SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1732

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By House State Government & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Representatives Kelley, Frockt, Eddy, Billig, Kirby, Goodman, Hasegawa, Stanford, Seaquist, Green, Liias, Fitzgibbon, Blake, Dunshee, Rolfes, Miloscia, Finn, Sells, Kagi, Jacks, Ryu, Probst, Carlyle, Kenney, and Appleton)

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/11.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to campaign finance disclosure; amending RCW
- 2 42.17A.105, 42.17A.320, and 42.17A.755; reenacting and amending RCW
- 3 42.17A.005, 42.17A.205, and 42.17A.235; prescribing penalties; and
- 4 providing an effective date.

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- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 42.17A.005 and 2010 c 204 s 101 are each reenacted and 7 amended to read as follows:
 - The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 10 (1) "Actual malice" means to act with knowledge of falsity or with reckless disregard as to truth or falsity.
- 12 (2) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies.
- 13 "State agency" includes every state office, department, division,
- 14 bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency"
- 15 includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-
- 16 municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office,
- 17 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, or
- 18 other local public agency.

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- 1 (3) "Authorized committee" means the political committee authorized 2 by a candidate, or by the public official against whom recall charges 3 have been filed, to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf 4 of the candidate or public official.
 - (4) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW 29A.04.091, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other voting constituency from and after the time when the proposition has been initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that constituency before its circulation for signatures.
 - (5) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.
 - (6) "Bona fide political party" means:

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- 16 (a) An organization that has been recognized as a minor political party by the secretary of state;
 - (b) The governing body of the state organization of a major political party, as defined in RCW 29A.04.086, that is the body authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise authority on behalf of the state party; or
 - (c) The county central committee or legislative district committee of a major political party. There may be only one legislative district committee for each party in each legislative district.
 - (7) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks nomination for election or election to public office. An individual seeks nomination or election when he or she first:
 - (a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for office;
 - (b) Announces publicly or files for office;
- 31 (c) Purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time to 32 promote his or her candidacy; or
- 33 (d) Gives his or her consent to another person to take on behalf of 34 the individual any of the actions in (a) or (c) of this subsection.
- 35 (8) "Caucus political committee" means a political committee 36 organized and maintained by the members of a major political party in 37 the state senate or state house of representatives.

- (9) "Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies, printing companies, or otherwise.
- 7 (10) "Commission" means the agency established under RCW 8 42.17A.100.
 - (11) "Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property or services of any kind. For the purpose of compliance with RCW 42.17A.710, "compensation" does not include per diem allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse a public official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged in the official business of the governmental entity.
 - (12) "Continuing political committee" means a political committee that is an organization of continuing existence not established in anticipation of any particular election campaign.
 - (13)(a) "Contribution" includes:

- (i) A loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds between political committees, or anything of value, including personal and professional services for less than full consideration;
- (ii) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a political committee, the person or persons named on the candidate's or committee's registration form who direct expenditures on behalf of the candidate or committee, or their agents;
- (iii) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic, or other form of political advertising or electioneering communication prepared by a candidate, a political committee, or its authorized agent;
- (iv) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners and parties, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished at the event.
 - (b) "Contribution" does not include:

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- 1 (i) Standard interest on money deposited in a political committee's
 2 account;
 - (ii) Ordinary home hospitality;

- (iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political committee that is returned to the contributor within five business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or political committee;
- (iv) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose business is that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or a political committee;
- (v) An internal political communication primarily limited to the members of or contributors to a political party organization or political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;
- (vi) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this subsection, means services or labor for which the individual is not compensated by any person;
- (vii) Messages in the form of reader boards, banners, or yard or window signs displayed on a person's own property or property occupied by a person. However, a facility used for such political advertising for which a rental charge is normally made must be reported as an inkind contribution and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the person providing the facility;
 - (viii) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:
- (A) A political party or caucus political committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the person rendering such services; or
 - (B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the services and if the services are solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance with state election or public disclosure laws; or
- 37 (ix) The performance of ministerial functions by a person on behalf 38 of two or more candidates or political committees either as volunteer

services defined in (b)(vi) of this subsection or for payment by the candidate or political committee for whom the services are performed as long as:

(A) The person performs solely ministerial functions;

- (B) A person who is paid by two or more candidates or political committees is identified by the candidates and political committees on whose behalf services are performed as part of their respective statements of organization under RCW 42.17A.205; and
- (C) The person does not disclose, except as required by law, any information regarding a candidate's or committee's plans, projects, activities, or needs, or regarding a candidate's or committee's contributions or expenditures that is not already publicly available from campaign reports filed with the commission, or otherwise engage in activity that constitutes a contribution under (a)(ii) of this subsection.

