HOUSE BILL 3040

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Representatives Conway, Wood, Appleton, Rolfes, Sells, Sullivan, and Finn

Read first time 01/21/10. Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the licensing of appraisal management companies;
- 2 adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. INTENT. It is the intent of the legislature
- 5 that only companies which meet and maintain minimum standards of
- 6 competence and conduct may provide appraisal management services.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be known and
- 8 cited as the appraisal management company act.
- 9 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this
- 10 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly
- 11 requires otherwise.
- 12 (1) "Appraisal" means the practice of developing an opinion of
- 13 value of real property in conformance with uniform standards of
- 14 professional appraisal practice as developed by the appraisal
- 15 foundation or by statute, or any other definition utilized within state
- 16 or federal government regulations.

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- (2) "Appraisal management company" means an entity that directly or indirectly performs appraisal management services, regardless of the use of the term appraisal management company, mortgage technology provider, lender processing services, lender services, loan processor, mortgage services, real estate closing services provider, settlement services provider, or vendor management company, or any other term.
- (3) "Appraisal management services" means to, directly or indirectly, perform any or all of the following functions on behalf of a lender, financial institution, mortgage broker, loan originator, or any other person:
 - (a) Administer an appraiser panel;

- (b) Recruit, qualify, verify licensing or certification, and negotiate fees and service level expectations with persons who are part of an appraiser panel;
- (c) Receive an order for an appraisal from one person, or entity, and deliver the order for the appraisal to an appraiser that is part of an appraiser panel for completion;
 - (d) Track and determine the status of appraisal orders;
- (e) Conduct quality control of a completed appraisal prior to the delivery of the appraisal to the person that ordered the appraisal; and
- (f) Provide a completed appraisal performed by an appraiser to one or more persons that have ordered an appraisal.
- (4) "Appraiser" means a person who holds a license or certification to complete an appraisal in the state where the real property that is the subject of the appraisal is located.
- (5) "Appraiser fee schedule" means a list of the various appraisal products requested by an appraisal management company in this state from appraisers and the fees that the appraisal management company is willing to pay an appraiser for the performance of the appraisals.
- (6) "Appraiser panel" means a network of licensed or certified appraisers who are independent contractors of an appraisal management company that have:
- (a) Independently applied to or responded to an invitation, request, or solicitation from an appraisal management company, in any form, to perform appraisals for persons, or entities, that have ordered appraisals through the appraisal management company, or to perform appraisals for the appraisal management company directly, on a periodic basis, as assigned by the appraisal management company; and

- (b) Been selected, and approved, by an appraisal management company to perform appraisals for a person, or entity, that has ordered an appraisal through the appraisal management company, or to perform appraisals for the appraisal management company directly, on a periodic basis, as assigned by the appraisal management company.
 - (7) "Controlling person" means:

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- (a) An owner, officer, or director of a corporation, partnership, or other business entity seeking to offer appraisal management services in this state;
- (b) An individual employed, appointed, or authorized by an appraisal management company that has the authority to enter into a contractual relationship with other persons for the performance of appraisal management services and has the authority to enter into agreements with appraisers for the performance of appraisals;
- 15 (c) An individual who possesses, directly or indirectly, the power 16 to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of an 17 appraisal management company;
 - (d) Any person who controls, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, alone or in concert with others, or a ten percent or greater interest in a partnership, company, association, or corporation; or
- (e) Any person who controls a limited liability company or is the owner of a sole proprietorship.
 - (8) "Department" means the department of licensing.
- 25 (9) "Director" means the director of the department of licensing.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTOR. The director has the following powers and duties:
- 28 (1) To adopt rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW necessary 29 to implement this chapter and chapter 18.235 RCW;
- 30 (2)(a) To receive and approve or deny applications for licensure as 31 an appraisal management company under this chapter;
- 32 (b) To establish appropriate administrative procedures for the 33 processing of the applications;
- 34 (c) To issue licenses to qualified companies pursuant to the 35 provisions of this chapter; and
- 36 (d) To maintain a roster of the names and addresses of companies
 37 licensed under this chapter;

