

ESSB 5084 - H COMM AMD

By Committee on Health Care & Wellness

ADOPTED 4/14/2015

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the  
2 following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 43.371.010 and 2014 c 223 s 8 are each amended to  
4 read as follows:

5 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter  
6 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

7 (1) "Authority" means the health care authority.

8 (2) "Carrier" and "health carrier" have the same meaning as in  
9 RCW 48.43.005.

10 (3) "Claims data" means the data required by RCW 43.371.030 to be  
11 submitted to the database, including billed, allowed and paid  
12 amounts, and such additional information as defined by the director  
13 in rule. (~~("Claims data" includes: (a) Claims data related to health~~  
14 ~~care coverage and services funded, in whole or in part, in the~~  
15 ~~omnibus appropriations act, including coverage and services funded by~~  
16 ~~appropriated and nonappropriated state and federal moneys, for~~  
17 ~~medicaid programs and the public employees benefits board program;~~  
18 ~~and (b) claims data voluntarily provided by other data suppliers,~~  
19 ~~including carriers and self-funded employers.))~~

20 (4) "Database" means the statewide all-payer health care claims  
21 database established in RCW 43.371.020.

22 (5) "Data vendor" means an entity contracted to perform data  
23 collection, processing, aggregation, extracts, analytics, and  
24 reporting.

25 (6) "Director" means the director of financial management.

26 ~~((+6))~~ (7) "Lead organization" means the organization selected  
27 under RCW 43.371.020.

28 ~~((+7))~~ (8) "Office" means the office of financial management.

29 (9) "Data supplier" means: (a) A carrier, third-party  
30 administrator, or a public program identified in RCW 43.371.030 that  
31 provides claims data; and (b) a carrier or any other entity that  
32 provides claims data to the database at the request of an employer-

1 sponsored self-funded health plan or Taft-Hartley trust health plan  
2 pursuant to RCW 43.371.030(1).

3 (10) "Direct patient identifier" means a data variable that  
4 directly identifies an individual, including: Names; telephone  
5 numbers; fax numbers; social security number; medical record numbers;  
6 health plan beneficiary numbers; account numbers; certificate or  
7 license numbers; vehicle identifiers and serial numbers, including  
8 license plate numbers; device identifiers and serial numbers; web  
9 universal resource locators; internet protocol address numbers;  
10 biometric identifiers, including finger and voice prints; and full  
11 face photographic images and any comparable images.

12 (11) "Indirect patient identifier" means a data variable that may  
13 identify an individual when combined with other information.

14 (12) "Proprietary financial information" means claims data or  
15 reports that disclose or would allow the determination of specific  
16 terms of contracts, discounts, or fixed reimbursement arrangements or  
17 other specific reimbursement arrangements between an individual  
18 health care facility or health care provider, as those terms are  
19 defined in RCW 48.43.005, and a specific payer, or internal fee  
20 schedule or other internal pricing mechanism of integrated delivery  
21 systems owned by a carrier.

22 (13) "Unique identifier" means an obfuscated identifier assigned  
23 to an individual represented in the database to establish a basis for  
24 following the individual longitudinally throughout different payers  
25 and encounters in the data without revealing the individual's  
26 identity.

27 **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.371.020 and 2014 c 223 s 10 are each amended to  
28 read as follows:

29 (1) The office shall establish a statewide all-payer health care  
30 claims database to support transparent public reporting of health  
31 care information. The database must improve transparency to: Assist  
32 patients, providers, and hospitals to make informed choices about  
33 care; enable providers, hospitals, and communities to improve by  
34 benchmarking their performance against that of others by focusing on  
35 best practices; enable purchasers to identify value, build  
36 expectations into their purchasing strategy, and reward improvements  
37 over time; and promote competition based on quality and cost. The  
38 database must systematically collect all medical claims and pharmacy

1 claims from private and public payers, with data from all settings of  
2 care that permit the systematic analysis of health care delivery.

3 (2) The ((director shall select a lead organization)) office  
4 shall use a competitive procurement process, in accordance with  
5 chapter 39.26 RCW, to select a lead organization from among the best  
6 potential bidders to coordinate and manage the database.

