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HB 2033 - H AMD 737 By Representative Goodman

ADOPTED 02/15/2016

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 7.90.120 and 2013 c 74 s 3 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- (1)(a) An ex parte temporary sexual assault protection order 5 shall be effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days. A 6 7 full hearing, as provided in this chapter, shall be set for not later than fourteen days from the issuance of the temporary order or not 8 9 later than twenty-four days if service by publication or service by mail is permitted. If the court permits service by publication or 10 11 service by mail, the court shall also reissue the ex parte temporary 12 protection order not to exceed another twenty-four days from the date 13 of reissuing the ex parte protection order. Except as provided in RCW 7.90.050, 7.90.052, or 7.90.053, the respondent shall be personally 14 15 served with a copy of the ex parte temporary sexual assault protection order along with a copy of the petition and notice of the 16 17 date set for the hearing.
 - (b) Any ex parte temporary order issued under this section shall contain the date and time of issuance and the expiration date and shall be entered into a statewide judicial information system by the clerk of the court within one judicial day after issuance.
 - (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section or RCW 7.90.150, a final sexual assault protection order shall be effective for a fixed period of time((, not to exceed two years)) or be permanent.
- 25 (3) Any sexual assault protection order which would expire on a 26 court holiday shall instead expire at the close of the next court 27 business day.
- (4) The practice of dismissing or suspending a criminal prosecution in exchange for the issuance of a sexual assault protection order undermines the purposes of this chapter. This section shall not be construed as encouraging that practice.

Sec. 2. RCW 7.90.121 and 2013 c 74 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

- (1) Any ex parte temporary or <u>nonpermanent</u> final sexual assault protection order may be renewed one or more times, as required.
- (2) The petitioner may apply for renewal of the order by filing a motion for renewal at any time within the three months before the order expires. The motion for renewal shall state the reasons why the petitioner seeks to renew the protection order.
- (3) ((If the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested renewal.)) (a) The court shall grant the motion for renewal unless the respondent proves by a preponderance of the evidence that there has been a material change in circumstances such that the respondent is not likely to engage in or attempt to engage in physical or nonphysical contact with the petitioner when the order expires.
- (b) For purposes of this subsection (3), a court shall determine whether there has been a material change in circumstances by considering only factors which address whether the respondent is likely to engage in or attempt to engage in physical or nonphysical contact with the petitioner when the order expires. The passage of time and compliance with the existing protection order shall not, alone, be sufficient to meet this burden of proof. The court may renew the sexual assault protection order for another fixed time period or may enter a permanent order as provided in this section.
- (c) In determining whether there has been a material change in circumstances, the court may consider the following unweighted factors, and no inference is to be drawn from the order in which the factors are listed:
- (i) Whether the respondent has committed or threatened sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, or other violent acts since the protection order was entered;
- 35 <u>(ii) Whether the respondent has violated the terms of the</u> 36 <u>protection order and the time that has passed since the entry of the</u> 37 order;
- 38 <u>(iii) Whether the respondent has exhibited suicidal ideation or attempts since the protection order was entered;</u>

- 1 <u>(iv) Whether the respondent has been convicted of criminal</u>
 2 <u>activity since the protection order was entered;</u>
 - (v) Whether the respondent has either acknowledged responsibility for acts of sexual assault that resulted in entry of the protection order or successfully completed sexual assault perpetrator treatment or counseling since the protection order was entered;
- 7 <u>(vi) Whether the respondent has a continuing involvement with</u> 8 <u>drug or alcohol abuse, if such abuse was a factor in the protection</u> 9 <u>order;</u>
- 10 <u>(vii) Whether the respondent or petitioner has relocated to an</u>
 11 <u>area more distant from the other party, giving due consideration to</u>
 12 <u>the fact that acts of sexual assault may be committed from any</u>
 13 <u>distance such as via cybercrime;</u>
- 14 <u>(viii) Other factors relating to a material change in</u> 15 circumstances.
 - (4)(a) If the motion is contested, upon receipt of the motion, the court shall order that a hearing be held not later than fourteen days from the date of the order.
 - (b) The court may schedule a hearing by telephone pursuant to local court rule, to reasonably accommodate a disability, or in exceptional circumstances to protect a petitioner from further nonconsensual sexual conduct or nonconsensual sexual penetration. The court shall require assurances of the petitioner's identity before conducting a telephonic hearing.
 - (c) The respondent shall be personally served not less than five court days prior to the hearing. If timely personal service cannot be made, the court shall set a new hearing date and shall either require additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit service by publication as provided in RCW 7.90.052 or service by mail as provided in RCW 7.90.053. The court shall not require more than two attempts at obtaining personal service and shall permit service by publication or service by mail unless the petitioner requests additional time to attempt personal service. If the court permits service by publication or service by mail, the court shall set the hearing date not later than twenty-four days from the date of the order.
- 37 (5) Renewals may be granted only in open court."
- 38 Correct the title.

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EFFECT: The amendment makes the following changes:

- (1) Requires a respondent, in order to contest the renewal of a sexual assault protection order, to prove that there has been a material change in circumstances such that the respondent is not likely to contact or attempt to contact the petitioner (the underlying bill requires the respondent to prove that the respondent will not contact or attempt to contact the petitioner);
- (2) States that the court's determination of whether or not there has been a material change in circumstances must be based only on a consideration of factors that address whether the respondent is likely to contact or attempt to contact the petitioner; and
- (3) Provides the court with a list of factors to consider in determining whether there has been a material change in circumstances.

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