## HOUSE BILL 2887

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Representatives Hurst, Maxwell, Conway, Kenney, Kelley, and Pearson; by request of Governor Gregoire

Read first time 01/15/10. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to criminal defendants who are guilty and mentally
- 2 ill; amending RCW 10.77.040 and 9.94A.501; and adding a new section to
- 3 chapter 10.77 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 10.77 RCW 6 to read as follows:
- 7 (1) A person who timely offers a defense of insanity pursuant to 8 RCW 10.77.030 may be found "guilty and mentally ill" at trial if the 9 trier of fact finds that:
- 10 (a) The state has proven beyond a reasonable doubt that the 11 defendant is guilty of the crime charged;
- 12 (b) The defendant has failed to prove by a preponderance of the 13 evidence the asserted insanity defense; and
- (c) The defendant or the state has proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant was mentally ill at the time of the commission of the offense and that the symptoms of the defendant's mental illness affected the defendant's decision making at the time of

18 the commission of the offense.

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(2) A person who waives the right to trial may plead guilty and mentally ill. No plea of guilty and mentally ill may be accepted by the trial judge until the defendant has undergone examination by a psychologist or psychiatrist and the judge has examined the psychological or psychiatric report or reports, has held a hearing on the issue of the defendant's mental condition, and is satisfied that there is a factual basis that the defendant was mentally ill at the time of the offense to which the plea is entered. If the trial judge refuses to accept a plea of guilty and mentally ill, the defendant shall be permitted to withdraw the plea.

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- (3) A person found guilty and mentally ill or whose plea of guilty and mentally ill is accepted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may have any sentence imposed that may lawfully be imposed on any person convicted of the same offense, including standard range or an exceptional or mitigated sentence.
- (4) The person shall be placed under the jurisdiction of the 16 department of corrections. 17
- (5) For the purposes of this section, 18 "mental illness" 19 "mentally ill" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment that has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive or volitional 20 21 functions, but not rising to the level of insanity pursuant to RCW 22 9A.12.010.
- 23 Sec. 2. RCW 10.77.040 and 1998 c 297 s 33 are each amended to read as follows: 24

25 Whenever the issue of insanity is submitted to the jury, the court 26 shall instruct the jury to return a special verdict in substantially 27 the following form:

answer 29 yes or 30 no 31 1. Did the defendant commit the act 32 charged? . . . . .

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1	2.	If your answer to number 1 is yes,	
2		((do you acquit him or her because	
3		of insanity existing)) was the	
4		defendant mentally ill at the time of	
5		the act charged?	
6	3.	If your answer to number 2 is yes,	
7		((is the defendant a substantial	
8		danger to other persons unless kept	
9		under further control by the court or	
10		other persons or institutions)) was	
11		the defendant's mental illness a	
12		contributing factor to the	
13		commission of the offense?	
14	4.	If your answer to number $((2))$ $\underline{3}$ is	
15		yes, (( <del>does the defendant present a</del>	
16		substantial likelihood of committing	
17		eriminal acts jeopardizing public	
18		safety or security unless kept under	
19		further control by the court or other	
20		persons or institutions)) was the	
21		defendant unable to appreciate the	
22		nature and quality of the act he or	
23		she was doing to such an extent that	
24		he or she did not know that what he	
25		or she was doing was wrong?	
26	5.	If your answer to number 4 is yes, is	
27		the defendant a substantial danger to	
28		other persons unless kept under	
29		further control by the court or other	
30		persons or institutions?	<u></u>
31	<u>6.</u>	If your answer to number 4 is yes,	
32		does the defendant present a	
33		substantial likelihood of committing	
34		criminal acts jeopardizing public	
35		safety or security unless kept under	
36		further control by the court or other	
37		persons or institutions?	<u></u>

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1	<u>7.</u>	If your answers to either number	
2		$((3))$ $\underline{5}$ or number $((4))$ $\underline{6}$ is yes, is it	
3		in the best interests of the defendant	
4		and others that the defendant be	
5		placed in treatment that is less	
6		restrictive than detention in a state	
7		mental hospital?	

- 8 Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.501 and 2009 c 376 s 2 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 (1) The department shall supervise every offender convicted of a 11 misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offense who is sentenced to probation 12 in superior court, pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210, for 13 an offense included in (a) and (b) of this subsection. The superior 14 court shall order probation for:
- 15 (a) Offenders convicted of fourth degree assault, violation of a 16 domestic violence court order pursuant to RCW 10.99.040, 10.99.050, 17 26.09.300, 26.10.220, 26.26.138, 26.50.110, 26.52.070, or 74.34.145, 18 and who also have a prior conviction for one or more of the following:
- 19 (i) A violent offense;
- 20 (ii) A sex offense;

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- 21 (iii) A crime against a person as provided in RCW 9.94A.411;
- 22 (iv) Fourth degree assault; or
- 23 (v) Violation of a domestic violence court order; and
- 24 (b) Offenders convicted of:
- 25 (i) Sexual misconduct with a minor second degree;
- 26 (ii) Custodial sexual misconduct second degree;
- 27 (iii) Communication with a minor for immoral purposes; and
- 28 (iv) Failure to register pursuant to RCW 9A.44.130.
- 29 (2) Misdemeanor and gross misdemeanor offenders supervised by the 30 department pursuant to this section shall be placed on community 31 custody.
  - (3) The department shall supervise every felony offender sentenced to community custody whose risk assessment, conducted pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, classifies the offender as one who is at a high risk to reoffend.
- 36 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the

department shall supervise an offender sentenced to community custody regardless of risk classification if the offender:

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- (a) Has a current conviction for a sex offense or a serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
- (b) Has been identified by the department as a dangerous mentally ill offender pursuant to RCW 72.09.370;
- (c) Has an indeterminate sentence and is subject to parole pursuant to RCW 9.95.017;
- 9 (d) Was sentenced under RCW 9.94A.650, 9.94A.660, or 9.94A.670; 10 ((<del>or</del>))
  - (e) Is subject to supervision pursuant to RCW 9.94A.745; or
  - (f) Was found guilty and mentally ill under section 1 of this act.
    - (5) The department is not authorized to, and may not, supervise any offender sentenced to a term of community custody or any probationer unless the offender or probationer is one for whom supervision is required under subsection (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section.
    - (6) The department shall conduct a risk assessment for every felony offender sentenced to a term of community custody who may be subject to supervision under this section.

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