7 (a) Due to the complexities of the all payer claims database and  
8 the unique privacy, quality, and financial objectives, the office  
9 must award extra points in the scoring evaluation for the following  
10 elements: (i) The bidder's degree of experience in health care data  
11 collection, analysis, analytics, and security; (ii) whether the  
12 bidder has a long-term self-sustainable financial model; (iii) the  
13 bidder's experience in convening and effectively engaging  
14 stakeholders to develop reports; (iv) the bidder's experience in  
15 meeting budget and timelines for report generations; and (v) the  
16 bidder's ability to combine cost and quality data.

17 (b) By December 31, 2017, the successful lead organization must  
18 apply to be certified as a qualified entity pursuant to 42 C.F.R.  
19 Sec. 401.703(a) by the centers for medicare and medicaid services.

20 (3) As part of the competitive procurement process in subsection  
21 (2) of this section, the lead organization shall enter into a  
22 contract with a data vendor to perform data collection, processing,  
23 aggregation, extracts, and analytics. The data vendor must:

24 (a) Establish a secure data submission process with data  
25 suppliers;

26 (b) Review data submitters' files according to standards  
27 established by the office;

28 (c) Assess each record's alignment with established format,  
29 frequency, and consistency criteria;

30 (d) Maintain responsibility for quality assurance, including, but  
31 not limited to: (i) The accuracy and validity of data suppliers'  
32 data; (ii) accuracy of dates of service spans; (iii) maintaining  
33 consistency of record layout and counts; and (iv) identifying  
34 duplicate records;

35 (e) Assign unique identifiers, as defined in RCW 43.371.010, to  
36 individuals represented in the database;

37 (f) Ensure that direct patient identifiers, indirect patient  
38 identifiers, and proprietary financial information are released only  
39 in compliance with the terms of this chapter;

1 (g) Demonstrate internal controls and affiliations with separate  
2 organizations as appropriate to ensure safe data collection, security  
3 of the data with state of the art encryption methods, actuarial  
4 support, and data review for accuracy and quality assurance;

5 (h) Store data on secure servers that are compliant with the  
6 federal health insurance portability and accountability act and  
7 regulations, with access to the data strictly controlled and limited  
8 to staff with appropriate training, clearance, and background checks;  
9 and

10 (i) Maintain state of the art security standards for transferring  
11 data to approved data requestors.

12 (4) The lead organization and data vendor must submit detailed  
13 descriptions to the office of the chief information officer to ensure  
14 robust security methods are in place. The office of the chief  
15 information officer must report its findings to the office and the  
16 appropriate committees of the legislature.

17 (5) The lead organization is responsible for internal governance,  
18 management, funding, and operations of the database. At the direction  
19 of the office, the lead organization shall work with the data vendor  
20 to:

21 (a) Collect claims data from data suppliers as provided in RCW  
22 43.371.030;

23 (b) Design data collection mechanisms with consideration for the  
24 time and cost (~~involved~~) incurred by data suppliers and others in  
25 submission and collection and the benefits that measurement would  
26 achieve, ensuring the data submitted meet quality standards and are  
27 reviewed for quality assurance;

28 (c) Ensure protection of collected data and store and use any  
29 data (~~with patient-specific information~~) in a manner that protects  
30 patient privacy and complies with this section. All patient-specific  
31 information must be deidentified with an up-to-date industry standard  
32 encryption algorithm;

33 (d) Consistent with the requirements of this chapter, make  
34 information from the database available as a resource for public and  
35 private entities, including carriers, employers, providers,  
36 hospitals, and purchasers of health care;

37 (e) Report performance on cost and quality pursuant to RCW  
38 43.371.060 using, but not limited to, the performance measures  
39 developed under RCW 41.05.690;

1 (f) Develop protocols and policies, including prerelease peer  
2 review by data suppliers, to ensure the quality of data releases and  
3 reports;

4 (g) Develop a plan for the financial sustainability of the  
5 database as self-sustaining and charge fees (~~((not to exceed five~~  
6 ~~thousand dollars unless otherwise negotiated))~~) for reports and data  
7 files as needed to fund the database. Any fees must be approved by  
8 the office and (~~must~~) should be comparable, accounting for relevant  
9 differences across data (~~((requesters and users))~~) requests and uses.  
10 The lead organization may not charge providers or data suppliers fees  
11 other than fees directly related to requested reports; and

12 (h) Convene advisory committees with the approval and  
13 participation of the office, including: (i) A committee on data  
14 policy development; and (ii) a committee to establish a data release  
15 process consistent with the requirements of this chapter and to  
16 provide advice regarding formal data release requests. The advisory  
17 committees must include in-state representation from key provider,  
18 hospital, (~~((payer,))~~) public health, health maintenance organization,  
19 large and small private purchasers, (~~and~~) consumer organizations,  
20 and the two largest carriers supplying claims data to the database.