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- 1 (3) To employ professional, clerical, and technical assistance as 2 may be necessary to properly administer the work of the director;
 - (4) To establish forms necessary to administer this chapter;
 - (5) To oversee the performance of any background checks;
 - (6) To initiate and oversee investigations and any audits;
 - (7) To establish grounds for disciplinary actions;

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- 7 (8) To establish by rule, fees necessary to administer this 8 chapter; and
- 9 (9) To do all other things necessary to carry out the provisions of 10 this chapter and minimally meet the requirements of federal and other 11 guidelines regarding appraisal management companies.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. IMMUNITY. The director or individuals acting on behalf of the director are immune from suit in any action, civil or criminal, based on any acts performed in the course of their duties except for their intentional or willful misconduct.
- NEW SECTION. 6. APPLICATIONS--ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL 16 Sec. REGISTRATION. (1) Applications for licensure registration must be made 17 in writing to the department on forms approved by the director. 18 19 Applications for original and renewal licenses must include a statement confirming that the company shall comply with applicable rules and 20 and that the company understands the penalties 21 regulations for 22 misconduct.
 - (2) The appropriate fees must accompany all applications for original licensure and renewal registration.
 - (3) Each applicant shall file and maintain a surety bond, approved by the director, executed by the applicant as obligor and by a surety company authorized to do a surety business in this state as surety, whose liability as the surety may not exceed in the aggregate the penal sum of the bond. The penal sum of the bond must be a minimum of thirty thousand dollars and based on the annual dollar amount of loans originated. The bond must run to the state of Washington as obligee for the use and benefit of the state and of any person or persons who may have a cause of action against the obligor under this chapter. The bond must be conditioned that the obligor as licensee will faithfully conform to and abide by this chapter and all the rules adopted under this chapter. The bond will pay to the state and any person or persons

having a cause of action against the obligor all moneys that may become 1 2 due and owing to the state and those persons under and by virtue of this chapter. In lieu of a surety bond, if the applicant is a 3 Washington business corporation, the applicant may maintain unimpaired 4 5 capital, surplus, and long-term subordinated debt in an amount that at any time its outstanding promissory notes or other evidences of debt, 6 7 other than long-term subordinated debt, in an aggregate sum do not 8 exceed three times the aggregate amount of its unimpaired capital, surplus, and long-term subordinated debt. 9 The director may define qualifying "long-term subordinated debt" for purposes of this section. 10 The amount of the bond required must be consistent with the provisions 11 12 found in WAC 208-620-320.

13 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. OUT OF STATE COMPANIES--CONSENT FOR SERVICE 14 OF PROCESS. Every company seeking licensure whose headquarters is not based in the state of Washington shall submit, with the application for 15 16 licensure, an irrevocable consent that service of process upon the 17 controlling person or persons may be made by service on the director if, in an action against the entity in a Washington state court arising 18 out of the entity's activities as an appraisal management company, the 19 20 plaintiff cannot, in the exercise of due diligence, obtain personal 21 service upon the company.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. REGISTRATION--REQUIRED USE OF NUMBER. (1)
A license issued under this chapter must bear the signature or
facsimile signature of the director and a license number assigned by
the director.

