50.100(3).
- 35 (13) The court shall release to the Washington state office of public defense records needed to implement the agency's oversight, 37 technical assistance, and other functions as required by RCW 2.70.020. Access to the records used as a basis for oversight, 39 technical assistance, or other agency functions is restricted to the Washington state office of public defense. The Washington state Code Rev/SCG:amh 13 S-4967.1/16

office of public defense shall maintain the confidentiality of all confidential information included in the records.

(14) The court shall release to the Washington state office of 3 civil legal aid records needed to implement the agency's oversight, 4 technical assistance, and other functions as required by RCW 5 6 2.53.045. Access to the records used as a basis for oversight, technical assistance, or other agency functions is restricted to the 7 Washington state office of civil legal aid. The Washington state 8 office of civil legal aid shall maintain the confidentiality of all 9 confidential information included in the records, and shall, as soon 10 11 as possible, destroy any retained notes or records obtained under 12 this section that are not necessary for its functions related to RCW 2.53.045. 13

14 PART II

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EDUCATOR CULTURAL COMPETENCE

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 28A.345 RCW to read as follows:

The Washington state school directors' association, in consultation with the office of the superintendent of public instruction, the professional educator standards board, the steering committee established in RCW 28A.405.100, and the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee, must develop a plan for the creation and delivery of cultural competency training for school board directors and superintendents. The training program must also include the foundational elements of cultural competence, focusing on multicultural education and principles of English language acquisition, including information regarding best practices to implement the tribal history and culture curriculum. The content of the training must be aligned with the standards for cultural competence developed by the professional educator standards board under RCW 28A.410.270.

- 32 **Sec. 202.** RCW 28A.405.106 and 2012 c 35 s 5 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, the office of 35 the superintendent of public instruction must develop and make 36 available a professional development program to support the 37 implementation of the evaluation systems required by RCW 28A.405.100.

- The program components may be organized into professional development modules for principals, administrators, and teachers. The professional development program shall include a comprehensive online training package.
 - (2) The training program must include, but not be limited to, the following topics:
 - (a) Introduction of the evaluation criteria for teachers and principals and the four-level rating system;
 - (b) Orientation to and use of instructional frameworks;

- (c) Orientation to and use of the leadership frameworks;
- (d) Best practices in developing and using data in the evaluation systems, including multiple measures, student growth data, classroom observations, and other measures and evidence;
 - (e) Strategies for achieving maximum rater agreement;
 - (f) Evaluator feedback protocols in the evaluation systems;
 - (g) Examples of high quality teaching and leadership; and
- (h) Methods to link the evaluation process to ongoing educator professional development.
- elements of cultural competence, focusing on multicultural education and principles of English language acquisition, including information regarding best practices to implement the tribal history and culture curriculum. The content of the training must be aligned with the standards for cultural competence developed by the professional educator standards board under RCW 28A.410.270. The office of the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the professional educator standards board, the steering committee established in RCW 28A.405.100, and the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee, must integrate the content for cultural competence into the overall training for principals, administrators, and teachers to support the revised evaluation systems.
- (4) To the maximum extent feasible, the professional development program must incorporate or adapt existing online training or curriculum, including securing materials or curriculum under contract or purchase agreements within available funds. Multiple modes of instruction should be incorporated including videos of classroom teaching, participatory exercises, and other engaging combinations of online audio, video, and print presentation.

- 1 (((4))) (5) The professional development program must be developed in modules that allow:
- 3 (a) Access to material over a reasonable number of training 4 sessions;
 - (b) Delivery in person or online; and
 - (c) Use in a self-directed manner.

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- 7 (6) The office of the superintendent of ((+5))public instruction must maintain a web site that includes the online 8 professional development materials along with sample evaluation forms 9 and templates, links to relevant research on evaluation and on high 10 quality teaching and leadership, samples of contract and collective 11 12 bargaining language on key topics, examples of multiple measures of teacher and principal performance, suggestions for data to measure 13 14 student growth, and other tools that will assist school districts in implementing the revised evaluation systems. 15
 - (((6))) <u>(7)</u> The office of the superintendent of public instruction must identify the number of in-service training hours associated with each professional development module and develop a way for users to document their completion of the training. Documented completion of the training under this section is considered approved in-service training for the purposes of RCW 28A.415.020.
- (((7))) (8) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall periodically update the modules to reflect new topics and research on performance evaluation so that the training serves as an ongoing source of continuing education and professional development.
 - $((\frac{(8)}{)})$ (9) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall work with the educational service districts to provide clearinghouse services for the identification and publication of professional development opportunities for teachers and principals that align with performance evaluation criteria.
- 33 **Sec. 203.** RCW 28A.405.120 and 2012 c 35 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) School districts shall require each administrator, each 36 principal, or other supervisory personnel who has responsibility for 37 evaluating classroom teachers or principals to have training in 38 evaluation procedures.