21 (~~((3))~~) (6) The lead organization governance structure and  
22 advisory committees for this database must include representation of  
23 the third-party administrator of the uniform medical plan. A payer,  
24 health maintenance organization, or third-party administrator must be  
25 a data supplier to the all-payer health care claims database to be  
26 represented on the lead organization governance structure or advisory  
27 committees.

28 **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.371.030 and 2014 c 223 s 11 are each amended to  
29 read as follows:

30 (1) (~~((Data suppliers must))~~) The state medicaid program, public  
31 employees' benefits board programs, all health carriers operating in  
32 this state, all third-party administrators paying claims on behalf of  
33 health plans in this state, and the state labor and industries  
34 program must submit claims data to the database within the time  
35 frames established by the director in rule and in accordance with  
36 procedures established by the lead organization. The director may  
37 expand this requirement by rule to include any health plans or health  
38 benefit plans defined in RCW 48.43.005(26) (a) through (i) to  
39 accomplish the goals of this chapter set forth in RCW 43.371.020(1).

1 Employer-sponsored self-funded health plans and Taft-Hartley trust  
2 health plans may voluntarily provide claims data to the database  
3 within the time frames and in accordance with procedures established  
4 by the lead organization.

5 ~~(2) ((An entity that is not a data supplier but that chooses to~~  
6 ~~participate in the database shall require any third-party~~  
7 ~~administrator utilized by the entity's plan to release any claims~~  
8 ~~data related to persons receiving health coverage from the plan.))~~  
9 Any data supplier used by an entity that voluntarily participates in  
10 the database must provide claims data to the data vendor upon request  
11 of the entity.

12 ~~(3) ((Each data supplier))~~ The lead organization shall submit an  
13 annual status report to the office regarding ~~((its))~~ compliance with  
14 this section. ~~((The report to the legislature required by section 2~~  
15 ~~of this act must include a summary of these status reports.))~~

16 **Sec. 4.** RCW 43.371.040 and 2014 c 223 s 12 are each amended to  
17 read as follows:

18 (1) The claims data provided to the database, the database  
19 itself, including the data compilation, and any raw data received  
20 from the database are not public records and are exempt from public  
21 disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

22 (2) Claims data obtained, distributed, or reported in the course  
23 of activities undertaken pursuant to or supported under this chapter  
24 are not subject to subpoena or similar compulsory process in any  
25 civil or criminal, judicial, or administrative proceeding, nor may  
26 any individual or organization with lawful access to data under this  
27 chapter be compelled to provide such information pursuant to subpoena  
28 or testify with regard to such data, except that data pertaining to a  
29 party in litigation may be subject to subpoena or similar compulsory  
30 process in an action brought by or on behalf of such individual to  
31 enforce any liability arising under this chapter.

32 **Sec. 5.** RCW 43.371.050 and 2014 c 223 s 13 are each amended to  
33 read as follows:

34 (1) Except as otherwise required by law, claims or other data  
35 from the database shall only be available for retrieval in ~~((original~~  
36 ~~or))~~ processed form to public and private requesters pursuant to this  
37 section and shall be made available within a reasonable time after

1 the request. Each request for claims data must include, at a minimum,  
2 the following information:

3 (a) The identity of any entities that will analyze the data in  
4 connection with the request;

5 (b) The stated purpose of the request and an explanation of how  
6 the request supports the goals of this chapter set forth in RCW  
7 43.371.020(1);

8 (c) A description of the proposed methodology;

9 (d) The specific variables requested and an explanation of how  
10 the data is necessary to achieve the stated purpose described  
11 pursuant to (b) of this subsection;

12 (e) How the requester will ensure all requested data is handled  
13 in accordance with the privacy and confidentiality protections  
14 required under this chapter and any other applicable law;

15 (f) The method by which the data will be stored, destroyed, or  
16 returned to the lead organization at the conclusion of the data use  
17 agreement;

18 (g) The protections that will be utilized to keep the data from  
19 being used for any purposes not authorized by the requester's  
20 approved application; and

21 (h) Consent to the penalties associated with the inappropriate  
22 disclosures or uses of direct patient identifiers, indirect patient  
23 identifiers, or proprietary financial information adopted under RCW  
24 43.371.070(1).

