H-3798.1			

HOUSE BILL 2680

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2012 Regular Session

By Representatives Roberts, Moscoso, Pollet, Goodman, Hurst, Hasegawa, Pettigrew, Green, and Kenney

Read first time 01/24/12. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

AN ACT Relating to reforming Washington's approach to certain nonsafety civil traffic infractions by authorizing a civil collection process for unpaid traffic fines and removing the requirement for law enforcement intervention for the failure to appear and pay a traffic ticket; amending RCW 46.20.342, 46.20.291, 46.63.070, 46.63.110, 46.20.311, and 46.20.391; repealing RCW 46.20.289 and 46.64.025; and providing an effective date.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 9 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.20.342 and 2011 c 372 s 2 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
 - (1) It is unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle in this state while that person is in a suspended or revoked status or when his or her privilege to drive is suspended or revoked in this or any other state. Any person who has a valid Washington driver's license is not quilty of a violation of this section.
- 16 (a) A person found to be a habitual offender under chapter 46.65 17 RCW, who violates this section while an order of revocation issued 18 under chapter 46.65 RCW prohibiting such operation is in effect, is 19 guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the first

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- degree, a gross misdemeanor. Upon the first such conviction, the 1 2 person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten days. 3 Upon the second conviction, the person shall be punished 4 imprisonment for not less than ninety days. Upon the third or subsequent conviction, the person shall be punished by imprisonment for 5 not less than one hundred eighty days. If the person is also convicted 6 of the offense defined in RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, when both 7 8 convictions arise from the same event, the minimum sentence of 9 confinement shall be not less than ninety days. The minimum sentence 10 confinement required shall not be suspended or deferred. 11 conviction under this subsection does not prevent a person from 12 petitioning for reinstatement as provided by RCW 46.65.080.
 - (b) A person who violates this section while an order of suspension or revocation prohibiting such operation is in effect and while the person is not eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege, other than for a suspension for the reasons described in (c) of this subsection, is guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the second degree, a gross misdemeanor. For the purposes of this subsection, a person is not considered to be eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege if the person is eligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license but did not obtain such a license. This subsection applies when a person's driver's license or driving privilege has been suspended or revoked by reason of:
 - (i) A conviction of a felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
 - (ii) A previous conviction under this section;
 - (iii) A notice received by the department from a court or diversion unit as provided by RCW 46.20.265, relating to a minor who has committed, or who has entered a diversion unit concerning an offense relating to alcohol, legend drugs, controlled substances, or imitation controlled substances;
 - (iv) A conviction of RCW 46.20.410, relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational driver's license, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license;
- 36 (v) A conviction of RCW 46.20.345, relating to the operation of a motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

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- 1 (vi) A conviction of RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
- 3 (vii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.024, relating to attempting to 4 elude pursuing police vehicles;
- 5 (viii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.212(4), relating to reckless 6 endangerment of emergency zone workers;
 - (ix) A conviction of RCW 46.61.500, relating to reckless driving;
- 8 (x) A conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to a person under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

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- (xi) A conviction of RCW 46.61.520, relating to vehicular homicide;
- 11 (xii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.522, relating to vehicular assault;
- 12 (xiii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.527(4), relating to reckless 13 endangerment of roadway workers;
- 14 (xiv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.530, relating to racing of vehicles on highways;
- 16 (xv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.685, relating to leaving children in 17 an unattended vehicle with motor running;
- 18 (xvi) A conviction of RCW 46.61.740, relating to theft of motor 19 vehicle fuel;
- 20 (xvii) A conviction of RCW 46.64.048, relating to attempting, 21 aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;
- 22 (xviii) An administrative action taken by the department under 23 chapter 46.20 RCW;
 - (xix) A conviction of a local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution of a political subdivision of this state, the federal government, or any other state, of an offense substantially similar to a violation included in this subsection; or
 - (xx) A finding that a person has committed a traffic infraction under RCW 46.61.526 and suspension of driving privileges pursuant to RCW 46.61.526 (4)(b) or (7)(a)(ii).
 - (c) A person who violates this section when his or her driver's license or driving privilege is, at the time of the violation, suspended or revoked solely because (i) the person must furnish proof of satisfactory progress in a required alcoholism or drug treatment program, (ii) the person must furnish proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided by chapter 46.29 RCW, (iii) the person has failed to comply with the provisions of chapter 46.29 RCW relating to uninsured accidents, (iv) ((the person has failed to respond to a

