

**ESHB 1004 - S AMD 318**

By Senator Rockefeller

ADOPTED 04/13/2009

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the  
2 following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 19.260.020 and 2006 c 194 s 1 are each amended to  
4 read as follows:

5 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter  
6 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

7 (1) "Automatic commercial ice cube machine" means a factory-made  
8 assembly, not necessarily shipped in one package, consisting of a  
9 condensing unit and ice-making section operating as an integrated unit  
10 with means for making and harvesting ice cubes. It may also include  
11 integrated components for storing or dispensing ice, or both.

12 ~~(2) ("Ballast" means a device used with an electric discharge lamp  
13 to obtain necessary circuit conditions, such as voltage, current, and  
14 waveform, for starting and operating the lamp.~~

15 ~~(3) "Commercial clothes washer" means a soft mount horizontal or  
16 vertical axis clothes washer that: (a) Has a clothes container  
17 compartment no greater than 3.5 cubic feet in the case of a horizontal-  
18 axis product or no greater than 4.0 cubic feet in the case of a  
19 vertical axis product; and (b) is designed for use by more than one  
20 household, such as in multifamily housing, apartments, or coin  
21 laundries.~~

22 ~~(4) "Commercial prerinse spray valve" means a handheld device  
23 designed and marketed for use with commercial dishwashing and  
24 warewashing equipment and that sprays water on dishes, flatware, and  
25 other food service items for the purpose of removing food residue prior  
26 to their cleaning)) "Bottle-type water dispenser" means a water  
27 dispenser that uses a bottle or reservoir as the source of potable  
28 water.~~

29 (3) "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully  
30 enclosed compartment, with one or more solid or partial glass doors,

1 that is designed to maintain the temperature of hot food that has been  
2 cooked in a separate appliance. "Commercial hot food holding cabinet"  
3 does not include heated glass merchandising cabinets, drawer warmers,  
4 or cook and hold appliances.

5 ((+5)) (4)(a) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" means  
6 refrigerators, freezers, or refrigerator-freezers designed for use by  
7 commercial or institutional facilities for the purpose of storing or  
8 merchandising food products, beverages, or ice at specified  
9 temperatures that: (i) Incorporate most components involved in the  
10 vapor-compression cycle and the refrigerated compartment in a single  
11 cabinet; and (ii) may be configured with either solid or transparent  
12 doors as a reach-in cabinet, pass-through cabinet, roll-in cabinet, or  
13 roll-through cabinet.

14 (b) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" does not include: (i)  
15 Products with 85 cubic feet or more of internal volume; (ii) walk-in  
16 refrigerators or freezers; (iii) consumer products that are federally  
17 regulated pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq.; (iv) products  
18 without doors; or (v) freezers specifically designed for ice cream.

19 ((+6)) (5) "Compensation" means money or any other valuable thing,  
20 regardless of form, received or to be received by a person for services  
21 rendered.

22 (6) "Cook and hold appliance" means a multiple mode appliance  
23 intended for cooking food that may be used to hold the temperature of  
24 the food that has been cooked in the same appliance.

25 (7) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and  
26 economic development.

27 (8) (~~"High intensity discharge lamp" means a lamp in which light~~  
28 ~~is produced by the passage of an electric current through a vapor or~~  
29 ~~gas, and in which the light producing arc is stabilized by bulb wall~~  
30 ~~temperature and the arc tube has a bulb wall loading in excess of three~~  
31 ~~watts per square centimeter.~~

32 (9) (~~"Metal halide lamp" means a high intensity discharge lamp in~~  
33 ~~which the major portion of the light is produced by radiation of metal~~  
34 ~~halides and their products of dissociation, possibly in combination~~  
35 ~~with metallic vapors.~~

36 (10) (~~"Metal halide lamp fixture" means a light fixture designed to~~  
37 ~~be operated with a metal halide lamp and a ballast for a metal halide~~

1 ~~lamp~~) "Drawer warmer" means an appliance that consists of one or more  
2 heated drawers and that is designed to hold hot food that has been  
3 cooked in a separate appliance at a specified temperature.

4 (9) "Heated glass merchandising cabinet" means an appliance with a  
5 heated cabinet constructed of glass or clear plastic doors which, with  
6 seventy percent or more clear area, is designed to display and maintain  
7 the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a separate  
8 appliance.

9 (10) "Hot water dispenser" means a small electric water heater that  
10 has a measured storage volume of no greater than one gallon.

11 (11) "Mini-tank electric water heater" means a small electric water  
12 heater that has a measured storage volume of more than one gallon and  
13 a rated storage volume of less than twenty gallons.

