S-3987.1				

## SENATE BILL 6752

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Senators Roach and Parlette

Read first time 01/25/10. Referred to Committee on Government Operations & Elections.

- AN ACT Relating to signatures on an initiative or referendum petition; amending RCW 29A.72.170 and 29A.72.140; adding a new section to chapter 29A.72 RCW; creating new sections; and prescribing
- 4 penalties.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature respects our state
  7 Constitution and supports the people's right to initiative and
  8 referendum. Voters' right to have their valid signature count, right
  9 to peacefully petition their government for change, and right to
  10 participate must be facilitated and protected by their elected
  11 representatives and the laws of the state of Washington.
- 12 It is the intent of the legislature to require that valid voter signatures on initiative and referendum petitions be counted by the 13 14 secretary of state. To disenfranchise a valid voter signature solely because of a signature gatherer's conduct is inconsistent with our 15 16 state Constitution, as expounded by the Washington supreme court in Sudduth v. Chapman, 88 Wn.2d 274, 558 P.2d 806 (1977). If the voter's 17 18 signature on a petition matches the signature on the voter's 19 registration, then the valid voter's signature must be counted.

p. 1 SB 6752

It is also the intent of the legislature to fully inform citizens about the laws relating to petition signing, petition signature gathering, and unlawful interference with or harassment of anyone signing a petition or gathering signatures for a petition.

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The legislature also intends to ensure the safety of citizens who 5 gather signatures for initiatives and referenda. In Washington 6 Initiatives Now v. Rippie, 213 F.3d 1132 (9th Cir. 2000), the ninth 7 8 circuit court of appeals struck down a Washington state law requiring the disclosure of the names and addresses of signature gatherers. 9 10 court concluded: "There can be no doubt that the compelled disclosure of this information chills political speech." Compelling testimony by 11 12 citizens shows that passions and emotions run high before, during, and 13 after signature drives for initiatives and referenda. Protection of 14 peaceful citizen participation is essential for a functioning process.

15 **Sec. 2.** RCW 29A.72.170 and 2003 c 111 s 1818 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary of state may refuse to file any initiative or referendum petition being submitted upon any of the following grounds:

- 19 (1) That the petition does not contain the information required by 20 RCW 29A.72.110, 29A.72.120, or 29A.72.130.
  - (2) That the petition clearly bears insufficient signatures.
- 22 (3) That the time within which the petition may be filed has 23 expired.

In case of such refusal, the secretary of state shall endorse on the petition the word "submitted" and the date, and retain the petition pending appeal.

27 If none of the grounds for refusal exists, the secretary of state 28 must accept and file the petition.

For individual voter signatures on an initiative or referendum petition, the secretary of state must accept and may not reject a valid voter signature if it matches the signature on the voter's registration as long as the requirements in subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section are fulfilled.

34 **Sec. 3.** RCW 29A.72.140 and 2003 c 111 s 1815 are each amended to read as follows:

36 The word "warning" and the following warning statement regarding

SB 6752 p. 2

signing petitions <u>and gathering signatures for petitions</u> must appear on petitions as prescribed by this title and must be printed on each petition sheet such that they occupy not less than ((<del>four</del>)) <u>six</u> square inches of the front of the petition sheet.

5 WARNING

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Every person who signs this petition with any other than his or her 6 7 true name, knowingly signs more than one of these petitions, signs this 8 petition when he or she is not a legal voter, or makes any false 9 statement on this petition may be punished by fine or imprisonment or Every person who gathers signatures for this petition is warned 10 that, under chapter 29A.84 RCW, forgery of signatures on this petition 11 constitutes a class C felony, and that offering any consideration or 12 gratuity to any person to induce them to sign a petition is a gross 13 14 misdemeanor, such violations being punishable by fine or imprisonment or both. Every person who interferes with the signature gathering 15 16 process is warned that, under RCW 9A.46.020, any conduct constituting 17 harassment against a petition signature gatherer is a gross misdemeanor, such violations being punishable by fine or imprisonment 18 or both. This penalty does not preclude the victim from seeking any 19 other remedy otherwise available under law. 20

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 29A.72 RCW to read as follows:

Initiative and referendum petitions shall not require the signature gatherer to put their name, address, city, state, and zip code on the petition to ensure the safety of those individuals and to protect them from, and make them less susceptible to, intimidation, retaliation, or harassment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. This act shall be known and cited as the valid voter signature protection act.

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p. 3 SB 6752