A person who performs ministerial functions under this subsection (13)(b)(ix) is not considered an agent of the candidate or committee as long as he or she has no authority to authorize expenditures or make decisions on behalf of the candidate or committee.

- (c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed to have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the contribution. Services or property or rights furnished at less than their fair market value for the purpose of assisting any candidate or political committee are deemed a contribution. Such a contribution must be reported as an in-kind contribution at its fair market value and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the provider.
- (14) "Depository" means a bank, mutual savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union doing business in this state.
- (15) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or special election to any public office, and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in any such office.
- (16) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special election for public office and any election in which a ballot proposition is submitted to the voters. An election in which the qualifications for voting include other than those requirements set forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of the state of Washington shall not be considered an election for purposes of this chapter.

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(17) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

- (18) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day of January after the date of the last previous general election for the office that the candidate seeks and ending on December 31st after the next election for the office. In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on December 31st after the special election.
- (19)(a) "Electioneering communication" means any broadcast, cable, or satellite television or radio transmission, United States postal service mailing, billboard, newspaper, or periodical that:
- $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (i) Clearly identifies a candidate for a state, local, or judicial office either by specifically naming the candidate, or identifying the candidate without using the candidate's name;
- 17 (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Is broadcast, transmitted, mailed, erected, 18 distributed, or otherwise published within sixty days before any 19 election for that office in the jurisdiction in which the candidate is 20 seeking election; and
 - $((\frac{c}{c}))$ <u>(iii)</u> Either alone, or in combination with one or more communications identifying the candidate by the same sponsor during the sixty days before an election, has a fair market value of five thousand dollars or more.
 - $((\frac{20}{10}))$ (b) "Electioneering communication" does not include:
 - $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (i) Usual and customary advertising of a business owned by a candidate, even if the candidate is mentioned in the advertising when the candidate has been regularly mentioned in that advertising appearing at least twelve months preceding his or her becoming a candidate;
 - ((\(\frac{(b)}{D}\))) (ii) Advertising for candidate debates or forums when the advertising is paid for by or on behalf of the debate or forum sponsor, so long as two or more candidates for the same position have been invited to participate in the debate or forum;
- (((c))) (iii) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is:
- $((\frac{(i)}{(i)}))$ (A) Of primary interest to the general public;

 $((\frac{(iii)}{)}))$ (C) Not a medium controlled by a candidate or a political committee;

 $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (iv) Slate cards and sample ballots;

 $((\frac{\langle e \rangle}{}))$ <u>(v)</u> Advertising for books, films, dissertations, or similar works $((\frac{\langle i \rangle}{}))$ <u>(A)</u> written by a candidate when the candidate entered into a contract for such publications or media at least twelve months before becoming a candidate, or $((\frac{\langle ii \rangle}{}))$ <u>(B)</u> written about a candidate;

(((f))) <u>(vi)</u> Public service announcements;

 $((\frac{g}))$ (vii) A mailed internal political communication primarily limited to the members of or contributors to a political party organization or political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;

 $((\frac{h}{h}))$ (viii) An expenditure by or contribution to the authorized committee of a candidate for state, local, or judicial office; or

 $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (ix) Any other communication exempted by the commission through rule consistent with the intent of this chapter.

(((21))) (20) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. "Expenditure" also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting, or honoring any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. "Expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported.

 $((\frac{(22)}{)})$ <u>(21)</u> "Final report" means the report described as a final report in RCW 42.17A.235(2).

 $((\frac{(23)}{)})$ "General election" for the purposes of RCW 42.17A.405 means the election that results in the election of a person to a state or local office. It does not include a primary.

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 $((\frac{24}{2}))$ (23) "Gift" has the definition in RCW 42.52.010.

