

SB 6406-S.E2 - DIGEST

(DIGEST AS ENACTED)

Updates provisions relating to natural resource management and regulatory programs including the hydraulic project approval program, the forest practices act, and the state environmental policy act.

Modifies duties of the department of fish and wildlife, the department of natural resources, the department of ecology, the forest practices board, and the department of commerce.

Creates the hydraulic project approval account and the forest practices application account.

VETO MESSAGE ON 2ESSB 6406

May 2, 2012

To the Honorable President and Members,
The Senate of the State of Washington

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am returning herewith, without my approval as to Sections 305 and 306, Second Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 6406 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to modifying programs that provide for protection of the state's natural resources."

This bill streamlines regulatory programs for managing and protecting the state's natural environment while increasing the sustainability of program funding and maintaining current levels of natural resource protection.

Section 301 of the bill requires the Department of Ecology to prepare rules to update the categorical exemptions for environmental review under the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), revise the SEPA environmental checklist, and improve integration of SEPA with the provisions of the Growth Management Act. In updating the checklist, Section 301(2)(c) of the bill directs the Department of Ecology to "not include any new subjects into the scope of the checklist, including climate change and greenhouse gases."

I have been assured that the intent of this language is confined to its plain meaning: This subsection addresses only how the Department of Ecology may modify the environmental checklist in its update of WAC 197-11-960. This language does not impact in any way the scope of the environmental analysis required at the threshold determination stage of the SEPA process or the scope of the environmental analysis required in

an environmental impact statement. Letters I have received from legislators involved in the drafting of this language confirm that the Legislature's intent was to address only the scope of the environmental checklist and not to amend any substantive SEPA requirements.

This understanding and interpretation of the bill are set forth in letters to me from legislators directly involved in passage of the legislation, including an April 23, 2012, letter from Senator Sharon Nelson and Representative Dave Upthegrove, respective chairs of the Senate and House Environment Committees; an April 26, 2012, letter from Representatives Richard DeBolt, Joel Kretz, Bruce Chandler, Shelly Short, David Taylor, J.T. Wilcox, and Ed Orcutt; and an April 27, 2012, letter from Senators Jim Honeyford and Mark Schoesler.

This is also the understanding and interpretation set forth in an April 19, 2012, letter to me from Representative Joe Fitzgibbon, the prime sponsor of House Bill 2253, where this language first appeared. I have also received letters from stakeholders who participated in legislative proceedings related to this provision. These stakeholders include the Association of Washington Cities, Washington State Association of Counties, Futurewise, Association of Washington Business, and the Washington Chapter of the American Planning Association. These letters affirm that the intent of Section 301 was to eliminate existing duplication between state natural resource programs, and not to amend any substantive SEPA requirements. An April 20, 2012, joint letter from representatives of four environmental organizations notes that ESSB 6406 was the product of "a long and ultimately constructive negotiation amongst a diverse set of stakeholders," including their organizations: People for Puget Sound, Washington Conservation Voters, the Washington Environmental Council, and Climate Solutions. This letter quotes the language of Section 301(2)(c)(ii) and states: "Throughout the bill negotiations, there was agreement amongst all parties that the intent of this subsection was to ensure simply that no new line items were added to the SEPA checklist in the process of the checklist update directed by section 301." However, the letter indicates that after the passage of this bill by the Senate and House, advisers to these organizations raised concerns that the language could be read to make broader changes in SEPA law.

After careful review, I have concluded that these assurances that the Legislature did not intend to limit the scope of SEPA review of adverse effects of climate change and greenhouse gases are fully supported. Section 1 of the bill expresses the Legislature's intent to maintain current levels of natural resource protection. Additionally, Section 301(2)(c)

specifically references the environmental checklist found in WAC 197-11-960. The Legislature did not reference other steps in the SEPA process such as the threshold determination addressed in different sections of chapter 197-11 WAC. Nothing in the letters I have received or in the legislative discussions of this provision negates this understanding.

My action in approving Section 301 is taken with the intent that it will operate only to prohibit inclusion of any new subjects in the scope of the checklist, and that the subjects of climate change and greenhouse gases will be considered in the environmental analysis required at the threshold determination stage of the SEPA process and in the environmental analysis required in a SEPA environmental impact statement. After consulting legal advisers, it is my understanding that this is the proper reading of this section of the bill and that this understanding will be considered by the courts when ascertaining legislative intent, as outlined in *Lynch v. State*, 19 Wn.2d 802 (1944). Without this understanding, I would have vetoed Section 301.

Concern has also been raised that there is a need for a meaningful civil enforcement capacity to support the state's Hydraulic Project Approval (HPA) program. I share this concern and have asked the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife to clarify the current enforcement mechanisms through rule revision within the ongoing HPA rule update, and to implement an effectiveness survey to measure results.

I am also asking the Department to deliver the survey results to the Office of Financial Management, the Governor's Office, and the Legislature, with the intent to inform actions needed to create a more effective civil enforcement HPA program.

Amendments to the bill in the final day of the 2012 1st Special Session removed the explicit authority for local governments to collect a fee to recover their costs for a SEPA environmental impact statement prepared in support of certain land use plans. However, remnants of the original fee proposal that are no longer meaningful were left in the bill. Section 305 allows local governments to recover the costs of a SEPA environmental impact statement for certain land use plans from either state funds or private donations. Local governments are already authorized to accept funding from these sources. Section 306 refers to fees that are no longer authorized in Section 305. These two sections of the bill have the potential to create confusion with the existing authorities of local governments.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Sections 305 and 306 of Second Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 6406.

With the exception of Sections 305 and 306, Second Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 6406 is approved.

Respectfully submitted,
Christine Gregoire
Governor