

---

**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2779**

---

**State of Washington**                      **61st Legislature**                      **2010 Regular Session**

**By** House Health Care & Wellness (originally sponsored by Representative Cody)

READ FIRST TIME 02/03/10.

1            AN ACT Relating to payment for emergency services rendered by  
2 nonparticipating providers in hospitals; amending RCW 48.43.093;  
3 reenacting and amending RCW 48.43.005; adding a new section to chapter  
4 41.05 RCW; and creating a new section.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6            NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 1.**    The legislature finds that there are  
7 situations in which insured consumers receive emergency health care  
8 services in a facility participating in a carrier's provider network,  
9 when other health care professionals rendering services in the facility  
10 may not be employees of the facility or participating providers in the  
11 consumer's health benefit plan. In such situations, the consumer, who  
12 may have little or no direct contact with every provider involved in  
13 his or her care, is not aware that the providers are nonparticipating  
14 providers and may face unexpected additional charges from  
15 nonparticipating providers for emergency care rendered in a  
16 participating facility. The legislature acknowledges that stakeholders  
17 in this area, including emergency physicians who provide a greater  
18 percentage of uncompensated care than most other types of physicians,  
19 are currently working together to address this issue. In the interim

1 period, it is the intent of the legislature to change the definition of  
2 "emergency services" in the state insurance law to include emergency  
3 services provided outside of a hospital's emergency department, to  
4 prohibit differential cost-sharing arrangements for emergency services  
5 rendered by nonparticipating providers, and to require that any charges  
6 from nonparticipating providers for emergency services be counted  
7 toward a patient's deductible.

8 **Sec. 2.** RCW 48.43.005 and 2008 c 145 s 20 and 2008 c 144 s 1 are  
9 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

10 Unless otherwise specifically provided, the definitions in this  
11 section apply throughout this chapter.

12 (1) "Adjusted community rate" means the rating method used to  
13 establish the premium for health plans adjusted to reflect actuarially  
14 demonstrated differences in utilization or cost attributable to  
15 geographic region, age, family size, and use of wellness activities.

16 (2) "Basic health plan" means the plan described under chapter  
17 70.47 RCW, as revised from time to time.

18 (3) "Basic health plan model plan" means a health plan as required  
19 in RCW 70.47.060(2)(e).

20 (4) "Basic health plan services" means that schedule of covered  
21 health services, including the description of how those benefits are to  
22 be administered, that are required to be delivered to an enrollee under  
23 the basic health plan, as revised from time to time.

24 (5) "Catastrophic health plan" means:

25 (a) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering a  
26 single enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year  
27 deductible of, at a minimum, one thousand seven hundred fifty dollars  
28 and an annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan  
29 (other than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least three  
30 thousand five hundred dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by  
31 the insurance commissioner; and

32 (b) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering more  
33 than one enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year  
34 deductible of, at a minimum, three thousand five hundred dollars and an  
35 annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan (other  
36 than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least six thousand

1 dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by the insurance  
2 commissioner; or

3 (c) Any health benefit plan that provides benefits for hospital  
4 inpatient and outpatient services, professional and prescription drugs  
5 provided in conjunction with such hospital inpatient and outpatient  
6 services, and excludes or substantially limits outpatient physician  
7 services and those services usually provided in an office setting.

8 In July 2008, and in each July thereafter, the insurance  
9 commissioner shall adjust the minimum deductible and out-of-pocket  
10 expense required for a plan to qualify as a catastrophic plan to  
11 reflect the percentage change in the consumer price index for medical  
12 care for a preceding twelve months, as determined by the United States  
13 department of labor. The adjusted amount shall apply on the following  
14 January 1st.

15 (6) "Certification" means a determination by a review organization  
16 that an admission, extension of stay, or other health care service or  
17 procedure has been reviewed and, based on the information provided,  
18 meets the clinical requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness,  
19 level of care, or effectiveness under the auspices of the applicable  
20 health benefit plan.

21 (7) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted during  
22 a patient's hospital stay or course of treatment.

23 (8) "Covered person" or "enrollee" means a person covered by a  
24 health plan including an enrollee, subscriber, policyholder,  
25 beneficiary of a group plan, or individual covered by any other health  
26 plan.