(((25))) (24) "Immediate family" includes the spouse or domestic partner, dependent children, and other dependent relatives, if living in the household. For the purposes of the definition of "intermediary" in this section, "immediate family" means an individual's spouse or domestic partner, and child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual and the spouse or the domestic partner of any such person and a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual's spouse or domestic partner and the spouse or the domestic partner of any such person.

- $((\frac{(26)}{)})$ "Incumbent" means a person who is in present 14 possession of an elected office.
 - $((\frac{(27)}{)})$ <u>(26)</u> "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that has each of the following elements:
 - (a) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person who is not (i) a candidate for that office, (ii) an authorized committee of that candidate for that office, (iii) a person who has received the candidate's encouragement or approval to make the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office, or (iv) a person with whom the candidate has collaborated for the purpose of making the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office;
 - (b) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate without using the candidate's name; and
 - (c) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or opposition to that candidate, has a value of eight hundred dollars or more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under eight hundred dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative value is eight hundred dollars or more.

 $((\frac{(28)}{(28)}))$ (27)(a) "Intermediary" means an individual who transmits a contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless the contribution is from the individual's employer, immediate family, or an association to which the individual belongs.

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- (b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary for purposes of the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.
- (c) A professional fund-raiser is not an intermediary if the fund-raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and customary rate.
- (d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual's home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event.
- (((29))) <u>(28)</u> "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of the state legislature, and includes any other matter that may be the subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are pending approval by the governor.
- ((+30+)) (29) "Legislative office" means the office of a member of the state house of representatives or the office of a member of the state senate.
 - $((\frac{31}{1}))$ (30) "Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate, or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the state administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Neither "lobby" nor "lobbying" includes an association's or other organization's act of communicating with the members of that association or organization.
- $((\frac{32}{31}))$ "Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either in 30 his or her own or another's behalf.
 - (((33))) <u>(32)</u> "Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by whom a lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he or she is compensated for acting as a lobbyist.
- (((34))) (33) "Ministerial functions" means an act or duty carried out as part of the duties of an administrative office without exercise of personal judgment or discretion.
- $((\frac{(35)}{)})$ $\underline{(34)}$ "Participate" means that, with respect to a 38 particular election, an entity:

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(a) Makes either a monetary or in-kind contribution to a candidate;

- (b) Makes an independent expenditure or electioneering communication in support of or opposition to a candidate;
- (c) Endorses a candidate before contributions are made by a subsidiary corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or that candidate's opponent;
- (d) Makes a recommendation regarding whether a candidate should be supported or opposed before a contribution is made by a subsidiary corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or that candidate's opponent; or
- (e) Directly or indirectly collaborates or consults with a subsidiary corporation or local unit on matters relating to the support of or opposition to a candidate, including, but not limited to, the amount of a contribution, when a contribution should be given, and what assistance, services or independent expenditures, or electioneering communications, if any, will be made or should be made in support of or opposition to a candidate.
- $((\frac{36}{100}))$ (35) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate, committee, political committee, political party, executive committee thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however organized.
- (((37))) <u>(36)</u> "Political advertising" includes any advertising displays, newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids, flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, or other means of mass communication, used for the purpose of appealing, directly or indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support or opposition in any election campaign.
- (((38))) (37) "Political committee" means any person (except a candidate or an individual dealing with his or her own funds or property) having the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any ballot proposition.
- (((39))) <u>(38)</u> "Primary" for the purposes of RCW 42.17A.405 means the procedure for nominating a candidate to state or local office under chapter 29A.52 RCW or any other primary for an election that uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter 29A.52 RCW.

((40)) (39) "Public office" means any federal, state, judicial, county, city, town, school district, port district, special district, or other state political subdivision elective office.

