### CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1538

# 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

Passed by the House April 13, 2011 Yeas 95 Nays 1  Speaker of the House of Representatives  Passed by the Senate April 7, 2011 Yeas 43 Nays 4	CERTIFICATE		
	I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is <b>SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1538</b> as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.		
			Chief Clerk
		President of the Senate	
Approved	FILED		
Consumer of the Chate of Washington	Secretary of State State of Washington		
Governor of the State of Washington			

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#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1538

#### AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2011 Regular Session

# State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By House Agriculture & Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Buys, Blake, Chandler, Taylor, Orcutt, Hinkle, Haler, Johnson, and Warnick)

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/11.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to animal health inspections; amending RCW
- 2 16.36.025, 16.58.100, 43.23.230, 16.36.040, 16.36.050, 16.36.060,
- 3 16.36.113, 16.36.140, 16.57.160, and 16.57.360; reenacting and amending
- 4 RCW 16.36.005; adding new sections to chapter 16.36 RCW; adding a new
- 5 section to chapter 16.57 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 16.36.025 and 1998 c 8 s 19 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 The director may collect moneys to recover the reasonable costs of
- 10 purchasing, printing, and distributing ((certificates)) official
- 11 individual identification devices or methods, regulatory forms, and
- 12 other supplies ((to veterinarians)). All funds received under this
- 13 section must be deposited in the animal disease traceability account in
- 14 the agricultural local fund created in RCW 43.23.230 to cover the costs
- 15 associated with this chapter.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 16.36 RCW
- 17 to read as follows:
- 18 (1) The director shall adopt by rule a fee per head on cattle sold

or slaughtered in the state or transported out of the state to administer animal disease traceability activities for cattle. The fee must be paid by:

- (a) Sellers of cattle sold in the state, without exception;
- (b) Owners of cattle that are transported out of Washington, unless an exception is provided by rule; and
  - (c) Owners of cattle slaughtered in the state.
- 8 (2) The fee adopted by the department may not exceed forty cents 9 per head of cattle.
  - (3)(a) Except where the seller presents proof that the fee has been paid by a meat processor under (c) of this subsection, the fee required in this section must be paid by the owner of cattle receiving a livestock inspection issued by the department under chapter 16.57 RCW in the same manner as livestock inspection fees are collected under RCW 16.57.220.
  - (b) The fee required in this section must be paid from the owner of cattle not receiving a livestock inspection issued by the department under chapter 16.57 RCW by the fifteenth day of the month following the month the sale or transportation out of state occurred, or at a different time as designated by rule.
  - (c) When cattle are slaughtered, the fee required by this section must be collected from the seller of the cattle by the meat processor. The meat processor must transmit the fee to the department by the fifteenth day of the month following the month the transaction occurred, or at a different time as designated by rule. When cattle owned by a meat processor are slaughtered, the fee must be paid by the meat processor.
  - (4) All fees received by the department under this section must be deposited in the animal disease traceability account in the agricultural local fund created in RCW 43.23.230 to carry out animal disease traceability activities for cattle and to compensate the livestock identification program for data and fee collection.
- 33 (5) Any person failing to pay the fee established in this section 34 has committed a class 1 civil infraction punishable as provided in RCW 35 7.80.120. Each violation is a separate and distinct offense.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 16.36 RCW to read as follows:

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By December 1st of each year, the department shall submit an activity report and financial statement on the implementation of the animal disease traceability activities to the animal disease traceability advisory committee created in section 5 of this act.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 16.58.100 and 2003 c 326 s 54 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

- (1) The director shall conduct audits of the cattle received, fed, handled, and shipped by the licensee at each certified feed lot. These audits shall be for the purpose of determining if the cattle correlate with the inspection certificates issued in their behalf and that the certificate of assurance furnished the director by the licensee correlates with his or her assurance that inspected cattle were not commingled with uninspected cattle.
- 14 (2) The department shall conduct an audit to determine compliance 15 with section 2 of this act at the time of conducting audits under 16 subsection (1) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 16.36 RCW to read as follows:
  - (1) The director shall establish an animal disease traceability advisory committee that will serve in an advisory capacity to the director and must meet at least twice a year.
  - (2) The animal disease traceability advisory committee is composed of eight members appointed by the director. Two members must represent cow-calf producers, and one member must represent each of the following groups: Cattle feeders, dairy farmers, public livestock markets, meat processors, and a statewide agricultural association. The director or the director's designee must also serve on the animal disease traceability advisory committee. In making appointments, the director shall solicit nominations from organizations representing these groups statewide. The animal disease traceability advisory committee shall elect a member to serve as chair of the animal disease traceability advisory committee.
  - (3) Membership of the animal disease traceability advisory committee may be expanded by a unanimous vote of its members.
    - (4) The animal disease traceability advisory committee must work