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1 notice of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, 2 violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as 3 provided in RCW 46.20.289, (v))) the person has committed an offense in 4 5 another state that, if committed in this state, would not be grounds for the suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license, 6 7 (((vi))) (v) the person has been suspended or revoked by reason of one or more of the items listed in (b) of this subsection, but was eligible 8 to reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege at the 9 10 time of the violation, or $((\frac{vii}{vii}))$ (vi) the person has received traffic citations or notices of traffic infraction that have resulted 11 12 in a suspension under RCW 46.20.267 relating to intermediate drivers' 13 licenses, or any combination of (c)(i) through (((vii))) (vi) of this 14 subsection, is guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the third degree, a misdemeanor. For the purposes of this subsection, 15 a person is not considered to be eligible to reinstate his or her 16 17 driver's license or driving privilege if the person is eligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license but did not obtain such 18 a license. 19

- (2) Upon receiving a record of conviction of any person or upon receiving an order by any juvenile court or any duly authorized court officer of the conviction of any juvenile under this section, the department shall:
- (a) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the first degree, as provided by subsection (1)(a) of this section, extend the period of administrative revocation imposed under chapter 46.65 RCW for an additional period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her driving privilege restored; or
- (b) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the second degree, as provided by subsection (1)(b) of this section, not issue a new license or restore the driving privilege for an additional period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her driving privilege restored; or
- (c) Not extend the period of suspension or revocation if the conviction was under subsection (1)(c) of this section. If the conviction was under subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section and the

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- 1 court recommends against the extension and the convicted person has
- 2 obtained a valid driver's license, the period of suspension or
- 3 revocation shall not be extended.

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4 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.20.291 and 2007 c 393 s 2 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

The department is authorized to suspend the license of a driver upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:

- (1) Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation or suspension of license is provided by law;
 - (2) Has, by reckless or unlawful operation of a motor vehicle, caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury to any person or serious property damage;
 - (3) Has been convicted of offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles, or found to have committed traffic infractions, with such frequency as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws or a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;
- (4) Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle under RCW 46.20.031(3);
- (5) ((Has failed to respond to a notice of traffic infraction,
 failed to appear at a requested hearing, violated a written promise to
 appear in court, or has failed to comply with the terms of a notice of
 traffic infraction or citation, as provided in RCW 46.20.289;
 - (6))) Is subject to suspension under RCW 46.20.305 or 9A.56.078;
 - ((+7))) (6) Has committed one of the prohibited practices relating to drivers' licenses defined in RCW 46.20.0921; or
- $((\frac{(8)}{(8)}))$ (7) Has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a child support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in RCW 74.20A.320.
- 31 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.63.070 and 2011 c 372 s 3 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 (1) Any person who receives a notice of traffic infraction shall 34 respond to such notice as provided in this section within fifteen days 35 of the date of the notice.

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(2) If the person determined to have committed the infraction does not contest the determination the person shall respond by completing the appropriate portion of the notice of infraction and submitting it, either by mail or in person, to the court specified on the notice. A check or money order in the amount of the penalty prescribed for the infraction must be submitted with the response. When a response which does not contest the determination is received, an appropriate order shall be entered in the court's records((, and a record of the response and order shall be furnished to the department in accordance with RCW 46.20.270)).

- (3) If the person determined to have committed the infraction wishes to contest the determination the person shall respond by completing the portion of the notice of infraction requesting a hearing and submitting it, either by mail or in person, to the court specified on the notice. The court shall notify the person in writing of the time, place, and date of the hearing, and that date shall not be sooner than seven days from the date of the notice, except by agreement.
- (4) If the person determined to have committed the infraction does not contest the determination but wishes to explain mitigating circumstances surrounding the infraction the person shall respond by completing the portion of the notice of infraction requesting a hearing for that purpose and submitting it, either by mail or in person, to the court specified on the notice. The court shall notify the person in writing of the time, place, and date of the hearing.
- (5)(a) Except as provided in (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection, in hearings conducted pursuant to subsections (3) and (4) of this section, the court may defer findings, or in a hearing to explain mitigating circumstances may defer entry of its order, for up to one year and impose conditions upon the defendant the court deems appropriate. Upon deferring findings, the court may assess costs as the court deems appropriate for administrative processing. If at the end of the deferral period the defendant has met all conditions and has not been determined to have committed another traffic infraction, the court may dismiss the infraction.
- (b) A person may not receive more than one deferral within a sevenyear period for traffic infractions for moving violations and more than one deferral within a seven-year period for traffic infractions for nonmoving violations.

(c) A person who is the holder of a commercial driver's license or who was operating a commercial motor vehicle at the time of the violation may not receive a deferral under this section.

