CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 1190

62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

Passed by the House February 14, 2011 Yeas 93 Nays 0 Speaker of the House of Representatives	CERTIFICATE		
	I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is HOUSE BILL 1190 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.		
		Passed by the Senate April 7, 2011 Yeas 48 Nays 0	
			Chief Clerk
President of the Senate			
Approved	FILED		
	Secretary of State		
Governor of the State of Washington	State of Washington		

HOUSE BILL 1190

Passed Legislature - 2011 Regular Session

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By Representatives Hinkle, Kelley, Van De Wege, Liias, and Stanford

Read first time 01/14/11. Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

- AN ACT Relating to billing for anatomic pathology services; and adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW 5 to read as follows:
 - (1) A clinical laboratory or physician, located in this state, or in another state, providing anatomic pathology services for patients in this state, shall present or cause to be presented a claim, bill, or demand for payment for these services only to the following:
 - (a) The patient;

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- (b) The responsible insurer or other third-party payer;
- 12 (c) The hospital, public health clinic, or nonprofit health clinic 13 ordering such services;
- (d) The referring laboratory, excluding a laboratory of a physician's office or group practice that does not perform the professional component of the anatomic pathology service for which such claim, bill, or demand is presented; or
- 18 (e) Governmental agencies or their specified public or private

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1 agent, agency, or organization on behalf of the recipient of the 2 services.

- (2) Except for a physician at a referring laboratory that has been billed pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, no licensed practitioner in the state may, directly or indirectly, charge, bill, or otherwise solicit payment for anatomic pathology services unless such services were rendered personally by the licensed practitioner or under the licensed practitioner's direct supervision in accordance with section 353 of the public health service act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 263a).
- (3) No patient, insurer, third-party payer, hospital, public health clinic, or nonprofit health clinic may be required to reimburse any licensed practitioner for charges or claims submitted in violation of this section.
- (4) Nothing in this section may be construed to mandate the assignment of benefits for anatomic pathology services as defined in this section.
- (5) For purposes of this section, "anatomic pathology services" means:
 - (a) Histopathology or surgical pathology, meaning the gross and microscopic examination performed by a physician or under the supervision of a physician, including histologic processing;
 - (b) Cytopathology, meaning the microscopic examination of cells from the following: (i) Fluids, (ii) aspirates, (iii) washings, (iv) brushings, or (v) smears, including the pap test examination performed by a physician or under the supervision of a physician;
- (c) Hematology, meaning the microscopic evaluation of bone marrow aspirates and biopsies performed by a physician, or under the supervision of a physician, and peripheral blood smears when the attending or treating physician, or technologist requests that a blood smear be reviewed by a pathologist;
- (d) Subcellular pathology or molecular pathology, meaning the assessment of a patient specimen for the detection, localization, measurement, or analysis of one or more protein or nucleic acid targets; and
 - (e) Blood-banking services performed by pathologists.
- (6) The provisions of this section do not prohibit billing of a referring laboratory for anatomic pathology services in instances where a sample or samples must be sent to another physician or laboratory for

consultation or histologic processing, except that for purposes of this subsection the term "referring laboratory" does not include a laboratory of a physician's office or group practice that does not perform the professional component of the anatomic pathology service involved.

(7) The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs the discipline of any practitioner who violates the provisions of this section.

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