FINAL BILL REPORT SSB 5191

C 10 L 07

Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Modifying missing persons provisions.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Senators Hatfield,

Brandland, Sheldon and Delvin).

Senate Committee on Judiciary

House Committee on Public Safety & Emergency Preparedness

Background: The Washington State Forensic Investigations Council is a 12 member committee appointed by the Governor to oversee death investigations as part of the state's criminal justice system. HB 2805, which passed during the 2006 session, directed the Forensics Investigation Council, in cooperation with the Washington Association of Coroners and Medical Examiners, to develop training modules essential to the effective implementation and use of missing persons protocols. The modules encompass such topics as the reporting process, the use of forms and protocols, the effective use of resources, the collection and importance of evidence and preservation of biological evidence, and risk assessment of the individuals reported missing.

Generally, after a report is taken regarding a missing person, local law enforcement agencies must file an official missing person report and enter biographical information into the state's missing person computerized network within 12 hours. If a person reported missing has not been found within 30 days or if criminal activity is suspected, the Sheriff, Chief of Police, County Coroner, or County Medical Examiner is directed to initiate the collection of DNA samples from the missing person and their family members for testing. In addition, the missing person's family or next of kin is asked for written consent to contact the dentist of the missing person and request dental records. The DNA samples and the dental records are submitted for nuclear DNA testing to the Washington State Patrol crime laboratory. The DNA samples for mitochondrial DNA testing are submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Summary: The training modules developed by the Washington State Forensics Investigations Council, the Washington Association of Coroners and Medical Examiners, and other interested agencies are required to provide training at the Basic Law Enforcement Academy at the Criminal Justice Training Commission. The statewide website that is created and maintained by the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs is not required to remove information about missing persons from the web site after 30 days. Local law enforcement agencies are directed to file an official missing persons report and enter biographical information into the state missing persons computerized network without delay after being notified of the receipt of a missing person's report. After collecting DNA samples from a missing person and their family members, the Sheriff, Chief of Police, or other law enforcement authority is directed to submit the samples to the appropriate laboratory.

Senate Bill Report - 1 - SSB 5191

Biological samples taken for a missing person's investigation are to be forwarded to the appropriate laboratory as soon as possible.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate 40 0 House 94 0

Effective: July 22, 2007