
Health Care & Wellness Committee

HB 1701

Brief Description: Implementing recommendations of the adult family home quality assurance panel.

Sponsors: Representatives Moeller, Angel, Tharinger and Pollet.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Requires each adult family home to disclose the scope of available personal care and medication services, the scope of skilled nursing services or nurse delegation provided, and other information about the home.
- Requires the Department of Social and Health Services (Department) to review the adequacy of specialty training courses for meeting the demands of residents with special needs.
- Requires the Department to impose conditions on certain adult family homes if regulatory violations have not been corrected within 60 days of the issuance of a stop placement order.

Hearing Date: 2/19/13

Staff: Chris Blake (786-7392).

Background:

Adult Family Home Licensing.

Adult family homes are community-based facilities licensed to care for up to six individuals who need long-term care. These homes provide room, board, laundry, necessary supervision, and assistance with activities of daily living, personal care, and nursing services.

Adult family homes are licensed by the Department of Social and Health Services (Department). Adult family homes must meet facility standards as well as requirements for training resident managers and caregivers. Staff of adult family homes who are employed as long-term care

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workers must meet specific training requirements and, in some instances, become certified as home care aides.

The Department may designate adult family homes to provide specialty care for residents with developmental disabilities, mental illness, and dementia. To receive the specialty care designation, the adult family home provider, entity representative, resident managers, and caregivers must complete specialty care training and the home must ensure that the specialty care of each resident is met.

The Department may take any of several actions in the event that an adult family home fails to comply with licensing requirements. The Department may place conditions upon the home and its staff, impose civil penalties, suspend or revoke a license, or issue a stop placement order. In the event that a stop placement order is issued, all admissions to the home must be suspended until the Department has determined that violations have been corrected. The Department will revisit the adult family home within 15 days, or sooner if the violation poses a risk of harm to the well-being of any of the residents.

Adult Family Home Quality Assurance Panel.

In 2011 the Legislature passed Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1277 which directed the Department to convene a quality assurance panel to review problems in the quality of care in adult family homes and to reduce incidents of abuse, neglect, abandonment, and financial exploitation. The panel provided its report to the Governor and the Legislature in December 2012. The report included legislative recommendations, regulatory recommendations, and internal agency recommendations. The legislative recommendations relate to specialty designations for adult family homes with skilled nursing needs or traumatic brain injury, standardized disclosure forms, conditions for homes with stop placement orders, and citations for minor violations of adult family home rules.

Summary of Bill:

Adult Family Home Disclosures.

The Department of Social and Health Services must develop a standard disclosure form that indicates the scope of available personal care and medication services, the scope of skilled nursing services or nurse delegation provided, any specialty care designations, the usual number of caregivers available during the day and if there are staff who are awake at night, accommodations of cultural or language needs, and whether the home admits Medicaid clients and if it retains residents who later become Medicaid-eligible.

Each adult family home must use the Department's form to disclose the scope of care, services, and activities that it provides. The disclosure must be given to residents and their representatives, prior to admission, and to prospective residents and their representatives, upon request.

If an adult family home reduces the scope of care, services, and activities that it provides, due to circumstances beyond the home's control, it must give notice to residents and their representatives 30 days prior to the reduction. If a reduction in the scope of care, services, and activities is voluntary and will result in the discharge of any residents, the adult family home must give notice 90 days prior to the reduction. If an adult family home increases the scope of

care, services, and activities that it provides, it must give notice to residents and their representatives and indicate the date on which the increase will become effective.

The Department must create a website for residents and prospective residents of adult family homes and their family members. The website must have links to pertinent information such as explanations of the types of long-term care facilities, levels of care, and specialty designations, lists of suggested questions when looking for a care facility, warning signs of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation, and contact information for the Department and Long-Term Care Ombudsman. The website must also have a searchable list of all licensed long-term care facilities in Washington and links to their disclosure forms, recent inspections and investigation reports, and any enforcement actions.

Specialty Training.

It is clarified that adult family homes providers, resident managers, and caregivers that serve residents with special needs must receive specialty training necessary for long-term care workers. The Department must review the adequacy of the specialty training courses, including the extent to which the curricula are standard and effective at evaluating students' success. The Department may adopt rules to enhance specialty training requirements for adult family home staff and management. The Department must also evaluate whether additional specialty training categories are needed for adult family homes with residents with other special needs such as traumatic brain injury, skilled nursing, or bariatric care.

Protective Conditions.

When the Department has issued a stop placement order for an adult family home for violations that are repeated, uncorrected, pervasive, or a threat to the health and safety of any residents, the Department must also impose conditions on the home's license to facilitate or accelerate compliance if the violation has not been corrected within 60 days of the stop placement order. The Department may also decide to impose conditions earlier than 60 days if it considers it necessary to protect the well-being of any residents.

Correctable Violations.

If a non-recurring violation that does not pose a significant risk of harm to any resident is noted by the Department during an inspection or investigation and is immediately corrected by the adult family home, the Department must record the violation, but not include it in the adult family home's inspection or investigation report.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.