- $((\frac{41}{1}))$ (40) "Public record" has the definition in RCW 42.56.010.
- $((\frac{42}{1}))$ (41) "Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning on the date of the filing of recall charges under RCW 29A.56.120 and ending thirty days after the recall election.
 - (((43))) <u>(42)(a)</u> "Sponsor" for purposes of an electioneering communications, independent expenditures, or political advertising(($\frac{\pi}{2}$)) means the person paying for the electioneering communication, independent expenditure, or political advertising. If a person acts as an agent for another or is reimbursed by another for the payment, the original source of the payment is the sponsor.
- 14 <u>(b) "Sponsor," for purposes of a political committee, means any</u>
 15 <u>person, except a candidate committee, to whom any of the following</u>
 16 <u>applies:</u>
 - (i) The committee receives eighty percent or more of its contributions either from the person or from the person's members, officers, employees, or shareholders;
 - (ii) The person collects contributions for the committee by use of payroll deductions or dues from its members, officers, or employees;
 - (iii) The person provides, alone or in combination with other organizations, all or nearly all of the administrative services for the committee; or
 - (iv) The person sets, alone or in combination with other organizations, the policies for soliciting contributions or making expenditures of committee funds.
 - (43) "Sponsored committee" means a committee, other than an authorized committee, that has one or more sponsors.
 - (44) "State office" means state legislative office or the office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, superintendent of public instruction, state auditor, or state treasurer.
 - (45) "State official" means a person who holds a state office.
 - (46) "Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the possession or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to the election for which the contributions were received, and that are in excess of

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- 1 the amount necessary to pay remaining debts incurred by the committee
- 2 or candidate with respect to that election. In the case of a
- 3 continuing political committee, "surplus funds" mean those
- 4 contributions remaining in the possession or control of the committee
- 5 that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay all remaining debts
- 6 when it makes its final report under RCW 42.17A.255.
- 7 (47) "Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals
- 8 appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW
- 9 42.17A.210, to perform the duties specified in that section.
- 10 **Sec. 2.** RCW 42.17A.105 and 2010 c 204 s 302 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- 12 The commission shall:

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- 13 (1) Develop and provide forms for the reports and statements 14 required to be made under this chapter;
 - (2) Prepare and publish a manual setting forth recommended uniform methods of bookkeeping and reporting for use by persons required to make reports and statements under this chapter;
- 18 (3) Compile and maintain a current list of all filed reports and 19 statements;
 - (4) Investigate whether properly completed statements and reports have been filed within the times required by this chapter;
 - (5) Upon complaint or upon its own motion, investigate and report apparent violations of this chapter to the appropriate law enforcement authorities;
 - (6) Conduct a sufficient number of audits and field investigations to provide a statistically valid finding regarding the degree of compliance with the provisions of this chapter by all required filers. Any documents, records, reports, computer files, papers, or materials provided to the commission for use in conducting audits and investigations must be returned to the candidate, campaign, or political committee from which they were received within one week of the commission's completion of an audit or field investigation;
 - (7) Prepare and publish an annual report to the governor as to the effectiveness of this chapter and its enforcement by appropriate law enforcement authorities;
 - (8) Enforce this chapter according to the powers granted it by law;

- (9) Adopt rules governing the arrangement, handling, indexing, and disclosing of those reports required by this chapter to be filed with a county auditor or county elections official. The rules shall:
 - (a) Ensure ease of access by the public to the reports; and

- (b) Include, but not be limited to, requirements for indexing the reports by the names of candidates or political committees and by the ballot proposition for or against which a political committee is receiving contributions or making expenditures;
- (10) Adopt rules to carry out the policies of chapter 348, Laws of 2006. The adoption of these rules is not subject to the time restrictions of RCW 42.17A.110(1);
- (11) Adopt administrative rules establishing requirements for filer participation in any system designed and implemented by the commission for the electronic filing of reports; ((and))
- 15 (12) Maintain and make available to the public and political committees of this state a toll-free telephone number; and
- 17 (13) Request a copy of political advertising reportable under RCW
 18 42.17A.320 from the appropriate political committee when a request for
 19 such advertising has been made to the commission by the public. This
 20 subsection does not require the commission to keep copies of all
 21 political advertising reportable under this chapter.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 42.17A.205 and 2010 c 205 s 1 and 2010 c 204 s 402 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Every political committee shall file a statement of organization with the commission. The statement must be filed within two weeks after organization or within two weeks after the date the committee first has the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in any election campaign, whichever is earlier. A political committee organized within the last three weeks before an election and having the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures during and for that election campaign shall file a statement of organization within three business days after its organization or when it first has the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in the election campaign.
- 35 (2) The statement of organization shall include but not be limited 36 to:
 - (a) The name and address of the committee;

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1 (b) The name and address of the committee sponsor, if the committee 2 is a sponsored committee;