- (2) Before school district implementation of the revised evaluation systems required under RCW 28A.405.100, principals and administrators who have evaluation responsibilities must engage in professional development designed to implement the revised systems and maximize rater agreement. The professional development to support the revised evaluation systems must also include foundational elements of cultural competence, focusing on multicultural education and principles of English language acquisition.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 204.** A new section is added to chapter 10 28A.415 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Subject to funds appropriated specifically for this purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in collaboration with the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee, the professional educator standards board, colleges of education, and representatives from diverse communities and community-based organizations, must develop a content outline for professional development and training in cultural competence for school staff.
 - (2) The content of the cultural competence professional development and training must be aligned with the standards developed by the professional educator standards board under RCW 28A.410.270. The training program must also include the foundational elements of cultural competence, focusing on multicultural education and principles of English language acquisition, including information regarding best practices to implement the tribal history and culture curriculum.
 - (3) The cultural competence professional development and training must contain components that are appropriate for classified school staff and district administrators as well as certificated instructional staff and principals at the building level. The professional development and training must also contain components suitable for delivery by individuals from the local community or community-based organizations with appropriate expertise.
- 34 (4) The legislature encourages educational service districts and 35 school districts to use the cultural competence professional 36 development and training developed under this section and provide 37 opportunities for all school and school district staff to gain 38 knowledge and skills in cultural competence, including in partnership 39 with their local communities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. A new section is added to chapter 2 28A.657 RCW to read as follows:

Required action districts as provided in RCW 28A.657.030, and 3 districts with schools that receive the federal school improvement 4 grant under the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009, and 5 6 districts with schools identified by the superintendent of public 7 instruction as priority or focus are strongly encouraged to provide cultural competence professional development and training 8 developed under RCW 28A.405.106, 28A.405.120, and section 204 of this 9 act for classified, certificated instructional, and administrative 10 staff of the school. The professional development and training may be 11 12 delivered by an educational service district, through district inservice, or by another qualified provider, including in partnership 13 14 with the local community.

15 PART III

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INSTRUCTING ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

- Sec. 301. RCW 28A.180.040 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 9 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Every school district board of directors shall:
- 20 (a) Make available to each eligible pupil transitional bilingual 21 instruction to achieve competency in English, in accord with rules of 22 the superintendent of public instruction;
 - (b) Wherever feasible, ensure that communications to parents emanating from the schools shall be appropriately bilingual for those parents of pupils in the bilingual instruction program;
 - (c) Determine, by administration of an English test approved by the superintendent of public instruction the number of eligible pupils enrolled in the school district at the beginning of a school year and thereafter during the year as necessary in individual cases;
 - (d) Ensure that a student who is a child of a military family in transition and who has been assessed as in need of, or enrolled in, a bilingual instruction program, the receiving school shall initially honor placement of the student into a like program.
- (i) The receiving school shall determine whether the district's program is a like program when compared to the sending school's program; and

- 1 (ii) The receiving school may conduct subsequent assessments 2 pursuant to RCW 28A.180.090 to determine appropriate placement and 3 continued enrollment in the program;
 - (e) Before the conclusion of each school year, measure each eligible pupil's improvement in learning the English language by means of a test approved by the superintendent of public instruction;
 - (f) Provide in-service training for teachers, counselors, and other staff, who are involved in the district's transitional bilingual program. Such training shall include appropriate instructional strategies for children of culturally different backgrounds, use of curriculum materials, and program models; and
 - (g) Make available a program of instructional support for up to two years immediately after pupils exit from the program, for exited pupils who need assistance in reaching grade-level performance in academic subjects even though they have achieved English proficiency for purposes of the transitional bilingual instructional program.
 - (2) <u>Beginning in the 2019-20 school year, all classroom teachers assigned using funds for the transitional bilingual instruction program to provide supplemental instruction for eligible pupils must hold an endorsement in bilingual education or English language learner, or both.</u>
- 22 (3) The definitions in Article II of RCW 28A.705.010 apply to 23 subsection (1)(d) of this section.

