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HOUSE BILL 1627

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

By Representatives Linville, Quall, Pearson, Strow, Morrell, Bailey, Conway, Haigh, Rolfes, Springer and Simpson

Read first time 01/24/2007. Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

- AN ACT Relating to farmland preservation; adding a new chapter to Title 89 RCW; and providing an expiration date.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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MEW SECTION. Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. The legislature finds that maintaining the capacity to provide adequate food and fiber resources is essential to the long-term sustainability of the state's citizens and economy. The nation's population has reached three hundred million and will continue to increase for the foreseeable future. Further, the world population is now over six billion and is projected to reach nine billion by the year 2050.

In Washington state, the population is growing by over one million people every decade with much of this growth occurring in western Washington. This growth is increasing the competition for land not only for housing, but also associated retail, commercial, industrial, and leisure industries.

The legislature finds that many once-productive agricultural areas in western Washington have been overtaken and irreversibly converted to nonagricultural uses. Other agricultural areas in the state have diminished to the point that they are dangerously close to losing the

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land mass necessary to be economically viable. Further, only a limited number of areas in western Washington still retain a sufficient agricultural land base and the necessary agricultural infrastructure to continue to be economically viable both in the short term and the long term.

The legislature recognizes that because this significant decline has largely occurred in less than a half century, it is imperative that mechanisms be established at the state level to focus attention, take the action needed to retain agricultural land, and ensure the opportunity for future generations to farm these lands.

The legislature finds that history shows that previous advanced civilizations in the world were founded on highly productive agricultural lands and food production systems but when the land or its productivity was lost, the civilizations declined. In contrast, other civilizations have existed for millennia because they maintained their agricultural land base, its productivity, and economic conditions sufficient to maintain stewardship of their land.

The legislature finds that there is a finite quantity of high quality agricultural land and that often this agricultural land is mistakenly viewed as an expendable resource. The legislature finds that the retention of agricultural land is desirable, not only to produce food and other products, but also to maintain our state economy and preferable environmental conditions. For these reasons, and because it is essential that agricultural production be sufficient to meet the needs of our growing population, commitment to the retention of agricultural land should be reflected at the state policy level by the creation of an office of farmland preservation to support the retention of farmland and the viability of farming for future generations.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. OFFICE OF FARMLAND PRESERVATION--POWERS AND DUTIES. (1) The office of farmland preservation is created and shall be located within the state conservation commission.
- 33 (2) Staff support for the office shall be provided by the state conservation commission.
 - (3) The office of farmland preservation may:
- 36 (a) Provide advice and assist the state conservation commission in 37 implementing the provisions of RCW 89.08.530 and 89.08.540;

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(b) Develop recommendations for the funding level of the agricultural conservation easements account established in RCW 89.08.540 with the guidance of the farmland preservation task force established under section 3 of this act;

- (c) Provide an analysis of the major factors that have led to past declines in the amount and use of agricultural lands in Washington and of the factors that will likely affect retention and viability of these lands into the future including, but not limited to, pressures to convert land to nonagricultural uses, loss of processing plants and markets, loss of competitive advantage, urban sprawl, and conversion to recreational or other uses;
- (d) Develop model programs and tools to retain agricultural land for agricultural production, with the guidance from the farmland preservation task force created under section 3 of this act;
- (e) Provide technical assistance to localities as they develop and implement programs, mechanisms, and tools to encourage the retention of agricultural lands;
- (f) Develop a grant process and an eligibility certification process for localities to receive grants for local programs and tools to retain agricultural lands for agricultural production;
- (g) Begin the development of a farm transition program to assist in the transition of farmland and related businesses from one generation to the next, aligning the farm transition program closely with the farmland preservation effort to assure complementary functions; and
- (h) Provide analysis and recommendations as to the continued development and implementation of the farm transition program including, but not limited to, recommending:
- (i) Assistance in the preparation of business plans for the transition of business interests;
- 30 (ii) Assistance in the facilitation of transfers of existing 31 properties and agricultural operations to interested buyers; and
- (iii) Research assistance on agricultural, financial, marketing, and other related transition matters.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. FARMLAND PRESERVATION TASK FORCE. (1) The farmland preservation task force is established with the following voting members:

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- 1 (a) Six farmer representatives, one from each of six regions 2 delineated by the state conservation commission, of which at least two 3 representatives shall be under the age of forty-five, appointed by the 4 governor from persons nominated by recognized agricultural 5 organizations;
 - (b) A representative of the state conservation commission, appointed by the chair of the state conservation commission;
- 8 (c) A representative of the department of agriculture, appointed by the director;

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- 10 (d) A representative of counties in eastern Washington, appointed 11 by the Washington state association of counties;
 - (e) A representative of counties in western Washington, appointed by the Washington state association of counties;
- 14 (f) Two members of the senate, one from each major political caucus, appointed by the president of the senate;
 - (g) Two members of the house of representatives, one from each major political caucus, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
 - (h) A representative of the office of the governor, appointed by the governor; and
 - (i) A representative of conservation districts, appointed by the state association of conservation districts.
 - (2) The following persons shall be requested to participate as nonvoting members of the farmland preservation task force:
 - (a) A representative of the federal natural resources conservation service with knowledge of federal agricultural land retention programs and funding sources, appointed by the state conservationist; and
 - (b) A person with technical expertise from the department of community, trade, and economic development, appointed by the agency's director.
- 31 (3) The task force shall meet at least twice a year. The task 32 force shall be staffed by the state conservation commission. The chair 33 of the task force shall be elected for a term of one year by the voting 34 members of the task force.
- 35 (4) Nonlegislative members of the task force are entitled to be 36 reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 37 43.03.060 by the state conservation commission. Legislative members of

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- 1 the task force are entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses in
- 2 accordance with RCW 44.04.120.
- 3 (5) This section expires January 1, 2011.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Captions used in this act
- 5 are not any part of the law.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** Sections 1 through 4 of this act constitute
- 7 a new chapter in Title 89 RCW.

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