H-0926.1			

## HOUSE BILL 1560

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

By Representatives Maxwell, Dahlquist, Haigh, Lytton, Santos, Bergquist, Sullivan, Jinkins, Fey, and Pollet

Read first time 01/30/13. Referred to Committee on Education.

- AN ACT Relating to implementing selected recommendations from the 2011 and 2013 reports of the quality education council; amending RCW 28A.165.015, 28A.165.025, 28A.320.190, 28A.180.090, 28A.185.020, 28A.185.030, 28A.150.260, 28C.18.162, 28A.660.042, 28A.660.050, and 28A.660.040; adding a new section to chapter 28A.415 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.185 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.185 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.655 RCW.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.415 10 RCW to read as follows:
  - PROFESSIONAL LEARNING. (1) The legislature finds that a clear definition of professional learning provides a foundational vision that sets the course for how state, regional, and local education leaders support educator development. A shared, statewide definition is a piece of critical infrastructure to guide policy and investments in the content, structure, and provision of the types of professional development that are associated with increased student performance.
  - (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction, in partnership with the professional educator standards board, the

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- 1 educational service districts, and other experts and practitioners,
- 2 shall create a common definition for professional learning. The office
- 3 must submit the definition to the education committees of the
- 4 legislature by January 15, 2014, along with a recommended framework for
- 5 how the definition may be used to guide and inform state, regional, and
- 6 local policy and investments in professional development that will have
- 7 the highest anticipated return on investment in terms of increased
- 8 student performance.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.310 10 RCW to read as follows:
- 11 PROFESSIONAL LEARNING. Subject to funds appropriated specifically
- 12 for this purpose or made available through supplemental grants, federal
- 13 funds, or other funding sources, each educational service district
- 14 shall retain professional development coordinators with expertise in
- 15 mathematics, science, and English language arts. The coordinators
- 16 shall offer regional professional development opportunities, as well as
- 17 technical assistance and customized professional development, to
- 18 individual schools and districts on request. The professional
- 19 development is intended to assist educators with implementation of
- 20 state standards in mathematics, science, and English language arts;
- 21 alignment of curriculum and instruction; and instructional strategies
- 22 that have been demonstrated to improve student engagement and
- 23 achievement.
- 24 Sec. 3. RCW 28A.165.015 and 2009 c 548 s 702 are each amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 LEARNING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. Unless the context clearly indicates
- 27 otherwise the definitions in this section apply throughout this
- 28 chapter.
- 29 (1) "Approved program" means a program submitted to and approved by
- 30 the office of the superintendent of public instruction and conducted
- 31 pursuant to the plan that addresses the required elements as provided
- 32 for in this chapter.
- 33 (2) "Basic skills areas" means reading, writing, ((and))
- 34 mathematics, and science as well as readiness associated with these
- 35 skills.

(3) "Participating student" means a student in kindergarten through grade twelve who scores below standard for his or her grade level on the statewide assessments and who is identified in the approved plan to receive services.

- (4) "Statewide assessments" means one or more of the several basic skills assessments administered as part of the state's student assessment system, and assessments in the basic skills areas administered by local school districts.
- 9 (5) "Underachieving students" means students with the greatest 10 academic deficits in basic skills as identified by the statewide 11 assessments.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 28A.165.025 and 2009 c 556 s 1 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

LEARNING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. (1) A participating school district shall submit the district's plan for using learning assistance funds to the office of the superintendent of public instruction for approval, to the extent required under subsection (2) of this section. The program plan must identify the program activities to be implemented from RCW 28A.165.035 and implement all of the elements in (a) through (h) of this subsection. The school district plan shall include the following:

- (a) District and school-level data on reading, writing, <u>science</u>, and mathematics achievement as reported pursuant to chapter 28A.655 RCW and relevant federal law;
- (b) Processes used for identifying the underachieving students to be served by the program, including the identification of school or program sites providing program activities;
- (c) How accelerated learning plans are developed and implemented for participating students. Accelerated learning plans may be developed as part of existing student achievement plan process such as student plans for achieving state high school graduation standards, individual student academic plans, or the achievement plans for groups of students. Accelerated learning plans shall include:
  - (i) Achievement goals for the students;
- 34 (ii) Roles of the student, parents, or guardians and teachers in the plan;
- 36 (iii) Communication procedures regarding student accomplishment; 37 and

