

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5190

61st Legislature
2009 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate February 26, 2009
YEAS 47 NAYS 0

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 30, 2009
YEAS 97 NAYS 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5190** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Secretary

FILED

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5190

Passed Legislature - 2009 Regular Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By Senate Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Stevens, Regala, and Shin; by request of Statute Law Committee and Sentencing Guidelines Commission)

READ FIRST TIME 02/02/09.

1 AN ACT Relating to technical corrections to ensure accurate
2 sentences for offenders; amending RCW 2.24.040, 9.41.045, 9.92.151,
3 9.94A.190, 9.94A.505, 9.94A.633, 9.94A.6332, 9.94A.670, 9.94A.701,
4 9.94A.703, 9.94A.704, 9.94A.731, 9.94A.771, 9.94A.835, 9.94A.850,
5 9.94B.030, 9.94B.060, 9.94B.070, 9.95.011, 9.95.017, 9.95.055,
6 9.95.070, 9.95.090, 9.95.110, 9.95.121, 9.95.122, 9.95.140, 9.95.425,
7 9.95.900, 9A.76.115, 13.40.135, 72.09.335, 72.09.340, 72.09.370,
8 72.09.714, 72.09.716, 72.09.718, and 72.09.720; reenacting and amending
9 RCW 9.94A.030; adding new sections to chapter 9.94A RCW; adding a new
10 section to chapter 9.94B RCW; recodifying RCW 9.94A.602, 9.94A.605, and
11 9.94A.771; repealing RCW 9.94A.545 and 9.94A.715; and providing an
12 effective date.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

14 **Sec. 1.** RCW 2.24.040 and 2000 c 73 s 1 are each amended to read as
15 follows:

16 Such court commissioner shall have power, authority, and
17 jurisdiction, concurrent with the superior court and the judge thereof,
18 in the following particulars:

- 1 (1) To hear and determine all matters in probate, to make and issue
2 all proper orders therein, and to issue citations in all cases where
3 same are authorized by the probate statutes of this state.
- 4 (2) To grant and enter defaults and enter judgment thereon.
- 5 (3) To issue temporary restraining orders and temporary
6 injunctions, and to fix and approve bonds thereon.
- 7 (4) To act as referee in all matters and actions referred to him or
8 her by the superior court as such, with all the powers now conferred
9 upon referees by law.
- 10 (5) To hear and determine all proceedings supplemental to
11 execution, with all the powers conferred upon the judge of the superior
12 court in such matters.
- 13 (6) To hear and determine all petitions for the adoption of
14 children and for the dissolution of incorporations.
- 15 (7) To hear and determine all applications for the commitment of
16 any person to the hospital for the insane, with all the powers of the
17 superior court in such matters: PROVIDED, That in cases where a jury
18 is demanded, same shall be referred to the superior court for trial.
- 19 (8) To hear and determine all complaints for the commitments of
20 minors with all powers conferred upon the superior court in such
21 matters.
- 22 (9) To hear and determine ex parte and uncontested civil matters of
23 any nature.
- 24 (10) To grant adjournments, administer oaths, preserve order,
25 compel attendance of witnesses, and to punish for contempts in the
26 refusal to obey or the neglect of the court commissioner's lawful
27 orders made in any matter before the court commissioner as fully as the
28 judge of the superior court.
- 29 (11) To take acknowledgments and proofs of deeds, mortgages and all
30 other instruments requiring acknowledgment under the laws of this
31 state, and to take affidavits and depositions in all cases.
- 32 (12) To provide an official seal, upon which shall be engraved the
33 words "Court Commissioner," and the name of the county for which he or
34 she may be appointed, and to authenticate his official acts therewith
35 in all cases where same is necessary.
- 36 (13) To charge and collect, for his or her own use, the same fees
37 for the official performance of official acts mentioned in subsections

1 (4) and (11) of this section as are provided by law for referees and
2 notaries public.

3 (14) To hear and determine small claims appeals as provided in
4 chapter 12.36 RCW.

5 (15) In adult criminal cases, to preside over arraignments,
6 preliminary appearances, initial extradition hearings, and
7 noncompliance proceedings pursuant to RCW ((~~9.94A.634~~)) 9.94A.6333 or
8 9.94B.040; accept pleas if authorized by local court rules; appoint
9 counsel; make determinations of probable cause; set, amend, and review
10 conditions of pretrial release; set bail; set trial and hearing dates;
11 authorize continuances; and accept waivers of the right to speedy
12 trial.

13 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.41.045 and 1991 c 221 s 1 are each amended to read
14 as follows:

15 As a sentence condition and requirement, offenders under the
16 supervision of the department of corrections pursuant to chapter 9.94A
17 RCW shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. In addition
18 to any penalty imposed pursuant to RCW 9.41.040 when applicable,
19 offenders found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms
20 or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and
21 sanctions as provided for in RCW ((~~9.94A.634~~)) 9.94A.633, 9.94A.716, or
22 9.94A.737. Firearms or ammunition owned, used, or possessed by
23 offenders may be confiscated by community corrections officers and
24 turned over to the Washington state patrol for disposal as provided in
25 RCW 9.41.098.

26 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.92.151 and 2004 c 176 s 5 are each amended to read
27 as follows:

28 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the
29 sentence of a prisoner confined in a county jail facility for a felony,
30 gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor conviction may be reduced by earned
31 release credits in accordance with procedures that shall be developed
32 and promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The
33 earned early release time shall be for good behavior and good
34 performance as determined by the correctional agency having
35 jurisdiction. Any program established pursuant to this section shall
36 allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence

1 incarceration. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender
2 with earned early release credits in advance of the offender actually
3 earning the credits. In the case of an offender convicted of a serious
4 violent offense or a sex offense that is a class A felony committed on
5 or after July 1, 1990, the aggregate earned early release time may not
6 exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In no other case may the
7 aggregate earned early release time exceed one-third of the total
8 sentence.

9 (2) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW
10 9.94A.670(~~(+4)~~) (5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits
11 under this section.

12 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2008 c 276 s 309, 2008 c 231 s 23, 2008
13 c 230 s 2, and 2008 c 7 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as
14 follows:

15 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in
16 this section apply throughout this chapter.

17 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created
18 under chapter 9.95 RCW.

19 (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or
20 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department,
21 means that the department, either directly or through a collection
22 agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring
23 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal
24 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and,
25 consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the
26 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

27 (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

28 (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the
29 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in
30 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence
31 conditions.

32 (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's
33 sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as
34 part of a sentence and served in the community subject to controls
35 placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department.

36 (6) "Community custody range" means the minimum and maximum period

1 of community custody included as part of a sentence under RCW
2 (~~9.94A.715~~) 9.94A.701, as established by the commission or the
3 legislature under RCW 9.94A.850.

4 (7) "Community protection zone" means the area within eight hundred
5 eighty feet of the facilities and grounds of a public or private
6 school.

7 (8) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without
8 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the
9 offender.

10 (9) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

11 (10) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to
12 Title(~~s~~) 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of
13 guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

14 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court
15 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the
16 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be
17 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to
18 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform
19 affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor
20 compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.

21 (12) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior
22 convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in
23 federal court, or elsewhere.

24 (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i)
25 whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and
26 terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and
27 the length of incarceration.

28 (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history
29 only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or
30 a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated
31 pursuant to a governor's pardon.

32 (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct
33 from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that
34 was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former
35 version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's
36 criminal history.

37 (13) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization,
38 association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or

1 informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol,
2 having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal
3 acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively
4 engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang
5 activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in
6 concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the
7 activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their
8 members or agents.

9 (14) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person
10 who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who
11 intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the
12 criminal street gang.

13 (15) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or
14 misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is
15 committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association
16 with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to
17 promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is
18 committed for one or more of the following reasons:

- 19 (a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;
- 20 (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, prestige,
21 dominance, or control in any geographical area;
- 22 (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of
23 the gang;
- 24 (d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness
25 against the gang or any member of the gang;
- 26 (e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement,
27 gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation,
28 influence, or membership; or
- 29 (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or
30 dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited
31 to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance
32 (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen
33 property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88
34 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); or promoting pornography
35 (chapter 9.68 RCW).

36 (16) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that
37 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the

1 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the
2 offender and any dependents.

3 (17) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision
4 designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with
5 sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report
6 daily to a specific location designated by the department or the
7 sentencing court.

8 (18) "Department" means the department of corrections.

9 (19) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with
10 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total
11 confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number
12 of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or
13 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender
14 through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement
15 shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate
16 sentence.

17 (20) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an
18 offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any
19 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this
20 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal
21 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or
22 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the
23 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to
24 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically
25 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs,
26 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made
27 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050,
28 or Title 74 RCW.

29 (21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing option
30 available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than a violent
31 offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the option under RCW
32 9.94A.660.

33 (22) "Drug offense" means:

34 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of
35 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a
36 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

37 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates

1 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a
2 controlled substance; or

3 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws
4 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a)
5 of this subsection.

6 (23) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as
7 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.

8 (24) "Escape" means:

9 (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the
10 first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW
11 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060),
12 willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful
13 failure to be available for supervision by the department while in
14 community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

15 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
16 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape
17 under (a) of this subsection.

18 (25) "Felony traffic offense" means:

19 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW
20 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-and-
21 run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under the
22 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), or
23 felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of
24 intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or

25 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
26 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony
27 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

28 (26) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing
29 court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of
30 time.

31 (27) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior
32 convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender
33 waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.

34 (28) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement
35 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private
36 residence subject to electronic surveillance.

37 (29) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is
38 ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal

1 financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim,
2 statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed
3 pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds,
4 court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any
5 other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result
6 of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while
7 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW
8 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of
9 intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial
10 obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense
11 of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction,
12 subject to RCW 38.52.430.