24 PART IV

25 ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER ACCOUNTABILITY

Sec. 401. RCW 28A.180.090 and 2001 1st sp.s. c 6 s 2 are each 27 amended to read as follows:

The superintendent of public instruction shall develop an evaluation system designed to measure increases in the English and academic proficiency of eligible pupils. When developing the system, the superintendent shall:

(1) Require school districts to assess potentially eligible pupils within ten days of registration using an English proficiency assessment or assessments as specified by the superintendent of public instruction. Results of these assessments shall be made available to both the superintendent of public instruction and the school district;

(2) Require school districts to annually assess all eligible pupils at the end of the school year using an English proficiency assessment or assessments as specified by the superintendent of public instruction. Results of these assessments shall be made available to both the superintendent of public instruction and the school district;

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- (3) Develop a system to evaluate increases in the English and academic proficiency of students who are, or were, eligible pupils. This evaluation shall include students when they are in the program and after they exit the program until they finish their K-12 career or transfer from the school district. The purpose of the evaluation system is to inform schools, school districts, parents, and the state of the effectiveness of the transitional bilingual programs in school and school districts in teaching these students English and other content areas, such as mathematics and writing; and
- (4) ((Report to the education and fiscal committees of the legislature by November 1, 2002, regarding the development of the systems described in this section and a timeline for the full implementation of those systems. The legislature shall approve and provide funding for the evaluation system in subsection (3) of this section before any implementation of the system developed under subsection (3) of this section may occur.)) Subject to funds appropriated specifically for this purpose, provide school districts with technical assistance and support in selecting research-based program models, instructional materials, and professional development for program staff, including disseminating information about best practices and innovative programs. The information must include research about the differences between conversational language proficiency, academic language proficiency, and subject-specific language proficiency and the implications this research has on instructional practices and evaluation of program effectiveness.
- 32 Sec. 402. A new section is added to chapter NEW SECTION. 28A.657 RCW to read as follows: 33
- the beginning of each school year, the office of the 34 superintendent of public instruction shall identify schools in the 35 top five percent of schools with the highest percent growth during 36 the previous two school years in enrollment of English language 37 38 learner students as compared to previous enrollment trends. office shall notify the identified schools, and the school districts 39

- 1 in which the schools are located are strongly encouraged to provide the cultural competence professional development and training 2 developed under RCW 28A.405.106, 28A.405.120, and section 204 of this 3 act for classified, certificated instructional, and administrative 4 staff of the schools. The professional development and training may 5 6 be delivered by an educational service district, through district in-
- 7 service, or by another qualified provider, including in partnership

with the local community. 8

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9 PART V

10 DISAGGREGATED STUDENT DATA

- 11 Sec. 501. RCW 28A.300.042 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 307 are each 12 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Beginning with the 2017-18 school year, and using the phasein provided in subsection (2) of this section, the superintendent of public instruction must collect and school districts must submit all student-level data using the United States department of education 2007 race and ethnicity reporting guidelines, including the subracial and subethnic categories within those guidelines, with the following modifications:
- 20 (a) Further disaggregation of the Black category to differentiate 21 students of African origin and students native to the United States 22 with African ancestors;
 - (b) Further disaggregation of countries of origin for Asian students;
- (c) Further disaggregation of the White category to include 25 26 subethnic categories for Eastern European nationalities that have 27 significant populations in Washington; and
- (d) For students who report as multiracial, collection of their 28 racial and ethnic combination of categories. 29
- 30 (2) Beginning with the 2017-18 school year, school districts shall collect student-level data as provided in subsection (1) of 31 this section for all newly enrolled students, including transfer 32 students. When the students enroll in a different school within the 33 34 district, school districts shall resurvey the newly enrolled students for whom subracial and subethnic categories were not previously 35 collected. School districts may resurvey other students. 36
- 37 (3) All student data-related reports required of the superintendent of public instruction in this title must be 38 Code Rev/SCG:amh 21 S-4967.1/16

- 1 disaggregated by at least the following subgroups of students: White,
- 2 Black, Hispanic, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, Pacific
- 3 Islander/Hawaiian Native, low income, transitional bilingual,
- 4 migrant, special education, and students covered by section 504 of
- 5 the federal rehabilitation act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. Sec.
- 6 794).
- 7 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ All student data-related reports $(\frac{required of}{2})$
- 8 prepared by the superintendent of public instruction regarding
- 9 student suspensions and expulsions as required ((in RCW 28A.300.046))
- 10 <u>under this title</u> are subject to disaggregation by subgroups
- 11 including:
- 12 (a) Gender;
- 13 (b) Foster care;
- 14 (c) Homeless, if known;
- 15 (d) School district;
- 16 (e) School;
- 17 (f) Grade level;
- 18 (g) Behavior infraction code, including:
- 19 (i) Bullying;
- 20 (ii) Tobacco;
- 21 (iii) Alcohol;
- 22 (iv) Illicit drug;
- 23 (v) Fighting without major injury;
- 24 (vi) Violence without major injury;
- 25 (vii) Violence with major injury;
- 26 (viii) Possession of a weapon; and
- 27 (ix) Other behavior resulting from a short-term or long-term
- 28 suspension, expulsion, or interim alternative education setting
- 29 intervention;
- 30 (h) Intervention applied, including:
- 31 (i) Short-term suspension;
- 32 (ii) Long-term suspension;
- 33 (iii) Emergency expulsion;
- 34 (iv) Expulsion;
- 35 (v) Interim alternative education settings;
- 36 (vi) No intervention applied; and
- 37 (vii) Other intervention applied that is not described in this
- 38 subsection $((\frac{2}{(2)}))$ $\underline{(4)}(h)$;
- 39 (i) Number of days a student is suspended or expelled, to be
- 40 counted in half or full days; and