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- (2) Each licensed appraisal management company shall place its unique license number on any engagement document issued, including but not limited to requests for bids, requests for appraiser availability, fax orders, e-mail orders, and letters.
- (3) An appraisal management company licensed in this state shall disclose the license number provided to it by the department on all print and electronic advertising, including any electronic advertising or communication via the internet.
- 34 (4) All appraisal management company license numbers are required 35 to be included on all appraisals ordered by the appraiser management 36 company.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. LICENSURE REQUIRED. (1) It is unlawful for a person to directly or indirectly engage or attempt to engage in business as an appraisal management company, to directly or indirectly engage or attempt to perform appraisal management services, or to advertise or hold itself out as engaging in or conducting business as an appraisal management company without first obtaining a license issued by the department under the provisions of this chapter.
 - (2) The license required by subsection (1) of this section must, at a minimum, include the following information:
 - (a) Name of the entity seeking licensure;

- (b) Business address of the entity seeking licensure;
- (c) Phone contact information of the entity seeking licensure;
- 13 (d) If the entity is not a corporation that is domiciled in this 14 state, the name and contact information for the company's agent for 15 service of process in this state;
 - (e) The name, address, and contact information for any individual or any corporation, partnership, or other business entity that owns ten percent or more of the appraisal management company;
 - (f) The name, address, and contact information for a controlling person;
 - (g) A certification that the entity has a system and process in place to verify that a person being added to the appraiser panel of the appraisal management company holds a license or certification in good standing in this state pursuant to chapter 18.140 RCW, if a license or certification is required to perform appraisals, pursuant to section 14 of this act;
 - (h) A certification that the entity has a system in place to review the work of all appraisers that are performing real estate appraisal services for the appraisal management company on a periodic basis to ensure that the real estate appraisal services are being conducted in accordance with uniform standards of professional appraisal practice, pursuant to section 15 of this act;
 - (i) A certification that the entity maintains a detailed record of each service request that it receives and the appraiser that performs the real estate appraisal services for the appraisal management company, pursuant to section 14 of this act;
- (j) A certification that the entity maintains a complete copy of the completed appraisal report performed as a part of any request, for

- a minimum period of five years, seven years if the property or the appraisal becomes involved in any litigation, pursuant to uniform standards of professional appraisal practice provisions, and that the appraisals must be provided to the department upon demand;
- 5 (k) An irrevocable uniform consent to service of process, pursuant 6 to section 7 of this act; and
 - (1) Any other information required by the department.

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- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** OWNER REQUIREMENTS. (1) An appraisal management company applying for a registration in this state may not be more than ten percent owned by:
 - (a) A person who has had a license or certificate to act as an appraiser refused, denied, canceled, or revoked in any state; or
- 13 (b) An entity that is more than ten percent owned by any person who
 14 has had a license or certificate to act as an appraiser refused,
 15 denied, canceled, or revoked in any state.
- 16 (2)(a) Each person that owns more than ten percent of an appraisal 17 management company in this state shall:
- 18 (i) Be of good moral character, as determined by the department;
 19 and
- 20 (ii) Submit to a background investigation, as determined by the 21 department.
 - (b) Each appraisal management company applying for a license in this state shall certify to the department that it has reviewed each and every individual or entity that owns more than ten percent of the appraisal management company and that no entity that owns more than ten percent of the appraisal management company is more than ten percent owned by any person that has had a license or certificate to act as an appraiser refused, denied, canceled, or revoked.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. CONTROLLING PERSON REQUIREMENTS. (1)(a)
 30 Each appraisal management company applying to the department for a
 31 license in this state shall designate one controlling person that will
 32 be the main contact for all communication between the department and
 33 the appraisal management company.
- 34 (b) Should the controlling person change, the appraisal management 35 company must notify the director within fourteen days and provide the 36 name and contact information of the new controlling person.

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- 1 (2) The controlling person designated pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall:
- 3 (a) Hold a license or certificate to act as an appraiser in at least one state;