13 (30) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or
14 a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:

15 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or
16 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A
17 felony;

18 (b) Assault in the second degree;

19 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;

20 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;

21 (e) Controlled substance homicide;

22 (f) Extortion in the first degree;

23 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;

24 (h) Indecent liberties;

25 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;

26 (j) Leading organized crime;

27 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;

28 (l) Manslaughter in the second degree;

29 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;

30 (n) Rape in the third degree;

31 (o) Robbery in the second degree;

32 (p) Sexual exploitation;

33 (q) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of
34 a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor
35 or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless
36 manner;

37 (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of

1 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating
2 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of
3 any vehicle in a reckless manner;

4 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual
5 motivation;

6 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW
7 9.94A.602 (as recodified by this act);

8 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2,
9 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this
10 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense
11 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a
12 most serious offense under this subsection;

13 (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
14 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess.
15 as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as
16 it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1)
17 (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;

18 (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
19 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988,
20 if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of
21 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is
22 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW
23 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997,
24 or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993,
25 through July 27, 1997;

26 (w) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding
27 of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was ten years or
28 more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable
29 to a felony offense under Title 9 or 9A RCW and the out-of-state
30 definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of
31 sexual motivation contained in this section.

32 (31) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent
33 offense.

34 (32) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony
35 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is
36 less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court
37 jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the

1 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW
2 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and
3 "defendant" are used interchangeably.

4 (33) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one
5 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract
6 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or
7 work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for
8 a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in
9 the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home
10 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home
11 detention.

12 (34) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:

13 (a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or any
14 prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or more of
15 the following criminal street gang-related offenses:

16 (i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in RCW
17 9.94A.030, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of
18 a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);

19 (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, excluding
20 Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);

21 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled
22 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);

23 (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act
24 (chapter 9.41 RCW);

25 (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);

26 (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);

27 (vii) Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);

28 (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat is
29 made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));

30 (ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);

31 (x) Any felony conviction by a person eighteen years of age or
32 older with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony
33 offense under RCW 9.94A.833;

34 (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);

35 (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030);

36 (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070);

37 (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080);

38 (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065);

1 (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068);
2 (xvii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 9A.56.070);
3 (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW
4 9A.56.075);
5 (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120);
6 (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130);
7 (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110);
8 (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120);
9 (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);
10 (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
11 (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or
12 (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090);
13 (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this
14 subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008;
15 (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this
16 subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in (a)
17 of this subsection; and
18 (d) Of the offenses that were committed in (a) of this subsection,
19 the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were committed by two or
20 more persons.
21 (35) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
22 (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a
23 most serious offense; and
24 (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this
25 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate
26 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under
27 the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and
28 would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided
29 that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction
30 must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most
31 serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
32 (b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape
33 of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree,
34 rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or
35 indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the following
36 offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first
37 degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in
38 the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first

1 degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first
2 degree, assault of a child in the second degree, or burglary in the
3 first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this
4 subsection (35)(b)(i); and

5 (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this
6 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion,
7 whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of
8 this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under
9 prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in
10 (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the
11 first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection
12 only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the
13 offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in
14 the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this
15 subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older
16 when the offender committed the offense.

17 (36) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a
18 stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the perpetrator
19 established or promoted a relationship with the victim prior to the
20 offense and the victimization of the victim was a significant reason
21 the perpetrator established or promoted the relationship; or (c) the
22 perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person
23 in authority in any public or private school and the victim was a
24 student of the school under his or her authority or supervision. For
25 purposes of this subsection, "school" does not include home-based
26 instruction as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer,
27 volunteer, or other person in authority in any recreational activity
28 and the victim was a participant in the activity under his or her
29 authority or supervision; or (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other
30 person in authority in any church or religious organization, and the
31 victim was a member or participant of the organization under his or her
32 authority.

33 (37) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter
34 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.

35 (38) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.

36 (39) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the
37 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a

1 specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include
2 both public and private costs.

3 (40) "Risk assessment" means the application of an objective
4 instrument supported by research and adopted by the department for the
5 purpose of assessing an offender's risk of reoffense, taking into
6 consideration the nature of the harm done by the offender, place and
7 circumstances of the offender related to risk, the offender's
8 relationship to any victim, and any information provided to the
9 department by victims. The results of a risk assessment shall not be
10 based on unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations.

11 (41) "Serious traffic offense" means:

12 (a) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of intoxicating
13 liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), nonfelony actual physical control
14 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW
15 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an
16 attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

17 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for
18 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a
19 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

20 (42) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense
21 and means:

22 (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;

23 (ii) Homicide by abuse;

24 (iii) Murder in the second degree;

25 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;

26 (v) Assault in the first degree;

27 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;

28 (vii) Rape in the first degree;

29 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or

30 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to
31 commit one of these felonies; or

32 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
33 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious
34 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

35 (43) "Sex offense" means:

36 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other than
37 RCW 9A.44.130(12);

38 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;

1 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other than
2 RCW 9.68A.080; or

3 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt,
4 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;

5 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior
6 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex
7 offense in (a) of this subsection;

8 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW
9 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or

10 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
11 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex
12 offense under (a) of this subsection.

13 (44) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which
14 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her
15 sexual gratification.

16 (45) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's
17 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

18 (46) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of time
19 for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime as
20 prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining the
21 crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.

22 (47) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender
23 twenty-four hours before the offense.

24 (48) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical
25 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under
26 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four
27 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

28 (49) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions
29 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the
30 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work
31 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions
32 in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's
33 period of community custody.

34 (50) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional,
35 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as
36 a direct result of the crime charged.

37 (51) "Violent offense" means:

38 (a) Any of the following felonies:

1 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an
2 attempt to commit a class A felony;

3 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a
4 class A felony;

5 (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;

6 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;

7 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;

8 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;

9 (vii) Arson in the second degree;

10 (viii) Assault in the second degree;

11 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;

12 (x) Extortion in the first degree;

13 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;

14 (xii) Drive-by shooting;

15 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving
16 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating
17 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a
18 reckless manner; and

19 (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of
20 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating
21 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of
22 any vehicle in a reckless manner;

23 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior
24 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent
25 offense in (a) of this subsection; and

26 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
27 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent
28 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

29 (52) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting
30 of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that
31 complies with RCW 9.94A.725.

32 (53) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program
33 as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower
34 the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a
35 comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences,
36 character-building work ethics training, life management skills
37 development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy
38 training, and basic adult education.

1 (54) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement
2 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a
3 regular course of study at school.

4 **Sec. 5.** RCW 9.94A.190 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 313 are each
5 amended to read as follows:

6 (1) A sentence that includes a term or terms of confinement
7 totaling more than one year shall be served in a facility or
8 institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state. Except
9 as provided in subsection (3) or (5) of this section, a sentence of not
10 more than one year of confinement shall be served in a facility
11 operated, licensed, or utilized under contract, by the county, or if
12 home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in the
13 residence of either the offender or a member of the offender's
14 immediate family.

15 (2) If a county uses a state partial confinement facility for the
16 partial confinement of a person sentenced to confinement for not more
17 than one year, the county shall reimburse the state for the use of the
18 facility as provided in this subsection. The office of financial
19 management shall set the rate of reimbursement based upon the average
20 per diem cost per offender in the facility. The office of financial
21 management shall determine to what extent, if any, reimbursement shall
22 be reduced or eliminated because of funds provided by the legislature
23 to the department for the purpose of covering the cost of county use of
24 state partial confinement facilities. The office of financial
25 management shall reestablish reimbursement rates each even-numbered
26 year.

27 (3) A person who is sentenced for a felony to a term of not more
28 than one year, and who is committed or returned to incarceration in a
29 state facility on another felony conviction, either under the
30 indeterminate sentencing laws, chapter 9.95 RCW, or under this chapter
31 shall serve all terms of confinement, including a sentence of not more
32 than one year, in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under
33 contract, by the state, consistent with the provisions of RCW
34 9.94A.589.

35 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a sentence
36 imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.660 which has a standard sentence range

1 of over one year, regardless of length, shall be served in a facility
2 or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state.

3 (5) Sentences imposed pursuant to RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507 shall
4 be served in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under
5 contract, by the state.

6 **Sec. 6.** RCW 9.94A.505 and 2008 c 231 s 25 are each amended to read
7 as follows:

8 (1) When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose
9 punishment as provided in this chapter.

10 (2)(a) The court shall impose a sentence as provided in the
11 following sections and as applicable in the case:

12 (i) Unless another term of confinement applies, a sentence within
13 the standard sentence range established in RCW 9.94A.510 or 9.94A.517;

14 (ii) RCW 9.94A.701 and 9.94A.702, relating to community custody;

15 (iii) RCW 9.94A.570, relating to persistent offenders;

16 (iv) RCW 9.94A.540, relating to mandatory minimum terms;

17 (v) RCW 9.94A.650, relating to the first-time offender waiver;

18 (vi) RCW 9.94A.660, relating to the drug offender sentencing
19 alternative;

20 (vii) RCW 9.94A.670, relating to the special sex offender
21 sentencing alternative;

22 (viii) RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507, relating to certain sex
23 offenses;

24 (ix) RCW 9.94A.535, relating to exceptional sentences;

25 (x) RCW 9.94A.589, relating to consecutive and concurrent
26 sentences;

27 (xi) RCW 9.94A.603, relating to felony driving while under the
28 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug and felony physical
29 control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor
30 or any drug.

31 (b) If a standard sentence range has not been established for the
32 offender's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which
33 may include not more than one year of confinement; community
34 restitution work; a term of community custody not to exceed one year;
35 and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a
36 sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court

1 finds reasons justifying an exceptional sentence as provided in RCW
2 9.94A.535.

3 (3) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty
4 days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the
5 sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence
6 requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on
7 consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered
8 intermittent sentences as space permits.

9 (4) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial
10 obligation, it shall be imposed as provided in RCW 9.94A.750,
11 9.94A.753, 9.94A.760, and 43.43.7541.

12 (5) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.750(4) and 9.94A.753(4), a
13 court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or
14 community custody that exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as
15 provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

16 (6) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all
17 confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was
18 solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being
19 sentenced.