- 1 (j) Any other categories added at a future date by the data 2 governance group.
 - $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (5) All student data-related reports required of the superintendent of public instruction regarding student suspensions and expulsions as required in RCW 28A.300.046 are subject to cross-tabulation at a minimum by the following:
 - (a) School and district;
- 8 (b) Race, low income, special education, transitional bilingual, 9 migrant, foster care, homeless, students covered by section 504 of 10 the federal rehabilitation act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. Sec. 11 794), and categories to be added in the future;
 - (c) Behavior infraction code; and
- 13 (d) Intervention applied.

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- 14 (6) The K-12 data governance group shall develop the data protocols and quidance for school districts in the collection of data 15 as required under this section, and the office of the superintendent 16 17 of public instruction shall modify the statewide student data system as needed. The office of the superintendent of public instruction 18 shall also incorporate training for school staff on best practices 19 for collection of data on student race and ethnicity in other 20 training or professional development related to data provided by the 21 22 office.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall convene a task force to review the United States department of education 2007 race and ethnicity reporting quidelines and develop race and ethnicity quidance for the state. The force must include representatives from the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee, the ethnic commissions, the governor's office of Indian affairs, and a diverse group of parents. The guidance must clarify for students and families why information about race and ethnicity is collected and how students and families can help school administrators properly identify them. The guidance must also describe the best practices for school administrators to use when identifying the race and ethnicity of students and families. The task force must use the United States census and the American community survey in the development of the quidance.

- 1 **Sec. 503.** RCW 28A.300.505 and 2015 c 210 s 2 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
 - (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop standards for school data systems that focus on validation and verification of data entered into the systems to ensure accuracy and compatibility of data. The standards shall address but are not limited to the following topics:
 - (a) Date validation;

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- 9 (b) Code validation, which includes gender, race or ethnicity, 10 and other code elements;
 - (c) Decimal and integer validation; and
- 12 (d) Required field validation as defined by state and federal requirements.
 - (2) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop a reporting format and instructions for school districts to collect and submit data that must include:
 - (a) Data on student demographics that is disaggregated ((by distinct ethnic categories within racial subgroups so that analyses may be conducted on student achievement using the disaggregated data)) as required by RCW 28A.300.042; and
 - (b) Starting no later than the 2016-17 school year, data on students from military families. The K-12 data governance group established in RCW 28A.300.507 must develop best practice guidelines for the collection and regular updating of this data on students from military families. Collection and updating of this data must use the United States department of education 2007 race and ethnicity reporting guidelines, including the subracial and subethnic categories within those guidelines, with the following modifications:
- 29 (i) Further disaggregation of the Black category to differentiate 30 students of African origin and students native to the United States 31 with African ancestors;
- 32 (ii) Further disaggregation of countries of origin for Asian 33 students;
- (iii) Further disaggregation of the White category to include subethnic categories for Eastern European nationalities that have significant populations in Washington; and
- (iv) For students who report as multiracial, collection of their racial and ethnic combination of categories.

- 1 (3) For the purposes of this section, "students from military 2 families" means the following categories of students, with data to be 3 collected and submitted separately for each category:
 - (a) Students with a parent or guardian who is a member of the active duty United States armed forces; and
- 6 (b) Students with a parent or guardian who is a member of the 7 reserves of the United States armed forces or a member of the 8 Washington national guard.
- 9 Sec. 504. (1) To increase the visibility of the NEW SECTION. 10 opportunity gap in schools with small subgroups of students and to hold schools accountable to individual student-level support, by 11 1, 2016, the office of the superintendent of 12 13 instruction, in cooperation with the K-12 data governance group established within the office of the superintendent of public 14 15 instruction, the education data center established within the office of financial management, and the state board of education, shall 16 17 adopt a rule that the only student data that should not be reported for public reporting and accountability is data where the school or 18 district has fewer than ten students in a grade level or student 19 20 subgroup.
 - (2) This section expires August 1, 2017.

