FINAL BILL REPORT SSB 5025

C 300 L 11

Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Concerning making requests by or on behalf of an inmate under the public records act ineligible for penalties.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Becker, Sheldon, Litzow, Haugen, Carrell, White, King, Honeyford, Shin, Kilmer, Regala, Parlette, Conway, Tom, Rockefeller, Roach and Holmquist Newbry; by request of Attorney General).

Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections House Committee on State Government & Tribal Affairs

Background: Upon request, an agency must make its public records available for public inspection and copying unless the records fall within a specific statutory exemption. Within five business days of receiving a request, the agency must either provide the record, acknowledge receipt of the request and provide a reasonable time estimate of the time required to respond, or deny the request. A person whose request has been denied, may petition the court to determine whether the agency was correct in its denial. If the court determines that the agency was not correct, the person requesting the record must be awarded all costs, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred in bringing the court action. The court may also award the petitioner a penalty award of not less than \$5 and not more than \$100 for each day the petitioner was denied the right to inspect or copy the public records requested.

The court may prohibit the examination of a specific public record if, upon motion by the agency or agency representative, the court finds that such examination would clearly not be in the public interest and would substantially and irreparably damage any person or a vital government function. The court may also prohibit all or part of a public records request, as well as future requests, by a person serving a criminal sentence if the court finds:

- the request was made to harass or intimidate an agency or its employees;
- fulfilling the request would likely threaten the security of correctional facilities;
- fulfilling the request would likely threaten the safety or security of staff, inmates, family members of staff, family members of other inmates, or any other person; or
- fulfilling the request may assist criminal activity.

Summary: Unless the court finds that an agency acted in bad faith in denying a public records request, a court may not award penalties to a person who was serving a criminal

Senate Bill Report -1 - SSB 5025

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

sentence in a state, local, or privately operated correctional facility on the date the public records request was made.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate 45 4

House 94 0 (House amended) Senate 47 0 (Senate concurred)

Effective: July 22, 2011.