27 (9) "Dependent" means, at a minimum, the enrollee's legal spouse  
28 and unmarried dependent children who qualify for coverage under the  
29 enrollee's health benefit plan.

30 (10) "Employee" has the same meaning given to the term, as of  
31 January 1, 2008, under section 3(6) of the federal employee retirement  
32 income security act of 1974.

33 (11) "Emergency medical condition" means the emergent and acute  
34 onset of a symptom or symptoms, including severe pain, that would lead  
35 a prudent layperson acting reasonably to believe that a health  
36 condition exists that requires immediate medical attention, if failure  
37 to provide medical attention would result in serious impairment to

1 bodily functions or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part, or  
2 would place the person's health in serious jeopardy.

3 (12) "Emergency services" means otherwise covered health care  
4 services medically necessary to evaluate and treat an emergency medical  
5 condition, provided in a hospital (~~(emergency department)~~).

6 (13) "Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing" means amounts paid to  
7 health carriers directly providing services, health care providers, or  
8 health care facilities by enrollees and may include copayments,  
9 coinsurance, or deductibles.

10 (14) "Grievance" means a written complaint submitted by or on  
11 behalf of a covered person regarding: (a) Denial of payment for  
12 medical services or nonprovision of medical services included in the  
13 covered person's health benefit plan, or (b) service delivery issues  
14 other than denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of  
15 medical services, including dissatisfaction with medical care, waiting  
16 time for medical services, provider or staff attitude or demeanor, or  
17 dissatisfaction with service provided by the health carrier.

18 (15) "Health care facility" or "facility" means hospices licensed  
19 under chapter 70.127 RCW, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW,  
20 rural health care facilities as defined in RCW 70.175.020, psychiatric  
21 hospitals licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW, nursing homes licensed  
22 under chapter 18.51 RCW, community mental health centers licensed under  
23 chapter 71.05 or 71.24 RCW, kidney disease treatment centers licensed  
24 under chapter 70.41 RCW, ambulatory diagnostic, treatment, or surgical  
25 facilities licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, drug and alcohol treatment  
26 facilities licensed under chapter 70.96A RCW, and home health agencies  
27 licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, and includes such facilities if  
28 owned and operated by a political subdivision or instrumentality of the  
29 state and such other facilities as required by federal law and  
30 implementing regulations.

31 (16) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:

32 (a) A person regulated under Title 18 or chapter 70.127 RCW, to  
33 practice health or health-related services or otherwise practicing  
34 health care services in this state consistent with state law; or

35 (b) An employee or agent of a person described in (a) of this  
36 subsection, acting in the course and scope of his or her employment.

37 (17) "Health care service" means that service offered or provided

1 by health care facilities and health care providers relating to the  
2 prevention, cure, or treatment of illness, injury, or disease.

3 (18) "Health carrier" or "carrier" means a disability insurer  
4 regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, a health care service  
5 contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or a health maintenance  
6 organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020.

7 (19) "Health plan" or "health benefit plan" means any policy,  
8 contract, or agreement offered by a health carrier to provide, arrange,  
9 reimburse, or pay for health care services except the following:

10 (a) Long-term care insurance governed by chapter 48.84 or 48.83  
11 RCW;

12 (b) Medicare supplemental health insurance governed by chapter  
13 48.66 RCW;

14 (c) Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter  
15 55, Title 10, United States Code;

16 (d) Limited health care services offered by limited health care  
17 service contractors in accordance with RCW 48.44.035;

18 (e) Disability income;

19 (f) Coverage incidental to a property/casualty liability insurance  
20 policy such as automobile personal injury protection coverage and  
21 homeowner guest medical;

22 (g) Workers' compensation coverage;

23 (h) Accident only coverage;

24 (i) Specified disease or illness-triggered fixed payment insurance,  
25 hospital confinement fixed payment insurance, or other fixed payment  
26 insurance offered as an independent, noncoordinated benefit;

27 (j) Employer-sponsored self-funded health plans;

28 (k) Dental only and vision only coverage; and

29 (l) Plans deemed by the insurance commissioner to have a short-term  
30 limited purpose or duration, or to be a student-only plan that is  
31 guaranteed renewable while the covered person is enrolled as a regular  
32 full-time undergraduate or graduate student at an accredited higher  
33 education institution, after a written request for such classification  
34 by the carrier and subsequent written approval by the insurance  
35 commissioner.