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- (b) Have never had a license or certificate to act as an appraiser surrendered in lieu of disciplinary action, refused, denied, canceled, or revoked in any state;
- 8 (c) Be of good moral character, as determined by the department; 9 and
- 10 (d) Submit to any background investigation, as determined by the 11 department.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. EMPLOYEE REQUIREMENTS. (1) An appraisal management company that applies to the department for a license to do business in this state may not employ in any capacity:
- 15 (a) Any person who has ever had a license or certificate to act as 16 an appraiser in this state, or in any other state, surrendered in lieu 17 of disciplinary action, refused, denied, canceled, or revoked;
 - (b) Any person who is currently suspended, debarred, under a limited denial of participation, or otherwise restricted under 24 C.F.R. 25, 2 C.F.R. 180 as implemented by part 2424, or under similar provisions of any other federal agency;
- (c) Any person who is under indictment for, or has been convicted of, an offense that reflects adversely upon the applicant's integrity, competence or fitness to meet the responsibilities of an approved mortgagee;
 - (d) Any person who is subject to unresolved findings contained in a department of housing and urban development or other governmental audit, investigation, or review;
- (e) Any person who is engaged in business practices that do not conform to generally accepted practices of prudent mortgagees or that demonstrate irresponsibility;
- 32 (f) Any person who has been convicted of, or who has pled guilty or 33 nolo contendre to, a felony related to participation in the real estate 34 or mortgage loan industry:
- 35 (i) During the seven-year period preceding the date of the 36 application for licensing and registration; or

1 (ii) At any time preceding the date of application, if the felony 2 involved an act of fraud, dishonesty, or a breach of trust, or money 3 laundering;

- (g) Any person who is in violation of provisions of the S.A.F.E. mortgage licensing act of 2008, 12 U.S.C. 5101 et seq., or any applicable provision of state law; or
- (h) Any person who is in violation of any other requirement as established by the director.
- (2) An appraisal management company that applies to the department for a license to do business in this state may not:
- (a) Enter into any independent contractor arrangement, whether in verbal, written, or other form, with any person who has ever had a license or certificate to act as an appraiser in this state, or in any other state, surrendered in lieu of disciplinary action, refused, denied, canceled, or revoked; and
- (b) Enter into any contract, agreement, or other business relationship, whether in verbal, written, or other form, with any entity that employs, has entered into an independent contractor arrangement, or has entered into any contract, agreement, or other business relationship, whether in verbal, written, or any other form, with any person who has ever had a license or certificate to act as an appraiser in this state or in any other state, ever had a license or certificate to act as an appraiser in this state, surrendered in lieu of disciplinary action, refused, denied, canceled, or revoked.
- (3) Any employee of the appraisal management company, or any contractor working in any capacity on behalf of the appraisal management company, that has any involvement in the ordering of appraisal services, actual performance of appraisal services, or review and analysis of completed appraisals must be a state licensed or state certified appraiser in the state in which the property is located, and shall have geographic and product competence according to uniform standards of professional appraisal practice. Employees completing appraisal reviews shall have a minimum of five years' appraisal experience.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. EXEMPTIONS. The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the following:

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(1) A person that exclusively employs persons on an employer and employee basis for the performance of appraisals, and the employer is responsible for ensuring that the appraisals are performed by employees in accordance with uniform standards of professional appraisal practice;

- (2) A department or unit within a financial institution that is subject to direct regulation by an agency of the United States government, or to regulation by an agency of this state, that receives a request for the performance of an appraisal from one employee of the financial institution, and another employee of the same financial institution assigns the request for the appraisal to an appraiser that is part of an appraiser panel;
- (3) An appraiser that enters into an agreement, whether written or otherwise, with another appraiser for the performance of an appraisal, and upon completion of the appraisal, the report of the appraiser performing the appraisal is signed by both the appraiser who completed the appraisal and the appraiser who requested the completion of the appraisal;
- (4) A relocation management company. A "relocation management company" means a business entity whose exclusive business services are nonmortgage use related and include the relocation of employees as an agent or contractor for the employer, or the employer's agent, for the purposes of determining an "anticipated sales price," as defined by the worldwide employee relocation council, of the residence of an employee being relocated by the employer in the course of its business.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. RECORDKEEPING. Each appraisal management company seeking to be licensed in this state shall certify to the department on initial application and upon renewal, that it maintains a detailed record of each service request that it receives and the appraiser that performs the appraisal for the appraisal management company. This statement must also certify that the appraisal management company maintains a complete copy of the completed appraisal report performed as a part of any request, for a minimum period of five years, seven years if the property or the appraisal becomes involved in any litigation, pursuant to uniform standards of professional appraisal practice provisions, and that the appraisals must be provided to the department upon demand.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. APPRAISER FEES, DISCLOSURES, AND LIMITATIONS. (1) An appraisal management company that applies for licensure in this state shall disclose to the department as part of the licensure process if it has developed or utilizes any appraiser fee schedule and shall make that fee schedule available to the department upon demand.

