H-0109.2				

HOUSE BILL 1140

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By Representatives Liias, Morrell, Ericks, Miloscia, Ormsby, Rolfes, Simpson, and Nelson

Read first time 01/14/09. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the manufactured/mobile home dispute resolution
- 2 program; amending RCW 59.30.040; and adding new sections to chapter
- 3 59.30 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 59.30.040 and 2007 c 431 s 4 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1) An aggrieved party has the right to file a complaint with the attorney general alleging a violation of chapter 59.20 RCW.
- 9 (2) Upon receiving a complaint under this chapter, the attorney 10 general must:
- 11 (a) Inform the complainant of any notification requirements under 12 RCW 59.20.080 for tenant violations or RCW 59.20.200 for landlord 13 violations and encourage the complainant to appropriately notify the 14 respondent of the complaint; and
- 15 (b) If a statutory time period is applicable, inform the complainant of the time frame that the respondent has to remedy the complaint under RCW 59.20.080 for tenant violations or RCW 59.20.200 for landlord violations.

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(3) After receiving a complaint under this chapter, the attorney general shall initiate the manufactured/mobile home dispute resolution program by ((investigating)) obtaining information in an informal manner and facilitating communication between the parties with the goal of resolving the dispute. If the dispute is not resolved, the attorney general may initiate a formal investigation of the alleged violations at its discretion and, if appropriate, ((facilitating)) facilitate further negotiations between the complainant and the respondent. Unless a formal investigation is opened, the procedures outlined in subsection (8) of this section do not apply.

- (4)(a) Complainants and respondents shall cooperate with the attorney general in the course of ((an)) a formal investigation by (i) responding to subpoenas issued by the attorney general, which may consist of providing access to papers or other documents, answering in writing written interrogatories, and providing oral testimony, and (ii) providing access to the manufactured/mobile home facilities relevant to the formal investigation. Complainants and respondents must respond to attorney general subpoenas within thirty days.
- (b) Failure to cooperate with the attorney general in the course of ((an)) a formal investigation is a violation of this chapter.
- (5) If after ((an)) a formal investigation the attorney general determines that an agreement cannot be negotiated between the parties, the attorney general shall make a written determination on whether a violation of chapter 59.20 RCW has occurred. If an agreement has been negotiated following a formal investigation, the parties shall enter into a written settlement agreement signed by both parties. The attorney general shall retain a copy of the settlement agreement. A violation of the settlement agreement is a violation of chapter 59.20 RCW and is subject to fines and other penalties as described under this chapter.
- (a) If the attorney general finds by a written determination that a violation of chapter 59.20 RCW has occurred, the attorney general shall deliver a written notice of violation to the respondent who committed the violation by certified mail. The notice of violation must specify the violation, the corrective action required, the time within which the corrective action must be taken, the penalties including fines, other penalties, and actions that will result if corrective action is not taken within the specified time period, and

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the process for contesting the determination, fines, penalties, and other actions included in the notice of violation through an administrative hearing. The attorney general must deliver to the complainant a copy of the notice of violation by certified mail.

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- (b) If the attorney general finds by a written determination that a violation of chapter 59.20 RCW has not occurred, the attorney general shall deliver a written notice of nonviolation to both the complainant and the respondent by certified mail. The notice of nonviolation must include the process for contesting the determination included in the notice of nonviolation through an administrative hearing.
- (6) Corrective action must take place within fifteen business days of the respondent's receipt of a notice of violation, except as required otherwise by the attorney general, unless the respondent has submitted a timely request for an administrative hearing to contest the notice of violation as required under subsection (8) of this section. If a respondent, which includes either a landlord or a tenant, fails to take corrective action within the required time period and the attorney general has not received a timely request for an administrative hearing, the attorney general may impose a fine, up to a maximum of two hundred fifty dollars per violation per day, for each day that a violation remains uncorrected. The attorney general must consider the severity and duration of the violation and the violation's impact on other community residents when determining the appropriate amount of a fine or the appropriate penalty to impose on a respondent. respondent shows upon timely application to the attorney general that a good faith effort to comply with the corrective action requirements of the notice of violation has been made and that the corrective action has not been completed because of mitigating factors beyond the respondent's control, the attorney general may delay the imposition of a fine or penalty.
- (7) The attorney general may issue an order requiring the respondent, or its assignee or agent, to cease and desist from an unlawful practice and take affirmative actions that in the judgment of the attorney general will carry out the purposes of this chapter. The affirmative actions may include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) Refunds of rent increases, improper fees, charges, and assessments collected in violation of this chapter;

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- 1 (b) Filing and utilization of documents that correct a statutory or rule violation; and
- 3 (c) Reasonable action necessary to correct a statutory or rule violation.

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- (8) A complainant or respondent may request an administrative hearing before an administrative law judge under chapter 34.05 RCW to contest:
- 8 (a) A notice of violation issued under subsection (5)(a) of this 9 section or a notice of nonviolation issued under subsection (5)(b) of 10 this section;
- 11 (b) A fine or other penalty imposed under subsection (6) of this 12 section; or
- 13 (c) An order to cease and desist or an order to take affirmative 14 actions under subsection (7) of this section.

The complainant or respondent must request an administrative hearing within fifteen business days of receipt of a notice of violation, notice of nonviolation, fine, other penalty, order, or action. If an administrative hearing is not requested within this time period, the notice of violation, notice of nonviolation, fine, other penalty, order, or action constitutes a final order of the attorney general and is not subject to review by any court or agency.

- 22 (9) If an administrative hearing is initiated, the respondent and 23 complainant shall each bear the cost of his or her own legal expenses.
 - (10) The administrative law judge appointed under chapter 34.12 RCW shall:
 - (a) Hear and receive pertinent evidence and testimony;
 - (b) Decide whether the evidence supports the attorney general finding by a preponderance of the evidence; and
- (c) Enter an appropriate order within thirty days after the close of the hearing and immediately mail copies of the order to the affected parties.

The order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final agency order of the attorney general and may be appealed to the superior court under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(11) When the attorney general imposes a fine, refund, or other penalty against a respondent, the respondent may not seek any recovery or reimbursement of the fine, refund, or other penalty from a complainant or from other manufactured/mobile home tenants.

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(12) All receipts from the imposition of fines or other penalties collected under this section other than those due to a complainant must be deposited into the manufactured/mobile home dispute resolution program account created in RCW 59.30.070.

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(13) This section is not exclusive and does not limit the right of 5 6 landlords or tenants to take legal action against another party as provided in chapter 59.20 RCW or otherwise. 7 Exhaustion of the 8 administrative remedy provided in this chapter is not required before a landlord or tenants may bring a legal action. This section does not 9 apply to unlawful detainer actions initiated under RCW 59.20.080 prior 10 11 to the filing and service of an unlawful detainer court action; 12 however, a tenant is not precluded from seeking relief under this 13 chapter if the complaint claims the notice of termination violates RCW 59.20.080 prior to the filing and service of an unlawful detainer 14 15 action.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 59.30 RCW to read as follows:

If, during the course of a formal investigation, the attorney general becomes aware of a potential violation of chapter 59.20 RCW that is not the subject of a complaint filed under this chapter, the attorney general may investigate the potential violation and issue a notice of violation or notice of nonviolation as appropriate. The processes required under RCW 59.30.040 must be followed, with the attorney general acting in the role of the complainant.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 59.30 RCW to read as follows:

The attorney general shall adopt rules for the uniform administration of the processes and procedures created under this chapter, including rules for conducting informal dispute resolution and formal investigations, making written determinations, and the processes for appeal. All rules must be adopted following the procedures under chapter 34.05 RCW.

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