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(iv) Plan reviews and adjustments processes;

- 2 (d) How state level and classroom assessments are used to inform instruction;
  - (e) How focused and intentional instructional strategies have been identified and implemented;
  - (f) How highly qualified instructional staff are developed and supported in the program and in participating schools;
  - (g) How other federal, state, district, and school resources are coordinated with school improvement plans and the district's strategic plan to support underachieving students; and
  - (h) How a program evaluation will be conducted to determine direction for the following school year.
  - (2) If a school district has received approval of its plan once, it is not required to submit a plan for approval under RCW 28A.165.045 or this section unless the district has made a significant change to the plan. If a district has made a significant change to only a portion of the plan the district need only submit a description of the changes made and not the entire plan. Plans or descriptions of changes to the plan must be submitted by July 1st as required under this section. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall establish guidelines for what a "significant change" is.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 28A.320.190 and 2009 c 578 s 2 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
  - EXTENDED LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM. (1) The extended learning opportunities program is created for eligible ((eleventh and)) ninth through twelfth grade students who are not on track to meet local or state graduation requirements as well as eighth grade students who need additional assistance in order to have the opportunity for a successful entry into high school. The program shall provide early notification of graduation status and information on education opportunities including preapprenticeship programs that are available.
  - (2) Under the extended learning opportunities program and to the extent funds are available for that purpose, districts shall make available to students in grade twelve who have failed to meet one or more local or state graduation requirements the option of continuing enrollment in the school district in accordance with RCW 28A.225.160.

- Districts are authorized to use basic education program funding to 1 2 provide instruction to eligible students under RCW 28A.150.220(((3))) 3 (5).
  - (3) Under the extended learning opportunities program, instructional services for eligible students can occur during the regular school day, evenings, on weekends, or at a time and location deemed appropriate by the school district, including the educational service district, in order to meet the needs of these students. Instructional services provided under this section do not include services offered at private schools. Instructional services can include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - (a) Individual or small group instruction;

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- 13 (b) Instruction in English language arts and/or mathematics that 14 eligible students need to pass all or part of the ((\text{Washington})) state 15 high school assessment ((of student learning));
- (c) Attendance in a public high school or public alternative school 16 17 classes or at a skill center;
  - (d) Inclusion in remediation programs, including summer school;
  - (e) Language development instruction for English language learners;
- (f) Online curriculum and instructional support, including programs 21 for credit retrieval and ((Washington)) state assessment ((of student 22 learning)) preparatory classes; and
  - (g) Reading improvement specialists available at the educational service districts to serve eighth((<del>, eleventh, and</del>)) <u>through</u> twelfth grade educators through professional development in accordance with RCW 28A.415.350. The reading improvement specialist may also provide direct services to eligible students and those students electing to continue a fifth year in a high school program who are still struggling with basic reading skills.
- 30 Sec. 6. RCW 28A.180.090 and 2001 1st sp.s. c 6 s 2 are each amended to read as follows: 31
  - TRANSITIONAL BILINGUAL INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM. The superintendent of public instruction shall develop an evaluation system designed to measure increases in the English and academic proficiency of eligible pupils. When developing the system, the superintendent shall:
  - (1) Require school districts to assess potentially eligible pupils within ten days of registration using an English proficiency assessment

or assessments as specified by the superintendent of public instruction. Results of these assessments shall be made available to both the superintendent of public instruction and the school district;

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- (2) Require school districts to annually assess all eligible pupils at the end of the school year using an English proficiency assessment assessments as specified by the superintendent of instruction. Results of these assessments shall be made available to both the superintendent of public instruction and the school district. Aggregated results must be posted on the web site of the office of the superintendent of public instruction for each school and school district, using the Washington state report card. The report card must include the average length of time students in each school and district are enrolled in the transitional bilingual instructional program, annual change in the number and percentage of students making progress in learning English, annual change in the number and percentage of students attaining English proficiency, and the number and percentage of students meeting annual targets in reading and mathematics for state and federal accountability; and
- (3) Develop a system to evaluate increases in the English and academic proficiency of students who are, or were, eligible pupils. This evaluation shall include students when they are in the program and after they exit the program until they finish their K-12 career or transfer from the school district. Aggregated results from the academic assessment of students who were formerly eligible pupils under the program must be reported by school and school district using the Washington state report card. The purpose of the evaluation system is to inform schools, school districts, parents, and the state of the effectiveness of the transitional bilingual programs in school and school districts in teaching these students English and other content areas, such as mathematics and writing((; and
- (4) Report to the education and fiscal committees of the legislature by November 1, 2002, regarding the development of the systems described in this section and a timeline for the full implementation of those systems. The legislature shall approve and provide funding for the evaluation system in subsection (3) of this section before any implementation of the system developed under subsection (3) of this section may occur)).

