H-3419.3

HOUSE BILL 2616

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2014 Regular Session

By Representatives Freeman, Walsh, Kagi, Roberts, Smith, Orwall, Tarleton, and Pollet

Read first time 01/22/14. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & Human Services.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to parents with intellectual or developmental
- 2 disabilities involved in dependency proceedings; reenacting and
- 3 amending RCW 13.34.136 and 13.34.138; and creating a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature intends to assure that for parents with intellectual or developmental disabilities, the department
- 7 of social and health services takes into consideration the parent's
- 8 disability when offering services to correct parental deficiencies. To
- 9 do so, the legislature finds that the department must contact the
- 10 developmental disabilities administration. The legislature further
- 11 intends to allow the court to apply an active efforts standard to the
- 12 department at dependency review hearings involving parents with
- 13 intellectual or developmental disabilities.
- 14 Sec. 2. RCW 13.34.136 and 2013 c 316 s 2, 2013 c 254 s 2, and 2013
- 15 c 173 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) Whenever a child is ordered removed from the home, a permanency
- 17 plan shall be developed no later than sixty days from the time the
- 18 supervising agency assumes responsibility for providing services,

p. 1 HB 2616

- including placing the child, or at the time of a hearing under RCW 13.34.130, whichever occurs first. The permanency planning process continues until a permanency planning goal is achieved or dependency is dismissed. The planning process shall include reasonable efforts to return the child to the parent's home.
 - (2) The agency supervising the dependency shall submit a written permanency plan to all parties and the court not less than fourteen days prior to the scheduled hearing. Responsive reports of parties not in agreement with the department's or supervising agency's proposed permanency plan must be provided to the department or supervising agency, all other parties, and the court at least seven days prior to the hearing.

The permanency plan shall include:

- (a) A permanency plan of care that shall identify one of the following outcomes as a primary goal and may identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian; adoption, including a tribal customary adoption as defined in RCW 13.38.040; guardianship; permanent legal custody; long-term relative or foster care, until the child is age eighteen, with a written agreement between the parties and the care provider; successful completion of a responsible living skills program; or independent living, if appropriate and if the child is age sixteen or older. The department or supervising agency shall not discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW;
- (b) Unless the court has ordered, pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(8), that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to return the child home, what steps the supervising agency or the department will take to promote existing appropriate sibling relationships and/or facilitate placement together or contact in accordance with the best interests of each child, and what actions the department or supervising agency will take to maintain parent-child ties. All aspects of the plan shall include the goal of achieving permanence for the child.
- (i) The department's or supervising agency's plan shall specify what services the parents will be offered to enable them to resume

custody, what requirements the parents must meet to resume custody, and a time limit for each service plan and parental requirement.

- (A) If the parent is incarcerated, the plan must address how the parent will participate in the case conference and permanency planning meetings and, where possible, must include treatment that reflects the resources available at the facility where the parent is confined. The plan must provide for visitation opportunities, unless visitation is not in the best interests of the child.
- (B) If a parent has either an intellectual or developmental disability or both, the department shall make reasonable efforts to consult with the developmental disabilities administration to create an appropriate plan for services. The plan for services must be tailored to correct the parental deficiency taking into consideration the parent's disability. The department shall also determine an appropriate method to offer those services based on the parent's disability.
- (ii)(A) Visitation is the right of the family, including the child and the parent, in cases in which visitation is in the best interest of the child. Early, consistent, and frequent visitation is crucial for maintaining parent-child relationships and making it possible for parents and children to safely reunify. The supervising agency or department shall encourage the maximum parent and child and sibling contact possible, when it is in the best interest of the child, including regular visitation and participation by the parents in the care of the child while the child is in placement.
- (B) Visitation shall not be limited as a sanction for a parent's failure to comply with court orders or services where the health, safety, or welfare of the child is not at risk as a result of the visitation.
- (C) Visitation may be limited or denied only if the court determines that such limitation or denial is necessary to protect the child's health, safety, or welfare. When a parent or sibling has been identified as a suspect in an active criminal investigation for a violent crime that, if the allegations are true, would impact the safety of the child, the department shall make a concerted effort to consult with the assigned law enforcement officer in the criminal case before recommending any changes in parent/child or child/sibling contact. In the event that the law enforcement officer has information

p. 3 HB 2616

- 1 pertaining to the criminal case that may have serious implications for
- 2 child safety or well-being, the law enforcement officer shall provide
- 3 this information to the department during the consultation. The
- 4 department may only use the information provided by law enforcement
- 5 during the consultation to inform family visitation plans and may not
- 6 share or otherwise distribute the information to any person or entity.
- 7 Any information provided to the department by law enforcement during
- 8 the consultation is considered investigative information and is exempt
- 9 from public inspection pursuant to RCW 42.56.240. The results of the
- 10 consultation shall be communicated to the court.