14 ~~((+11))~~ (12) "Pass-through cabinet" means a commercial  
15 refrigerator or freezer with hinged or sliding doors on both the front  
16 and rear of the unit.

17 ~~((+12) "Probe start metal halide ballast" means a ballast used to~~  
18 ~~operate metal halide lamps which does not contain an igniter and which~~  
19 ~~instead starts lamps by using a third starting electrode "probe" in the~~  
20 ~~arc tube.))~~

21 (13) "Point-of-use water dispenser" means a water dispenser that  
22 uses a pressurized water utility connection as the source of potable  
23 water.

24 (14) "Pool heater" means an appliance designed for heating  
25 nonpotable water contained at atmospheric pressure for swimming pools,  
26 spas, hot tubs, and similar applications.

27 (15) "Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa or  
28 hot tub, supplied with equipment for heating and circulating water.

29 (16) "Reach-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer  
30 with hinged or sliding doors or lids, but does not include roll-in or  
31 roll-through cabinets or pass-through cabinets.

32 ~~((+14))~~ (17) "Residential pool pump" means a pump used to  
33 circulate and filter pool water in order to maintain clarity and  
34 sanitation.

35 (18)(a) "Roll-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or  
36 freezer with hinged or sliding doors that allow wheeled racks of  
37 product to be rolled into the unit.

1 (b) "Roll-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or  
2 freezer with hinged or sliding doors on two sides of the cabinet that  
3 allow wheeled racks of product to be rolled through the unit.

4 ~~((15)(a) "Single voltage external AC to DC power supply" means a~~  
5 ~~device that: (i) Is designed to convert line voltage alternating~~  
6 ~~current input into lower voltage direct current output; (ii) is able to~~  
7 ~~convert to only one DC output voltage at a time; (iii) is sold with, or~~  
8 ~~intended to be used with, a separate end use product that constitutes~~  
9 ~~the primary power load; (iv) is contained within a separate physical~~  
10 ~~enclosure from the end use product; (v) is connected to the end use~~  
11 ~~product via a removable or hard wired male/female electrical~~  
12 ~~connection, cable, cord, or other wiring; and (vi) has a nameplate~~  
13 ~~output power less than or equal to 250 watts.~~

14 ~~(b) "Single voltage external AC to DC power supply" does not~~  
15 ~~include: (i) Products with batteries or battery packs that physically~~  
16 ~~attach directly to the power supply unit; (ii) products with a battery~~  
17 ~~chemistry or type selector switch and indicator light; or (iii)~~  
18 ~~products with a battery chemistry or type selector switch and a state~~  
19 ~~of charge meter.~~

20 ~~(16))~~ (19) "Showerhead" means a device through which water is  
21 discharged for a shower bath.

22 (20) "Showerhead tub spout diverter combination" means a group of  
23 plumbing fittings sold as a matched set and consisting of a control  
24 valve, a tub spout diverter, and a showerhead.

25 (21) "State-regulated incandescent reflector lamp" means a lamp  
26 that is not colored or designed for rough or vibration service  
27 applications, ((that)) has an inner reflective coating on the outer  
28 bulb to direct the light, an E26 medium screw base, ((and)) a rated  
29 voltage or voltage range that lies at least partially within 115 to 130  
30 volts, and ((that)) falls into one of the following categories:

31 (a) A bulged reflector or elliptical reflector bulb shape and which  
32 has a diameter which equals or exceeds 2.25 inches; or

33 (b) A reflector, parabolic aluminized reflector, or similar bulb  
34 shape and which has a diameter of 2.25 to 2.75 inches.

35 ~~((17) "Transformer" means a device consisting of two or more coils~~  
36 ~~of insulated wire and that is designed to transfer alternating current~~  
37 ~~by electromagnetic induction from one coil to another to change the~~  
38 ~~original voltage or current value.~~

1       ~~(18)(a) "Unit heater" means a self-contained, vented fan-type~~  
2 ~~commercial space heater that uses natural gas or propane, and that is~~  
3 ~~designed to be installed without ducts within a heated space.~~

4       ~~(b) "Unit heater" does not include any products covered by federal~~  
5 ~~standards established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq. or any~~  
6 ~~product that is a direct vent, forced flue heater with a sealed~~  
7 ~~combustion burner)) (22) "Tub spout diverter" means a device designed~~  
8 ~~to stop the flow of water into a bathtub and to divert it so that the~~  
9 ~~water discharges through a showerhead.~~

10       (23) "Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual"  
11 means refrigerators designed and sold for the cooling and storage of  
12 wine by an individual.