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28A.185 RCW to read as follows:

HIGHLY CAPABLE PROGRAM. For the purposes of the program for highly capable students under this chapter, a highly capable student means a who performs, or shows potential for performing, student significantly advanced levels when compared to others of his or her age, experience, or environment. Outstanding capabilities are seen with the student's general intellectual aptitudes, specific academic abilities, creative productivities within a specific domain, leadership skills. Highly capable students are present in all cultural and linguistic groups and across all socioeconomic strata; coexist with all manner of disabling conditions both visible and invisible; and manifest across all areas of human endeavor.

**Sec. 8.** RCW 28A.185.020 and 2009 c 548 s 708 are each amended to read as follows:

HIGHLY CAPABLE PROGRAM. (1) The legislature finds that, for highly capable students, access to accelerated learning and enhanced instruction is access to a basic education. The education of highly capable students may include supports and services that are in addition to those ordinarily provided as part of general education.

(2) There are multiple definitions of highly capable, from intellectual to academic to artistic. The research literature strongly supports using multiple criteria to identify highly capable students, and therefore, the legislature does not intend to prescribe a single method. Instead, the legislature intends to allocate funding based on two and three hundred fourteen one-thousandths percent of each school district's population and authorize school districts to identify through the use of multiple, objective criteria those students most highly capable and eligible to receive accelerated learning and enhanced instruction in the program offered by the district. Access to accelerated learning and enhanced instruction through the program for highly capable students does not constitute an individual entitlement for any particular student.

 $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$  (3) Supplementary funds provided by the state for the program for highly capable students under RCW 28A.150.260 shall be categorical funding to provide services to highly capable students as determined by a school district under RCW 28A.185.030.

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**Sec. 9.** RCW 28A.185.030 and 2009 c 380 s 4 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

HIGHLY CAPABLE PROGRAM. Local school districts may establish and operate, either separately or jointly, programs for highly capable students. Such authority shall include the right to employ and pay special instructors and to operate such programs jointly with a public institution of higher education. Local school districts which establish and operate programs for highly capable students shall adopt identification procedures and provide educational opportunities as follows:

- (1) In accordance with rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction, school districts shall implement procedures for nomination, assessment and selection of their most highly capable students for the purposes of the highly capable program. ((Nominations shall be based upon data from teachers, other staff, parents, students, and members of the community. Assessment shall be based upon a review of each student's capability as shown by multiple criteria intended to reveal, from a wide variety of sources and data, each student's unique needs and capabilities. Selection shall be made by a broadly based committee of professionals, after consideration of the results of the multiple criteria assessment.)) Under the procedures, no single criterion should prevent a student's identification. However, any single criterion, if strong enough, may indicate a need for services. The rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction must include but are not limited to consistent procedures for:
- 26 (a) Universal screening;

- (b) Regular public notification;
- (c) Use of multiple criteria;
- 29 <u>(d) Involvement of qualified professionals in the identification</u> 30 process;
  - (e) Family involvement in decision making;
  - (f) Notification of parents or legal quardians;
- 33 (g) Safeguards to reduce cultural, linguistic, socioeconomic, and 34 gender bias, and to mitigate impacts resulting from disabilities; and
- 35 (h) Periodic reviews, including input from families.
- 36 (2) When a student, who is a child of a military family in 37 transition, has been assessed or enrolled as highly capable by a

sending school, the receiving school shall initially honor placement of the student into a like program.

- (a) The receiving school shall determine whether the district's program is a like program when compared to the sending school's program; and
- (b) The receiving school may conduct subsequent assessments to determine appropriate placement and continued enrollment in the program.
- (3) Students selected pursuant to procedures outlined in this section shall be provided, to the extent feasible, an educational opportunity which takes into account each student's unique needs and capabilities and the limits of the resources and program options available to the district, including those options which can be developed or provided by using funds allocated by the superintendent of public instruction for that purpose.
- 16 (4) The definitions in Article II of RCW 28A.705.010 apply to subsection (2) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 28A.655 RCW to read as follows:

FAIRNESS AND BIAS REVIEW. Before implementing revisions to the state essential academic learning requirements as authorized under RCW 28A.655.070, the superintendent of public instruction must ensure that a fairness and bias review of the revisions has been conducted, including providing an opportunity for input from the educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee under RCW 28A.300.136 and from an additional diverse group of community representatives, parents, and educators to be convened by the superintendent.

