## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5931

# 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009 YEAS 44 NAYS 1	CERTIFICATE
	I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington do hereby certify that the attached
President of the Senate	is <b>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5931</b> as passed by the Senate and the House
Passed by the House April 7, 2009 YEAS 97 NAYS 0	of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.
Speaker of the House of Representatives	Secretary
Approved	FILED
	Secretary of State State of Washington
Governor of the State of Washington	

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#### SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5931

#### AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2009 Regular Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By Senate Judiciary (originally sponsored by Senators Murray, Delvin, and Kline)

READ FIRST TIME 02/24/09.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to licensed mental health practitioner privilege;
- 2 and amending RCW 5.60.060.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 5.60.060 and 2008 c 6 s 402 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) A spouse or domestic partner shall not be examined for or 7 against his or her spouse or domestic partner, without the consent of 8 the spouse or domestic partner; nor can either during marriage or 9 during the domestic partnership or afterward, be without the consent of 10 the other, examined as to any communication made by one to the other during the marriage or the domestic partnership. But this exception 11 shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one against the 12 13 other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding against 14 15 spouse or domestic partner if the marriage or the domestic 16 partnership occurred subsequent to the filing of formal charges against
  - the defendant, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by said spouse or domestic partner against any child of whom
- 19 said spouse or domestic partner is the parent or guardian, nor to a

- proceeding under chapter 70.96A, 70.96B, 71.05, or 71.09 RCW:
  PROVIDED, That the spouse or the domestic partner of a person sought to
  be detained under chapter 70.96A, 70.96B, 71.05, or 71.09 RCW may not
  be compelled to testify and shall be so informed by the court prior to
  being called as a witness.
  - (2)(a) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course of professional employment.
  - (b) A parent or guardian of a minor child arrested on a criminal charge may not be examined as to a communication between the child and his or her attorney if the communication was made in the presence of the parent or guardian. This privilege does not extend to communications made prior to the arrest.
  - (3) A member of the clergy, a Christian Science practitioner listed in the Christian Science Journal, or a priest shall not, without the consent of a person making the confession or sacred confidence, be examined as to any confession or sacred confidence made to him or her in his or her professional character, in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she belongs.
  - (4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.360 (8) and (9), a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon or podiatric physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:
  - (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury, neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and
  - (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court may impose pursuant to court rules.
- 35 (5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to 36 communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the 37 public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

(6)(a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of the law enforcement officer or firefighter making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer or firefighter while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such by the sheriff, police chief, fire chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol, prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding officer or firefighter, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law enforcement officer or firefighter.

- 14 (b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor" 15 means a:
  - (i) Law enforcement officer, firefighter, civilian employee of a law enforcement agency, or civilian employee of a fire department, who has received training to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer or firefighter who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer or firefighter was involved while acting in his or her official capacity; or
  - (ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff, police chief, fire chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer or firefighter who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer or firefighter was involved while acting in his or her official capacity.
  - (7) A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the victim, be examined as to any communication made between the victim and the sexual assault advocate.
  - (a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means the employee or volunteer from a rape crisis center, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault, who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court proceedings.

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- 1 (b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential 2 communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical 3 4 injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and 5 6 communications under this section shall have immunity from any liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the 7 In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a 8 9 disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall 10 11 presumed.
  - (8) A domestic violence advocate may not, without the consent of the victim, be examined as to any communication between the victim and the domestic violence advocate.
  - (a) For purposes of this section, "domestic violence advocate" means an employee or supervised volunteer from a community-based domestic violence program or human services program that provides information, advocacy, counseling, crisis intervention, emergency shelter, or support to victims of domestic violence and who is not employed by, or under the direct supervision of, a law enforcement agency, a prosecutor's office, or the child protective services section of the department of social and health services as defined in RCW 26.44.020.
- 24 (b) A domestic violence advocate may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose 25 26 is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical 27 injury or death of the victim or another person. This section does not 28 relieve a domestic violence advocate from the requirement to report or cause to be reported an incident under RCW 26.44.030(1) or to disclose 29 30 relevant records relating to a child as required by RCW 26.44.030(12). Any domestic violence advocate participating in good faith in the 31 disclosing of communications under this subsection is immune from 32 33 liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a 34 35 disclosure under this subsection, the good faith of the domestic 36 violence advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be 37 presumed.

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(9) A mental health counselor, independent clinical social worker, or marriage and family therapist licensed under chapter 18.225 RCW may not disclose, or be compelled to testify about, any information acquired from persons consulting the individual in a professional capacity when the information was necessary to enable the individual to render professional services to those persons except:

- (a) With the written authorization of that person or, in the case of death or disability, the person's personal representative;
- (b) If the person waives the privilege by bringing charges against the mental health counselor licensed under chapter 18.225 RCW;
- (c) In response to a subpoena from the secretary of health. The secretary may subpoena only records related to a complaint or report under RCW 18.130.050;
- 14 (d) As required under chapter 26.44 or 74.34 RCW or RCW 71.05.360 15 (8) and (9); or
  - (e) To any individual if the mental health counselor, independent clinical social worker, or marriage and family therapist licensed under chapter 18.225 RCW reasonably believes that disclosure will avoid or minimize an imminent danger to the health or safety of the individual or any other individual; however, there is no obligation on the part of the provider to so disclose.

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