CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2349

62nd Legislature 2012 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 6, 2012 Yeas 96 Nays 1 Speaker of the House of Representatives Passed by the Senate February 29, 2012 Yeas 49 Nays 0	I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2349 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.		
			Chief Clerk
		President of the Senate	
		Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State State of Washington		

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2349

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2012 Regular Session

State of Washington

62nd Legislature

2012 Regular Session

By House Agriculture & Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Kretz, Blake, Billig, Short, Hinkle, Upthegrove, Fitzgibbon, and McCune)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/12.

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- 1 AN ACT Relating to the management of beavers; adding a new section
- 2 to chapter 77.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 77.36 RCW;
- 3 creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that beavers have historically played a significant role in maintaining the health of 6 watersheds in the Pacific Northwest and act as key agents in riparian ecology. The live trapping and relocating of beavers has long been 8 9 recognized as a beneficial wildlife management practice, and has been 10 successfully utilized to restore and maintain stream ecosystems for over fifty years. The benefits of active beaver populations include 11 reduced stream sedimentation, stream temperature moderation, higher 12 13 dissolved oxygen levels, overall improved water quality, increased 14 natural water storage capabilities within watersheds, and reduced 15 stream velocities. These benefits improve and create habitat for many 16 other species, including endangered salmon, river otters, sandhill 17 cranes, trumpeter swans, and other riparian and aquatic species.

Relocating beavers into their historic habitat provides a natural

- 1 mechanism for improving the environmental conditions in Washington's
- 2 riparian ecosystems without having to resort to governmental regulation
- 3 or expensive publicly funded engineering projects.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 77.32 RCW to read as follows:
- 6 (1) The department shall permit the release of wild beavers on public and private lands with agreement from the property owner.
- 8 (2) The department may limit the release of wild beavers to areas 9 of the state where:
- 10 (a) There is a low probability of released beavers becoming a 11 nuisance or causing damage;
 - (b) Conditions exist for released beavers to improve, maintain, or manage stream or riparian ecosystem functions; and
 - (c) There is evidence of historic endemic beaver populations.
- 15 (3) The department may condition the release of beaver to maximize 16 the relocation's success and minimize risk. Factors that the 17 department may condition include:
- 18 (a) Stream gradient;

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- (b) Sufficiency of the water supply;
- 20 (c) Stream geomorphology;
- 21 (d) Adequacy of a food source;
 - (e) Proper site elevation and valley width;
- 23 (f) Age of the beavers relocated;
- 24 (g) Times of year for capture and relocation;
- 25 (h) Requirements for the capture, handling, and transport of the 26 live beavers;
- 27 (i) Minimum and maximum numbers of beavers that can be relocated in one area; and
- 29 (j) Requirements for the permit holder to initially provide 30 supplemental food and lodge building materials.
 - (4) The department may require specific training for those involved with capture, handling, and release of beavers.
- 33 (5) Nothing in this section creates any liability against the state 34 or those releasing beavers nor authorizes any private right of action 35 for any damages subsequently caused by beavers released pursuant to 36 this section.

- 1 (6) For the purposes of this section, "beaver" means the American 2 beaver (Castor canadensis).
 - (7) For the purposes of this section, beavers may only be released to carry out relocation: (a) Between two areas east of the crest of the Cascade mountains; or (b) from an area west of the crest of the Cascade mountains to an area east of the crest of the Cascade mountains.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 77.36 RCW 9 to read as follows:
- 10 (1) Whenever the department receives a request for relocating 11 beaver, the department must inform the requesting party of locations, 12 if available, of surplus beaver available for capture and relocation. 13 The department may identify nuisance beaver or areas with thriving 14 beaver populations as a source population for capturing and relocating 15 beaver.
- 16 (2) The department shall post on the agency's web site quarterly 17 reports of nuisance beaver activity, beaver trapping, and beaver 18 relocations reported to the department.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The department of fish and wildlife must initiate a beaver management stakeholder's forum by January 1, 2013, and report the outcomes of the forum to the legislature consistent with RCW 43.01.036.
- 23 (2) This section expires July 31, 2014.

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