HOUSE BILL 2771

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Representative O'Brien; by request of Department of Labor & Industries and Department of Social and Health Services

Read first time 01/13/10. Referred to Committee on Public Safety & Emergency Preparedness.

- AN ACT Relating to transferring responsibility for administering
- 2 the crime victims' compensation program from the department of labor
- 3 and industries to the department of social and health services;
- 4 amending RCW 7.68.015, 7.68.020, 7.68.030, 7.68.035, 7.68.085
- 5 7.68.145, 9.95.210, 72.09.095, and 74.08A.010; adding a new section to
- 6 chapter 7.68 RCW; and providing an effective date.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 **Sec. 1.** RCW 7.68.015 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 5 s 1 are each amended
- 9 to read as follows:
- 10 The department of ((labor and industries)) social and health
- 11 <u>services</u> shall operate the crime victims' compensation program within
- 12 the appropriations and the conditions and limitations on the
- 13 appropriations provided for this program.
- 14 Sec. 2. RCW 7.68.020 and 2006 c 268 s 1 are each amended to read
- 15 as follows:
- 16 The following words and phrases as used in this chapter have the
- 17 meanings set forth in this section unless the context otherwise
- 18 requires.

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(1) "Department" means the department of ((labor and industries)) social and health services for the purposes of applying Title 51 RCW as provided in this chapter.

- (2) "Criminal act" means an act committed or attempted in this state which is: (a) Punishable as a federal offense that is comparable to a felony or gross misdemeanor in this state; (b) punishable as a felony or gross misdemeanor under the laws of this state; (c) an act committed outside the state of Washington against a resident of the state of Washington which would be compensable had it occurred inside this state and the crime occurred in a state which does not have a crime victims compensation program, for which the victim is eligible as set forth in the Washington compensation law; or (d) an act of terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2331, as it exists on May 2, 1997, committed outside of the United States against a resident of the state of Washington, except as follows:
- (i) The operation of a motor vehicle, motorcycle, train, boat, or aircraft in violation of law does not constitute a "criminal act" unless:
 - (A) The injury or death was intentionally inflicted;
 - (B) The operation thereof was part of the commission of another non-vehicular criminal act as defined in this section;
 - (C) The death or injury was the result of the operation of a motor vehicle after July 24, 1983, and a preponderance of the evidence establishes that the death was the result of vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520, or a conviction of vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522, has been obtained: PROVIDED, That in cases where a probable criminal defendant has died in perpetration of vehicular assault or, in cases where the perpetrator of the vehicular assault is unascertainable because he or she left the scene of the accident in violation of RCW 46.52.020 or, because of physical or mental infirmity or disability the perpetrator is incapable of standing trial for vehicular assault, the department may, by a preponderance of the evidence, establish that a vehicular assault had been committed and authorize benefits;
- 34 (D) The injury or death was caused by a driver in violation of RCW 35 46.61.502; or
- 36 (E) The injury or death was caused by a driver in violation of RCW 46.61.655(7)(a), failure to secure a load in the first degree;

(ii) Neither an acquittal in a criminal prosecution nor the absence of any such prosecution is admissible in any claim or proceeding under this chapter as evidence of the noncriminal character of the acts giving rise to such claim or proceeding, except as provided for in (d)(i)(C) of this subsection;