20 (7) The court shall order restitution as provided in RCW 9.94A.750
21 and 9.94A.753.

22 (8) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce
23 crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions as provided in
24 this chapter.

25 (9) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require
26 the offender to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a
27 program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of
28 work crew and home detention.

29 **Sec. 7.** RCW 9.94A.633 and 2008 c 231 s 15 are each amended to read
30 as follows:

31 (1)(a) An offender who violates any condition or requirement of a
32 sentence may be sanctioned with up to sixty days' confinement for each
33 violation.

34 (b) In lieu of confinement, an offender may be sanctioned with work
35 release, home detention with electronic monitoring, work crew,
36 community restitution, inpatient treatment, daily reporting, curfew,

1 educational or counseling sessions, supervision enhanced through
2 electronic monitoring, or any other sanctions available in the
3 community.

4 (2) If an offender was under community custody pursuant to one of
5 the following statutes, the offender may be sanctioned as follows:

6 (a) If the offender was transferred to community custody in lieu of
7 earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.728(2), the offender
8 may be transferred to a more restrictive confinement status to serve up
9 to the remaining portion of the sentence, less credit for any period
10 actually spent in community custody or in detention awaiting
11 disposition of an alleged violation.

12 (b) If the offender was sentenced under the drug offender
13 sentencing alternative set out in RCW 9.94A.660, the offender may be
14 sanctioned in accordance with that section.

15 (c) If the offender was sentenced under the special sexual offender
16 sentencing alternative set out in RCW 9.94A.670, the suspended sentence
17 may be revoked and the offender committed to serve the original
18 sentence of confinement.

19 (d) If the offender was sentenced to a work ethic camp pursuant to
20 RCW 9.94A.690, the offender may be reclassified to serve the unexpired
21 term of his or her sentence in total confinement.

22 (e) If a sex offender was sentenced pursuant to RCW (~~9.94A.712~~)
23 9.94A.507, the offender may be transferred to a more restrictive
24 confinement status to serve up to the remaining portion of the
25 sentence, less credit for any period actually spent in community
26 custody or in detention awaiting disposition of an alleged violation.

27 **Sec. 8.** RCW 9.94A.6332 and 2008 c 231 s 18 are each amended to
28 read as follows:

29 The procedure for imposing sanctions for violations of sentence
30 conditions or requirements is as follows:

31 (1) If the offender was sentenced under the drug offender
32 sentencing alternative, any sanctions shall be imposed by the
33 department or the court pursuant to RCW 9.94A.660.

34 (2) If the offender was sentenced under the special sexual offender
35 sentencing alternative, any sanctions shall be imposed by the
36 department or the court pursuant to RCW 9.94A.670.

1 (3) If a sex offender was sentenced pursuant to RCW (~~9.94A.712~~)
2 9.94A.507, any sanctions shall be imposed by the board pursuant to RCW
3 9.95.435.

4 (4) In any other case, if the offender is being supervised by the
5 department, any sanctions shall be imposed by the department pursuant
6 to RCW 9.94A.737.

7 (5) If the offender is not being supervised by the department, any
8 sanctions shall be imposed by the court pursuant to RCW 9.94A.6333.

9 **Sec. 9.** RCW 9.94A.670 and 2008 c 231 s 31 are each amended to read
10 as follows:

11 (1) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions
12 in this subsection apply to this section only.

13 (a) "Sex offender treatment provider" or "treatment provider" means
14 a certified sex offender treatment provider or a certified affiliate
15 sex offender treatment provider as defined in RCW 18.155.020.

16 (b) "Substantial bodily harm" means bodily injury that involves a
17 temporary but substantial disfigurement, or that causes a temporary but
18 substantial loss or impairment of the function of any body part or
19 organ, or that causes a fracture of any body part or organ.

20 (c) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional,
21 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as
22 a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or
23 guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian
24 is the perpetrator of the offense.

25 (2) An offender is eligible for the special sex offender sentencing
26 alternative if:

27 (a) The offender has been convicted of a sex offense other than a
28 violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious
29 violent offense. If the conviction results from a guilty plea, the
30 offender must, as part of his or her plea of guilty, voluntarily and
31 affirmatively admit he or she committed all of the elements of the
32 crime to which the offender is pleading guilty. This alternative is
33 not available to offenders who plead guilty to the offense charged
34 under *North Carolina v. Alford*, 400 U.S. 25, 91 S.Ct. 160, 27 L.Ed.2d
35 162 (1970) and *State v. Newton*, 87 Wash.2d 363, 552 P.2d 682 (1976);

36 (b) The offender has no prior convictions for a sex offense as

1 defined in RCW 9.94A.030 or any other felony sex offenses in this or
2 any other state;

3 (c) The offender has no prior adult convictions for a violent
4 offense that was committed within five years of the date the current
5 offense was committed;

6 (d) The offense did not result in substantial bodily harm to the
7 victim;

8 (e) The offender had an established relationship with, or
9 connection to, the victim such that the sole connection with the victim
10 was not the commission of the crime; and

11 (f) The offender's standard sentence range for the offense includes
12 the possibility of confinement for less than eleven years.

13 (3) If the court finds the offender is eligible for this
14 alternative, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or
15 the offender, may order an examination to determine whether the
16 offender is amenable to treatment.

17 (a) The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the
18 following:

19 (i) The offender's version of the facts and the official version of
20 the facts;

21 (ii) The offender's offense history;

22 (iii) An assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant
23 behaviors;

24 (iv) The offender's social and employment situation; and

25 (v) Other evaluation measures used.

26 The report shall set forth the sources of the examiner's
27 information.

28 (b) The examiner shall assess and report regarding the offender's
29 amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A
30 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a
31 minimum:

32 (i) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;

33 (ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and
34 description of planned treatment modalities;

35 (iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living
36 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members
37 and others;

38 (iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and

1 (v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions and affirmative
2 conditions, which must include, to the extent known, an identification
3 of specific activities or behaviors that are precursors to the
4 offender's offense cycle, including, but not limited to, activities or
5 behaviors such as viewing or listening to pornography or use of alcohol
6 or controlled substances.

7 (c) The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the
8 state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's
9 amenability to treatment. The examiner shall be selected by the party
10 making the motion. The offender shall pay the cost of any second
11 examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent
12 in which case the state shall pay the cost.

13 (4) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether
14 the offender and the community will benefit from use of this
15 alternative, consider whether the alternative is too lenient in light
16 of the extent and circumstances of the offense, consider whether the
17 offender has victims in addition to the victim of the offense, consider
18 whether the offender is amenable to treatment, consider the risk the
19 offender would present to the community, to the victim, or to persons
20 of similar age and circumstances as the victim, and consider the
21 victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment
22 disposition under this section. The court shall give great weight to
23 the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment
24 disposition under this section. If the sentence imposed is contrary to
25 the victim's opinion, the court shall enter written findings stating
26 its reasons for imposing the treatment disposition. The fact that the
27 offender admits to his or her offense does not, by itself, constitute
28 amenability to treatment. If the court determines that this
29 alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence or,
30 pursuant to RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507, a minimum term of sentence,
31 within the standard sentence range. If the sentence imposed is less
32 than eleven years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution
33 of the sentence as provided in this section.

34 (5) As conditions of the suspended sentence, the court must impose
35 the following:

36 (a) A term of confinement of up to twelve months or the maximum
37 term within the standard range, whichever is less. The court may order
38 the offender to serve a term of confinement greater than twelve months

1 or the maximum term within the standard range based on the presence of
2 an aggravating circumstance listed in RCW 9.94A.535(3). In no case
3 shall the term of confinement exceed the statutory maximum sentence for
4 the offense. The court may order the offender to serve all or part of
5 his or her term of confinement in partial confinement. An offender
6 sentenced to a term of confinement under this subsection is not
7 eligible for earned release under RCW 9.92.151 or 9.94A.728.

8 (b) A term of community custody equal to the length of the
9 suspended sentence, the length of the maximum term imposed pursuant to
10 RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507, or three years, whichever is greater, and
11 require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the
12 department under RCW 9.94A.703.

13 (c) Treatment for any period up to five years in duration. The
14 court, in its discretion, shall order outpatient sex offender treatment
15 or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental
16 health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an
17 appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The offender
18 shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment
19 conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community
20 corrections officer, and the court. If any party or the court objects
21 to a proposed change, the offender shall not change providers or
22 conditions without court approval after a hearing.

23 (d) Specific prohibitions and affirmative conditions relating to
24 the known precursor activities or behaviors identified in the proposed
25 treatment plan under subsection (3)(b)(v) of this section or identified
26 in an annual review under subsection (8)(b) of this section.

27 (6) As conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose
28 one or more of the following:

29 (a) Crime-related prohibitions;

30 (b) Require the offender to devote time to a specific employment or
31 occupation;

32 (c) Require the offender to remain within prescribed geographical
33 boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer
34 prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

35 (d) Require the offender to report as directed to the court and a
36 community corrections officer;

37 (e) Require the offender to pay all court-ordered legal financial
38 obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030;

1 (f) Require the offender to perform community restitution work; or
2 (g) Require the offender to reimburse the victim for the cost of
3 any counseling required as a result of the offender's crime.

4 (7) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment
5 termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for
6 completion of treatment.

7 (8)(a) The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly
8 reports on the offender's progress in treatment to the court and the
9 parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at
10 a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, offender's compliance
11 with requirements, treatment activities, the offender's relative
12 progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at
13 sentencing.

14 (b) The court shall conduct a hearing on the offender's progress in
15 treatment at least once a year. At least fourteen days prior to the
16 hearing, notice of the hearing shall be given to the victim. The
17 victim shall be given the opportunity to make statements to the court
18 regarding the offender's supervision and treatment. At the hearing,
19 the court may modify conditions of community custody including, but not
20 limited to, crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions
21 relating to activities and behaviors identified as part of, or relating
22 to precursor activities and behaviors in, the offender's offense cycle
23 or revoke the suspended sentence.