13       **Sec. 2.** RCW 19.260.030 and 2006 c 194 s 2 are each amended to read  
14 as follows:

15       (1) This chapter applies to the following types of new products  
16 sold, offered for sale, or installed in the state:

- 17       (a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines;  
18       ~~((commercial clothes washers; (c) commercial prerinse spray~~  
19 ~~valves; (d))) Commercial refrigerators and freezers; ~~((e) metal halide~~  
20 ~~lamp fixtures; (f) single voltage external AC to DC power supplies;~~  
21 ~~(g)))~~~~

22       (c) State-regulated incandescent reflector lamps; ((and (h) unit  
23 heaters))

- 24       (d) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;  
25       (e) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;  
26       (f) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;  
27       (g) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric  
28 spas;

- 29       (h) Tub spout diverters; and  
30       (i) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

31       (2) This chapter applies equally to products whether they are sold,  
32 offered for sale, or installed as ((a)) stand-alone products or as  
33 ((a)) components of ((another)) other products.

- 34       ~~((+2)) (3) This chapter does not apply to:~~  
35       (a) New products manufactured in the state and sold outside the  
36 state((7));

1 (b) New products manufactured outside the state and sold at  
 2 wholesale inside the state for final retail sale and installation  
 3 outside the state((τ))i

4 (c) Products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time of  
 5 construction((τ))i or

6 (d) Products designed expressly for installation and use in  
 7 recreational vehicles.

8 **Sec. 3.** RCW 19.260.040 and 2006 c 194 s 3 are each amended to read  
 9 as follows:

10 The ((~~legislature establishes the following~~)) minimum efficiency  
 11 standards ((~~for~~)) specified in this section apply to the types of new  
 12 products set forth in RCW 19.260.030.

13 (1)(a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines must have daily  
 14 energy use and daily water use no greater than the applicable values in  
 15 the following table:

| Equipment type                                 | Type of cooling | Harvest rate<br>(lbs. ice/24 hrs.) | Maximum<br>energy use<br>(kWh/100 lbs.) | Maximum condenser<br>water use<br>(gallons/100 lbs. ice) |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Ice-making head                                | water           | <500                               | 7.80 - .0055H                           | 200 - .022H  |
|  |                 | >=500<1436                         | 5.58 - .0011H                           | 200 - .022H  |
|  |                 | >=1436                             | 4.0                                     | 200 - .022H  |
| Ice-making head                                | air             | 450                                | 10.26 - .0086H                          | Not applicable   |
|  |                 | >=450                              | 6.89 - .0011H                           | Not applicable   |
| Remote condensing but<br>not remote compressor | air             | <1000                              | 8.85 - .0038                            | Not applicable   |
|  |                 | >=1000                             | 5.10                                    | Not applicable   |
| Remote condensing and<br>remote compressor     | air             | <934                               | 8.85 - .0038H                           | Not applicable   |
|  |                 | >=934                              | 5.3                                     | Not applicable   |
| Self-contained models                          | water           | <200                               | 11.40 - .0190H                          | 191 - .0315H   |
|  |                 | >=200                              | 7.60                                    | 191 - .0315H   |
| Self-contained models                          | air             | <175                               | 18.0 - .0469H                           | Not applicable   |
|  |                 | >=175                              | 9.80                                    | Not applicable   |

32 Where H= harvest rate in pounds per twenty-four hours which must be reported within 5% of the tested value.

33 "Maximum water use" applies only to water used for the condenser.

(b) For purposes of this section, automatic commercial ice cube machines shall be tested in accordance with the ARI 810-2003 test method as published by the air-conditioning and refrigeration institute. Ice-making heads include all automatic commercial ice cube machines that are not split system ice makers or self-contained models as defined in ARI 810-2003.

~~(2) ((Commercial clothes washers must have a minimum modified energy factor of 1.26. For the purposes of this section, capacity and modified energy factor are defined and measured in accordance with the current federal test method for clothes washers as found at 10 C.F.R. Sec. 430.23.~~

~~(3) Commercial prerinse spray valves must have a flow rate equal to or less than 1.6 gallons per minute when measured in accordance with the American society for testing and materials' "Standard Test Method for Prerinse Spray Valves," ASTM F2324-03.~~

(4)) (a) Commercial refrigerators and freezers must meet the applicable requirements listed in the following table:

| Equipment Type   | Doors       | Maximum Daily Energy Consumption (kWh) |
|--|-------------|--|
| Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are refrigerators            | Solid       | $0.10V + 2.04$                         |
|  | Transparent | $0.12V + 3.34$                         |
| Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are "pulldown" refrigerators | Transparent | $.126V + 3.51$                         |
| Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are freezers                 | Solid       | $0.40V + 1.38$                         |
|  | Transparent | $0.75V + 4.10$                         |
| Reach-in cabinets that are refrigerator-freezers with an AV of 5.19 or higher                                    | Solid       | $0.27AV - 0.71$                        |

kWh= kilowatt hours

V= total volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)