- (iii) Evidence of a criminal conviction arising from acts which are the basis for a claim or proceeding under this chapter is admissible in such claim or proceeding for the limited purpose of proving the criminal character of the acts; and
- (iv) Acts which, but for the insanity or mental irresponsibility of the perpetrator, would constitute criminal conduct are deemed to be criminal conduct within the meaning of this chapter.
- 13 (3) "Director" means the secretary of the department of social and
 14 health services for the purposes of applying Title 51 RCW as provided
 15 in this chapter.
 - (4) "Victim" means a person who suffers bodily injury or death as a proximate result of a criminal act of another person, the victim's own good faith and reasonable effort to prevent a criminal act, or his or her good faith effort to apprehend a person reasonably suspected of engaging in a criminal act. For the purposes of receiving benefits pursuant to this chapter, "victim" is interchangeable with "employee" or "worker" as defined in chapter 51.08 RCW as now or hereafter amended.
 - $((\frac{4}{}))$ <u>(5)</u> "Child," "accredited school," "dependent," "beneficiary," "average monthly wage," $((\frac{\text{"director,"}}{}))$ "injury," "invalid," "permanent partial disability," and "permanent total disability" have the meanings assigned to them in chapter 51.08 RCW as now or hereafter amended.
- $((\frac{5}{}))$ (6) "Gainfully employed" means engaging on a regular and continuous basis in a lawful activity from which a person derives a livelihood.
 - $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ <u>(7)</u> "Private insurance" means any source of recompense provided by contract available as a result of the claimed injury or death at the time of such injury or death, or which becomes available any time thereafter.
 - ((+7)) (8) "Public insurance" means any source of recompense provided by statute, state or federal, available as a result of the

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- claimed injury or death at the time of such injury or death, or which becomes available any time thereafter.
 - **Sec. 3.** RCW 7.68.030 and 2009 c 479 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

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5 It shall be the duty of the director to establish and administer a program of benefits to innocent victims of criminal acts within the 6 7 terms and limitations of this chapter. In so doing, the director in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, adopt rules 8 9 regulations necessary to the administration of this chapter, and the 10 provisions contained in chapter 51.04 RCW, including but not limited to RCW 51.04.020, 51.04.030, 51.04.040, 51.04.050 and 51.04.100 as now or 11 12 hereafter amended, shall apply where appropriate in keeping with the 13 intent of this chapter. The director may apply for and, subject to appropriation, expend federal funds under Public Law 98-473 and any 14 other federal program providing financial assistance to state crime 15 16 victim compensation programs. The federal funds shall be deposited in 17 the state general fund and may be expended only for purposes authorized by applicable federal law. 18

- The department shall use the applicable crime victims' rules adopted by the department of labor and industries, until such time as the department adopts its own rules.
- 22 **Sec. 4.** RCW 7.68.035 and 2009 c 479 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1)(a) When any person is found guilty in any superior court of having committed a crime, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, there shall be imposed by the court upon such convicted person a penalty assessment. The assessment shall be in addition to any other penalty or fine imposed by law and shall be five hundred dollars for each case or cause of action that includes one or more convictions of a felony or gross misdemeanor and two hundred fifty dollars for any case or cause of action that includes convictions of only one or more misdemeanors.
- 33 (b) When any juvenile is adjudicated of any offense in any juvenile 34 offense disposition under Title 13 RCW, except as provided in 35 subsection (2) of this section, there shall be imposed upon the 36 juvenile offender a penalty assessment. The assessment shall be in

addition to any other penalty or fine imposed by law and shall be one hundred dollars for each case or cause of action that includes one or more adjudications for a felony or gross misdemeanor and seventy-five dollars for each case or cause of action that includes adjudications of only one or more misdemeanors.