1112

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

3435

- (D) The court and the department or supervising agency should rely upon community resources, relatives, foster parents, and other appropriate persons to provide transportation and supervision for visitation to the extent that such resources are available, and appropriate, and the child's safety would not be compromised.
- (iii)(A) The department, court, or caregiver in the out-of-home placement may not limit visitation or contact between a child and sibling as a sanction for a child's behavior or as an incentive to the child to change his or her behavior.
- (B) Any exceptions, limitation, or denial of contacts or visitation must be approved by the supervisor of the department caseworker and documented. The child, parent, department, guardian ad litem, or court-appointed special advocate may challenge the denial of visits in court.
- (iv) A child shall be placed as close to the child's home as possible, preferably in the child's own neighborhood, unless the court finds that placement at a greater distance is necessary to promote the child's or parents' well-being.
- (v) The plan shall state whether both in-state and, where appropriate, out-of-state placement options have been considered by the department or supervising agency.
- (vi) Unless it is not in the best interests of the child, whenever practical, the plan should ensure the child remains enrolled in the school the child was attending at the time the child entered foster care.
- 36 (vii) The supervising agency or department shall provide all 37 reasonable services that are available within the department or

supervising agency, or within the community, or those services which the department has existing contracts to purchase. It shall report to the court if it is unable to provide such services; and

1 2

3 4

5

6 7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

36

37

38

- (c) If the court has ordered, pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(8), that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to achieve permanency for the child, services to be offered or provided to the child, and, would be in the best visitation interests of the child, recommendation to the court regarding visitation between parent and child pending a fact-finding hearing on the termination petition. department or supervising agency shall not be required to develop a plan of services for the parents or provide services to the parents if the court orders a termination petition be filed. However, reasonable efforts to ensure visitation and contact between siblings shall be made unless there is reasonable cause to believe the best interests of the child or siblings would be jeopardized.
- (3) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest possible date. If the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen of the most recent twenty-two months, and the court has not made a good cause exception, the court shall require the department or supervising agency to file a petition seeking termination of parental rights in accordance with RCW 13.34.145(((3)))(4)(b)(vi). In cases where parental rights have been terminated, the child is legally free for adoption, and adoption has been identified as the primary permanency planning goal, it shall be a goal to complete the adoption within six months following entry of the termination order.
- (4) If the court determines that the continuation of reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need to remove the child from his or her home or to safely return the child home should not be part of the permanency plan of care for the child, reasonable efforts shall be made to place the child in a timely manner and to complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the child.
- (5) The identified outcomes and goals of the permanency plan may change over time based upon the circumstances of the particular case.
- (6) The court shall consider the child's relationships with the child's siblings in accordance with RCW 13.34.130(6). Whenever the permanency plan for a child is adoption, the court shall encourage the prospective adoptive parents, birth parents, foster parents, kinship

p. 5 HB 2616

caregivers, and the department or other supervising agency to seriously 1 2 consider the long-term benefits to the child adoptee and his or her siblings of providing for and facilitating continuing postadoption 3 4 contact between the siblings. To the extent that it is feasible, and when it is in the best interests of the child adoptee and his or her 5 siblings, contact between the siblings should be frequent and of a 6 7 similar nature as that which existed prior to the adoption. 8 child adoptee or his or her siblings are represented by an attorney or quardian ad litem in a proceeding under this chapter or in any other 9 10 child custody proceeding, the court shall inquire of each attorney and quardian ad litem regarding the potential benefits of continuing 11 12 contact between the siblings and the potential detriments of severing 13 contact. This section does not require the department of social and 14 health services or other supervising agency to agree to any specific provisions in an open adoption agreement and does not create a new 15 obligation for the department to provide supervision or transportation 16 17 for visits between siblings separated by adoption from foster care.

(7) For purposes related to permanency planning:

18

19

2021

3031

32

3334

35

- (a) "Guardianship" means a dependency guardianship or a legal guardianship pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW or equivalent laws of another state or a federally recognized Indian tribe.
- 22 (b) "Permanent custody order" means a custody order entered 23 pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW.
- 24 (c) "Permanent legal custody" means legal custody pursuant to 25 chapter 26.10 RCW or equivalent laws of another state or a federally 26 recognized Indian tribe.
- 27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.34.138 and 2009 c 520 s 29, 2009 c 491 s 3, 2009 c 28 397 s 4, and 2009 c 152 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The status of all children found to be dependent shall be reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or the date dependency is established, whichever is first. The purpose of the hearing shall be to review the progress of the parties and determine whether court supervision should continue.
- 36 (a) The initial review hearing shall be an in-court review and 37 shall be set six months from the beginning date of the placement

нв 2616 р. 6

episode or no more than ninety days from the entry of the disposition order, whichever comes first. The requirements for the initial review hearing, including the in-court review requirement, shall be accomplished within existing resources.