22 PART VI

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23 RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF EDUCATORS

- 24 **Sec. 601.** RCW 28A.300.507 and 2009 c 548 s 203 are each amended 25 to read as follows:
- 26 (1) A K-12 data governance group shall be established within the office of the superintendent of public instruction to assist in the 27 design and implementation of a K-12 education data improvement system 28 for financial, student, and educator data. It is the intent that the 29 data system reporting specifically serve requirements for teachers, 30 parents, superintendents, school boards, office 31 the of the 32 superintendent of public instruction, the legislature, and the 33 public.
- 34 (2) The K-12 data governance group shall include representatives 35 of the education data center, the office of the superintendent of 36 public instruction, the legislative evaluation and accountability 37 program committee, the professional educator standards board, the Code Rev/SCG:amh 25 S-4967.1/16

- state board of education, and school district staff, including information technology staff. Additional entities with expertise in education data may be included in the K-12 data governance group.
 - (3) The K-12 data governance group shall:

- (a) Identify the critical research and policy questions that need to be addressed by the K-12 education data improvement system;
- (b) Identify reports and other information that should be made available on the internet in addition to the reports identified in subsection (5) of this section;
- (c) Create a comprehensive needs requirement document detailing the specific information and technical capacity needed by school districts and the state to meet the legislature's expectations for a comprehensive K-12 education data improvement system as described under RCW 28A.655.210;
- (d) Conduct a gap analysis of current and planned information compared to the needs requirement document, including an analysis of the strengths and limitations of an education data system and programs currently used by school districts and the state, and specifically the gap analysis must look at the extent to which the existing data can be transformed into canonical form and where existing software can be used to meet the needs requirement document;
- (e) Focus on financial and cost data necessary to support the new K-12 financial models and funding formulas, including any necessary changes to school district budgeting and accounting, and on assuring the capacity to link data across financial, student, and educator systems; and
- (f) Define the operating rules and governance structure for K-12 data collections, ensuring that data systems are flexible and able to adapt to evolving needs for information, within an objective and orderly data governance process for determining when changes are needed and how to implement them. Strong consideration must be made to the current practice and cost of migration to new requirements. The operating rules should delineate the coordination, delegation, and escalation authority for data collection issues, business rules, and performance goals for each K-12 data collection system, including:
- 37 (i) Defining and maintaining standards for privacy and 38 confidentiality;
 - (ii) Setting data collection priorities;
- 40 (iii) Defining and updating a standard data dictionary;

- 1 (iv) Ensuring data compliance with the data dictionary;
 - (v) Ensuring data accuracy; and

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absolutely required.

- (vi) Establishing minimum standards for school, student, 3 financial, and teacher data systems. Data elements may be specified 4 "to the extent feasible" or "to the extent available" to collect more 5 6 and better data sets from districts with more flexible software. Nothing in RCW 43.41.400, this section, or RCW 28A.655.210 should be 7 construed to require that a data dictionary or reporting should be 8 lowest common set. The work of the K-12 data 9 hobbled to the governance group must specify which data are desirable. Districts 10 11 that can meet these requirements shall report the desirable data. 12 Funding from the legislature must establish which subset data are
- (4)(a) The K-12 data governance group shall provide updates on 14 its work as requested by the education data center and the 15 legislative evaluation and accountability program committee. 16
 - The work of the K-12 data governance group shall periodically reviewed and monitored by the educational data center and the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee.
 - To the extent data is available, the office of the (5) superintendent of public instruction shall make the following minimum reports available on the internet. The reports must either be run on demand against current data, or, if a static report, must have been run against the most recent data:
 - (a) The percentage of data compliance and data accuracy by school district;
 - (b) The magnitude of spending per student, by student estimated by the following algorithm and reported as the detailed summation of the following components:
- (i) An approximate, prorated fraction of each teacher or human 31 resource element that directly serves the student. Each human 32 listed or accessible through online resource element must be tunneling in the report; 33
- (ii) An approximate, prorated fraction of classroom or building 34 35 costs used by the student;
- 36 (iii) An approximate, prorated fraction of transportation costs 37 used by the student; and
- (iv) An approximate, prorated fraction of all other resources 38 within the district. District-wide components should be disaggregated 39 40 to the extent that it is sensible and economical;