24 (9) At least fourteen days prior to the treatment termination
25 hearing, notice of the hearing shall be given to the victim. The
26 victim shall be given the opportunity to make statements to the court
27 regarding the offender's supervision and treatment. Prior to the
28 treatment termination hearing, the treatment provider and community
29 corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and
30 parties regarding the offender's compliance with treatment and
31 monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from
32 treatment, including proposed community custody conditions. The court
33 may order an evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from
34 treatment by a sex offender treatment provider who may not be the same
35 person who treated the offender under subsection (5) of this section or
36 any person who employs, is employed by, or shares profits with the
37 person who treated the offender under subsection (5) of this section
38 unless the court has entered written findings that such evaluation is

1 in the best interest of the victim and that a successful evaluation of
2 the offender would otherwise be impractical. The offender shall pay
3 the cost of the evaluation. At the treatment termination hearing the
4 court may: (a) Modify conditions of community custody, and either (b)
5 terminate treatment, or (c) extend treatment in two-year increments for
6 up to the remaining period of community custody.

7 (10)(a) If a violation of conditions other than a second violation
8 of the prohibitions or affirmative conditions relating to precursor
9 behaviors or activities imposed under subsection (5)(d) or (8)(b) of
10 this section occurs during community custody, the department shall
11 either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.633(1) or refer
12 the violation to the court and recommend revocation of the suspended
13 sentence as provided for in subsections (7) and (9) of this section.

14 (b) If a second violation of the prohibitions or affirmative
15 conditions relating to precursor behaviors or activities imposed under
16 subsection (5)(d) or (8)(b) of this section occurs during community
17 custody, the department shall refer the violation to the court and
18 recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided in
19 subsection (11) of this section.

20 (11) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during
21 the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if:
22 (a) The offender violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or
23 (b) the court finds that the offender is failing to make satisfactory
24 progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period
25 of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended
26 sentence is revoked.

27 (12) If the offender violates a requirement of the sentence that is
28 not a condition of the suspended sentence pursuant to subsection (5) or
29 (6) of this section, the department may impose sanctions pursuant to
30 RCW 9.94A.633(1).

31 (13) The offender's sex offender treatment provider may not be the
32 same person who examined the offender under subsection (3) of this
33 section or any person who employs, is employed by, or shares profits
34 with the person who examined the offender under subsection (3) of this
35 section, unless the court has entered written findings that such
36 treatment is in the best interests of the victim and that successful
37 treatment of the offender would otherwise be impractical. Examinations
38 and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be

1 conducted by certified sex offender treatment providers or certified
2 affiliate sex offender treatment providers under chapter 18.155 RCW
3 unless the court finds that:

4 (a) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to
5 move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the
6 certification requirements; or

7 (b)(i) No certified sex offender treatment providers or certified
8 affiliate sex offender treatment providers are available for treatment
9 within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and

10 (ii) The evaluation and treatment plan comply with this section and
11 the rules adopted by the department of health.

12 (14) If the offender is less than eighteen years of age when the
13 charge is filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation
14 and treatment.

15 **Sec. 10.** RCW 9.94A.701 and 2008 c 231 s 7 are each amended to read
16 as follows:

17 (1) If an offender is sentenced to the custody of the department
18 for one of the following crimes, the court shall impose a term of
19 community custody for the community custody range established under RCW
20 9.94A.850 or up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW
21 9.94A.728 (1) and (2), whichever is longer:

22 (a) A sex offense not sentenced under RCW (~~9.94A.712~~) 9.94A.507;

23 (b) A violent offense;

24 (c) A crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2);

25 (d) An offense involving the unlawful possession of a firearm under
26 RCW 9.41.040, where the offender is a criminal street gang member or
27 associate;

28 (e) A felony offender under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW.

29 (2) If an offender is sentenced to a term of confinement of one
30 year or less for a violation of RCW 9A.44.130(11)(a), the court shall
31 impose a term of community custody for the community custody range
32 established under RCW 9.94A.850 or up to the period of earned release
33 awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728 (1) and (2), whichever is longer.

34 (3) If an offender is sentenced under the drug offender sentencing
35 alternative, the court shall impose community custody as provided in
36 RCW 9.94A.660.

1 (4) If an offender is sentenced under the special sexual offender
2 sentencing alternative, the court shall impose community custody as
3 provided in RCW 9.94A.670.

4 (5) If an offender is sentenced to a work ethic camp, the court
5 shall impose community custody as provided in RCW 9.94A.690.

6 (6) If a sex offender is sentenced as a nonpersistent offender
7 pursuant to RCW ((9.94A.712)) 9.94A.507, the court shall impose
8 community custody as provided in that section.

9 (7) If the offender is a criminal street gang associate or member
10 and is found guilty of unlawful possession of a firearm under RCW
11 9.41.040, the court shall impose a term of community custody under
12 subsection (1)(d) of this section.

13 **Sec. 11.** RCW 9.94A.703 and 2008 c 231 s 9 are each amended to read
14 as follows:

15 When a court sentences a person to a term of community custody, the
16 court shall impose conditions of community custody as provided in this
17 section.

18 (1) **Mandatory conditions.** As part of any term of community
19 custody, the court shall:

20 (a) Require the offender to inform the department of court-ordered
21 treatment upon request by the department;

22 (b) Require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by
23 the department under RCW 9.94A.704;

24 (c) If the offender was sentenced under RCW ((9.94A.712)) 9.94A.507
25 for an offense listed in RCW ((9.94A.712)) 9.94A.507(1)(a), and the
26 victim of the offense was under eighteen years of age at the time of
27 the offense, prohibit the offender from residing in a community
28 protection zone.

29 (2) **Waivable conditions.** Unless waived by the court, as part of
30 any term of community custody, the court shall order an offender to:

31 (a) Report to and be available for contact with the assigned
32 community corrections officer as directed;

33 (b) Work at department-approved education, employment, or community
34 restitution, or any combination thereof;

35 (c) Refrain from possessing or consuming controlled substances
36 except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;

37 (d) Pay supervision fees as determined by the department; and

1 (e) Obtain prior approval of the department for the offender's
2 residence location and living arrangements.

3 (3) **Discretionary conditions.** As part of any term of community
4 custody, the court may order an offender to:

5 (a) Remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical
6 boundary;

7 (b) Refrain from direct or indirect contact with the victim of the
8 crime or a specified class of individuals;

9 (c) Participate in crime-related treatment or counseling services;

10 (d) Participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise perform
11 affirmative conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the
12 offense, the offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the
13 community;

14 (e) Refrain from consuming alcohol; or

15 (f) Comply with any crime-related prohibitions.

16 (4) **Special conditions.**

17 (a) In sentencing an offender convicted of a crime of domestic
18 violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020, if the offender has a minor
19 child, or if the victim of the offense for which the offender was
20 convicted has a minor child, the court may order the offender to
21 participate in a domestic violence perpetrator program approved under
22 RCW 26.50.150.

23 (b)(i) In sentencing an offender convicted of an alcohol or drug-
24 related traffic offense, the court shall require the offender to
25 complete a diagnostic evaluation by an alcohol or drug dependency
26 agency approved by the department of social and health services or a
27 qualified probation department, defined under RCW 46.61.516, that has
28 been approved by the department of social and health services. If the
29 offense was pursuant to chapter 46.61 RCW, the report shall be
30 forwarded to the department of licensing. If the offender is found to
31 have an alcohol or drug problem that requires treatment, the offender
32 shall complete treatment in a program approved by the department of
33 social and health services under chapter 70.96A RCW. If the offender
34 is found not to have an alcohol or drug problem that requires
35 treatment, the offender shall complete a course in an information
36 school approved by the department of social and health services under
37 chapter 70.96A RCW. The offender shall pay all costs for any

1 evaluation, education, or treatment required by this section, unless
2 the offender is eligible for an existing program offered or approved by
3 the department of social and health services.

4 (ii) For purposes of this section, "alcohol or drug-related traffic
5 offense" means the following: Driving while under the influence as
6 defined by RCW 46.61.502, actual physical control while under the
7 influence as defined by RCW 46.61.504, vehicular homicide as defined by
8 RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), vehicular assault as defined by RCW
9 46.61.522(1)(b), homicide by watercraft as defined by RCW 79A.60.050,
10 or assault by watercraft as defined by RCW 79A.60.060.

11 (iii) This subsection (4)(b) does not require the department of
12 social and health services to add new treatment or assessment
13 facilities nor affect its use of existing programs and facilities
14 authorized by law.

15 **Sec. 12.** RCW 9.94A.704 and 2008 c 231 s 10 are each amended to
16 read as follows:

17 (1) Every person who is sentenced to a period of community custody
18 shall report to and be placed under the supervision of the department,
19 subject to RCW 9.94A.501.

20 (2)(a) The department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense
21 and may establish and modify additional conditions of community custody
22 based upon the risk to community safety.

23 (b) Within the funds available for community custody, the
24 department shall determine conditions and duration of community custody
25 on the basis of risk to community safety, and shall supervise offenders
26 during community custody on the basis of risk to community safety and
27 conditions imposed by the court. The secretary shall adopt rules to
28 implement the provisions of this subsection (2)(b).

29 (3) If the offender is supervised by the department, the department
30 shall at a minimum instruct the offender to:

31 (a) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;

32 (b) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries;

33 (c) Notify the community corrections officer of any change in the
34 offender's address or employment;

35 (d) Pay the supervision fee assessment; and

36 (e) Disclose the fact of supervision to any mental health or
37 chemical dependency treatment provider, as required by RCW 9.94A.722.

1 (4) The department may require the offender to participate in
2 rehabilitative programs, or otherwise perform affirmative conduct, and
3 to obey all laws.

4 (5) If the offender was sentenced pursuant to a conviction for a
5 sex offense, the department may impose electronic monitoring. Within
6 the resources made available by the department for this purpose, the
7 department shall carry out any electronic monitoring using the most
8 appropriate technology given the individual circumstances of the
9 offender. As used in this section, "electronic monitoring" means the
10 monitoring of an offender using an electronic offender tracking system
11 including, but not limited to, a system using radio frequency or active
12 or passive global positioning system technology.