- (b) The initial review hearing may be a permanency planning hearing when necessary to meet the time frames set forth in RCW 13.34.145(1)(a) or 13.34.134.
- (2)(a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall report to the court the efforts they have made to correct the conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework supervision by the supervising agency or department shall continue for a period of six months, at which time there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.
- (b) Prior to the child returning home, the department or supervising agency must complete the following:
- (i) Identify all adults residing in the home and conduct background checks on those persons;
- (ii) Identify any persons who may act as a caregiver for the child in addition to the parent with whom the child is being placed and determine whether such persons are in need of any services in order to ensure the safety of the child, regardless of whether such persons are a party to the dependency. The department or supervising agency may recommend to the court and the court may order that placement of the child in the parent's home be contingent on or delayed based on the need for such persons to engage in or complete services to ensure the safety of the child prior to placement. If services are recommended for the caregiver, and the caregiver fails to engage in or follow through with the recommended services, the department or supervising agency must promptly notify the court; and
- (iii) Notify the parent with whom the child is being placed that he or she has an ongoing duty to notify the department or supervising agency of all persons who reside in the home or who may act as a caregiver for the child both prior to the placement of the child in the home and subsequent to the placement of the child in the home as long as the court retains jurisdiction of the dependency proceeding or the

p. 7 HB 2616

department is providing or monitoring either remedial services to the parent or services to ensure the safety of the child to any caregivers.

Caregivers may be required to engage in services under this subsection solely for the purpose of ensuring the present and future safety of a child who is a ward of the court. This subsection does not grant party status to any individual not already a party to the dependency proceeding, create an entitlement to services or a duty on the part of the department or supervising agency to provide services, or create judicial authority to order the provision of services to any person other than for the express purposes of this section or RCW 13.34.025 or if the services are unavailable or unsuitable or the person is not eligible for such services.

- 13 (c) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in uriting:
 - (i) Whether the supervising agency or the department is making reasonable efforts to provide services to the family and eliminate the need for placement of the child. If additional services, including housing assistance, are needed to facilitate the return of the child to the child's parents, the court shall order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services;
 - (ii) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the child, the child's parents, and the agency supervising the placement;
 - (iii) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;
 - (iv) Whether the services set forth in the case plan and the responsibilities of the parties need to be clarified or modified due to the availability of additional information or changed circumstances;
 - (v) Whether there is a continuing need for placement;
 - (vi) Whether a parent's homelessness or lack of suitable housing is a significant factor delaying permanency for the child by preventing the return of the child to the home of the child's parent and whether housing assistance should be provided by the department or supervising agency;
 - (vii) Whether the child is in an appropriate placement which adequately meets all physical, emotional, and educational needs;
- (viii) Whether preference has been given to placement with the child's relatives if such placement is in the child's best interests;

- (ix) Whether both in-state and, where appropriate, out-of-state 1 2 placements have been considered;
 - (x) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons why visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
 - (xi) Whether terms of visitation need to be modified;

3 4

5

8

21

22

23

24

25 26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

- (xii) Whether the court-approved long-term permanent plan for the 6 child remains the best plan for the child; 7
- (xiii) Whether any additional court orders need to be made to move the case toward permanency; ((and)) 9
- (xiv) The projected date by which the child will be returned home 10 11 or other permanent plan of care will be implemented; and
- 12 (xv) Whether active efforts are necessary to assist a parent with either an intellectual or developmental disability or both in 13 compliance and progress with the case plan. Active efforts as applied 14 to parents with either an intellectual or developmental disability or 15 both is defined as a showing to the court that the department has 16 actively worked with the parent or parents pursuant to existing court 17 orders and the individual services plan to engage them in remedial 18 services and rehabilitative programs to prevent the breakup of the 19 20 family beyond simply providing referrals to such services.
 - (d) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed.
 - (3)(a) In any case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned to or remain in the child's home, the in-home placement shall be contingent upon the following:
 - (i) The compliance of the parents with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child, including compliance with the supervising agency's case plan; and
 - (ii) The continued participation of the parents, if applicable, in available substance abuse or mental health treatment if substance abuse or mental illness was a contributing factor to the removal of the child.
 - (b) The following may be grounds for removal of the child from the home, subject to review by the court:
- 35 Noncompliance by the parents with the department's or 36 supervising agency's case plan or court order;
- 37 (ii) The parent's inability, unwillingness, or failure to

participate in available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect; or

- (iii) The failure of the parents to successfully and substantially complete available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect.
- (c) In a pending dependency case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned home and that child is later removed from the home, the court shall hold a review hearing within thirty days from the date of removal to determine whether the permanency plan should be changed, a termination petition should be filed, or other action is warranted. The best interests of the child shall be the court's primary consideration in the review hearing.
- (4) The court's authority to order housing assistance under this chapter is: (a) Limited to cases in which a parent's homelessness or lack of suitable housing is a significant factor delaying permanency for the child and housing assistance would aid the parent in providing an appropriate home for the child; and (b) subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to create an entitlement to housing assistance nor to create judicial authority to order the provision of such assistance to any person or family if the assistance or funding are unavailable or the child or family are not eligible for such assistance.
- 26 (5) The court shall consider the child's relationship with siblings 27 in accordance with RCW $13.34.130((\frac{3}{3}))(6)$.

--- END ---