- **Sec. 11.** RCW 28A.150.260 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 27 s 2 are each 30 amended to read as follows:
- FAMILY ENGAGEMENT COORDINATOR. The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined as follows:

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(1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each common school district.

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- (2) The distribution formula under this section shall be for allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning period.
- (3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school staff. intent that the funding allocations to school districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

1 (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are defined as follows:

- (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual fulltime equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;
- (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight; and
- (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six.
- (4)(a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the following general education average class size of full-time equivalent students per teacher:

18	General education
19	average
20	class size
21	Grades K-3
22	Grade 4
23	Grades 5-6
24	Grades 7-8
25	Grades 9-12

- (b) During the 2011-2013 biennium and beginning with schools with the highest percentage of students eligible for free and reduced-price meals in the prior school year, the general education average class size for grades K-3 shall be reduced until the average class size funded under this subsection (4) is no more than 17.0 full-time equivalent students per teacher beginning in the 2017-18 school year.
- (c) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent students per teacher in career and technical education:

Career and technical education average

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1				class size	
2	Approved career and technical education offered at				
3	the middle school and high school level				
4	Skill center programs meeting the standards established				
5	by the office of the superintendent of public				
6	instruction			22.76	
7	(d) In addition, the omnibus appropriation	ons act sl	hall at	a minimum	
8	specify:				
9	(i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than				
10	fifty percent of the students are eligible f	or free a	and red	uced-price	
11	meals; and				
12	(ii) A specialty average class size	for lab	oratory	science,	
13	advanced placement, and international baccala	ureate co	urses.		
14	(5) The minimum allocation for each lev	el of pro	ototypio	cal school	
15	shall include allocations for the following t	types of a	staff i	n addition	
16	to classroom teachers:				
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19		Elementary	Middle	High	
20		School	School	School	
21	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level	School	School	School	
22	administrators	1.253	1.353	1.880	
23	Teacher librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology,	1.233	1.555	1.000	
24	and media to support school library media programs	0.663	0.519	0.523	
25	Health and social services:	0.005	0.51)	0.023	
26	School nurses	0.076	0.060	0.096	
27	Social workers	0.042	0.006	0.015	
28	Psychologists	0.017	0.002	0.007	
29	Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and graduation				
30	advising	0.493	1.116	1.909	
31	Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional				
32	services provided by classified employees	0.936	0.700	0.652	
33	Office support and other noninstructional aides	2.012	2.325	3.269	
34	Custodians	1.657	1.942	2.965	
35	Classified staff providing student and staff safety	0.079	0.092	0.141	
36	((Parent involvement)) Family engagement coordinators	0.00	0.00	0.00	

1	(6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district to
2	provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one
3	thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12 as
4	follows:
5	Staff per 1,000
6	K-12 students
7	Technology
8	Facilities, maintenance, and grounds
9	Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics
10	(b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school district
11	to support certificated and classified staffing of central
12	administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated under
13	subsections (4)(a) and (b) and (5) of this section and (a) of this
14	subsection.
15	(7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to
16	school districts for career and technical education and skill center
17	administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified
18	in the omnibus appropriations act.
19	(8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum
20	allocation for each school district shall include allocations per
21	annual average full-time equivalent student for the following
22	materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted for inflation
23	from the 2008-09 school year:
24	Per annual average
25	full-time equivalent student
26	in grades K-12
27	Technology
28	Utilities and insurance
29	Curriculum and textbooks
30	Other supplies and library materials \$124.07
31	Instructional professional development for certified and
32	classified staff
33	Facilities maintenance
34	Security and central office
35	(b) During the 2011-2013 biennium, the minimum allocation for

maintenance, supplies, and operating costs shall be increased as

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specified in the omnibus appropriations act. The following allocations, adjusted for inflation from the 2007-08 school year, are provided in the 2015-16 school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:

6 Per annual average 7 full-time equivalent student 8 in grades K-12 9 10 11 12 Other supplies and library materials . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$259.39 13 Instructional professional development for certificated and 14 15 Security and central office administration . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$106.12 16

- (9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this section, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student enrollment in each of the following:
- 20 (a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for students 21 in grades seven through twelve;
  - (b) Laboratory science courses for students in grades nine through twelve;
  - (c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and
  - (d) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.
  - (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs and services:
  - (a) To provide supplemental instruction and services for underachieving students through the learning assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, allocations shall be based on the district percentage of students in grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.5156 hours per

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week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher.