13 (6) The department may not impose conditions that are contrary to
14 those ordered by the court and may not contravene or decrease court-
15 imposed conditions.

16 (7)(a) The department shall notify the offender in writing of any
17 additional conditions or modifications.

18 (b) By the close of the next business day after receiving notice of
19 a condition imposed or modified by the department, an offender may
20 request an administrative review under rules adopted by the department.
21 The condition shall remain in effect unless the reviewing officer finds
22 that it is not reasonably related to the crime of conviction, the
23 offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the community.

24 (8) The department may require offenders to pay for special
25 services rendered including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and
26 telephone reporting, dependent on the offender's ability to pay. The
27 department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to
28 pay.

29 (9)(a) When a sex offender has been sentenced pursuant to RCW
30 ~~((9.94A.712))~~ 9.94A.507, the ~~((board shall exercise the authority~~
31 ~~prescribed in RCW 9.95.420 through 9.95.435-~~

32 ~~(b) The~~) department shall assess the offender's risk of recidivism
33 and shall recommend to the board any additional or modified conditions
34 based upon the offender's risk to community safety and may recommend
35 affirmative conduct or electronic monitoring consistent with
36 subsections (4) through (6) of this section.

37 (b) The board may impose conditions in addition to court-ordered

1 conditions. The board must consider and may impose department-
2 recommended conditions.

3 (c) By the close of the next business day, after receiving notice
4 of a condition imposed by the board or the department, an offender may
5 request an administrative hearing under rules adopted by the board.
6 The condition shall remain in effect unless the hearing examiner finds
7 that it is not reasonably related to any of the following:

8 (i) The crime of conviction;

9 (ii) The offender's risk of reoffending;

10 (iii) The safety of the community.

11 (d) If the department finds that an emergency exists requiring the
12 immediate imposition of additional conditions in order to prevent the
13 offender from committing a crime, the department may impose such
14 conditions. The department may not impose conditions that are contrary
15 to those set by the board or the court and may not contravene or
16 decrease court-imposed or board-imposed conditions. Conditions imposed
17 under this subsection shall take effect immediately after notice to the
18 offender by personal service, but shall not remain in effect longer
19 than seven working days unless approved by the board.

20 (10) In setting, modifying, and enforcing conditions of community
21 custody, the department shall be deemed to be performing a
22 quasi-judicial function.

23 **Sec. 13.** RCW 9.94A.731 and 2003 c 254 s 2 are each amended to read
24 as follows:

25 (1) An offender sentenced to a term of partial confinement shall be
26 confined in the facility for at least eight hours per day or, if
27 serving a work crew sentence shall comply with the conditions of that
28 sentence as set forth in RCW 9.94A.030(~~(+31)~~) and 9.94A.725. The
29 offender shall be required as a condition of partial confinement to
30 report to the facility at designated times. During the period of
31 partial confinement, an offender may be required to comply with crime-
32 related prohibitions and affirmative conditions imposed by the court or
33 the department pursuant to this chapter.

34 (2) An offender in a county jail ordered to serve all or part of a
35 term of less than one year in work release, work crew, or a program of
36 home detention who violates the rules of the work release facility,
37 work crew, or program of home detention or fails to remain employed or

1 enrolled in school may be transferred to the appropriate county
2 detention facility without further court order but shall, upon request,
3 be notified of the right to request an administrative hearing on the
4 issue of whether or not the offender failed to comply with the order
5 and relevant conditions. Pending such hearing, or in the absence of a
6 request for the hearing, the offender shall serve the remainder of the
7 term of confinement as total confinement. This subsection shall not
8 affect transfer or placement of offenders committed to the department.

9 (3) Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the
10 offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and
11 abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

12 **Sec. 14.** RCW 9.94A.771 and 1989 c 252 s 18 are each amended to
13 read as follows:

14 For those individuals who, as a condition and term of their
15 sentence imposed on or before July 1, 1989, have had financial
16 obligations imposed, and who are not in compliance with the court order
17 requiring payment of that legal financial obligation, no action shall
18 be brought before the court from July 1, 1989, through and including
19 December 31, 1989, to impose a penalty for their failure to pay. All
20 individuals who, after December 31, 1989, have not taken the
21 opportunity to bring their legal financial obligation current, shall be
22 proceeded against pursuant to RCW (~~9.94A.634~~) 9.94B.040.

23 **Sec. 15.** RCW 9.94A.835 and 2006 c 123 s 2 are each amended to read
24 as follows:

25 (1) The prosecuting attorney shall file a special allegation of
26 sexual motivation in every criminal case, felony, gross misdemeanor, or
27 misdemeanor, other than sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(~~(+38)~~
28 ~~(a) or (c)~~) when sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when
29 considered with the most plausible, reasonably foreseeable defense that
30 could be raised under the evidence, would justify a finding of sexual
31 motivation by a reasonable and objective fact finder.

32 (2) In a criminal case wherein there has been a special allegation
33 the state shall prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the accused
34 committed the crime with a sexual motivation. The court shall make a
35 finding of fact of whether or not a sexual motivation was present at
36 the time of the commission of the crime, or if a jury trial is had, the

1 jury shall, if it finds the defendant guilty, also find a special
2 verdict as to whether or not the defendant committed the crime with a
3 sexual motivation. This finding shall not be applied to sex offenses
4 as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(~~((38)(a) or (c))~~).

5 (3) The prosecuting attorney shall not withdraw the special
6 allegation of sexual motivation without approval of the court through
7 an order of dismissal of the special allegation. The court shall not
8 dismiss this special allegation unless it finds that such an order is
9 necessary to correct an error in the initial charging decision or
10 unless there are evidentiary problems which make proving the special
11 allegation doubtful.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW
13 under the subchapter heading "Special Allegations" to read as follows:

14 In a criminal case in which the defendant has been convicted of
15 unlawful possession of a firearm under RCW 9.41.040, and there has been
16 a special allegation pleaded and proven by a preponderance of the
17 evidence that the accused is a criminal street gang member or associate
18 as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, the court shall make a finding of fact of
19 the special allegation, or if a jury trial is had, the jury shall, if
20 it finds the defendant guilty, also find a special verdict as to
21 whether or not the accused was a criminal street gang member or
22 associate during the commission of the crime.

23 **Sec. 17.** RCW 9.94A.850 and 2005 c 282 s 19 are each amended to
24 read as follows:

25 (1) A sentencing guidelines commission is established as an agency
26 of state government.

27 (2) The legislature finds that the commission, having accomplished
28 its original statutory directive to implement this chapter, and having
29 expertise in sentencing practice and policies, shall:

30 (a) Evaluate state sentencing policy, to include whether the
31 sentencing ranges and standards are consistent with and further:

32 (i) The purposes of this chapter as defined in RCW 9.94A.010; and

33 (ii) The intent of the legislature to emphasize confinement for the
34 violent offender and alternatives to confinement for the nonviolent
35 offender.

1 The commission shall provide the governor and the legislature with
2 its evaluation and recommendations under this subsection not later than
3 December 1, 1996, and every two years thereafter;

4 (b) Recommend to the legislature revisions or modifications to the
5 standard sentence ranges, state sentencing policy, prosecuting
6 standards, and other standards. If implementation of the revisions or
7 modifications would result in exceeding the capacity of correctional
8 facilities, then the commission shall accompany its recommendation with
9 an additional list of standard sentence ranges which are consistent
10 with correction capacity;

11 (c) Study the existing criminal code and from time to time make
12 recommendations to the legislature for modification;

13 (d)(i) Serve as a clearinghouse and information center for the
14 collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on
15 state and local adult and juvenile sentencing practices; (ii) develop
16 and maintain a computerized adult and juvenile sentencing information
17 system by individual superior court judge consisting of offender,
18 offense, history, and sentence information entered from judgment and
19 sentence forms for all adult felons; and (iii) conduct ongoing research
20 regarding adult and juvenile sentencing guidelines, use of total
21 confinement and alternatives to total confinement, plea bargaining, and
22 other matters relating to the improvement of the adult criminal justice
23 system and the juvenile justice system;

24 (e) Assume the powers and duties of the juvenile disposition
25 standards commission after June 30, 1996;

26 (f) Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards
27 and related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW
28 13.40.010 generally, specifically review the guidelines relating to the
29 confinement of minor and first-time offenders as well as the use of
30 diversion, and review the application of current and proposed juvenile
31 sentencing standards and guidelines for potential adverse impacts on
32 the sentencing outcomes of racial and ethnic minority youth;

33 (g) Solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile justice
34 community concerning disposition standards, and make recommendations to
35 the legislature regarding revisions or modifications of the standards.
36 The evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature on December 1 of
37 each odd-numbered year. The department of social and health services
38 shall provide the commission with available data concerning the

1 implementation of the disposition standards and related statutes and
2 their effect on the performance of the department's responsibilities
3 relating to juvenile offenders, and with recommendations for
4 modification of the disposition standards. The administrative office
5 of the courts shall provide the commission with available data on
6 diversion, including the use of youth court programs, and dispositions
7 of juvenile offenders under chapter 13.40 RCW; and

8 (h) Not later than December 1, 1997, and at least every two years
9 thereafter, based on available information, report to the governor and
10 the legislature on:

11 (i) Racial disproportionality in juvenile and adult sentencing,
12 and, if available, the impact that diversions, such as youth courts,
13 have on racial disproportionality in juvenile prosecution,
14 adjudication, and sentencing;

15 (ii) The capacity of state and local juvenile and adult facilities
16 and resources; and

17 (iii) Recidivism information on adult and juvenile offenders.

18 (3) Each of the commission's recommended standard sentence ranges
19 shall include one or more of the following: Total confinement, partial
20 confinement, community supervision, community restitution, and a fine.