AV= adjusted volume= [1.63 x freezer volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)]+ refrigerator volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)

(b) For purposes of this section, "pulldown" designates products designed to take a fully stocked refrigerator with beverages at 90 degrees Fahrenheit and cool those beverages to a stable temperature of 38 degrees Fahrenheit within 12 hours or less. Daily energy

1 consumption shall be measured in accordance with the American national  
 2 standards institute/American society of heating, refrigerating and air-  
 3 conditioning engineers test method 117-2002, except that the back-  
 4 loading doors of pass-through and roll-through refrigerators and  
 5 freezers must remain closed throughout the test, and except that the  
 6 controls of all appliances must be adjusted to obtain the following  
 7 product temperatures.

| Product or compartment type | Integrated average product temperature in degrees Fahrenheit |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Refrigerator                | 38±2   |
| Freezer                     | 0±2  |

11 ~~((5) Metal halide lamp fixtures designed to be operated with lamps~~  
 12 ~~rated greater than or equal to 150 watts but less than or equal to 500~~  
 13 ~~watts shall not contain a probe start metal halide lamp ballast.~~

14 ~~(6)(a) Single voltage external AC to DC power supplies shall meet~~  
 15 ~~the requirements in the following table:~~

| Nameplate output                 | Minimum Efficiency in Active Mode          |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <1 Watt                          | 0.49 * Nameplate Output                    |
| ≥or= 1 Watt and <or= 49 Watts    | 0.09 * Ln (Nameplate Output) + 0.49        |
| >49 Watts                        | 0.84                                       |
|                                  | Maximum Energy Consumption in No-Load Mode |
| <10 Watts                        | 0.5 Watts                                  |
| ≥or= 10 Watts and <or= 250 Watts | 0.75 Watts                                 |

23 ~~Where Ln (Nameplate Output) - Natural Logarithm of the nameplate output expressed in Watts~~  
 24 ~~(b) For the purposes of this section, efficiency of single voltage~~  
 25 ~~external AC to DC power supplies shall be measured in accordance with~~  
 26 ~~the United States environmental protection agency's "Test Method for~~  
 27 ~~Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Single Voltage External AC to DC~~  
 28 ~~and AC to AC Power Supplies," by Ecos Consulting and Power Electronics~~  
 29 ~~Application Center, dated August 11, 2004.~~

30 ~~(7)) (3)(a) The lamp electrical power input of state-regulated~~  
 31 ~~incandescent reflector lamps shall meet the minimum average lamp~~  
 32 ~~efficacy requirements for federally regulated incandescent reflector~~  
 33 ~~lamps ((contained)) specified in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6295(i)(1)(A)-(B).~~



1 (b) The following types of incandescent lamps are exempt from these  
2 requirements:

3 (i) Lamps rated at fifty watts or less of the following types: BR  
4 30, ER 30, BR 40, and ER 40;

5 (ii) Lamps rated at sixty-five watts of the following types: BR  
6 30, BR 40, and ER 40; and

7 (iii) R 20 lamps of forty-five watts or less.

8 ~~((8) Unit heaters must be equipped with intermittent ignition  
9 devices and must have either power venting or an automatic flue  
10 damper.))~~

11 (4)(a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual  
12 must meet requirements specified in the California Code of Regulations,  
13 Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective date of this  
14 section.

15 (b) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual shall  
16 be tested in accordance with the method specified in the California  
17 Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of the  
18 effective date of this section.

19 (5)(a) The standby energy consumption of bottle-type water  
20 dispensers, and point-of-use water dispensers, dispensing both hot and  
21 cold water, manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall not exceed  
22 1.2 kWh/day.

23 (b) The test method for water dispensers shall be the environmental  
24 protection agency energy star program requirements for bottled water  
25 coolers version 1.1.

26 (6)(a) The standby energy consumption of hot water dispensers and  
27 mini-tank electric water heaters manufactured on or after January 1,  
28 2010, shall be not greater than 35 watts.

29 (b) This subsection does not apply to any water heater:

30 (i) That is within the scope of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6292(a)(4) or  
31 6311(1);

32 (ii) That has a rated storage volume of less than 20 gallons; and

33 (iii) For which there is no federal test method applicable to that  
34 type of water heater.

35 (c) Hot water dispensers shall be tested in accordance with the  
36 method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20,  
37 section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.