- (b) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students whose primary language is other than English, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen transitional bilingual instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student allocation may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students needing more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, as detailed in the omnibus appropriations act.
- (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, allocations shall be based on two and three hundred fourteen one-thousandths percent of each school district's full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.
- (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a) and (b), (5), (6), and (8) of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional resources for students with disabilities.
- (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.
- (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4),(7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career and

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technical education courses shall be provided only for courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under chapter 3 28A.700 RCW.

- (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or rejection by the legislature.
- (b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.
- (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.
- (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.
- **Sec. 12.** RCW 28C.18.162 and 2009 c 238 s 3 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
  - RECRUITING WASHINGTON TEACHERS. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this section and RCW 28C.18.160 and 28C.18.164 through 28C.18.168.
- 10 "High-demand occupation" means an occupation with a substantial number of current or projected employment opportunities. For the purposes of opportunity internships, the teaching of mathematics, science, bilingual education, special education, or English as a second language is considered a high-demand occupation.

(2) "Low-income high school student" means a student who is enrolled in grade((s)) ten, eleven, or twelve in a public high school and who qualifies for federal free or reduced-price meals. If a student qualifies at the time the student begins participating in the opportunity internship program, the student remains eligible even if the student does not receive free or reduced-price meals thereafter. To participate in the program, the student must remain enrolled in high school until the student receives a high school diploma.

- (3) "Opportunity internship consortium" means a local consortium formed for the purpose of participating in the opportunity internship program and which may be composed of a local workforce development council, economic development council, area high schools, community or technical colleges, apprenticeship councils, preapprenticeship programs such as running start for the trades, private vocational schools licensed under chapter 28C.10 RCW, public and private four-year institutions of higher education, employers in targeted industries, and labor organizations. Partnerships of high schools, teacher preparation programs, and community-based organizations offering the program under RCW 28A.415.370 may be considered opportunity internship consortia.
- (4) "Opportunity internship graduate" means a low-income high school student who successfully completes an opportunity internship program and graduates from high school.
- (5) "Postsecondary program of study" means an undergraduate or graduate certificate, apprenticeship, or degree program.
- (6) "Preapprenticeship" means a program of at least ninety hours and not more than one hundred eighty hours in length that provides practical experience, education, preparation, and the development of skills that would be beneficial for entry into state-approved apprenticeship programs, including but not limited to construction industry structure and the construction process; orientation to state-approved apprenticeship; tools of the various trades and safe handling of power tools; and industry standards of safety, responsibility, and craft excellence.
- (7) "Targeted industry" means a business or industry identified by a local workforce development council as having high-demand occupations that require candidates to have completed a postsecondary program of study.

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1 **Sec. 13.** RCW 28A.660.042 and 2007 c 396 s 6 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

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RECRUITING WASHINGTON TEACHERS. (1) The pipeline for paraeducators conditional scholarship program is created.

- (2)(a) Except as provided under subsection (3) of this section, participation is limited to paraeducators without a college degree who have at least three years of classroom experience. It is anticipated that candidates enrolled in this program will complete their associate of arts degree at a community and technical college in two years or less and become eligible for a mathematics, special education, or English as a second language endorsement via route one in the alternative routes to teacher certification program provided in this chapter.
- 14 ((<del>(2)</del>)) <u>(b)</u> Entry requirements for candidates <u>under this subsection</u>
  15 <u>(2)</u> include district or building validation of qualifications,
  16 including three years of successful student interaction and leadership
  17 as a classified instructional employee.
- (3) Subject to the availability of funds for the pipeline for 18 paraeducators conditional scholarship program under RCW 28A.660.050, 19 after qualified candidates under subsection (2) of this section have 20 21 been accepted, individuals who participated in one of the recruiting Washington teachers grant programs under RCW 28A.415.370 may 22 participate in the pipeline for paraeducators conditional scholarship 23 24 program if the individual meets the criteria for the scholarship under RCW 28A.660.050. 25
- 26 **Sec. 14.** RCW 28A.660.050 and 2012 c 229 s 507 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