- (2) The assessment imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to motor vehicle crimes defined in Title 46 RCW except those defined in the following sections: RCW 46.61.520, 46.61.522, 46.61.024, 46.52.090, 46.70.140, 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.52.101, 46.20.410, 46.52.020, 46.10.130, 46.09.130, 46.61.5249, 46.61.525, 46.61.685, 46.61.530, 46.61.500, 46.61.015, 46.52.010, 46.44.180, 46.10.090(2), and 46.09.120(2).
- (3) When any person accused of having committed a crime posts bail in superior court pursuant to the provisions of chapter 10.19 RCW and such bail is forfeited, there shall be deducted from the proceeds of such forfeited bail a penalty assessment, in addition to any other penalty or fine imposed by law, equal to the assessment which would be applicable under subsection (1) of this section if the person had been convicted of the crime.
- (4) Such penalty assessments shall be paid by the clerk of the superior court to the county treasurer who shall monthly transmit the money as provided in RCW 10.82.070. Each county shall deposit fifty percent of the money it receives per case or cause of action under subsection (1) of this section and retains under RCW 10.82.070, not less than one and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of the remaining money it retains under RCW 10.82.070 and the money it retains under chapter 3.62 RCW, and all money it receives under subsection (7) of this section into a fund maintained exclusively for the support of comprehensive programs to encourage and facilitate testimony by the victims of crimes and witnesses to crimes. A program shall be considered "comprehensive" only after approval of the department upon application by the county prosecuting attorney. The department shall approve as comprehensive only programs which:
- (a) Provide comprehensive services to victims and witnesses of all types of crime with particular emphasis on serious crimes against persons and property. It is the intent of the legislature to make funds available only to programs which do not restrict services to

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victims or witnesses of a particular type or types of crime and that such funds supplement, not supplant, existing local funding levels;

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- (b) Are administered by the county prosecuting attorney either directly through the prosecuting attorney's office or by contract between the county and agencies providing services to victims of crime;
- (c) Make a reasonable effort to inform the known victim or his surviving dependents of the existence of this chapter and the procedure for making application for benefits;
 - (d) Assist victims in the restitution and adjudication process; and
- (e) Assist victims of violent crimes in the preparation and presentation of their claims to the department ((of labor and industries)) under this chapter.

Before a program in any county west of the Cascade mountains is submitted to the department for approval, it shall be submitted for review and comment to each city within the county with a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand. The department will consider if the county's proposed comprehensive plan meets the needs of crime victims in cases adjudicated in municipal, district or superior courts and of crime victims located within the city and county.

- (5) Upon submission to the department of a letter of intent to adopt a comprehensive program, the prosecuting attorney shall retain the money deposited by the county under subsection (4) of this section until such time as the county prosecuting attorney has obtained approval of a program from the department. Approval comprehensive plan by the department must be obtained within one year of the date of the letter of intent to adopt a comprehensive program. The county prosecuting attorney shall not make any expenditures from the money deposited under subsection (4) of this section until approval of a comprehensive plan by the department. If a county prosecuting attorney has failed to obtain approval of a program from the department under subsection (4) of this section or failed to obtain approval of a comprehensive program within one year after submission of a letter of intent under this section, the county treasurer shall monthly transmit one hundred percent of the money deposited by the county under subsection (4) of this section to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund.
 - (6) County prosecuting attorneys are responsible to make every

reasonable effort to insure that the penalty assessments of this chapter are imposed and collected.

(7) Every city and town shall transmit monthly one and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of all money, other than money received for parking infractions, retained under RCW 3.50.100 and 35.20.220 to the county treasurer for deposit as provided in subsection (4) of this section.

Sec. 5. RCW 7.68.085 and 2009 c 479 s 9 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

The director ((of labor and industries)) shall institute a cap on medical benefits of one hundred fifty thousand dollars per injury or death. Payment for medical services in excess of the cap shall be made available to any innocent victim under the same conditions as other medical services and if the medical services are:

- (1) Necessary for a previously accepted condition;
- 16 (2) Necessary to protect the victim's life or prevent deterioration 17 of the victim's previously accepted condition; and
 - (3) Not available from an alternative source.

For the purposes of this section, an individual will not be required to use his or her assets other than funds recovered as a result of a civil action or criminal restitution, for medical expenses or pain and suffering, in order to qualify for an alternative source of payment.

The director shall((, in cooperation with the department of social and health services,)) establish ((by October 1, 1989,)) a process to aid crime victims in identifying and applying for appropriate alternative benefit programs, if any, administered by the department of social and health services.