1 (d) Mini-tank electric water heaters shall be tested in accordance  
2 with the method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title  
3 20, section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.

4 (7) The following standards are established for pool heaters,  
5 residential pool pumps, and portable electric spas:

6 (a) Natural gas pool heaters shall not be equipped with constant  
7 burning pilots.

8 (b) Residential pool pump motors manufactured on or after January  
9 1, 2010, must meet requirements specified in the California Code of  
10 Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective  
11 date of this section.

12 (c) Portable electric spas manufactured on or after January 1,  
13 2010, must meet requirements specified in the California Code of  
14 Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective  
15 date of this section.

16 (d) Portable electric spas must be tested in accordance with the  
17 method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20,  
18 section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.

19 (8)(a) The leakage rate of tub spout diverters shall be no greater  
20 than the applicable requirements shown in the following table:

|                            |   | <u>Maximum Leakage Rate</u>      |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| <u>Appliance</u>           | <u>Testing Conditions</u>               | <u>Effective January 1, 2009</u> |
|                            | <u>When new</u>                         | <u>0.01 gpm</u>                  |
| <u>Tub spout diverters</u> | <u>After 15,000 cycles of diverting</u> | <u>0.05 gpm</u>                  |

25 (b) Showerhead tub spout diverter combinations shall meet both the  
26 federal standard for showerheads established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec.  
27 6291 et seq. and the standard for tub spout diverters specified in this  
28 section.

29 (9)(a) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets  
30 manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall be no greater than 40  
31 watts per cubic foot of measured interior volume.

32 (b) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets  
33 shall be determined using ANSI/ASTM F2140-01 standard test method for  
34 the performance of hot food holding cabinets (test for idle energy rate  
35 dry test). Commercial hot food holding cabinet interior volume shall

1 be calculated using straight line segments following the gross interior  
2 dimensions of the appliance and using the following equation: Interior  
3 height x interior width x interior depth. Interior volume shall not  
4 account for racks, air plenums, or other interior parts.

5 **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.260.050 and 2006 c 194 s 4 are each amended to read  
6 as follows:

7 (1) No new (~~commercial prerinse spray valve, commercial clothes~~  
8 ~~washer,~~) commercial refrigerator or freezer(~~(,)~~) or state-regulated  
9 incandescent reflector lamp(~~(, or unit heater)~~) manufactured on or  
10 after January 1, 2007, may be sold or offered for sale in the state  
11 unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the  
12 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. No new automatic  
13 commercial ice cube machine(~~(, single voltage external AC to DC power~~  
14 ~~supply, or metal halide lamp fixtures)~~) manufactured on or after  
15 January 1, 2008, may be sold or offered for sale in the state unless  
16 the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency  
17 standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040.

18 (2) On or after January 1, 2008, no new (~~commercial prerinse spray~~  
19 ~~valve, commercial clothes washer,~~) commercial refrigerator or  
20 freezer(~~(, single voltage external AC to DC power supply,~~) or state-  
21 regulated incandescent reflector lamp(~~(, or unit heater)~~) manufactured  
22 on or after January 1, 2007, may be installed for compensation in the  
23 state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the  
24 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. On or after January  
25 1, 2009, no new automatic commercial ice cube machine (~~(or metal halide~~  
26 ~~lamp fixtures)~~) manufactured on or after January 1, 2008, may be  
27 installed for compensation in the state unless the efficiency of the  
28 new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW  
29 19.260.040.

30 (3) Standards for (~~metal halide lamp fixtures and~~) state-  
31 regulated incandescent reflector lamps are effective on the dates  
32 specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

33 (4) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1,  
34 2010, may not be sold or offered in the state unless the efficiency of  
35 the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in  
36 RCW 19.260.040:

37 (a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;

1 (b) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;  
2 (c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;  
3 (d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric  
4 spas;

5 (e) Tub spout diverters; and

6 (f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

7 (5) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1,  
8 2010, may not be installed for compensation in the state on or after  
9 January 1, 2011, unless the efficiency of the new product meets or  
10 exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:

11 (a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;

12 (b) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;

13 (c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;

14 (d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric  
15 spas;

16 (e) Tub spout diverters; and

17 (f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

18 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its  
19 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the  
20 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other  
21 persons or circumstances is not affected."

**ESHB 1004** - S AMD

By Senator Rockefeller

**ADOPTED 04/13/2009**

22 On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "code;" strike the remainder  
23 of the title and insert "and amending RCW 19.260.020, 19.260.030,  
24 19.260.040, and 19.260.050."

--- END ---