- (d) A person who commits negligent driving in the second degree with a vulnerable user victim may not receive a deferral for this infraction under this section.
- (6) If any person issued a notice of traffic infraction((\div)) (a) \underline{f} ails to respond to the notice of traffic infraction as provided in subsection (2) of this section((\div)) or (b) \underline{f} ails to appear at a hearing requested pursuant to subsection (3) or (4) of this section((\div)),
- requested pursuant to subsection (3) or (4) of this section($(\dot{\tau})$), the court shall enter an appropriate order assessing the monetary penalty prescribed for the traffic infraction and any other penalty authorized by this chapter ((and shall notify the department in accordance with RCW 46.20.270, of the failure to respond to the notice of infraction or to appear at a requested hearing)).
 - Sec. 4. RCW 46.63.110 and 2010 c 252 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) A person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a monetary penalty. No penalty may exceed two hundred and fifty dollars for each offense unless authorized by this chapter or title.
 - (2) The monetary penalty for a violation of (a) RCW 46.55.105(2) is two hundred fifty dollars for each offense; (b) RCW 46.61.210(1) is five hundred dollars for each offense. No penalty assessed under this subsection (2) may be reduced.
 - (3) The supreme court shall prescribe by rule a schedule of monetary penalties for designated traffic infractions. This rule shall also specify the conditions under which local courts may exercise discretion in assessing fines and penalties for traffic infractions. The legislature respectfully requests the supreme court to adjust this schedule every two years for inflation.
 - (4) There shall be a penalty of twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction except where the infraction relates to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution or failure to pay a monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this chapter. A local legislative body may set a monetary penalty not to exceed twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of

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traffic infraction relating to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution. The local court, whether a municipal, police, or district court, shall impose the monetary penalty set by the local legislative body.

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- (5) Monetary penalties provided for in chapter 46.70 RCW which are civil in nature and penalties which may be assessed for violations of chapter 46.44 RCW relating to size, weight, and load of motor vehicles are not subject to the limitation on the amount of monetary penalties which may be imposed pursuant to this chapter.
- (6) Whenever a monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation is imposed by a court under this chapter, it is immediately payable and is enforceable as a civil judgement under Title If the court determines, in its discretion, that a person is not able to pay a monetary obligation in full, and not more than one year has passed since the later of July 1, 2005, or the date the monetary obligation initially became due and payable, the court shall enter into a payment plan with the person, unless the person has previously been granted a payment plan with respect to the same monetary obligation, or unless the person is in noncompliance of any existing or prior payment plan, in which case the court may, at its discretion, implement a payment plan. If the court has notified the department that the person has failed to pay or comply and the person has subsequently entered into a payment plan and made an initial payment, the court shall notify the department that the infraction has been adjudicated, and the department shall rescind any suspension of the person's driver's license or driver's privilege based on failure to respond to that infraction. "Payment plan," as used in this section, means a plan that requires reasonable payments based on the financial ability of the person to pay. The person may voluntarily pay an amount at any time in addition to the payments required under the payment plan.
- (a) If a payment required to be made under the payment plan is delinquent or the person fails to complete a community restitution program on or before the time established under the payment plan, unless the court determines good cause therefor and adjusts the payment plan or the community restitution plan accordingly, the court ((shall notify the department of the person's failure to meet the conditions of the plan, and the department shall suspend the person's driver's

license or driving privilege)) may refer the unpaid monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation for civil enforcement until all monetary obligations, including those imposed under subsections (3) and (4) of this section, have been paid, and court authorized community restitution has been completed, or until the ((department has been notified that the)) court has entered into a new time payment or community restitution agreement with the person.

- (b) If a person has not entered into a payment plan with the court and has not paid the monetary obligation in full on or before the time established for payment, the court ((shall notify the department of the delinquency. The department shall suspend the person's driver's license or driving privilege)) may refer the unpaid monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation to a collections agency until all monetary obligations have been paid, including those imposed under subsections (3) and (4) of this section, or until the person has entered into a payment plan under this section.
- (c) If the payment plan is to be administered by the court, the court may assess the person a reasonable administrative fee to be wholly retained by the city or county with jurisdiction. The administrative fee shall not exceed ten dollars per infraction or twenty-five dollars per payment plan, whichever is less.
- (d) Nothing in this section precludes a court from contracting with outside entities to administer its payment plan system. When outside entities are used for the administration of a payment plan, the court may assess the person a reasonable fee for such administrative services, which fee may be calculated on a periodic, percentage, or other basis.
- (e) If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court may allow conversion of all or part of the monetary obligations due under this section to court authorized community restitution in lieu of time payments if the person is unable to make reasonable time payments.
- (7) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed:
- (a) A fee of five dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be

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forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040;