Sec. 6. RCW 7.68.145 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 176 s 7 are each amended 30 to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all law enforcement, criminal justice, or other governmental agencies, or hospital; any physician or other practitioner of the healing arts; or any other organization or person having possession or control of any investigative or other information pertaining to any alleged criminal act or victim concerning which a claim for benefits has been filed

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under this chapter, shall, upon request, make available to and allow the reproduction of any such information by the section of the department administering this chapter or other public employees in 3 4 their performance of their official duties under this chapter.

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No person or organization, public or private, shall incur any legal liability by reason of releasing any such information to the director ((of labor and industries)) or the section of the department which administers this chapter or other public employees in the performance of their official duties under this chapter.

- **Sec. 7.** RCW 9.95.210 and 2005 c 362 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In granting probation, the superior court may suspend the imposition or the execution of the sentence and may direct that the suspension may continue upon such conditions and for such time as it shall designate, not exceeding the maximum term of sentence or two years, whichever is longer.
- (2) In the order granting probation and as a condition thereof, the superior court may in its discretion imprison the defendant in the county jail for a period not exceeding one year and may fine the defendant any sum not exceeding the statutory limit for the offense committed, and court costs. As a condition of probation, the superior court shall require the payment of the penalty assessment required by The superior court may also require the defendant to RCW 7.68.035. make such monetary payments, on such terms as it deems appropriate under the circumstances, as are necessary: (a) To comply with any order of the court for the payment of family support; (b) to make restitution to any person or persons who may have suffered loss or damage by reason of the commission of the crime in question or when the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which are not prosecuted pursuant to a plea agreement; (c) to pay such fine as may be imposed and court costs, including reimbursement of the state for costs of extradition if return to this state by extradition was required; (d) following consideration of the financial condition of the person subject to possible electronic monitoring, to pay for the costs of electronic monitoring if that monitoring was required by the court as

a condition of release from custody or as a condition of probation; (e) to contribute to a county or interlocal drug fund; and (f) to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of an emergency response under RCW 38.52.430, and may require bonds for the faithful observance of any and all conditions imposed in the probation.

- (3) The superior court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the superior court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, the department of ((labor and industries)) social and health services, as administrator of the crime victims' compensation program, may petition the superior court within one year of imposition of the sentence for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of ((labor and industries)) social and health services, the superior court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.
- (4) In granting probation, the superior court may order the probationer to report to the secretary of corrections or such officer as the secretary may designate and as a condition of the probation to follow the instructions of the secretary. If the county legislative authority has elected to assume responsibility for the supervision of superior court misdemeanant probationers within its jurisdiction, the superior court misdemeanant probationer shall report to a probation officer employed or contracted for by the county. In cases where a superior court misdemeanant probationer is sentenced in one county, but resides within another county, there must be provisions for the probationer to report to the agency having supervision responsibility for the probationer's county of residence.
- (5) If the probationer has been ordered to make restitution and the superior court has ordered supervision, the officer supervising the probationer shall make a reasonable effort to ascertain whether restitution has been made. If the superior court has ordered supervision and restitution has not been made as ordered, the officer shall inform the prosecutor of that violation of the terms of probation not less than three months prior to the termination of the probation period. The secretary of corrections will promulgate rules and regulations for the conduct of the person during the term of probation.

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- For defendants found guilty in district court, like functions as the secretary performs in regard to probation may be performed by probation officers employed for that purpose by the county legislative authority of the county wherein the court is located.
- 5 (6) The provisions of RCW 9.94A.501 apply to sentences imposed 6 under this section.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 72.09.095 and 1995 c 234 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