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- (c) The names and addresses of all related or affiliated committees or other persons, and the nature of the relationship or affiliation;
- ((\(\frac{(c)}{c}\))) (d) The names, addresses, and titles of its officers; or if it has no officers, the names, addresses, and titles of ((\(\frac{its}{its}\))) the individuals who direct the activities of the committee and make decisions regarding soliciting contributions or making expenditures of committee funds;
 - $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (e) The name and address of its treasurer and depository;
- 11 $((\frac{(e)}{(e)}))$ (f) A statement whether the committee is a continuing one;
- (((f))) <u>(g)</u> The name, office sought, and party affiliation of each candidate whom the committee is supporting or opposing, and, if the committee is supporting the entire ticket of any party, the name of the party;
- 16 (((g))) <u>(h)</u> The ballot proposition concerned, if any, and whether 17 the committee is in favor of or opposed to such proposition;
 - $((\frac{h}{h}))$ (i) What distribution of surplus funds will be made, in accordance with RCW 42.17A.430, in the event of dissolution;
 - $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (j) The street address of the place and the hours during which the committee will make available for public inspection its books of account and all reports filed in accordance with RCW 42.17A.235;
 - $((\frac{j}{j}))$ <u>(k)</u> Such other information as the commission may by $(\frac{regulation}{rule})$ prescribe, in keeping with the policies and purposes of this chapter;
 - $((\frac{k}{k}))$ (1) The name, address, and title of any person who authorizes expenditures or makes decisions on behalf of the candidate or committee; and
 - $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (m) The name, address, and title of any person who is paid by or is a volunteer for a candidate or political committee to perform ministerial functions and who performs ministerial functions on behalf of two or more candidates or committees.
- 33 (3) Any material change in information previously submitted in a 34 statement of organization shall be reported to the commission within 35 the ten days following the change.
- 36 **Sec. 4.** RCW 42.17A.235 and 2010 c 205 s 6 and 2010 c 204 s 408 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the information required under RCW 42.17A.205 and 42.17A.210, on the day the treasurer is designated, each candidate or political committee must file with the commission a report of all contributions received and expenditures made prior to that date, if any.

- (2) Each treasurer shall file with the commission a report containing the information required by RCW 42.17A.240 at the following intervals:
- (a) On the twenty-first day and the seventh day immediately preceding the date on which the election is held;
 - (b) On the tenth day of the first month after the election; and
- (c) On the tenth day of each month in which no other reports are required to be filed under this section only if the committee has received a contribution or made an expenditure in the preceding calendar month and either the total contributions received or total expenditures made since the last such report exceed two hundred dollars.

The report filed twenty-one days before the election shall report all contributions received and expenditures made as of the end of one business day before the date of the report. The report filed seven days before the election shall report all contributions received and expenditures made as of the end of one business day before the date of the report. Reports filed on the tenth day of the month shall report all contributions received and expenditures made from the closing date of the last report filed through the last day of the month preceding the date of the current report.

(3) For the period beginning the first day of the fourth month preceding the date of the special election, or for the period beginning the first day of the fifth month before the date of the general election, and ending on the date of that special or general election, each Monday the treasurer shall file with the commission a report of each bank deposit made during the previous seven calendar days. The report shall contain the name of each person contributing the funds and the amount contributed by each person. However, persons who contribute no more than twenty-five dollars in the aggregate are not required to be identified in the report. A copy of the report shall be retained by the treasurer for his or her records. In the event of deposits made by

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a deputy treasurer, the copy shall be forwarded to the treasurer for his or her records. Each report shall be certified as correct by the treasurer or deputy treasurer making the deposit.

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- (4) The treasurer or candidate shall maintain books of account accurately reflecting all contributions and expenditures on a current basis within five business days of receipt or expenditure. During the eight days immediately preceding the date of the election the books of account shall be kept current within one business day. As specified in the committee's statement of organization filed under RCW 42.17A.205, the books of account must be open for public inspection by appointment at the designated place for inspections between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. on any day from the eighth day immediately before the election through the day immediately before the election, other than Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday. It is a violation of this chapter for a candidate or political committee to refuse to allow and keep an appointment for an inspection to be conducted during these authorized times and days. The appointment must be allowed at an authorized time and day for such inspections that is within twenty-four hours of the time and day that is requested for the inspection.
- (5) The treasurer or candidate must keep a sample copy of any political advertising sponsored by the committee or candidate for a period of five years. For each item of campaign material disseminated through the internet, the sample copy may be either a paper facsimile copy or an electronic copy that can be produced as a paper facsimile on request. These requirements do not apply to a billboard or a sign distributed by a political committee. The items in this subsection shall be available for public inspection of accounts pursuant to RCW 42.17A.225. In addition, the treasurer or candidate must provide sample copies of any political advertising to the commission upon the request of the commission.
- (6) Copies of all reports filed pursuant to this section <u>and</u> advertising materials retained pursuant to subsection (5) of this <u>section</u> shall be readily available for public inspection by appointment, pursuant to subsection (((5))) (4) of this section, at the principal headquarters or, if there is no headquarters, at the address of the treasurer or such other place as may be authorized by the commission.