RECRUITING WASHINGTON TEACHERS. Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for these purposes, the conditional scholarship programs in this chapter are created under the following guidelines:

- (1) The programs shall be administered by the student achievement council. In administering the programs, the council has the following powers and duties:
- 34 (a) To adopt necessary rules and develop guidelines to administer 35 the programs;
- 36 (b) To collect and manage repayments from participants who do not 37 meet their service obligations; and

1 (c) To accept grants and donations from public and private sources 2 for the programs.

- (2) Requirements for participation in the conditional scholarship programs are as provided in this subsection (2).
- (a) The alternative route conditional scholarship program is limited to interns of professional educator standards board-approved alternative routes to teaching programs under RCW 28A.660.040. For fiscal year 2011, priority must be given to fiscal year 2010 participants in the alternative route partnership program. In order to receive conditional scholarship awards, recipients shall:
- (i) Be accepted and maintain enrollment in alternative certification routes through a professional educator standards board-approved program;
- (ii) Continue to make satisfactory progress toward completion of the alternative route certification program and receipt of a residency teaching certificate; and
- (iii) Receive no more than the annual amount of the scholarship, not to exceed eight thousand dollars, for the cost of tuition, fees, and educational expenses, including books, supplies, and transportation for the alternative route certification program in which the recipient is enrolled. The council may adjust the annual award by the average rate of resident undergraduate tuition and fee increases at the state universities as defined in RCW 28B.10.016.
- (b) The pipeline for paraeducators conditional scholarship program is limited to qualified ((paraeducators)) individuals as provided by RCW 28A.660.042. Paraeducators who apply for the program under RCW 28A.660.042(2) shall receive first priority in scholarship awards. In order to receive conditional scholarship awards, recipients shall:
- (i) Be accepted and maintain enrollment at a community and technical college for no more than two years and attain an associate of arts degree;
- (ii) Continue to make satisfactory progress toward completion of an associate of arts degree. This progress requirement is a condition for eligibility into a route one program of the alternative routes to teacher certification program for a mathematics, special education, or English as a second language endorsement; and
- 37 (iii) Receive no more than the annual amount of the scholarship, 38 not to exceed four thousand dollars, for the cost of tuition, fees, and

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educational expenses, including books, supplies, and transportation for the alternative route certification program in which the recipient is enrolled. The student achievement council may adjust the annual award by the average rate of tuition and fee increases at the state community and technical colleges.

- (c) The retooling to teach mathematics and science conditional scholarship program is limited to current K-12 teachers. In order to receive conditional scholarship awards:
- (i) Individuals currently employed as teachers shall pursue a middle level mathematics or science, or secondary mathematics or science endorsement; or
- (ii) Individuals who are certificated with an elementary education endorsement shall pursue an endorsement in middle level mathematics or science, or both; and
- (iii) Individuals shall use one of the pathways to endorsement processes to receive a mathematics or science endorsement, or both, which shall include passing a mathematics or science endorsement test, or both tests, plus observation and completing applicable coursework to attain the proper endorsement; and
- (iv) Individuals shall receive no more than the annual amount of the scholarship, not to exceed three thousand dollars, for the cost of tuition, test fees, and educational expenses, including books, supplies, and transportation for the endorsement pathway being pursued.
- (3) The Washington professional educator standards board shall select individuals to receive conditional scholarships. In selecting recipients, preference shall be given to eligible veterans or national guard members.
- (4) For the purpose of this chapter, a conditional scholarship is a loan that is forgiven in whole or in part in exchange for service as a certificated teacher employed in a Washington state K-12 public school. The state shall forgive one year of loan obligation for every two years a recipient teaches in a public school. Recipients who fail to continue a course of study leading to residency teacher certification or cease to teach in a public school in the state of Washington in their endorsement area are required to repay the remaining loan principal with interest.
- 37 (5) Recipients who fail to fulfill the required teaching obligation 38 are required to repay the remaining loan principal with interest and

any other applicable fees. The student achievement council shall adopt rules to define the terms for repayment, including applicable interest rates, fees, and deferments.

(6) The student achievement council may deposit all appropriations, collections, and any other funds received for the program in this chapter in the future teachers conditional scholarship account authorized in RCW 28B.102.080.