- Each year the department shall transfer twenty-five percent of the total annual revenues and receipts received in each institutional betterment fund subaccount to the department of ((labor and industries)) social and health services for the purpose of providing direct benefits to crime victims through the crime victims' compensation program as outlined in chapter 7.68 RCW. This transfer takes priority over any expenditure of betterment funds and shall be reflected on the monthly financial statements of each institution's betterment fund subaccount.
- Any funds so transferred to the department of ((labor and industries)) social and health services shall be in addition to the crime victims' compensation amount provided in an omnibus appropriation bill. It is the intent of the legislature that the funds forecasted or transferred pursuant to this section shall not reduce the funding levels provided by appropriation.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 74.08A.010 and 2004 c 54 s 4 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
 - (1) A family that includes an adult who has received temporary assistance for needy families for sixty months after July 27, 1997, shall be ineligible for further temporary assistance for needy families assistance.
 - (2) For the purposes of applying the rules of this section, the department shall count any month in which an adult family member received a temporary assistance for needy families cash assistance grant unless the assistance was provided when the family member was a minor child and not the head of the household or married to the head of the household.

- (3) The department shall refer recipients who require specialized assistance to appropriate department programs, crime victims' programs through the department of ((community, trade, and economic development)) commerce, or the crime victims' compensation program of the department of ((labor and industries)) social and health services.
- (4) The department may exempt a recipient and the recipient's family from the application of subsection (1) of this section by reason of hardship or if the recipient meets the family violence options of section 402(A)(7) of Title IVA of the federal social security act as amended by P.L. 104-193. The number of recipients and their families exempted from subsection (1) of this section for a fiscal year shall not exceed twenty percent of the average monthly number of recipients and their families to which assistance is provided under the temporary assistance for needy families program.
- (5) The department shall not exempt a recipient and his or her family from the application of subsection (1) of this section until after the recipient has received fifty-two months of assistance under this chapter.
- (6) Beginning on October 31, 2005, the department shall provide transitional food stamp assistance for a period of five months to a household that ceases to receive temporary assistance for needy families assistance and is not in sanction status. If necessary, the department shall extend the household's food stamp certification until the end of the transition period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 7.68 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All powers, duties, and functions of the department of labor and industries pertaining to the crime victims' compensation program are transferred to the department. All references to the director of the department of labor and industries in the Revised Code of Washington in context of the functions transferred in this section mean the secretary of the department of social and health services. All references to the supervisor of industrial insurance in the Revised Code of Washington in the context of the functions transferred in this section mean the head of the crime victims' compensation program within the department of social and health services.

(2)(a) All:

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(i) Reports, documents, surveys, books, records, files, papers, or written material in the possession of the department of labor and industries pertaining to the powers, functions, and duties transferred in subsection (1) of this section shall be delivered to the custody of the department;

- (ii) Cabinets, furniture, office equipment, motor vehicles, and other tangible property employed by the department of labor and industries in carrying out the powers, functions, and duties transferred shall be made available to the department;
- (iii) Funds, credits, or other assets held in connection with the powers, functions, and duties transferred shall be assigned to the department.
- (b) Any appropriations made to the department of labor and industries for carrying out the powers, functions, and duties transferred shall, on the effective date of this section, be transferred and credited to the department to carry out the responsibilities of the crime victims' compensation program.
- (c) When a question arises as to the transfer of any funds, books, documents, records, papers, files, equipment, or other tangible property used or held in the exercise of the powers and the performance of the duties and functions transferred, the director of the office of financial management shall make a determination as to the proper allocation and shall certify the same to the state agencies concerned.
- (3) All rules and all pending business before the department of labor and industries pertaining to the powers, functions, and duties transferred in subsection (1) of this section shall be continued and acted upon by the department. All existing contracts and obligations shall remain in full force and shall be performed by the department.
- (4) The transfer by this section of the powers, duties, and functions of the department of labor and industries shall not affect the validity of any act performed before the effective date of this section.
- (5) If apportionments of budgeted funds are required because of the transfers directed by this section, the director of the office of financial management shall certify the apportionments to the agencies affected, the state auditor, and the state treasurer. Each of these shall make the appropriate transfer and adjustments in funds and

- 1 appropriation accounts and equipment records in accordance with the
- 2 certification.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** This act takes effect July 1, 2010.

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