36 (20) "Material modification" means a change in the actuarial value  
37 of the health plan as modified of more than five percent but less than  
38 fifteen percent.

1 (21) "Preexisting condition" means any medical condition, illness,  
2 or injury that existed any time prior to the effective date of  
3 coverage.

4 (22) "Premium" means all sums charged, received, or deposited by a  
5 health carrier as consideration for a health plan or the continuance of  
6 a health plan. Any assessment or any "membership," "policy,"  
7 "contract," "service," or similar fee or charge made by a health  
8 carrier in consideration for a health plan is deemed part of the  
9 premium. "Premium" shall not include amounts paid as enrollee point-  
10 of-service cost-sharing.

11 (23) "Review organization" means a disability insurer regulated  
12 under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, health care service contractor as  
13 defined in RCW 48.44.010, or health maintenance organization as defined  
14 in RCW 48.46.020, and entities affiliated with, under contract with, or  
15 acting on behalf of a health carrier to perform a utilization review.

16 (24) "Small employer" or "small group" means any person, firm,  
17 corporation, partnership, association, political subdivision, sole  
18 proprietor, or self-employed individual that is actively engaged in  
19 business that employed an average of at least two but no more than  
20 fifty employees, during the previous calendar year and employed at  
21 least two employees on the first day of the plan year, is not formed  
22 primarily for purposes of buying health insurance, and in which a bona  
23 fide employer-employee relationship exists. In determining the number  
24 of employees, companies that are affiliated companies, or that are  
25 eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of taxation by this  
26 state, shall be considered an employer. Subsequent to the issuance of  
27 a health plan to a small employer and for the purpose of determining  
28 eligibility, the size of a small employer shall be determined annually.  
29 Except as otherwise specifically provided, a small employer shall  
30 continue to be considered a small employer until the plan anniversary  
31 following the date the small employer no longer meets the requirements  
32 of this definition. A self-employed individual or sole proprietor who  
33 is covered as a group of one on the day prior to June 10, 2004, shall  
34 also be considered a "small employer" to the extent that individual or  
35 group of one is entitled to have his or her coverage renewed as  
36 provided in RCW 48.43.035(6).

37 (25) "Utilization review" means the prospective, concurrent, or  
38 retrospective assessment of the necessity and appropriateness of the

1 allocation of health care resources and services of a provider or  
2 facility, given or proposed to be given to an enrollee or group of  
3 enrollees.

4 (26) "Wellness activity" means an explicit program of an activity  
5 consistent with department of health guidelines, such as, smoking  
6 cessation, injury and accident prevention, reduction of alcohol misuse,  
7 appropriate weight reduction, exercise, automobile and motorcycle  
8 safety, blood cholesterol reduction, and nutrition education for the  
9 purpose of improving enrollee health status and reducing health service  
10 costs.

11 **Sec. 3.** RCW 48.43.093 and 1997 c 231 s 301 are each amended to  
12 read as follows:

13 (1) When conducting a review of the necessity and appropriateness  
14 of emergency services or making a benefit determination for emergency  
15 services:

16 (a) A health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to  
17 screen and stabilize a covered person if a prudent layperson acting  
18 reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition  
19 existed. In addition, a health carrier shall not require prior  
20 authorization of such services provided prior to the point of  
21 stabilization if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have  
22 believed that an emergency medical condition existed. With respect to  
23 care obtained from a nonparticipating hospital emergency department, a  
24 health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to screen and  
25 stabilize a covered person if a prudent layperson would have reasonably  
26 believed that use of a participating hospital emergency department  
27 would result in a delay that would worsen the emergency, or if a  
28 provision of federal, state, or local law requires the use of a  
29 specific provider or facility. In addition, a health carrier shall not  
30 require prior authorization of such services provided prior to the  
31 point of stabilization if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would  
32 have believed that an emergency medical condition existed and that use  
33 of a participating hospital emergency department would result in a  
34 delay that would worsen the emergency.