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- (2) Appraisal fees are to be set by open bid process, and must be based upon the complexity of the appraisal performed. In no case may an appraisal fee be offered or be paid by an appraisal management company based upon the appraised value of the subject property, a range of value of the subject property, a predetermined value estimate, or the amount of the transaction value. An appraisal management company requesting a bid from an appraiser to complete an appraisal in this state shall request that the appraiser provide the amount of the fee to be charged for the appraisal by the appraiser, and the estimated time in which the appraisal will be completed and delivered to the appraisal management company by the appraiser. The appraisal management company may not set predetermined limits on fees or delivery timelines in the appraisal order request. The appraisal management company may select and engage an appraiser from among the bids received, may reject any or all bids received, or may request that new bids be submitted for any appraisal assignment.
- (3) If, prior to completing the appraisal report, issues arise that add to the assignment complexity, the appraiser may not be prevented from requesting a modification to the original fee.
- (4) The total fee retained by the appraisal management company may, in no case, be in excess of twenty-five percent of the amount paid to the individual appraiser for the performance of the appraisal.
- (5) All loan settlement documents that itemize borrower costs must clearly indicate the fee paid to the appraiser and shall separately indicate the fee paid to the appraisal management company.
- (6) The department may, at its discretion, review any appraiser fee schedule developed by an appraisal management company licensed in this state.
- (7) Appraisers may not be prohibited by the lender, appraisal management company, or other third party, from recording or publishing the fee the appraiser was paid for the performance of the appraisal

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report or discussing said fee with the homeowner, borrower, or other parties to the transaction.

- (8) Appraisers shall clearly indicate in the appraisal report, the name of the appraisal management company ordering the appraisal as well as the name of the intended user of the report, including a lender. Appraisers may not be prohibited from naming the appraisal management company as the client, in conformance with uniform standards of professional appraisal practice.
- (9) Appraisers shall clearly indicate in the appraisal report, the license number of the appraisal management company that engaged the appraiser in the assignment.
- (10) Appraisal management companies may not prohibit registered appraisal trainees in the state from signing appraisal reports, as long as the appraisal reports are also signed by the supervising appraiser who is licensed or certified in the state.
- (11) Appraisal management companies may not include a hold harmless provision in the contract with a client or require the appraiser to indemnify the appraisal management company against liability. The appraisal management company and the appraiser are jointly and severally liable to the client.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. ADJUDICATION OF DISPUTES BETWEEN AN APPRAISAL MANAGEMENT COMPANY AND AN APPRAISER. (1) Except within the first thirty days after an appraiser is first added to the appraiser panel of an appraisal management company, an appraisal management company may not remove an appraiser from its appraiser panel, or otherwise refuse to assign requests for real estate appraisal services to an appraiser without:
- (a) Notifying the appraiser in writing of the reasons why the appraiser is being removed from the appraiser panel of the appraisal management company, including if the appraiser is being removed from the panel for illegal conduct, violation of uniform standards of professional appraisal practice, or a violation of state licensing standards, the nature of the alleged conduct or violation; and
- (b) Providing an opportunity for the appraiser to respond to the notification of the appraisal management company.
- (2) An appraiser that is removed from the appraiser panel of an appraisal management company for alleged illegal conduct, violation of

uniform standards of professional appraisal practice, or a violation of state licensing standards, may file a complaint with the department for a review of the decision of the appraisal management company, except that in no case may the department make any determination regarding the nature of the business relationship between the appraiser and the appraisal management company which is unrelated to the actions specified in subsection (1) of this section.