- 1 (c) The cost of K-12 basic education, per student, by student, by school district, estimated by the algorithm in (b) of this subsection, and reported in the same manner as required in (b) of this subsection;
- 5 (d) The cost of K-12 special education services per student, by 6 student receiving those services, by school district, estimated by 7 the algorithm in (b) of this subsection, and reported in the same 8 manner as required in (b) of this subsection;
 - (e) Improvement on the statewide assessments computed as both a percentage change and absolute change on a scale score metric by district, by school, and by teacher that can also be filtered by a student's length of full-time enrollment within the school district;
- 13 (f) Number of K-12 students per classroom teacher on a per 14 teacher basis;
- 15 (g) Number of K-12 classroom teachers per student on a per 16 student basis;
- 17 (h) Percentage of a classroom teacher per student on a per 18 student basis; ((and))
- (i) <u>Percentage of classroom teachers per school district and per</u> 20 <u>school disaggregated as described in RCW 28A.300.042(1) for student-</u> 21 <u>level data;</u>
- (j) Average length of service of classroom teachers per school
 district and per school disaggregated as described in RCW
 24 28A.300.042(1) for student-level data; and
 - (k) The cost of K-12 education per student by school district sorted by federal, state, and local dollars.
 - (6) The superintendent of public instruction shall submit a preliminary report to the legislature by November 15, 2009, including the analyses by the K-12 data governance group under subsection (3) of this section and preliminary options for addressing identified gaps. A final report, including a proposed phase-in plan and preliminary cost estimates for implementation of a comprehensive data improvement system for financial, student, and educator data shall be submitted to the legislature by September 1, 2010.
- (7) All reports and data referenced in this section and RCW 43.41.400 and 28A.655.210 shall be made available in a manner consistent with the technical requirements of the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee and the education data center so that selected data can be provided to the legislature, governor, school districts, and the public.

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(8) Reports shall contain data to the extent it is available. All reports must include documentation of which data are not available or are estimated. Reports must not be suppressed because of poor data accuracy or completeness. Reports may be accompanied with documentation to inform the reader of why some data are missing or inaccurate or estimated.

7 PART VII

TRANSITIONS 8

- 9 NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. A new section is added to chapter 43.215 RCW to read as follows: 10
- The department, in collaboration with the office of 11 the superintendent of public instruction, shall create a community 12 information and involvement plan to inform home-based, tribal, and 13 14 family early learning providers of the early achievers program under
- 15 RCW 43.215.100.

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16 PART VIII

INTEGRATED STUDENT SERVICES AND FAMILY ENGAGEMENT

- 18 NEW SECTION. Sec. 801. A new section is added to chapter 19 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
- 20 The Washington integrated student supports protocol established. The protocol shall be developed by the center for the 21 22 improvement of student learning, established in RCW 28A.300.130, based on the framework described in this section. The purposes of the 23 24 protocol include:
 - (a) Supporting a school-based approach to promoting the success of all students by coordinating academic and nonacademic supports to reduce barriers to academic achievement and educational attainment;
 - (b) Fulfilling a vision of public education where educators focus on education, students focus on learning, and auxiliary supports enable teaching and learning to occur unimpeded;
- (c) Encouraging the creation, expansion, and quality improvement of community-based supports that can be integrated into the academic environment of schools and school districts; 33
- (d) Increasing public awareness of the evidence showing that 34 academic outcomes are a result of both academic and nonacademic 35 factors; and 36

1 (e) Supporting statewide and local organizations in their efforts 2 to provide leadership, coordination, technical assistance, 3 professional development, and advocacy to implement high-quality, 4 evidence-based, student-centered, coordinated approaches throughout 5 the state.

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- (2)(a) The Washington integrated student supports protocol must be sufficiently flexible to adapt to the unique needs of schools and districts across the state, yet sufficiently structured to provide all students with the individual support they need for academic success.
- 11 (b) The essential framework of the Washington integrated student 12 supports protocol includes:
 - (i) Needs assessments: A needs assessment must be conducted for all at-risk students in order to develop or identify the needed academic and nonacademic supports within the students' school and community. These supports must be coordinated to provide students with a package of mutually reinforcing supports designed to meet the individual needs of each student.
- 19 (ii) Integration and coordination: The school and district 20 leadership and staff must develop close relationships with providers 21 of academic and nonacademic supports to enhance the effectiveness of 22 the protocol.
- (iii) Community partnerships: Community partners must be engaged to provide nonacademic supports to reduce barriers to students' academic success, including supports to students' families.
 - (iv) Data driven: Students' needs and outcomes must be tracked over time to determine student progress and evolving needs.
- (c) The framework must facilitate the ability of any academic or nonacademic provider to support the needs of at-risk students, including, but not limited to: Out-of-school providers, social workers, mental health counselors, physicians, dentists, speech therapists, and audiologists.
- 33 NEW SECTION. Sec. 802. (1) The legislature intends to integrate 34 the delivery of various academic and nonacademic programs and 35 services through a single protocol. This coordination and 36 consolidation of assorted services, such as expanded learning 37 opportunities, mental health, medical screening, and access to food 38 and housing, is intended to reduce barriers to academic achievement

and educational attainment by weaving together existing public and private resources needed to support student success in school.