21 (4) The standard sentence ranges of total and partial confinement
22 under this chapter, except as provided in RCW 9.94A.517, are subject to
23 the following limitations:

24 (a) If the maximum term in the range is one year or less, the
25 minimum term in the range shall be no less than one-third of the
26 maximum term in the range, except that if the maximum term in the range
27 is ninety days or less, the minimum term may be less than one-third of
28 the maximum;

29 (b) If the maximum term in the range is greater than one year, the
30 minimum term in the range shall be no less than seventy-five percent of
31 the maximum term in the range, except that for murder in the second
32 degree in seriousness level XIV under RCW 9.94A.510, the minimum term
33 in the range shall be no less than fifty percent of the maximum term in
34 the range; and

35 (c) The maximum term of confinement in a range may not exceed the
36 statutory maximum for the crime as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.

37 (5)(a) ~~((Not later than December 31, 1999, the commission shall
38 propose to the legislature the initial community custody ranges to be~~

1 ~~included in sentences under RCW 9.94A.715 for crimes committed on or~~
2 ~~after July 1, 2000.)~~) Not later than December 31 of each year, the
3 commission may propose modifications to the community custody ranges to
4 be included in sentences under RCW 9.94A.701. The ranges shall be
5 based on the principles in RCW 9.94A.010, and shall take into account
6 the funds available to the department for community custody. The
7 minimum term in each range shall not be less than one-half of the
8 maximum term.

9 (b) The legislature may, by enactment of a legislative bill, adopt
10 or modify the community custody ranges proposed by the commission. If
11 the legislature fails to adopt or modify the initial ranges in its next
12 regular session after they are proposed, the proposed ranges shall take
13 effect without legislative approval for crimes committed on or after
14 July 1, 2000.

15 (c) When the commission proposes modifications to ranges pursuant
16 to this subsection, the legislature may, by enactment of a bill, adopt
17 or modify the ranges proposed by the commission for crimes committed on
18 or after July 1 of the year after they were proposed. Unless the
19 legislature adopts or modifies the commission's proposal in its next
20 regular session, the proposed ranges shall not take effect.

21 (6) The commission shall exercise its duties under this section in
22 conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW.

23 **Sec. 18.** RCW 9.94B.030 and 1988 c 153 s 8 are each amended to read
24 as follows:

25 If the offender violates any condition of postrelease supervision,
26 a hearing may be conducted in the same manner as provided in RCW
27 (~~(9.94A.634)~~) 9.94B.040. Jurisdiction shall be with the court of the
28 county in which the offender was sentenced. However, the court may
29 order a change of venue to the offender's county of residence or where
30 the violation occurred, for the purpose of holding a violation hearing.

31 After the hearing, the court may order the offender to be confined
32 for up to sixty days per violation in the county jail. Reimbursement
33 to a city or county for the care of offenders who are detained solely
34 for violating a condition of postrelease supervision shall be under RCW
35 70.48.440. A county shall be reimbursed for indigent defense costs for
36 offenders who are detained solely for violating a condition of
37 postrelease supervision in accordance with regulations to be

1 promulgated by the office of financial management. An offender may be
2 held in jail at state expense pending the hearing, and any time served
3 while awaiting the hearing shall be credited against confinement
4 imposed for a violation. The court shall retain jurisdiction for the
5 purpose of holding the violation hearing and imposing a sanction.

6 **Sec. 19.** RCW 9.94B.060 and 2003 c 379 s 5 are each amended to read
7 as follows:

8 Except for persons sentenced under RCW ((~~9.94A.700~~)) 9.94B.050(2)
9 or ((~~9.94A.710~~)) 9.94B.070, when a court sentences a person to a term
10 of total confinement to the custody of the department for a violent
11 offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or any
12 felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under RCW
13 9.94A.660, committed on or after July 25, 1999, but before July 1,
14 2000, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence,
15 sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement
16 beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such
17 time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of
18 earned release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.728 (1) and (2). When the
19 court sentences the offender under this section to the statutory
20 maximum period of confinement, then the community placement portion of
21 the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which
22 the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.728 (1)
23 and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be
24 credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.
25 Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.501, the department shall supervise any
26 sentence of community placement or community custody imposed under this
27 section.

28 **Sec. 20.** RCW 9.94B.070 and 2000 c 28 s 24 are each amended to read
29 as follows:

30 (1) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the
31 department for an offense categorized as a sex offense, including those
32 sex offenses also included in other offense categories, committed on or
33 after June 6, 1996, and before July 1, 2000, the court shall, in
34 addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to
35 community custody for three years or up to the period of earned release
36 awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728, whichever is longer. The community

1 custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement
2 or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in
3 lieu of earned release.

4 (2) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of
5 community custody imposed under this section shall be the same as those
6 provided for in RCW ((~~9.94A.700~~)) 9.94B.050(4) and may include those
7 provided for in RCW ((~~9.94A.700~~)) 9.94B.050(5). As part of any
8 sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this
9 section, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any
10 conditions imposed by the department under RCW ((~~9.94A.720~~)) 9.94A.704.

11 (3) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of
12 community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be
13 enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or
14 all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up
15 to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in
16 chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term
17 of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under
18 this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of
19 community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for
20 the purposes of RCW 9.94A.631 and may be punishable as contempt of
21 court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.

22 **Sec. 21.** RCW 9.95.011 and 2007 c 363 s 1 are each amended to read
23 as follows:

24 (1) When the court commits a convicted person to the department of
25 corrections on or after July 1, 1986, for an offense committed before
26 July 1, 1984, the court shall, at the time of sentencing or revocation
27 of probation, fix the minimum term. The term so fixed shall not exceed
28 the maximum sentence provided by law for the offense of which the
29 person is convicted.

30 The court shall attempt to set the minimum term reasonably
31 consistent with the purposes, standards, and sentencing ranges adopted
32 under RCW 9.94A.850, but the court is subject to the same limitations
33 as those placed on the board under RCW 9.92.090, 9.95.040 (1) through
34 (4), 9.95.115, 9A.32.040, 9A.44.045, and chapter 69.50 RCW. The
35 court's minimum term decision is subject to review to the same extent
36 as a minimum term decision by the parole board before July 1, 1986.

1 Thereafter, the expiration of the minimum term set by the court
2 minus any time credits earned under RCW 9.95.070 and 9.95.110
3 constitutes the parole eligibility review date, at which time the board
4 may consider the convicted person for parole under RCW 9.95.100 and
5 9.95.110 and chapter 72.04A RCW. Nothing in this section affects the
6 board's authority to reduce or increase the minimum term, once set by
7 the court, under RCW 9.95.040, 9.95.052, 9.95.055, 9.95.070, 9.95.080,
8 9.95.100, 9.95.115, 9.95.125, or 9.95.047.

9 (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, not less than
10 ninety days prior to the expiration of the minimum term of a person
11 sentenced under RCW (~~9.94A.712~~) 9.94A.507, for a sex offense
12 committed on or after September 1, 2001, less any time credits
13 permitted by statute, the board shall review the person for conditional
14 release to community custody as provided in RCW 9.95.420. If the board
15 does not release the person, it shall set a new minimum term not to
16 exceed an additional five years. The board shall review the person
17 again not less than ninety days prior to the expiration of the new
18 minimum term.

19 (b) If at the time a person sentenced under RCW (~~9.94A.712~~)
20 9.94A.507 for a sex offense committed on or after September 1, 2001,
21 arrives at a department of corrections facility, the offender's minimum
22 term has expired or will expire within one hundred twenty days of the
23 offender's arrival, then no later than one hundred twenty days after
24 the offender's arrival at a department of corrections facility, but
25 after the board receives the results from the end of sentence review
26 process and the recommendations for additional or modified conditions
27 of community custody from the department, the board shall review the
28 person for conditional release to community custody as provided in RCW
29 9.95.420. If the board does not release the person, it shall set a new
30 minimum term not to exceed an additional five years. The board shall
31 review the person again not less than ninety days prior to the
32 expiration of the new minimum term.

33 (c) In setting a new minimum term, the board may consider the
34 length of time necessary for the offender to complete treatment and
35 programming as well as other factors that relate to the offender's
36 release under RCW 9.95.420. The board's rules shall permit an offender
37 to petition for an earlier review if circumstances change or the board
38 receives new information that would warrant an earlier review.

1 **Sec. 22.** RCW 9.95.017 and 2008 c 231 s 40 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) The board shall cause to be prepared criteria for duration of
4 confinement, release on parole, and length of parole for persons
5 committed to prison for crimes committed before July 1, 1984.

6 The proposed criteria should take into consideration RCW
7 9.95.009(2). Before submission to the governor, the board shall
8 solicit comments and review on their proposed criteria for parole
9 release.

10 (2) Persons committed to the department of corrections and who are
11 under the authority of the board for crimes committed on or after
12 September 1, 2001, are subject to the provisions for duration of
13 confinement, release to community custody, and length of community
14 custody established in RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507, 9.94A.704,
15 72.09.335, and 9.95.420 through 9.95.440.

16 **Sec. 23.** RCW 9.95.055 and 2003 c 218 s 3 are each amended to read
17 as follows:

18 The indeterminate sentence review board is hereby granted
19 authority, in the event of a declaration by the governor that a war
20 emergency exists, including a general mobilization, and for the
21 duration thereof only, to reduce downward the minimum term, as set by
22 the board, of any inmate under the jurisdiction of the board confined
23 in a state correctional facility, who will be accepted by and inducted
24 into the armed services: PROVIDED, That a reduction downward shall not
25 be made under this section for those inmates who: (1) Are confined for
26 (a) treason; (b) murder in the first degree; or (c) rape of a child in
27 the first degree where the victim is under ten years of age or an
28 equivalent offense under prior law; (2) are being considered for civil
29 commitment as a sexually violent predator under chapter 71.09 RCW; or
30 (3) were sentenced under RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507 for a crime
31 committed on or after September 1, 2001.

32 **Sec. 24.** RCW 9.95.070 and 2003 c 218 s 4 are each amended to read
33 as follows:

34 (1) Every prisoner, convicted of a crime committed before July 1,
35 1984, who has a favorable record of conduct at a state correctional
36 institution, and who performs in a faithful, diligent, industrious,

1 orderly and peaceable manner the work, duties, and tasks assigned to
2 him or her to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the
3 institution, and in whose behalf the superintendent of the institution
4 files a report certifying that his or her conduct and work have been
5 meritorious and recommending allowance of time credits to him or her,
6 shall upon, but not until, the adoption of such recommendation by the
7 indeterminate sentence review board, be allowed time credit reductions
8 from the term of imprisonment fixed by the board.