25 (2) The lead organization may decline a request that does not  
26 include the information set forth in subsection (1) of this section  
27 that does not meet the criteria established by the lead  
28 organization's data release advisory committee, or for reasons  
29 established by rule.

30 (3) Except as otherwise required by law, the office shall direct  
31 the lead organization and the data vendor to maintain the  
32 confidentiality of claims or other data it collects for the database  
33 that include (~~direct and~~) proprietary financial information, direct  
34 patient identifiers, indirect patient identifiers, or any combination  
35 thereof. Any (~~agency, researcher, or other person~~) entity that  
36 receives claims or other data (~~under this section containing direct~~  
37 ~~or indirect patient identifiers~~) must also maintain confidentiality  
38 and may (~~not~~) only release such claims (~~or other data except as~~  
39 consistent with this section. The office shall oversee the lead

1 ~~organization's release of data as follows))~~ data or any part of the  
2 claims data if:

3 (a) The claims data does not contain proprietary financial  
4 information, direct patient identifiers, indirect patient  
5 identifiers, or any combination thereof; and

6 (b) The release is described and approved as part of the request  
7 in subsection (1) of this section.

8 (4) The lead organization shall, in conjunction with the office  
9 and the data vendor, create and implement a process to govern levels  
10 of access to and use of data from the database consistent with the  
11 following:

12 (a) Claims or other data that include (~~direct or~~) proprietary  
13 financial information, direct patient identifiers, indirect patient  
14 identifiers, (~~as specifically defined in rule,~~) unique identifiers,  
15 or any combination thereof may be released only to the extent such  
16 information is necessary to achieve the goals of this chapter set  
17 forth in RCW 43.371.020(1) to(~~+~~

18 (i) Federal, state, and local government agencies upon receipt of  
19 a signed data use agreement with the office and the lead  
20 organization; and

21 (ii)) researchers with approval of an institutional review board  
22 upon receipt of a signed data use and confidentiality agreement with  
23 (~~the office and~~) the lead organization. A researcher or research  
24 organization that obtains claims data pursuant to this subsection  
25 must agree in writing not to disclose such data or parts of the data  
26 set to any other party, including affiliated entities, and must  
27 consent to the penalties associated with the inappropriate  
28 disclosures or uses of direct patient identifiers, indirect patient  
29 identifiers, or proprietary financial information adopted under RCW  
30 43.371.070(1).

31 (b) Claims or other data that do not contain direct patient  
32 identifiers, but that may contain proprietary financial information,  
33 indirect patient identifiers, unique identifiers, or any combination  
34 thereof may be released to:

35 (i) Federal, state, and local government agencies upon receipt of  
36 a signed data use agreement with the office and the lead  
37 organization. Federal, state, and local government agencies that  
38 obtain claims data pursuant to this subsection are prohibited from  
39 using such data in the purchase or procurement of health benefits for  
40 their employees; and



1 (ii) Any entity when functioning as the lead organization under  
2 the terms of this chapter.

3 (c) Claims or other data that do not contain proprietary  
4 financial information, direct patient identifiers, or any combination  
5 thereof, but that may contain indirect patient identifiers, unique  
6 identifiers, or a combination thereof may be released to agencies,  
7 researchers, and other ((persons)) entities as approved by the lead  
8 organization upon receipt of a signed data use agreement with the  
9 lead organization.

10 ~~((e))~~ (d) Claims or other data that do not contain direct  
11 ~~((e))~~ patient identifiers, indirect patient identifiers, proprietary  
12 financial information, or any combination thereof may be released  
13 upon request.

14 ~~((3))~~ (5) Reports utilizing data obtained under this section  
15 may not contain proprietary financial information, direct patient  
16 identifiers, indirect patient identifiers, or any combination  
17 thereof. Nothing in this subsection (5) may be construed to prohibit  
18 the use of geographic areas with a sufficient population size or  
19 aggregate gender, age, medical condition, or other characteristics in  
20 the generation of reports, so long as they cannot lead to the  
21 identification of an individual.