- (3) If an appraiser files a complaint against an appraisal management company pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the department may investigate the complaint within one hundred eighty days.
- (4) If after opportunity for hearing and review, the department determines that an appraiser did not commit a violation of law, a violation of uniform standards of professional appraisal practice, or a violation of state licensing standards, the department shall order that an appraiser be restored to the appraiser panel of the appraisal management company that was the subject of the complaint without prejudice.
- (5) Following the adjudication of a complaint to the department by an appraiser against an appraisal management company, an appraisal management company may not refuse to make assignments for real estate appraisal services to an appraiser, or reduce the number of assignments, or otherwise penalize the appraiser, if the department has found that the appraisal management company acted improperly in removing the appraiser from the appraiser panel.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS--GROUNDS. (1) In addition to the unprofessional conduct described in RCW 18.235.130, the director may take disciplinary action for the following conduct, acts, or conditions:
- 30 (a) Failing to meet the minimum qualifications for registration 31 established by or pursuant to this chapter;
 - (b) Paying money other than the fees provided for by this chapter to any employee of the director to procure state registration under this chapter;
 - (c) Failing to pay appraisers no later than thirty days after the loan closing documents or forty-five days after completion of the appraisal service, whichever comes first, unless otherwise agreed or

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unless the appraiser has been notified in writing that a bona fide dispute exists regarding the performance or quality of the appraisal service;

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- (d) Failing to pay appraisers even if the appraisal management company is not paid by its client;
- (e) Coercing, extorting, colluding, compensating, instructing, inducing, intimidating, bribing an appraiser, or in any other manner including, but not limited to:
- 9 (i) Withholding or threatening to withhold timely payment for an 10 appraisal;
- 11 (ii) Requiring the appraiser to remit a portion of the appraisal 12 fee back to the appraisal management company;
- (iii) Withholding or threatening to withhold future business for, or demoting or terminating or threatening to demote or terminate, an appraiser;
- 16 (iv) Expressly or impliedly promising future business, promotions, 17 or increased compensation for an appraiser;
 - (v) Conditioning the request for an appraisal or the payment of an appraisal fee or salary or bonus on the opinion, conclusion, or valuation to be reached, or on a preliminary estimate or opinion requested from an appraiser;
 - (vi) Requesting that an appraiser provide an estimated, predetermined, or desired valuation in an appraisal report, or provide estimated values or comparable sales at any time prior to the appraiser's completion of an appraisal;
 - (vii) Providing to an appraiser an anticipated, estimated, encouraged, or desired value for a subject property or a proposed or target amount to be loaned to the borrower, except that a copy of the sales contract for purchase transactions must be provided to the appraiser;
 - (viii) Providing to an appraiser, or any entity or person related to the appraiser, stock or other financial or nonfinancial benefits;
 - (ix) Allowing the removal of an appraiser from an appraiser panel, without prior written notice to such appraiser and the reasons or basis for removal, which notice shall include written evidence of the appraiser's illegal or unprofessional conduct, violation of uniform standards of professional appraisal practice or state licensing standards, or other substantive reason for removal;

(x) Obtaining, using, or paying for a second or subsequent appraisal or ordering an automated valuation model in connection with a mortgage financing transaction unless there is a reasonable basis to believe that the initial appraisal was flawed or tainted and such basis is clearly and appropriately noted in the loan file, or unless such appraisal or automated valuation model is done pursuant to a bona fide prefunding or postfunding appraisal review or quality control process; or