## **Sec. 15.** RCW 28A.660.040 and 2010 c 235 s 504 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

RECRUITING WASHINGTON TEACHERS. Alternative route programs under this chapter shall operate one to four specific route programs. Successful completion of the program shall make a candidate eligible for residency teacher certification. The mentor of the teacher candidate at the school and the supervisor of the teacher candidate from the teacher preparation program must both agree that the teacher candidate has successfully completed the program.

- (1) Alternative route programs operating route one programs shall enroll currently employed classified instructional employees with transferable associate degrees or former participants in the recruiting Washington teachers program who enter through the pipeline for paraeducators conditional scholarship program under RCW 28A.660.042 who are seeking residency teacher certification with endorsements in mathematics, special education, bilingual education, or English as a second language. It is anticipated that candidates enrolled in this route will complete both their baccalaureate degree and requirements for residency certification in two years or less, including a mentored internship to be completed in the final year. In addition, partnership programs shall uphold entry requirements for candidates that include:
- (a) District or building validation of qualifications, including one year of successful student interaction and leadership as a classified instructional employee;
  - (b) Successful passage of the statewide basic skills exam; and
- (c) Meeting the age, good moral character, and personal fitness requirements adopted by rule for teachers.
- (2) Alternative route programs operating route two programs shall enroll currently employed classified staff with baccalaureate degrees seeking residency teacher certification in subject matter shortage

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- areas and areas with shortages due to geographic location. Candidates 1 2 enrolled in this route must complete a mentored internship complemented by flexibly scheduled training and coursework offered at a local site, 3 such as a school or educational service district, or online or via 4 video-conference over the K-20 network, in collaboration with the 5 partnership program's higher education partner. addition, 6 7 partnership grant programs shall uphold entry requirements 8 candidates that include:
- 9 (a) District or building validation of qualifications, including 10 one year of successful student interaction and leadership as classified 11 staff;
  - (b) A baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education. The individual's college or university grade point average may be considered as a selection factor;
- 15 (c) Successful completion of the subject matter assessment required 16 by RCW 28A.410.220(3);
- 17 (d) Meeting the age, good moral character, and personal fitness 18 requirements adopted by rule for teachers; and
  - (e) Successful passage of the statewide basic skills exam.
  - (3) Alternative route programs seeking funds to operate route three programs shall enroll individuals with baccalaureate degrees, who are not employed in the district at the time of application. When selecting candidates for certification through route three, districts and approved preparation program providers shall give priority to individuals who are seeking residency teacher certification in subject matter shortage areas or shortages due to geographic locations. Cohorts of candidates for this route shall attend an intensive summer teaching academy, followed by a full year employed by a district in a mentored internship, followed, if necessary, by a second summer teaching academy. In addition, partnership programs shall uphold entry requirements for candidates that include:
  - (a) A baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education. The individual's grade point average may be considered as a selection factor;
- 35 (b) Successful completion of the subject matter assessment required 36 by RCW 28A.410.220(3);
- 37 (c) External validation of qualifications, including demonstrated

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successful experience with students or children, such as reference letters and letters of support from previous employers;

- (d) Meeting the age, good moral character, and personal fitness requirements adopted by rule for teachers; and
  - (e) Successful passage of statewide basic skills exam.

- (4) Alternative route programs operating route four programs shall enroll individuals with baccalaureate degrees, who are employed in the district at the time of application, or who hold conditional teaching certificates or emergency substitute certificates. Cohorts of candidates for this route shall attend an intensive summer teaching academy, followed by a full year employed by a district in a mentored internship. If employed on a conditional certificate, the intern may serve as the teacher of record, supported by a well-trained mentor. In addition, partnership programs shall uphold entry requirements for candidates that include:
  - (a) A baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education. The individual's grade point average may be considered as a selection factor;
  - (b) Successful completion of the subject matter assessment required by RCW 28A.410.220(3);
  - (c) External validation of qualifications, including demonstrated successful experience with students or children, such as reference letters and letters of support from previous employers;
  - (d) Meeting the age, good moral character, and personal fitness requirements adopted by rule for teachers; and
    - (e) Successful passage of statewide basic skills exam.
  - (5) Applicants for alternative route programs who are eligible veterans or national guard members and who meet the entry requirements for the alternative route program for which application is made shall be given preference in admission.

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