22 (6) Reports issued by the lead organization at the request of  
23 providers, facilities, employers, health plans, and other entities as  
24 approved by the lead organization may utilize proprietary financial  
25 information to calculate aggregate cost data for display in such  
26 reports. The office shall approve by rule a format for the  
27 calculation and display of aggregate cost data consistent with this  
28 chapter that will prevent the disclosure or determination of  
29 proprietary financial information. In developing the rule, the office  
30 shall solicit feedback from the stakeholders, including those listed  
31 in RCW 43.371.020(5)(h), and must consider, at a minimum, data  
32 presented as proportions, ranges, averages, and medians, as well as  
33 the differences in types of data gathered and submitted by data  
34 suppliers.

35 (7) Recipients of claims or other data under subsection ~~((2))~~(a)  
36 ~~or (b))~~ (4) of this section must agree in a data use agreement or a  
37 confidentiality agreement to, at a minimum:

38 (a) Take steps to protect data containing direct ~~((and))~~ patient  
39 identifiers, indirect patient ~~((identifying))~~ identifiers,

1 proprietary financial information, or any combination thereof as  
2 described in the agreement; ~~((and))~~

3 (b) Not redisclose the claims data except ~~((as authorized in the~~  
4 ~~agreement consistent with the purpose of the agreement or as~~  
5 ~~otherwise required by law.~~

6 ~~(4) Recipients of the claims or other data under subsection~~  
7 ~~(2)(b) of this section must not attempt to determine the identity of~~  
8 ~~persons whose information is included in the data set or use the~~  
9 ~~claims or other data in any manner that identifies the individuals or~~  
10 ~~their families.~~

11 ~~(5) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply~~  
12 ~~unless the context clearly requires otherwise.~~

13 ~~(a) "Direct patient identifier" means information that identifies~~  
14 ~~a patient.~~

15 ~~(b) "Indirect patient identifier" means information that may~~  
16 ~~identify a patient when combined with other information)) pursuant to~~  
17 ~~subsection (3) of this section;~~

18 (c) Not attempt to determine the identity of any person whose  
19 information is included in the data set or use the claims or other  
20 data in any manner that identifies any individual or their family or  
21 attempt to locate information associated with a specific individual;

22 (d) Destroy or return claims data to the lead organization at the  
23 conclusion of the data use agreement; and

24 (e) Consent to the penalties associated with the inappropriate  
25 disclosures or uses of direct patient identifiers, indirect patient  
26 identifiers, or proprietary financial information adopted under RCW  
27 43.371.070(1).

28 **Sec. 6.** RCW 43.371.060 and 2014 c 223 s 14 are each amended to  
29 read as follows:

30 (1)(a) Under the supervision of and through contract with the  
31 office, the lead organization shall prepare health care data reports  
32 using the database and the statewide health performance and quality  
33 measure set(~~(, including only those measures that can be completed~~  
34 ~~with readily available claims data)). Prior to the lead organization~~  
35 releasing any health care data reports that use claims data, the lead  
36 organization must submit the reports to the office for review ~~((and~~  
37 ~~approval))~~.

38 (b) By October 31st of each year, the lead organization shall  
39 submit to the director a list of reports it anticipates producing

1 during the following calendar year. The director may establish a  
2 public comment period not to exceed thirty days, and shall submit the  
3 list and any comment to the appropriate committees of the legislature  
4 for review.

5 (2)(a) Health care data reports that use claims data prepared by  
6 the lead organization (~~(that use claims data must assist)~~) for the  
7 legislature and the public (~~(with)~~) should promote awareness and  
8 (~~(promotion of)~~) transparency in the health care market by reporting  
9 on:

10 (i) Whether providers and health systems deliver efficient, high  
11 quality care; and

12 (ii) Geographic and other variations in medical care and costs as  
13 demonstrated by data available to the lead organization.

14 (b) Measures in the health care data reports should be stratified  
15 by demography, income, language, health status, and geography when  
16 feasible with available data to identify disparities in care and  
17 successful efforts to reduce disparities.

