Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research

BILL ANALYSIS

Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee

HB 2214

Brief Description: Concerning the regional management of mammalian apex predators.

Sponsors: Representatives Chandler, Blake, Takko, Kretz, Taylor and Short.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Authorizes the Fish and Wildlife Commission to consider petitions for changing the classification of certain endangered, threatened, or sensitive species on a regional basis.
- Requires changes to any management plan for a species that has its regional classification changed if that species is not listed as endangered statewide under the federal Endangered Species Act.

Hearing Date: 1/10/12

Staff: Jason Callahan (786-7117).

Background:

The Fish and Wildlife Commission (Commission) has the authority to identify species that are seriously threatened with extinction and designate those species as endangered. Such a species classification must be requested by the director of the Department of Fish and Wildlife (RCW 77.12.020).

The commission may only list a species as endangered, threatened, or sensitive on the basis of the biological status of the species being considered. This decision must be based on the preponderance of scientific data. Species may be classified when populations are in danger of failing, declining, or are vulnerable (WAC 232-12-297).

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Once listed, the commission must also rely on the preponderance of available scientific data when making delisting or reclassification decisions. A species may be delisted from endangered, threatened, or sensitive only when populations are no longer in danger of failing, declining, or are no longer vulnerable (WAC 232-12-297).

The listing of a species by the Commission requires the creation of a management plan for the species. The management plan must identify target population objectives, reclassification criteria, an implementation plan, public education, and a species monitoring plan (WAC 232-12-297).

Summary of Bill:

The Commission is authorized to consider petitions for changing the classification of an endangered, threatened, or sensitive species on a regional basis. However, that authority only applies if the species in question is a mammalian apex predator. In determining the validity of petitions for regional classification changes, the Commission must consider the biological status of the mammalian apex predator in the proposed region based on the preponderance of the scientific information available and the species' status under the federal Endangered Species Act (ESA).

A regional change in the classification of a mammalian apex predator requires the Commission to suspend any statewide management plans or planning processes for the species in question if that species is not listed as endangered under the federal ESA for the entirety of Washington. The planning suspension may only be lifted if the Commission makes amendments to the plan to reflect the regional status of the mammalian apex predator in question.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 5, 2011.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.