35 (b) If an authorized representative of a health carrier authorizes  
36 coverage of emergency services, the health carrier shall not  
37 subsequently retract its authorization after the emergency services

1 have been provided, or reduce payment for an item or service furnished  
2 in reliance on approval, unless the approval was based on a material  
3 misrepresentation about the covered person's health condition made by  
4 the provider of emergency services.

5 (c) Coverage of emergency services may be subject to applicable  
6 copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles(~~(, and a)~~). However, a health  
7 carrier may not impose (~~(reasonable)~~) differential cost-sharing  
8 arrangements for emergency services rendered by nonparticipating  
9 providers(~~(, if such differential between cost-sharing amounts applied~~  
10 ~~to emergency services rendered by participating provider versus~~  
11 ~~nonparticipating provider does not exceed fifty dollars.~~ Differential  
12 cost sharing for emergency services may not be applied when a covered  
13 person presents to a nonparticipating hospital emergency department  
14 rather than a participating hospital emergency department when the  
15 health carrier requires preauthorization for ~~postevaluation or~~  
16 ~~poststabilization emergency services if:~~

17 ~~(i) Due to circumstances beyond the covered person's control, the~~  
18 ~~covered person was unable to go to a participating hospital emergency~~  
19 ~~department in a timely fashion without serious impairment to the~~  
20 ~~covered person's health; or~~

21 ~~(ii) A prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of health~~  
22 ~~and medicine would have reasonably believed that he or she would be~~  
23 ~~unable to go to a participating hospital emergency department in a~~  
24 ~~timely fashion without serious impairment to the covered person's~~  
25 ~~health)). The health carrier shall count any amount the covered person  
26 paid to a nonparticipating provider for emergency services toward the  
27 covered person's deductible, if any.~~

28 (d) If a health carrier requires preauthorization for  
29 postevaluation or poststabilization services, the health carrier shall  
30 provide access to an authorized representative twenty-four hours a day,  
31 seven days a week, to facilitate review. In order for postevaluation  
32 or poststabilization services to be covered by the health carrier, the  
33 provider or facility must make a documented good faith effort to  
34 contact the covered person's health carrier within thirty minutes of  
35 stabilization, if the covered person needs to be stabilized. The  
36 health carrier's authorized representative is required to respond to a  
37 telephone request for preauthorization from a provider or facility  
38 within thirty minutes. Failure of the health carrier to respond within



1 thirty minutes constitutes authorization for the provision of  
2 immediately required medically necessary postevaluation and  
3 poststabilization services, unless the health carrier documents that it  
4 made a good faith effort but was unable to reach the provider or  
5 facility within thirty minutes after receiving the request.

6 (e) A health carrier shall immediately arrange for an alternative  
7 plan of treatment for the covered person if a nonparticipating  
8 emergency provider and health plan cannot reach an agreement on which  
9 services are necessary beyond those immediately necessary to stabilize  
10 the covered person consistent with state and federal laws.

11 (2) Nothing in this section is to be construed as prohibiting the  
12 health carrier from requiring notification within the time frame  
13 specified in the contract for inpatient admission or as soon thereafter  
14 as medically possible but no less than twenty-four hours. Nothing in  
15 this section is to be construed as preventing the health carrier from  
16 reserving the right to require transfer of a hospitalized covered  
17 person upon stabilization. Follow-up care that is a direct result of  
18 the emergency must be obtained in accordance with the health plan's  
19 usual terms and conditions of coverage. All other terms and conditions  
20 of coverage may be applied to emergency services.

21 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW  
22 to read as follows:

23 (1) For covered emergency services rendered to a covered person by  
24 a nonparticipating health care provider in a participating hospital, a  
25 health care plan offered to public employees and their covered  
26 dependents under this chapter that is not subject to the provisions of  
27 Title 48 RCW may not impose differential cost-sharing arrangements for  
28 emergency services rendered by nonparticipating providers. The plan  
29 shall count any amount the covered person paid to a nonparticipating  
30 provider for emergency services toward the covered person's deductible,  
31 if any.

32 (2) For purposes of this section, "emergency services" has the same  
33 meaning as in RCW 48.43.005.

--- END ---