9 (2) Offenders sentenced under RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507 for a
10 crime committed on or after September 1, 2001, are subject to the
11 earned release provisions for sex offenders established in RCW
12 9.94A.728.

13 **Sec. 25.** RCW 9.95.090 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 329 are each
14 amended to read as follows:

15 (1) The board shall require of every able bodied offender confined
16 in a state correctional institution for a crime committed before July
17 1, 1984, as many hours of faithful labor in each and every day during
18 his or her term of imprisonment as shall be prescribed by the rules and
19 regulations of the institution in which he or she is confined.

20 (2) Offenders sentenced under RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507 for
21 crimes committed on or after July 1, 2001, shall perform work or other
22 programming as required by the department of corrections during their
23 term of confinement.

24 **Sec. 26.** RCW 9.95.110 and 2008 c 231 s 42 are each amended to read
25 as follows:

26 (1) The board may permit an offender convicted of a crime committed
27 before July 1, 1984, to leave the buildings and enclosures of a state
28 correctional institution on parole, after such convicted person has
29 served the period of confinement fixed for him or her by the board,
30 less time credits for good behavior and diligence in work: PROVIDED,
31 That in no case shall an inmate be credited with more than one-third of
32 his or her sentence as fixed by the board.

33 The board may establish rules and regulations under which an
34 offender may be allowed to leave the confines of a state correctional
35 institution on parole, and may return such person to the confines of
36 the institution from which he or she was paroled, at its discretion.

1 (2) The board may permit an offender convicted of a crime committed
2 on or after September 1, 2001, and sentenced under RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~))
3 9.94A.507, to leave a state correctional institution on community
4 custody according to the provisions of RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507,
5 9.94A.704, 72.09.335, and 9.95.420 through 9.95.440. The person may be
6 returned to the institution following a violation of his or her
7 conditions of release to community custody pursuant to the hearing
8 provisions of RCW 9.95.435.

9 **Sec. 27.** RCW 9.95.121 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 334 are each
10 amended to read as follows:

11 (1) For offenders convicted of crimes committed before July 1,
12 1984, within fifteen days from the date of notice to the department of
13 corrections of the arrest and detention of the alleged parole violator,
14 he or she shall be personally served by a state community corrections
15 officer with a copy of the factual allegations of the violation of the
16 conditions of parole, and, at the same time shall be advised of his or
17 her right to an on-site parole revocation hearing and of his or her
18 rights and privileges as provided in RCW 9.95.120 through 9.95.126.
19 The alleged parole violator, after service of the allegations of
20 violations of the conditions of parole and the advice of rights may
21 waive the on-site parole revocation hearing as provided in RCW
22 9.95.120, and admit one or more of the alleged violations of the
23 conditions of parole. If the board accepts the waiver it shall either,
24 (a) reinstate the parolee on parole under the same or modified
25 conditions, or (b) revoke the parole of the parolee and enter an order
26 of parole revocation and return to state custody. A determination of
27 a new minimum sentence shall be made within thirty days of return to
28 state custody which shall not exceed the maximum sentence as provided
29 by law for the crime of which the parolee was originally convicted or
30 the maximum fixed by the court.

31 If the waiver made by the parolee is rejected by the board it shall
32 hold an on-site parole revocation hearing under the provisions of RCW
33 9.95.120 through 9.95.126.

34 (2) Offenders sentenced under RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~)) 9.94A.507 are
35 subject to the violation hearing process established in RCW 9.95.435.

1 **Sec. 28.** RCW 9.95.122 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 335 are each
2 amended to read as follows:

3 (1) At any on-site parole revocation hearing for a person convicted
4 of a crime committed before July 1, 1984, the alleged parole violator
5 shall be entitled to be represented by an attorney of his or her own
6 choosing and at his or her own expense, except, upon the presentation
7 of satisfactory evidence of indigency and the request for the
8 appointment of an attorney by the alleged parole violator, the board
9 may cause the appointment of an attorney to represent the alleged
10 parole violator to be paid for at state expense, and, in addition, the
11 board may assume all or such other expenses in the presentation of
12 evidence on behalf of the alleged parole violator as it may have
13 authorized: PROVIDED, That funds are available for the payment of
14 attorneys' fees and expenses. Attorneys for the representation of
15 alleged parole violators in on-site hearings shall be appointed by the
16 superior courts for the counties wherein the on-site parole revocation
17 hearing is to be held and such attorneys shall be compensated in such
18 manner and in such amount as shall be fixed in a schedule of fees
19 adopted by rule of the board.

20 (2) The rights of offenders sentenced under RCW ((~~9.94A.712~~))
21 9.94A.507 are defined in RCW 9.95.435.

22 **Sec. 29.** RCW 9.95.140 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 341 are each
23 amended to read as follows:

24 (1) The board shall cause a complete record to be kept of every
25 prisoner under the jurisdiction of the board released on parole or
26 community custody. Such records shall be organized in accordance with
27 the most modern methods of filing and indexing so that there will be
28 always immediately available complete information about each such
29 prisoner. Subject to information sharing provisions related to
30 mentally ill offenders, the end of sentence review committee, and the
31 department of corrections, the board may make rules as to the privacy
32 of such records and their use by others than the board and its staff.
33 Sex offenders convicted of crimes committed before July 1, 1984, who
34 are under the board's jurisdiction shall be subject to the
35 determinations of the end of sentence review committee regarding risk
36 level and subject to sex offender registration and community

1 notification. The board shall be immune from liability for the release
2 of information concerning sex offenders as provided in RCW 4.24.550.

3 The superintendents of state correctional facilities and all
4 officers and employees thereof and all other public officials shall at
5 all times cooperate with the board and furnish to the board, its
6 officers, and employees such information as may be necessary to enable
7 it to perform its functions, and such superintendents and other
8 employees shall at all times give the members of the board, its
9 officers, and employees free access to all prisoners confined in the
10 state correctional facilities.

11 (2) Offenders sentenced under RCW (~~(9.94A.712)~~) 9.94A.507 shall be
12 subject to the determinations of the end of sentence review committee
13 regarding risk level and subject to sex offender registration and
14 community notification.

15 (3) The end of sentence review committee shall make law enforcement
16 notifications for offenders under board jurisdiction on the same basis
17 that it notifies law enforcement regarding offenders sentenced under
18 chapter 9.94A RCW for crimes committed after July 1, 1984.

19 **Sec. 30.** RCW 9.95.425 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 307 are each
20 amended to read as follows:

21 (1) Whenever the board or a community corrections officer of this
22 state has reason to believe an offender released under RCW 9.95.420 has
23 violated a condition of community custody or the laws of this state,
24 any community corrections officer may arrest or cause the arrest and
25 detention of the offender pending a determination by the board whether
26 sanctions should be imposed or the offender's community custody should
27 be revoked. The community corrections officer shall report all facts
28 and circumstances surrounding the alleged violation to the board, with
29 recommendations.

30 (2) If the board or the department causes the arrest or detention
31 of an offender for a violation that does not amount to a new crime and
32 the offender is arrested or detained by local law enforcement or in a
33 local jail, the board or department, whichever caused the arrest or
34 detention, shall be financially responsible for local costs. Jail bed
35 costs shall be allocated at the rate established under RCW
36 9.94A.740(~~(+3)~~)).

1 **Sec. 31.** RCW 9.95.900 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 353 are each
2 amended to read as follows:

3 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the
4 following sections of law do not apply to any felony offense committed
5 on or after July 1, 1984: RCW 9.95.010, 9.95.011, 9.95.013, 9.95.015,
6 9.95.017, 9.95.040, 9.95.045, 9.95.047, 9.95.052, 9.95.080, 9.95.100,
7 9.95.115, 9.95.116, 9.95.120, 9.95.124, 9.95.125, 9.95.130, 9.95.190,
8 9.95.200, 9.95.204, 9.95.206, 9.95.210, 9.95.212, 9.95.214, 9.95.220,
9 9.95.230, 9.95.240, 9.95.250, 9.95.260, 9.95.265, 9.95.280, 9.95.290,
10 9.95.310, 9.95.320, 9.95.330, 9.95.340, 9.95.350, 9.95.360, 9.95.370,
11 72.04A.070, and 72.04A.080.

12 (2) The following sections apply to any felony offense committed
13 before July 1, 1984, and to any offense sentenced under RCW
14 (~~(9.94A.712)~~) 9.94A.507 and committed on or after July 1, 2001: RCW
15 9.95.003, 9.95.005, 9.95.007, 9.95.020, 9.95.030, 9.95.031, 9.95.032,
16 9.95.055, 9.95.060, 9.95.062, 9.95.063, 9.95.064, 9.95.070, 9.95.090,
17 9.95.110, 9.95.121, 9.95.122, 9.95.123, 9.95.126, 9.95.140, 9.95.150,
18 9.95.160, 9.95.170, 9.95.300, and 9.96.050.

19 **Sec. 32.** RCW 9A.76.115 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 360 are each
20 amended to read as follows:

21 (1) A person is guilty of sexually violent predator escape if:

22 (a) Having been found to be a sexually violent predator and
23 confined to the special commitment center or another secure facility
24 under court order, the person escapes from the secure facility;

25 (b) Having been found to be a sexually violent predator and being
26 under an order of conditional release, the person leaves or remains
27 absent from the state of Washington without prior court authorization;
28 or

29 (c) Having been found to be a sexually violent predator and being
30 under an order of conditional release, the person: (i) Without
31 authorization, leaves or remains absent from his or her residence,
32 place of employment, educational institution, or authorized outing;
33 (ii) tampers with his or her electronic monitoring device or removes it
34 without authorization; or (iii) escapes from his or her escort.

35 (2) Sexually violent predator escape is a class A felony with a
36 minimum sentence of sixty months, and shall be sentenced under RCW
37 (~~(9.94A.712)~~) 9.94A.507.