- (b) A fee of ten dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the Washington auto theft prevention authority account; and
- (c) A fee of two dollars per infraction. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the traumatic brain injury account established in RCW 74.31.060.
- (8)(a) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction other than of RCW 46.61.527 or 46.61.212 shall be assessed an additional penalty of twenty dollars. The court may not reduce, waive, or suspend the additional penalty unless the court finds the offender to be indigent. If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court shall allow offenders to offset all or a part of the penalty due under this subsection (8) by participation in the court authorized community restitution program.
- (b) Eight dollars and fifty cents of the additional penalty under (a) of this subsection shall be remitted to the state treasurer. The remaining revenue from the additional penalty must be remitted under chapters 2.08, 3.46, 3.50, 3.62, 10.82, and 35.20 RCW. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer must be deposited in the state general fund. The balance of the revenue received by the county or city treasurer under this subsection must be deposited into the county or city current expense fund. Moneys retained by the city or county under this subsection shall constitute reimbursement for any liabilities under RCW 43.135.060.
- (9) If a legal proceeding, such as garnishment, has commenced to collect any delinquent amount owed by the person for any penalty imposed by the court under this section, the court may, at its discretion, enter into a payment plan.
- (10) The monetary penalty for violating RCW 46.37.395 is: (a) Two hundred fifty dollars for the first violation; (b) five hundred dollars for the second violation; and (c) seven hundred fifty dollars for each violation thereafter.

1 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.20.311 and 2006 c 73 s 15 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

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- (1)(a) The department shall not suspend a driver's license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed period of more than one year, except as specifically permitted under RCW 46.20.267, 46.20.342, or other provision of law.
- (b) Except for a suspension under RCW 46.20.267, ((46.20.289, 46.20.291(5),)) 46.61.740, or 74.20A.320, whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, or pursuant to RCW 46.20.291 or 46.20.308, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW.
- (c) If the suspension is the result of a nonfelony violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW and shall deny reinstatement until enrollment 46.61.5056 and participation in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), the department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcohol or drug dependency agency required under RCW 46.61.524 and shall deny reinstatement until satisfactory progress in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, and the person is required pursuant to RCW 46.20.720 to drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock, the department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon written verification by a company doing business in the state that it has installed the required device on a vehicle owned or operated by the person seeking reinstatement. If, based upon notification from the interlock provider or otherwise, the department determines that an interlock required under RCW 46.20.720 is no longer installed or functioning as required, the department shall suspend the person's license or privilege to drive. Whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended or

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revoked as a result of noncompliance with an ignition interlock requirement, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person provides notice issued by a company doing business in the state that a vehicle owned or operated by the person is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device.

- (d) Whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended as a result of certification of noncompliance with a child support order under chapter 74.20A RCW or a residential or visitation order, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person provides a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
- (e)(i) The department shall not issue to the person a new, duplicate, or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of seventy-five dollars.
- (ii) If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or is the result of administrative action under RCW 46.20.308, the reissue fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars.
- (2)(a) Any person whose license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways has been revoked, unless the revocation was for a cause which has been removed, is not entitled to have the license or privilege renewed or restored until: (i) After the expiration of one year from the date the license or privilege to drive was revoked; (ii) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.3101 or 46.61.5055; (iii) after the expiration of two years for persons convicted of vehicular homicide; or (iv) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.265.
- (b)(i) After the expiration of the appropriate period, the person may make application for a new license as provided by law together with a reissue fee in the amount of seventy-five dollars.
- (ii) If the revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.20.308, 46.61.502, or 46.61.504, the reissue fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars. If the revocation is the result of a nonfelony violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW 46.61.5056 and shall deny reissuance of a license, permit, or privilege to drive until enrollment and participation in an approved program has

been established and the person is otherwise qualified. 1 2 suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), the department shall determine the person's eligibility 3 4 for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcohol or drug dependency agency required under RCW 46.61.524 and 5 shall deny reinstatement until satisfactory progress in an approved program has 6 7 been established and the person is otherwise qualified. 8 revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, 9 and the person is required pursuant to RCW 46.20.720 to drive only a 10 motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock or other 11 biological or technical device, the department shall determine the 12 person's eligibility for licensing based upon written verification by 13 a company doing business in the state that it has installed the required device on a vehicle owned or operated by the person applying 14 15 for a new license. If, following issuance of a new license, the department determines, based upon notification from the interlock 16 provider or otherwise, that an interlock required under RCW 46.20.720 17 18 is no longer functioning, the department shall suspend the person's 19 license or privilege to drive until the department has received written 20 verification from an interlock provider that a functioning interlock is 21 installed.

(c) Except for a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not then issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant that person the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways.