18 (c) Comparisons of costs among providers and health care systems  
19 must account for differences in (~~(acuity)~~) the case mix and severity  
20 of illness of patients and populations, as appropriate and feasible,  
21 and must take into consideration the cost impact of subsidization for  
22 uninsured and (~~(governmental)~~) government-sponsored patients, as well  
23 as teaching expenses, when feasible with available data.

24 (3) The lead organization may not publish any data or health care  
25 data reports that:

26 (a) Directly or indirectly identify individual patients;

27 (~~(Disclose specific terms of contracts, discounts, or fixed~~  
28 ~~reimbursement arrangements or other specific reimbursement~~  
29 ~~arrangements between an individual provider and a specific payer))~~  
30 Disclose a carrier's proprietary financial information; or

31 (c) Compare(~~(s)~~) performance in a report generated for the  
32 general public that includes any provider in a practice with fewer  
33 than (~~(five)~~) four providers.

34 (4) The lead organization may not release a report that compares  
35 and identifies providers, hospitals, or data suppliers unless (~~(it)~~):

36 (a) It allows the data supplier, the hospital, or the provider to  
37 verify the accuracy of the information submitted to the (~~(lead~~  
38 ~~organization)) data vendor, comment on the reasonableness of  
39 conclusions reached, and submit to the lead organization and data  
40 vendor any corrections of errors with supporting evidence and~~

1 comments within ~~((forty-five))~~ thirty days of receipt of the report;  
2 ~~((and))~~

3 (b) It corrects data found to be in error within a reasonable  
4 amount of time; and

5 (c) The report otherwise complies with this chapter.

6 (5) The office and the lead organization may use claims data to  
7 identify and make available information on payers, providers, and  
8 facilities, but may not use claims data to recommend or incentivize  
9 direct contracting between providers and employers.

10 (6)(a) The lead organization shall ~~((ensure that no individual~~  
11 ~~data supplier comprises more than twenty five percent of the claims~~  
12 ~~data used in any report or other analysis generated from the~~  
13 ~~database. For purposes of this subsection, a "data supplier" means a~~  
14 ~~carrier and any self-insured employer that uses the carrier's~~  
15 ~~provider contracts)) distinguish in advance to the office when it is~~  
16 ~~operating in its capacity as the lead organization and when it is~~  
17 ~~operating in its capacity as a private entity. Where the lead~~  
18 ~~organization acts in its capacity as a private entity, it may only~~  
19 ~~access data pursuant to RCW 43.371.050(4) (c) or (d).~~

20 (b) Except as provided in RCW 43.371.050(4), claims or other data  
21 that contain direct patient identifiers or proprietary financial  
22 information must remain exclusively in the custody of the data vendor  
23 and may not be accessed by the lead organization.

24 **Sec. 7.** RCW 43.371.070 and 2014 c 223 s 15 are each amended to  
25 read as follows:

26 (1) The director shall adopt any rules necessary to implement  
27 this chapter, including:

28 (a) Definitions of claim and data files that data suppliers must  
29 submit to the database, including: Files for covered medical  
30 services, pharmacy claims, and dental claims; member eligibility and  
31 enrollment data; and provider data with necessary identifiers;

32 (b) Deadlines for submission of claim files;

33 (c) Penalties for failure to submit claim files as required;

34 (d) Procedures for ensuring that all data received from data  
35 suppliers are securely collected and stored in compliance with state  
36 and federal law; ~~((and))~~

37 (e) Procedures for ensuring compliance with state and federal  
38 privacy laws;

39 (f) Procedures for establishing appropriate fees;

1        (g) Procedures for data release; and  
2        (h) Penalties associated with the inappropriate disclosures or  
3 uses of direct patient identifiers, indirect patient identifiers, and  
4 proprietary financial information.

5        (2) The director may not adopt rules, policies, or procedures  
6 beyond the authority granted in this chapter.

7        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 8.**    A new section is added to chapter 43.371  
8 RCW to read as follows:

9        (1) By December 1st of 2016 and 2017, the office shall report to  
10 the appropriate committees of the legislature regarding the  
11 development and implementation of the database, including but not  
12 limited to budget and cost detail, technical progress, and work plan  
13 metrics.