1 (7) The treasurer or candidate shall preserve books of account, 2 bills, receipts, and all other financial records of the campaign or 3 political committee for not less than five calendar years following the 4 year during which the transaction occurred.

- (8) All reports filed pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall be certified as correct by the candidate and the treasurer.
- (9) When there is no outstanding debt or obligation, the campaign fund is closed, and the campaign is concluded in all respects or in the case of a political committee, the committee has ceased to function and has dissolved, the treasurer shall file a final report. Upon submitting a final report, the duties of the treasurer shall cease and there is no obligation to make any further reports.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 42.17A.320 and 2010 c 204 s 505 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) ((All written political advertising, whether relating to candidates or ballot propositions, shall include the sponsor's name and address. All radio and television political advertising, whether relating to candidates or ballot propositions, shall include the sponsor's name. The use of an assumed name for the sponsor of electioneering communications, independent expenditures, or political advertising shall be unlawful. For partisan office, if a candidate has expressed a party or independent preference on the declaration of candidacy, that party or independent designation shall be clearly identified in electioneering communications, independent expenditures, or political advertising.
 - (2) In addition to the information required by subsection (1) of this section, except as specifically addressed in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, all political advertising undertaken as an independent expenditure or an electioneering communication by a person or entity other than a bona fide political party must include as part of the communication:
- 33 (a) The statement: "No candidate authorized this ad. It is paid for by (name, address, city, state)";
- 35 (b) If the sponsor is a political committee, the statement: "Top 36 Five Contributors," followed by a listing of the names of the five

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persons or entities making the largest contributions in excess of seven hundred dollars reportable under this chapter during the twelve-month period before the date of the advertisement or communication; and

- (c) If the sponsor is a political committee established, maintained, or controlled directly, or indirectly through the formation of one or more political committees, by an individual, corporation, union, association, or other entity, the full name of that individual or entity.
- (3) The information required by subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall:
- (a) Appear on the first page or fold of the written advertisement or communication in at least ten-point type, or in type at least ten-percent of the largest size type used in a written advertisement or communication directed at more than one voter, such as a billboard or poster, whichever is larger;
 - (b) Not be subject to the half-tone or screening process; and
 - (c) Be set apart from any other printed matter.

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- (4) In an independent expenditure or electioneering communication transmitted via television or other medium that includes a visual image, the following statement must either be clearly spoken, or appear in print and be visible for at least four seconds, appear in letters greater than four percent of the visual screen height, and have a reasonable color contrast with the background: "No candidate authorized this ad. Paid for by (name, city, state)." If the advertisement or communication is undertaken by a nonindividual other than a party organization, then the following notation must also be included: "Top Five Contributors" followed by a listing of the names of the five persons or entities making the largest contributions in excess of seven hundred dollars reportable under this chapter during the twelve-month period before the date of the advertisement. Abbreviations may be used to describe contributing entities if the full name of the entity has been clearly spoken previously during the broadcast advertisement.
- (5) The following statement shall be clearly spoken in an independent expenditure or electioneering communication transmitted by a method that does not include a visual image: "No candidate authorized this ad. Paid for by (name, city, state)." If the independent expenditure or electioneering communication is undertaken

by a nonindividual other than a party organization, then the following statement must also be included: "Top Five Contributors" followed by a listing of the names of the five persons or entities making the largest contributions in excess of seven hundred dollars reportable under this chapter during the twelve month period before the date of the advertisement. Abbreviations may be used to describe contributing entities if the full name of the entity has been clearly spoken previously during the broadcast advertisement.