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- (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall create a work group to determine how to best implement the framework described in section 801 of this act throughout the state.
- 6 (3) The work group must be composed of the following members, who 7 must reflect the geographic diversity across the state:
- 8 (a) The superintendent of public instruction or the 9 superintendent's designee;
- 10 (b) Three principals and three superintendents representing 11 districts with diverse characteristics, selected by state 12 associations of principals and superintendents, respectively;
- 13 (c) A representative from a statewide organization specializing 14 in out-of-school learning;
- 15 (d) A representative from an organization with expertise in the 16 needs of homeless students;
- 17 (e) A school counselor from an elementary school, a middle 18 school, and a high school, selected by a state association of school 19 counselors;
- 20 (f) A representative of an organization that is an expert on a 21 multitiered system of supports; and
- 22 (g) A representative from a career and technical student 23 organization.
 - (4) The superintendent of public instruction shall consult and may contract for services with a national nonpartisan, nonprofit research center that has provided data and analyses to improve policies and programs serving children and youth for over thirty-five years.
- (5) The work group must submit to the appropriate committees of the legislature a report recommending policies that need to be adopted or revised to implement the framework described in section 801 of this act throughout the state by October 1, 2017. The work group must submit a preliminary report by October 1, 2016, and a final report by October 1, 2017.
- 35 (6) This section expires August 1, 2018.
- 36 **Sec. 803.** RCW 28A.165.035 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 203 are each 37 amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) ((Beginning in the 2015-16 school year, expenditure of funds 2 from the learning assistance program must be consistent with the 3 provisions of RCW 28A.655.235.
 - (2))) Use of best practices that have been demonstrated through research to be associated with increased student achievement magnifies the opportunities for student success. To the extent they are included as a best practice or strategy in one of the state menus or an approved alternative under this section or RCW 28A.655.235, the following are services and activities that may be supported by the learning assistance program:
- 11 (a) Extended learning time opportunities occurring:
- 12 (i) Before or after the regular school day;
- 13 (ii) On Saturday; and

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- 14 (iii) Beyond the regular school year;
- 15 (b) Services under RCW 28A.320.190;
- 16 (c) Professional development for certificated and classified 17 staff that focuses on:
 - (i) The needs of a diverse student population;
- 19 (ii) Specific literacy and mathematics content and instructional 20 strategies; and
- 21 (iii) The use of student work to guide effective instruction and 22 appropriate assistance;
- 23 (d) Consultant teachers to assist in implementing effective 24 instructional practices by teachers serving participating students;
 - (e) Tutoring support for participating students;
 - (f) Outreach activities and support for parents of participating students, including employing parent and family engagement coordinators; and
 - (g) Up to five percent of a district's learning assistance program allocation may be used for development of partnerships with community-based organizations, educational service districts, and other local agencies to deliver academic and nonacademic supports to participating students who are significantly at risk of not being successful in school to reduce barriers to learning, increase student engagement, and enhance students' readiness to learn. The ((office of the superintendent of public instruction)) school board must approve in an open meeting any community-based organization or local agency before learning assistance funds may be expended.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (2) In addition to the state menu developed under RCW 28A.655.235, the office of the superintendent of public instruction Code Rev/SCG:amh 32 S-4967.1/16

- 1 shall convene a panel of experts, including the Washington state institute for public policy, to develop additional state menus of 2 best practices and strategies for use in the learning assistance 3 program to assist struggling students at all grade levels in English 4 language arts and mathematics ((and reduce disruptive behaviors in 5 6 the classroom)). The office of the superintendent of instruction shall publish the state menus by July 1, 2015, and update 7 the state menus by each July 1st thereafter. 8
- 9 $((\frac{(4)}{)})$ (3)(a) Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, except as 10 provided in (b) of this subsection, school districts must use a 11 practice or strategy that is on a state menu developed under 12 subsection $((\frac{(3)}{)})$ (2) of this section or RCW 28A.655.235.

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- (b) Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, school districts may use a practice or strategy that is not on a state menu developed under subsection $(({}^{\prime}(3)))$ (2) of this section for two school years initially. If the district is able to demonstrate improved outcomes for participating students over the previous two school years at a level commensurate with the best practices and strategies on the state menu, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall approve use of the alternative practice or strategy by the district for one additional school year. Subsequent annual approval by the superintendent of public instruction to use the alternative practice or strategy is dependent on the district continuing to demonstrate increased improved outcomes for participating students.
- (c) Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, school districts may enter cooperative agreements with state agencies, local governments, or school districts for administrative or operational costs needed to provide services in accordance with the state menus developed under this section and RCW 28A.655.235.
- (((+5))) (4) School districts are encouraged to implement best practices and strategies from the state menus developed under this section and RCW 28A.655.235 before the use is required.
- 33 **Sec. 804.** RCW 28A.300.130 and 2009 c 578 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) To facilitate access to information and materials on 36 educational improvement and research, the superintendent of public 37 instruction((, to the extent funds are appropriated,)) shall 38 establish the center for the improvement of student learning. The 39 center shall work in conjunction with parents, educational service Code Rev/SCG:amh 33 S-4967.1/16

districts, institutions of higher education, and education, parent, community, and business organizations.

