Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research

BILL ANALYSIS

Commerce & Labor Committee

HB 2688

Brief Description: Creating a beer and wine tasting endorsement to the grocery store liquor license.

Sponsors: Representatives Hunter, Condotta, Chandler, Green, Moeller, Williams, Carlyle, Springer and Conway.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Allows grocery stores to offer beer and wine tasting.
- Establishes eligibility criteria for stores and conditions for tastings.

Hearing Date: 1/20/10

Staff: Joan Elgee (786-7106).

Background:

A grocery store liquor license allows a grocery store to sell beer and/or wine for off-premises consumption. In 2008 the Legislature directed the Liquor Control Board (Board) to establish a pilot project for beer and wine tasting in grocery stores. Participating stores were limited to 12 tastings and other conditions. The pilot project ended on September 30, 2009, and the Board issued a report in December 2009.

Liquor licensees are subject to penalty, including license suspension, for violations of the law. The Board may vacate a suspension if the licensee pays a monetary penalty. By rule, the Board has classified some violations, such as sale or service of liquor to a minor, as public safety violations. For a first violation of a public safety violation, a licensee receives a five-day suspension or \$500 penalty.

Persons who participate in the sale or service of alcohol on licensed retail premises must obtain a mandatory alcohol server training (MAST) permit.

House Bill Analysis - 1 - HB 2688

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An alcohol impact area (AIA) is a geographic area, designated by a local government and recognized by resolution of the Board, that is adversely affected by chronic public inebriation or illegal activity associated with alcohol sales or consumption. The Board may place restrictions on licensees located in an AIA.

Summary of Bill:

A grocery store licensed to sell beer and/or wine may obtain an endorsement to offer beer and wine tasting. A store must meet the following criteria:

- At least half of the gross sales of the store are retail sales of grocery products for offpremises consumption, or the store is a membership organization;
- The store is at least 9,000 square feet in size; and
- The store did not have more than one public safety violation within the past two years.

The Board may issue an endorsement to a store smaller than 9,000 square feet if the store meets operational requirements established by the Board and the Board finds there are no stores in the community that meet the minimum size requirement.

Tasting conditions are set forth, including:

- The licensee must be able to observe and control persons in the service area;
- Samples are limited to two ounces, up to a total of four ounces, per customer per visit;
- Food for participants must be available; and
- Customers must remain in the service area.

Store employees serving samples must hold a MAST permit. Stores may advertise tasting events within the store, on a store website, in newsletters and flyers, and via regular mail and electronic mail to customers who have requested notice of events. Advertising may not be targeted to or appeal principally to youth.

The Board may establish additional requirements to assure persons under 21 and apparently intoxicated persons cannot possess or consume alcohol.

A tasting endorsement may be suspended and not reissued for up to two years if a licensee commits a public safety violation in conjunction with tasting activities. The Board may assess a monetary penalty in lieu of suspension if mitigating circumstances exist. The Board may also revoke an endorsement to a store in an AIA if the tasting activities are having an adverse effect on the reduction of chronic public inebriation.

The fee for the tasting endorsement is \$200 per year. The Board may increase the fee up to 10 percent annually to defray the cost of administration and enforcement of the endorsement.

The Board must adopt rules to implement the endorsement.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.