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- with the director to develop a plan to implement as quickly as practicable the electronic transfer of traceability data.
- 3 (5) Animal disease traceability advisory committee members must 4 also work with the director to:
  - (a) Communicate effectively to their respective industry associations as to the progress of the animal disease traceability activities and to encourage the state's cattle industry to participate in the animal disease traceability program;
- 9 (b) Utilize new technology within the department and industry that 10 enhances the animal disease traceability program within existing 11 funding;
  - (c) Study national industry trends in traceability of animal movements and related animal health issues; and
- (d) Discuss other matters as mutually agreed upon by the director and the animal disease traceability advisory committee for the benefit of the animal disease traceability program.
- 17 (6) Animal disease traceability advisory committee members serve 18 three-year terms. However, the director shall by rule provide shorter 19 initial terms for some of the members of the animal disease 20 traceability advisory committee to stagger the expiration of the 21 initial terms. The members serve without compensation.
- 22 **Sec. 6.** RCW 16.36.005 and 2010 c 66 s 1 are each reenacted and 23 amended to read as follows:
  - The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
  - (1) "Animal" means all members of the animal kingdom except humans, fish, and insects. However, "animal" does not mean noncaptive wildlife as defined in RCW 77.08.010, except as used in RCW 16.36.050(1) and 16.36.080 (1), (2), (3), and (5).
- 30 (2) "Animal reproductive product" means sperm, ova, fertilized ova, 31 and embryos from animals.
- 32 (3) "Certificate of veterinary inspection" means a legible 33 veterinary health inspection certificate on an official electronic or 34 paper form from the state of origin or from the animal and plant health 35 inspection service (APHIS) of the United States department of 36 agriculture, executed by a licensed and accredited veterinarian or a

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veterinarian approved by the animal and plant health inspection service. "Certificate of veterinary inspection" is also known as an "official health certificate."

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- (4) "Communicable disease" means a disease due to a specific infectious agent or its toxic products transmitted from an infected person, animal, or inanimate reservoir to a susceptible host, either directly or indirectly through an intermediate plant or animal host, vector, or the environment.
- 9 (5) "Contagious disease" means a communicable disease that is 10 capable of being easily transmitted from one animal to another animal 11 or a human.
- 12 (6) "Department" means the department of agriculture of the state 13 of Washington.
- 14 (7) "Deputized state veterinarian" means a Washington state 15 licensed and accredited veterinarian appointed and compensated by the 16 director according to state law and department policies.
  - (8) "Director" means the director of the department or his or her authorized representative.
  - (9) "Farm-raised fish" means fish raised by aquaculture as defined in RCW 15.85.020. Farm-raised fish are considered to be a part of animal agriculture; however, disease inspection, prevention, and control programs and related activities for farm-raised fish are administered by the department of fish and wildlife under chapter 77.115 RCW.
  - (10) "Garbage" means the solid animal and vegetable waste and offal together with the natural moisture content resulting from the handling, preparation, or consumption of foods in houses, restaurants, hotels, kitchens, markets, meat shops, packing houses and similar establishments or any other food waste containing meat or meat products.
  - (11) "Herd or flock plan" means a written management agreement between the owner of a herd or flock and the state veterinarian, with possible input from a private accredited veterinarian designated by the owner and the area veterinarian-in-charge of the United States department of agriculture, animal and plant health inspection service, veterinary services in which each participant agrees to undertake actions specified in the herd or flock plan to control the spread of

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infectious, contagious, or communicable disease within and from an infected herd or flock and to work toward eradicating the disease in the infected herd or flock.

- (12) "Hold order" means an order by the director to the owner or agent of the owner of animals or animal reproductive products which restricts the animals or products to a designated holding location pending an investigation by the director of the disease, disease exposure, well-being, movement, or import status of the animals or animal reproductive products.
- (13) "Infectious agent" means an organism including viruses, rickettsia, bacteria, fungi, protozoa, helminthes, or prions that is capable of producing infection or infectious disease.
- (14) "Infectious disease" means a clinical disease of humans or animals resulting from an infection with an infectious agent that may or may not be communicable or contagious.
- (15) "Livestock" means horses, mules, donkeys, cattle, bison, sheep, goats, swine, rabbits, llamas, alpacas, ratites, poultry, waterfowl, game birds, and other species so designated by statute. "Livestock" does not mean free ranging wildlife as defined in Title 77 RCW.
  - (16) "Person" means a person, persons, firm, or corporation.
- (17) "Quarantine" means the placing and restraining of any animal or its reproductive products by the owner or agent of the owner within a certain described and designated enclosure or area within this state, or the restraining of any animal or its reproductive products from entering this state, as may be directed in an order by the director.
- (18) "Reportable disease" means a disease designated by rule by the director as reportable to the department by veterinarians and others made responsible to report by statute.
- (19) "Veterinary biologic" means any virus, serum, toxin, and analogous product of natural or synthetic origin, or product prepared from any type of genetic engineering, such as diagnostics, antitoxins, vaccines, live microorganisms, killed microorganisms, and the antigenic or immunizing components intended for use in the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of diseases in animals.
- 36 (20) "Meat processors" means a person licensed to operate a 37 slaughtering establishment under chapter 16.49 RCW or the federal meat 38 inspection act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq.).