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- (2) The center((, to the extent funds are appropriated for this purpose, and)) in conjunction with other staff in the office of the superintendent of public instruction, shall:
- (a) Serve as a clearinghouse for information regarding successful educational improvement and parental involvement programs in schools and districts, and information about efforts within institutions of higher education in the state to support educational improvement initiatives in Washington schools and districts;
- 11 (b) Provide best practices research that can be used to help 12 schools develop and implement: Programs and practices to improve instruction; systems to analyze student assessment data, with an 13 emphasis on systems that will combine the use of state and local data 14 to monitor the academic progress of each and every student in the 15 16 school district; comprehensive, school-wide improvement 17 school-based shared decision-making models; programs to promote 18 lifelong learning and community involvement in education; school-to-19 work transition programs; programs to meet the needs of highly capable students; programs and practices to meet the needs of 20 21 students with disabilities; programs and practices to meet the diverse needs of students based on gender, racial, ethnic, economic, 22 and special needs status; research, information, and technology 23 systems; and other programs and practices that will assist educators 24 25 helping students learn the essential academic learning requirements; 26
 - (c) Develop and maintain an internet web site to increase the availability of information, research, and other materials;
 - (d) Work with appropriate organizations to inform teachers, district and school administrators, and school directors about the waivers available and the broadened school board powers under RCW 28A.320.015;
 - (e) Provide training and consultation services, including conducting regional summer institutes;
 - (f) Identify strategies for improving the success rates of ethnic and racial student groups and students with disabilities, with disproportionate academic achievement;
- 38 (g) Work with parents, teachers, and school districts in 39 establishing a model absentee notification procedure that will 40 properly notify parents when their student has not attended a class Code Rev/SCG:amh 34 S-4967.1/16

- or has missed a school day. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall consider various types of communication with parents including, but not limited to, ((electronic mail)) email, phone, and postal mail; and
 - (h) Perform other functions consistent with the purpose of the center as prescribed in subsection (1) of this section.
 - (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall select and employ a director for the center.
 - (4) The superintendent may enter into contracts with individuals or organizations including but not limited to: School districts; educational service districts; educational organizations; teachers; higher education faculty; institutions of higher education; state agencies; business or community-based organizations; and other individuals and organizations to accomplish the duties and responsibilities of the center. In carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the center, the superintendent, whenever possible, shall use practitioners to assist agency staff as well as assist educators and others in schools and districts.
 - (5) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall report to the legislature by September 1, 2007, and thereafter biennially, regarding the effectiveness of the center for the improvement of student learning, how the services provided by the center for the improvement of student learning have been used and by whom, and recommendations to improve the accessibility and application of knowledge and information that leads to improved student learning and greater family and community involvement in the public education system."

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By Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education

NOT CONSIDERED 03/04/2016

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "committee;" strike the 28 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 29 28A.600.490, 30 28A.600.015, 28A.600.020, 28A.600.022, 43.41.400, 28A.405.106, 28A.405.120, 28A.180.040, 28A.180.090, 28A.300.042, 28A.300.505, 31 28A.300.507, 28A.165.035, and 28A.300.130; reenacting and amending 32 33 RCW 13.50.010; adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW; adding 34 new sections to chapter 28A.345 RCW; adding new sections to chapter

- 1 28A.415 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.657 RCW; adding a new
- 2 section to chapter 43.215 RCW; adding a new section to chapter
- 3 28A.300 RCW; creating new sections; and providing expiration dates."

<u>EFFECT:</u> Adds that any imposition of discretionary and nondiscretionary discipline is subject to the bar on suspending the provision of educational services.

Adds that behavior that adversely impacts the health or safety of other students or educational staff is not included within the meaning of discretionary discipline.

Adds a provision stating that nothing in this section creates any civil liability for school districts or creates a new cause of action.

Adds subject to appropriations clauses to the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction's (1) development of a cultural competence outline for professional development and training, and (2) technical assistance and support to school districts regarding English language learner instruction.

Removes the provision that allows the integrated student supports protocol and services to be supported by the Learning Assistance Program.

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