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- (3)(a) Whenever the driver's license of any person is suspended pursuant to Article IV of the nonresident violators compact or RCW 46.23.020 ((or 46.20.289 or 46.20.291(5))), the department shall not issue to the person any new or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of seventy-five dollars.
- (b) If the suspension is the result of a violation of the laws of this or any other state, province, or other jurisdiction involving (i)

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- 1 the operation or physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public
- 2 highways while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or
- 3 (ii) the refusal to submit to a chemical test of the driver's blood
- 4 alcohol content, the reissue fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars.

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- Sec. 6. RCW 46.20.391 and 2010 c 269 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation 8 of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular homicide, 9 10 vehicular assault, driving while under the influence of intoxicating 11 liquor or any drug, or being in actual physical control of a motor 12 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, 13 may submit to the department an application for a temporary restricted 14 driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining that the petitioner is eligible to receive the 15 16 license, may issue a temporary restricted driver's license and may set 17 definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394.
 - (2)(a) A person licensed under this chapter whose driver's license is suspended administratively due to ((failure to appear or pay a traffic ticket under RCW 46.20.289 $\dot{\tau}$)) a violation of the financial responsibility laws under chapter 46.29 RCW(($\dot{\tau}$)) or for multiple violations within a specified period of time under RCW 46.20.291((τ)) may apply to the department for an occupational driver's license.
 - (b) ((If the suspension is for failure to respond, pay, or comply with a notice of traffic infraction or conviction, the applicant must enter into a payment plan with the court.
 - $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$) An occupational driver's license issued to an applicant described in (a) of this subsection shall be valid for the period of the suspension or revocation.
 - (3) An applicant for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's license who qualifies under subsection (1) or (2) of this section is eligible to receive such license only if:
 - (a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

1 (b) The applicant demonstrates that it is necessary for him or her 2 to operate a motor vehicle because he or she:

- (i) Is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle;
- (ii) Is undergoing continuing health care or providing continuing care to another who is dependent upon the applicant;
- (iii) Is enrolled in an educational institution and pursuing a course of study leading to a diploma, degree, or other certification of successful educational completion;
- (iv) Is undergoing substance abuse treatment or is participating in meetings of a twelve-step group such as Alcoholics Anonymous that requires the petitioner to drive to or from the treatment or meetings;
 - (v) Is fulfilling court-ordered community service responsibilities;
- (vi) Is in a program that assists persons who are enrolled in a WorkFirst program pursuant to chapter 74.08A RCW to become gainfully employed and the program requires a driver's license;
- 17 (vii) Is in an apprenticeship, on-the-job training, or welfare-to-18 work program; or
 - (viii) Presents evidence that he or she has applied for a position in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program for which a driver's license is required to begin the program, provided that a license granted under this provision shall be in effect for no longer than fourteen days; and
 - (c) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW; and
 - (d) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an occupational driver's license granted under this subsection is no longer enrolled in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program, the director shall give written notice by first-class mail to the driver that the occupational driver's license shall be canceled. If at any time before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence of continued enrollment in the program, the cancellation shall be stayed. If the cancellation becomes effective, the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new occupational driver's license upon submittal of evidence of enrollment in another program that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection; and
 - (e) The department shall not issue an occupational driver's license

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under (b)(iv) of this subsection if the applicant is able to receive transit services sufficient to allow for the applicant's participation in the programs referenced under (b)(iv) of this subsection.

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- (4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the application for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department.
- 7 The director shall cancel an occupational or temporary 8 restricted driver's license after receiving notice that the holder thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of 9 10 its restrictions, no longer meets the eligibility requirements, or has been convicted of or found to have committed a separate offense or any 11 12 other act or omission that under this chapter would warrant suspension 13 or revocation of a regular driver's license. The department must give notice of the cancellation as provided under RCW 46.20.245. A person 14 whose occupational or temporary restricted driver's license has been 15 canceled under this section may reapply for a new occupational or 16 temporary restricted driver's license if he or she is otherwise 17 18 qualified under this section and pays the fee required under RCW 19 46.20.380.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- 22 (1) RCW 46.20.289 (Suspension for failure to respond, appear, etc) 23 and 2005 c 288 s 5, 2002 c 279 s 4, 1999 c 274 s 1, 1995 c 219 s 2, & 24 1993 c 501 s 1; and
- 25 (2) RCW 46.64.025 (Failure to appear--Notice to department) and 26 2006 c 270 s 4, 1999 c 86 s 7, 1979 c 158 s 175, 1967 c 32 s 71, & 1965 27 ex.s. c 121 s 23.
- 28 NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. This act takes effect July 1, 2012.

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