- 1 (21) "Sold" means sale, trade, gift, barter, or any other action 2 that constitutes a change of ownership.
- 3 **Sec. 7.** RCW 43.23.230 and 1988 c 254 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

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- (1) The agricultural local fund is hereby established in the custody of the state treasurer. The fund shall consist of such money as is directed by law for deposit in the fund, and such other money not subject to appropriation that the department authorizes to be deposited in the fund. Any money deposited in the fund, the use of which has been restricted by law, may only be expended in accordance with those restrictions. The department may make disbursements from the fund. The fund is not subject to legislative appropriation.
- (2) There is created within the agricultural local fund the animal disease traceability account which must be used to account for the costs associated with the implementation of chapter 16.36 RCW.
- 16 **Sec. 8.** RCW 16.36.040 and 1998 c 8 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The director may adopt and enforce rules necessary to carry out the purpose and provisions of this chapter, and including:
  - (a) Preventing the introduction or spreading of infectious, contagious, communicable, or dangerous diseases affecting animals in this state;
  - (b) Governing the inspection and testing of all animals within or about to be imported into this state; ((and))
    - (c) Designating any disease as a reportable disease; and
  - (d) Designating when a certificate of veterinary inspection, import health papers, permits, or other transportation documents required by law or rule must designate a destination with a physical address for animals entering Washington and when those animals must be delivered or transported directly to the physical address of that destination.
- 31 (2) Rules to prevent the introduction or spread of infectious, 32 contagious, communicable, or dangerous diseases affecting animals in 33 this state may differ from federal regulations by being more 34 restrictive.

- 1 **Sec. 9.** RCW 16.36.050 and 2010 c 66 s 2 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
  - (1) It is unlawful for a person to bring an animal into Washington state without first securing a certificate of veterinary inspection, reviewed by the state veterinarian of the state of origin, verifying that the animal meets the Washington state animal health requirements. This subsection does not apply to:
- 8 (a) ((<del>Livestock, which are governed by</del>)) Those animals that qualify 9 for an exemption in RCW 16.36.140; or
  - (b) Other animals exempted by the director by rule.
  - (2) For animals imported into Washington it is unlawful for a person to transport or deliver an animal to any physical address other than the physical address of the destination designated by a certificate of veterinary inspection, import health papers, permits, or other transportation documents required by law or rule. The director may exempt animals from this requirement by rule.
  - (3) It is unlawful for a person to intentionally falsely make, complete, alter, use, or sign a certificate of veterinary inspection or official animal health document of the department.
    - $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (4) It is unlawful for a person to intentionally falsely apply, alter, or remove an official animal health or official animal identification tag, permanent mark, or other device.
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$  (5) It is unlawful for a person to willfully hinder, obstruct, or resist the director, or any peace officer or deputized state veterinarian acting under him or her, when engaged in the performance of their duties.
- $((\frac{5}{}))$  (6) It is unlawful for a person to willfully fail to comply with or to violate any rule or order adopted by the director under this chapter.
- 30 **Sec. 10.** RCW 16.36.060 and 2010 c 66 s 4 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- 32 (1) The director has the authority to enter a property at any 33 reasonable time to:
- 34 (a) Conduct tests, examinations, or inspections to take samples, 35 and to examine and copy records when there is reasonable cause to 36 investigate whether animals on the property or that have been on the 37 property are infected with or have been exposed to disease; and

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(b) Determine, when there is reasonable cause to investigate, whether ((livestock)) animals on the property have been imported into Washington state in violation of requirements of this chapter, and to conduct tests, examinations, and inspections, take samples, and examine and copy records during such investigations.