14        (2) Every two years commencing two years following the year in  
15 which the first report is issued or the first release of data is  
16 provided from the database, the office shall report to the  
17 appropriate committees of the legislature regarding the cost,  
18 performance, and effectiveness of the database and the performance of  
19 the lead organization under its contract with the office. Using  
20 independent economic expertise, subject to appropriation, the report  
21 must evaluate whether the database has advanced the goals set forth  
22 in RCW 43.371.020(1), as well as the performance of the lead  
23 organization. The report must also make recommendations regarding but  
24 not limited to how the database can be improved, whether the contract  
25 for the lead organization should be modified, renewed, or terminated,  
26 and the impact the database has had on competition between and among  
27 providers, purchasers, and payers.

28        (3) Beginning July 1, 2015, and every six months thereafter, the  
29 office shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature  
30 regarding any additional grants received or extended.

31        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 9.**    If any provision of this act or its  
32 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the  
33 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other  
34 persons or circumstances is not affected."

35        Correct the title.

EFFECT: (1) Definitions:

(a) Modifies the definition of "direct patient identifier" by adding account numbers, certificate or license numbers, vehicle identifiers and serial numbers, including license plate numbers, device identifiers and serial numbers, web universal resource locators, and internet protocol address numbers. Removes from the definition birth month, birth day, contact information, and "any other data or records that can be directly connected to an individual."

(b) Modifies the definition of "indirect patient identifier" to mean a data variable that may identify an individual when combined with other information.

(c) Modifies the definition of "unique identifier" to mean an obfuscated identifier assigned to an individual represented in the database to establish a basis for following the individual longitudinally throughout different payers and encounters in the data without revealing the individual's identity.

(2) Procurement:

(a) Requires the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to award extra points to bidders with: (i) Experience in convening and effectively engaging stakeholders to develop reports; (ii) experience in meeting budget and timelines for report generations; and (iii) an ability to combine cost and quality data. Removes the requirement to award extra points to a lead organization with experience reviewing and setting up a database in at least two other states.

(b) Requires the lead organization to apply to be certified (rather than to be certified) as a qualified entity.

(c) Requires the lead organization (rather than OFM) to enter into a contract with a data vendor.

(d) Requires the lead organization to store and use any data (rather than just data with patient-specific or proprietary financial information) in a manner that protects privacy.

(3) Submissions: Requires a data supplier used by an entity that voluntarily participates in the database to provide data to the data vendor (rather than to the lead organization).

(4) Release of Claims Data:

(a) Provides that data from the database may only be available for retrieval in processed form (rather than original or processed form).

(b) Requires requests for data to include consent to penalties for inappropriate use or disclosure of indirect patient identifiers, in addition to direct patient identifiers and proprietary financial information.

(c) Permits release of data that include unique identifiers to researchers. Requires researchers to consent to penalties for inappropriate use or disclosure of indirect patient identifiers, in addition to direct patient identifiers and proprietary financial information.

(d) Permits release of data that do not contain direct patient identifiers, but that may contain proprietary financial information, indirect patient identifiers, unique identifiers, or a combination to: (i) Governmental agencies upon receipt of a data use agreement; and (ii) any entity when functioning as the lead organization. Prohibits governmental agencies from using the data in the purchase or procurement of benefits for employees. Prohibits the lead organization from accessing data under this provision when acting in its capacity as a private entity.

(e) Permits release of data that may contain unique identifiers (in addition to indirect patient identifiers) to agencies, researchers, and other entities approved by the lead organization.

(f) Provides that the bill does not prohibit the use of geographic areas with a sufficient population size or aggregate gender, age, medical condition, or other characteristics (rather than aggregate zip codes, gender, and age) in generation of reports, so long as they cannot lead to the identification of an individual.

(g) Requires recipients of data to consent to penalties for inappropriate use or disclosure of indirect patient identifiers, in addition to direct patient identifiers and proprietary financial information.

(5) Reports:

(a) Removes references to the lead organization issuing reports "in conjunction with the data vendor."

(b) Requires the lead organization to allow data suppliers, hospitals, and providers to verify the accuracy of information submitted to the data vendor (rather than to the lead organization).

(6) Other:

(a) Requires OFM to adopt rules regarding penalties for inappropriate disclosure or use of indirect patient identifiers, in addition to direct patient identifiers and proprietary financial information.

(b) Makes several stylistic, grammatical, and technical changes (e.g., references the "chapter" rather than the "act" and requires the lead organization to design data mechanisms "ensuring," rather than "with an eye toward ensuring," the data submitted meet quality).

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