- (xi) Any other act or practice that impairs or attempts to impair an appraiser's independence, objectivity, or impartiality, or that violates law or regulation including, but not limited to, uniform standards of professional practice, the truth in lending act, or Regulation Z;
- 14 (f) Altering, modifying, or otherwise changing a completed 15 appraisal report submitted by an appraiser;
 - (g) Copying and using the appraiser's signature for any purpose or in any other report;
 - (h) Extracting, copying, or using only a portion of the appraisal report without reference to the entire report;
 - (i) Prohibiting or attempting to prohibit the inclusion of the signature on an appraisal report of a state-registered appraisal trainee if the report is also signed by the supervisory appraiser;
 - (j) Prohibiting or attempting to prohibit the appraiser from including or referencing the appraisal fee, appraisal management company fee, the appraisal management company name or identity, or the client's or lender's name or identity in the appraisal report;
 - (k) Failing to disclose to the appraiser the total fee or compensation paid to the appraisal management company for the assignment;
 - (1) Requiring an appraiser to prepare an appraisal report, engaging an appraiser to perform an appraisal, or accepting an appraisal from an appraiser who does not have either the geographic competence or necessary expertise to complete the appraisal;
 - (m) Requiring an appraiser to prepare an appraisal report under such a limited time frame that the appraiser, in the appraiser's own professional judgment, believes does not afford the appraiser the ability to meet all relevant legal and professional obligations or provide a credible opinion of value for the property being appraised;

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- (n) Requiring, or attempting to require, an appraiser to modify an appraisal report except as permitted under subsection (2)(a) or (b) of this section;
 - (o) Prohibiting, or attempting to prohibit, or inhibiting communication between the appraiser and:
 - (i) The lender;

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- (ii) A real estate licensee;
- 8 (iii) A property owner; or
- 9 (iv) Any other party or person from whom the appraiser, in the 10 appraiser's own professional judgment, believes information would be 11 relevant or pertinent in completing the appraisal;
 - (p) Requiring or attempting to require the appraiser to do anything that violates or does not comply with uniform standards of professional appraisal practice or with any allowable assignment conditions or certifications required by the client;
 - (q) Prohibiting or refusing to allow, or attempting to prohibit or refuse to allow, the transfer of an appraisal from one lender to another lender if the lenders are allowed to transfer an appraisal under applicable federal law;
- (r) Failing to regularly cycle through on a rotating basis and engaging appraisers who are on the approved appraiser panel of the appraisal management company; or
- 23 (s) Violating any provision of this chapter or any lawful rule made 24 by the director pursuant thereto.
- 25 (2) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section may be construed as 26 prohibiting the appraisal management company from requesting that an 27 appraiser:
- 28 (a) Provide additional information about the basis for a valuation; 29 or
- 30 (b) Correct objective factual errors in an appraisal report.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. ACTING WITHOUT REGISTRATION--PENALTY. Any person or entity acting as an appraisal management company without a registration that is currently valid is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. VIOLATIONS--INVESTIGATIONS. The director may investigate the actions of a licensed appraisal management company. Upon receipt of information indicating that a licensed appraisal

- 1 management company under this chapter may have violated this chapter,
- 2 the director may cause one or more staff investigators to make an
- 3 investigation of the facts to determine whether or not there is
- 4 admissible evidence of any violation.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. The attorney
- 6 general shall render to the director opinions upon all questions of law
- 7 relating to the construction or interpretation of this chapter, or
- 8 arising in the administration thereof that may be submitted by the
- 9 director, and shall act as attorney for the director in all actions and
- 10 proceedings brought by or against the director under or pursuant to any
- 11 provisions of this chapter.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** UNIFORM REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND
- 13 PROFESSIONS ACT. The uniform regulation of business and professions
- 14 act, chapter 18.235 RCW, governs unlicensed practice, the issuance and
- 15 denial of licenses, and the discipline of licensees under this chapter.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 22.** SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this act
- 17 or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 18 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 19 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. Sections 1 through 22 of this act
- 21 constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW.

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