- (2) It is unlawful for any person to interfere with investigations, tests, inspections, or examinations, or to alter any segregation or identification systems made in connection with tests, inspections, or examinations conducted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) If the director is denied access to a property or animals for purposes of this chapter, or a person fails to comply with an order of the director, the director may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for a search warrant. To show that access is denied, the director shall file with the court an affidavit or declaration containing a description of all attempts to notify and locate the owner or owner's agent and secure consent. The court may issue a search warrant authorizing access to any animal or property at reasonable times to conduct investigations, tests, inspections, or examinations of any animal or property, or to take samples, and examine and copy records, and may authorize seizure or destruction of property.
- **Sec. 11.** RCW 16.36.113 and 2007 c 71 s 4 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
  - (1) Any person in violation of this chapter or its rules may be subject to a civil penalty in an amount of not more than one thousand dollars for each violation. Each violation is a separate and distinct offense. Every person who, through an act of commission or omission, procures, aids, or abets in the violation is in violation of this chapter or its rules and may be subject to the civil penalty provided in this section. Moneys collected under this section must be deposited in the state general fund.
  - (2) The department may charge a time and mileage fee for the cost of an investigation including inspecting animals and related records during an investigation of a proven violation of this chapter. The fee may be up to eighty-five dollars per hour and the current mileage rate set by the office of financial management. The director may increase the hourly fee by rule as necessary to cover costs of investigations.

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- 1 All fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in an
- 2 account in the agricultural local fund and used to carry out the
- 3 purposes of this chapter.

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- 4 **Sec. 12.** RCW 16.36.140 and 2010 c 66 s 3 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
  - (1) It is unlawful for a person to bring ((livestock)) an animal into Washington state without first securing a certificate of veterinary inspection, reviewed by the state veterinarian of the state of origin, verifying that the ((livestock)) animal meets Washington state animal health requirements. This subsection does not apply to ((livestock)) animals that:
    - (a) Have been exempted by the director by rule; or
- 13 (b) Will be delivered within twelve hours after entry into 14 Washington state to:
  - (i) An approved, inspected feed lot for slaughter;
  - (ii) A federally inspected slaughter plant; or
  - (iii) A licensed public livestock market for sale and subsequent delivery within twelve hours to:
    - (A) An approved, inspected feed lot for slaughter; or
- 20 (B) A federally inspected slaughter plant.
- 21 (2) The director may monitor ((livestock)) animals entering 22 Washington state. Persons importing, transporting, receiving, feeding, 23 or housing imported ((livestock)) animals shall:
  - (a) Comply with the requirement and any exemptions specified in subsection (1) of this section; and
  - (b) Make the  $((\frac{1ivestock}{}))$  animal and related records available for inspection by the director.
- (3) ((The department may charge a time and mileage fee for 28 29 inspecting livestock and related records during an investigation of a 30 proven violation of this section. The fee is eighty-five dollars per hour and the current mileage rate set by the office of financial 31 32 management. The director may increase the hourly fee by rule as necessary to cover costs of investigations. All fees collected 33 34 pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in an account in the 35 agricultural local fund and used to carry out the purposes of this 36 chapter.

- 1  $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ ) The director may adopt and enforce rules necessary to carry 2 out the purpose and provisions of this section.
- 3 **Sec. 13.** RCW 16.57.160 and 2010 c 66 s 6 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
  - (1) The director may adopt rules:

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- (a) Designating any point for mandatory inspection of cattle or horses or the furnishing of proof that cattle or horses passing or being transported through the point have been inspected or identified and are lawfully being transported;
- (b) Providing for issuance of individual horse and cattle identification certificates or other means of horse and cattle identification; ((and))
- (c) Designating the documents that constitute other satisfactory proof of ownership for cattle and horses. A bill of sale may not be designated as documenting satisfactory proof of ownership for cattle $\underline{\underline{i}}$  and
- 17 (d) Designating when inspection certificates, certificates of
  18 permit, or other transportation documents required by law or rule must
  19 designate a physical address of a destination. Cattle and horses must
  20 be delivered or transported directly to the physical address of that
  21 destination.
  - (2) A self-inspection certificate may be accepted as satisfactory proof of ownership for cattle if the director determines that the self-inspection certificate, together with other available documentation, sufficiently establishes ownership. Self-inspection certificates completed after June 10, 2010, are not satisfactory proof of ownership for cattle.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 16.57 RCW to read as follows:
- It is unlawful for a person to transport or deliver cattle or horses to any destination other than the physical address of the destination designated on an inspection certificate, certificate of permit, or other transportation document when required by law or rule. The director may exempt cattle and horses from this requirement by rule.

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**Sec. 15.** RCW 16.57.360 and 2003 c 326 s 42 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) The department is authorized to issue notices of and enforce civil infractions in the manner prescribed under chapter 7.80 RCW.

(b) The violation of any provision of this chapter and/or rules adopted under this chapter shall constitute a class I civil infraction as provided under chapter 7.80 RCW unless otherwise specified herein.

(2) The department may charge a time and mileage fee for the cost of an investigation including inspecting animals and related records during an investigation of a proven violation of this chapter. The fee may be up to eighty-five dollars per hour and the current mileage rate set by the office of financial management. The director may increase the hourly fee by rule as necessary to cover costs of investigations. All fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in an account in the agricultural local fund and used to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

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