- (6) Political yard signs are exempt from the requirement of subsections (1) and (2) of this section that the name and address of the sponsor of political advertising be listed on the advertising. In addition, the public disclosure commission shall, by rule, exempt from the identification requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section forms of political advertising such as campaign buttons, balloons, pens, pencils, sky-writing, inscriptions, and other forms of advertising where identification is impractical.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, "yard sign" means any outdoor sign with dimensions no greater than eight feet by four feet.)) All political advertising, except for campaigns subject to contribution limits, whether relating to candidates or ballot propositions, must include the name of the sponsor. If the advertising is in written form, it must also include the sponsor's address. The use of an assumed name for the advertising is unlawful.
- (a) If the sponsor is a political committee established, maintained, or controlled directly, or indirectly through the formation of one or more political committees, by an individual, corporation, union, association, or other entity, the full name of the individual or entity must be listed as the sponsor.
- (b) If the sponsor is a political committee or nonindividual, other than a party organization, the statement: "Top Five Contributors," must be included followed by a listing of the names of the five persons or entities making the largest contributions in excess of seven hundred dollars reportable under this chapter during the twelve-month period before the date of the advertisement or communication.
 - (2) Political advertising must include the following:
- (a) For partisan office, if a candidate has expressed a party or independent preference on the declaration of candidacy, that preference must be clearly identified in the advertisement.

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- (b) If the advertisement is undertaken by a person or entity other 1 than a bona fide political party, the statement "No candidate 2 authorized this advertisement. It is paid for by (name, address, city, 3 4 state)."
 - (3) For written advertising, the information required under subsections (1) and (2) of this section must:
 - (a) Appear on the first page or fold of the written advertisement or communication in at least ten-point type, or in type at least ten percent of the largest size type used in a written advertisement or communication directed at more than one voter, such as a billboard or poster, whichever is larger;
 - (b) Not be subject to the half-tone or screening process; and
- 13 (c) Be set apart from any other printed matter.

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- (4)(a) If the advertising is a communication transmitted via television or other medium that includes a visual image, the sponsor identification and identification of the top five contributors must be clearly spoken, or appear in print and be visible for at least four seconds, with letters equal to or greater than four percent of the visual screen height.
- (b) If the advertisement is communicated by a method that does not 21 include a visual image, the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of 22 this section must be clearly spoken.
 - (5) Political yard signs are exempt from the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section that the name and address of the sponsor of political advertising be listed on the advertising. In addition, the commission shall, by rule, exempt from the identification requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section forms of political advertising such as campaign buttons, balloons, pens, pencils, sky-writing, inscriptions, and other forms of advertising where identification is impractical.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, "yard sign" means any outdoor 31 32 sign with dimensions no greater than eight feet by four feet.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 42.17A.755 and 2010 c 204 s 1002 are each amended to 33 34 read as follows:
- 35 (1) The commission may (a) determine whether an actual violation of 36 this chapter has occurred; and (b) issue and enforce an appropriate order following such a determination. 37

(2) The commission, in cases where it chooses to determine whether an actual violation has occurred, shall hold a hearing pursuant to the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, to make a determination. Any order that the commission issues under this section shall be pursuant to such a hearing.

- (3) In lieu of holding a hearing or issuing an order under this section, the commission may refer the matter to the attorney general or other enforcement agency as provided in RCW 42.17A.105.
- (4) The person against whom an order is directed under this section shall be designated as the respondent. The order may require the respondent to cease and desist from the activity that constitutes a violation and in addition, or alternatively, may impose one or more of the remedies provided in RCW 42.17A.750 (2) through (5). No individual penalty assessed by the commission may exceed one thousand seven hundred dollars, and in any case where multiple violations are involved in a single complaint or hearing, the maximum aggregate penalty may not exceed four thousand two hundred dollars.
- (5) The commission has the authority to waive a fine for a first-time violation. A second violation of the same rule by the same person or individual, regardless if the person or individual committed the violation for a different political committee, shall result in a fine. Succeeding violations of the same rule shall result in successively increased fines.
- (6) An order issued by the commission under this section shall be subject to judicial review under the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. If the commission's order is not satisfied and no petition for review is filed within thirty days, the commission may petition a court of competent jurisdiction of any county in which a petition for review could be filed under that section, for an order of enforcement. Proceedings in connection with the commission's petition shall be in accordance with RCW 42.17A.760.
- 32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** This act takes effect January 1, 2012.

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