1 **Sec. 33.** RCW 13.40.135 and 1997 c 338 s 23 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

3 (1) The prosecuting attorney shall file a special allegation of
4 sexual motivation in every juvenile offense other than sex offenses as
5 defined in RCW 9.94A.030(~~((33)(a) or (c))~~) when sufficient admissible
6 evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible,
7 reasonably consistent defense that could be raised under the evidence,
8 would justify a finding of sexual motivation by a reasonable and
9 objective fact finder.

10 (2) In a juvenile case wherein there has been a special allegation
11 the state shall prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the juvenile
12 committed the offense with a sexual motivation. The court shall make
13 a finding of fact of whether or not the sexual motivation was present
14 at the time of the commission of the offense. This finding shall not
15 be applied to sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(~~((33)(a) or~~
16 ~~(c))~~).

17 (3) The prosecuting attorney shall not withdraw the special
18 allegation of "sexual motivation" without approval of the court through
19 an order of dismissal. The court shall not dismiss the special
20 allegation unless it finds that such an order is necessary to correct
21 an error in the initial charging decision or unless there are
22 evidentiary problems which make proving the special allegation
23 doubtful.

24 **Sec. 34.** RCW 72.09.335 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 305 are each
25 amended to read as follows:

26 The department shall provide offenders sentenced under RCW
27 (~~(9.94A.712)~~) 9.94A.507 with the opportunity for sex offender treatment
28 during incarceration.

29 **Sec. 35.** RCW 72.09.340 and 2005 c 436 s 3 are each amended to read
30 as follows:

31 (1) In making all discretionary decisions regarding release plans
32 for and supervision of sex offenders, the department shall set
33 priorities and make decisions based on an assessment of public safety
34 risks.

35 (2) The department shall, no later than September 1, 1996,
36 implement a policy governing the department's evaluation and approval

1 of release plans for sex offenders. The policy shall include, at a
2 minimum, a formal process by which victims, witnesses, and other
3 interested people may provide information and comments to the
4 department on potential safety risks to specific individuals or classes
5 of individuals posed by a specific sex offender. The department shall
6 make all reasonable efforts to publicize the availability of this
7 process through currently existing mechanisms and shall seek the
8 assistance of courts, prosecutors, law enforcement, and victims'
9 advocacy groups in doing so. Notice of an offender's proposed
10 residence shall be provided to all people registered to receive notice
11 of an offender's release under RCW (~~(9.94A.612)~~) 72.09.712(2), except
12 that in no case may this notification requirement be construed to
13 require an extension of an offender's release date.

14 (3)(a) For any offender convicted of a felony sex offense against
15 a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the department shall not approve a
16 residence location if the proposed residence: (i) Includes a minor
17 victim or child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim who
18 the department determines may be put at substantial risk of harm by the
19 offender's residence in the household; or (ii) is within close
20 proximity of the current residence of a minor victim, unless the
21 whereabouts of the minor victim cannot be determined or unless such a
22 restriction would impede family reunification efforts ordered by the
23 court or directed by the department of social and health services. The
24 department is further authorized to reject a residence location if the
25 proposed residence is within close proximity to schools, child care
26 centers, playgrounds, or other grounds or facilities where children of
27 similar age or circumstance as a previous victim are present who the
28 department determines may be put at substantial risk of harm by the sex
29 offender's residence at that location.

30 (b) In addition, for any offender prohibited from living in a
31 community protection zone under RCW (~~(9.94A.712(6)(a)(ii))~~)
32 9.94A.703(1)(c), the department may not approve a residence location if
33 the proposed residence is in a community protection zone.

34 (4) When the department requires supervised visitation as a term or
35 condition of a sex offender's community placement under RCW
36 (~~(9.94A.700)~~) 9.94B.050(6), the department shall, prior to approving a
37 supervisor, consider the following:

1 (a) The relationships between the proposed supervisor, the
2 offender, and the minor; (b) the proposed supervisor's acknowledgment
3 and understanding of the offender's prior criminal conduct, general
4 knowledge of the dynamics of child sexual abuse, and willingness and
5 ability to protect the minor from the potential risks posed by contact
6 with the offender; and (c) recommendations made by the department of
7 social and health services about the best interests of the child.

8 **Sec. 36.** RCW 72.09.370 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 362 are each
9 amended to read as follows:

10 (1) The secretary shall identify offenders in confinement or
11 partial confinement who: (a) Are reasonably believed to be dangerous
12 to themselves or others; and (b) have a mental disorder. In
13 determining an offender's dangerousness, the secretary shall consider
14 behavior known to the department and factors, based on research, that
15 are linked to an increased risk for dangerousness of mentally ill
16 offenders and shall include consideration of an offender's chemical
17 dependency or abuse.

18 (2) Prior to release of an offender identified under this section,
19 a team consisting of representatives of the department of corrections,
20 the division of mental health, and, as necessary, the indeterminate
21 sentence review board, other divisions or administrations within the
22 department of social and health services, specifically including the
23 division of alcohol and substance abuse and the division of
24 developmental disabilities, the appropriate regional support network,
25 and the providers, as appropriate, shall develop a plan, as determined
26 necessary by the team, for delivery of treatment and support services
27 to the offender upon release. The team may include a school district
28 representative for offenders under the age of twenty-one. The team
29 shall consult with the offender's counsel, if any, and, as appropriate,
30 the offender's family and community. The team shall notify the crime
31 victim/witness program, which shall provide notice to all people
32 registered to receive notice under RCW ((~~9-94A-612~~)) 72.09.712 of the
33 proposed release plan developed by the team. Victims, witnesses, and
34 other interested people notified by the department may provide
35 information and comments to the department on potential safety risk to
36 specific individuals or classes of individuals posed by the specific
37 offender. The team may recommend: (a) That the offender be evaluated

1 by the ((county)) designated mental health professional, as defined in
2 chapter 71.05 RCW; (b) department-supervised community treatment; or
3 (c) voluntary community mental health or chemical dependency or abuse
4 treatment.

5 (3) Prior to release of an offender identified under this section,
6 the team shall determine whether or not an evaluation by a county
7 designated mental health professional is needed. If an evaluation is
8 recommended, the supporting documentation shall be immediately
9 forwarded to the appropriate county designated mental health
10 professional. The supporting documentation shall include the
11 offender's criminal history, history of judicially required or
12 administratively ordered involuntary antipsychotic medication while in
13 confinement, and any known history of involuntary civil commitment.

14 (4) If an evaluation by a county designated mental health
15 professional is recommended by the team, such evaluation shall occur
16 not more than ten days, nor less than five days, prior to release.

17 (5) A second evaluation by a county designated mental health
18 professional shall occur on the day of release if requested by the
19 team, based upon new information or a change in the offender's mental
20 condition, and the initial evaluation did not result in an emergency
21 detention or a summons under chapter 71.05 RCW.

22 (6) If the county designated mental health professional determines
23 an emergency detention under chapter 71.05 RCW is necessary, the
24 department shall release the offender only to a state hospital or to a
25 consenting evaluation and treatment facility. The department shall
26 arrange transportation of the offender to the hospital or facility.

27 (7) If the county designated mental health professional believes
28 that a less restrictive alternative treatment is appropriate, he or she
29 shall seek a summons, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 71.05 RCW,
30 to require the offender to appear at an evaluation and treatment
31 facility. If a summons is issued, the offender shall remain within the
32 corrections facility until completion of his or her term of confinement
33 and be transported, by corrections personnel on the day of completion,
34 directly to the identified evaluation and treatment facility.

35 (8) The secretary shall adopt rules to implement this section.

36 **Sec. 37.** RCW 72.09.714 and 1989 c 30 s 2 are each amended to read
37 as follows:

1 The department of corrections shall provide the victims and next of
2 kin in the case of a homicide and witnesses involved in violent offense
3 cases or sex offenses as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 where a judgment and
4 sentence was entered after October 1, 1983, a statement of the rights
5 of victims and witnesses to request and receive notification under RCW
6 (~~(9.94A.612)~~) 72.09.712 and (~~(9.94A.616)~~) 72.09.716.

7 **Sec. 38.** RCW 72.09.716 and 1985 c 346 s 3 are each amended to read
8 as follows:

9 Requests for notification under RCW (~~(9.94A.612)~~) 72.09.712 shall
10 be made by sending a written request by certified mail directly to the
11 department of corrections and giving the defendant's name, the name of
12 the county in which the trial took place, and the month of the trial.
13 Notification information and necessary forms shall be available through
14 the department of corrections, county prosecutors' offices, and other
15 agencies as deemed appropriate by the department of corrections.

16 **Sec. 39.** RCW 72.09.718 and 1985 c 346 s 4 are each amended to read
17 as follows:

18 The notification requirements of RCW (~~(9.94A.612)~~) 72.09.712 are in
19 addition to any requirements in RCW 43.43.745 or other law.

20 **Sec. 40.** RCW 72.09.720 and 1985 c 346 s 7 are each amended to read
21 as follows:

22 Civil liability shall not result from failure to provide notice
23 required under RCW (~~(9.94A.612)~~) 72.09.712 through (~~(9.94A.618)~~)
24 72.09.718, 9.94A.030, and 43.43.745 unless the failure is the result of
25 gross negligence.

26 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 41.** (1) RCW 9.94A.602 and 9.94A.605 are each
27 recodified as sections in chapter 9.94A RCW under the subchapter
28 heading "special allegations."

29 (2) RCW 9.94A.771 is recodified as a section in chapter 9.94B RCW.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 42.** The following acts or parts of acts are
31 each repealed:

32 (1) RCW 9.94A.545 (Community custody) and 2008 c 276 s 304, 2006 c

1 128 s 4, 2003 c 379 s 8, 2000 c 28 s 13, 1999 c 196 s 10, 1988 c 143 s
2 23, & 1984 c 209 s 22; and

3 (2) RCW 9.94A.715 (Community custody for specified offenders--
4 Conditions) and 2008 c 276 s 305; 2006 c 130 s 2, 2006 c 128 s 5, 2003
5 c 379 s 6, 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 302, 2001 c 10 s 5, & 2000 c 28 s 25.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 43.** This act takes effect August 1, 2009.

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