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## ESHB 1131 - S COMM AMD By Committee on Ways & Means

## ADOPTED 04/11/2007

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1)(a) The legislature finds that 3 4 Washington, there are more than seven thousand three hundred children 5 in foster family or group care. These children face unique obstacles 6 and burdens as they transition to adulthood, including lacking continuity in their elementary and high school educations. As compared 7 to the general population of students, twice as many foster care youth 8 9 change schools at least once during their elementary and secondary school careers, and three times as many change schools at least three 10 11 times. Only thirty-four percent of foster care youth graduate from 12 high school within four years, compared to seventy percent for the general population. Of the former foster care youth who earn a high 13 14 school diploma, more than twenty-eight percent earn a GED instead of a traditional high school diploma. This is almost six times the rate of 15 16 the general population. Research indicates that GED holders tend not to be as economically successful as the holders of traditional high 17 18 school diplomas. Only twenty percent of former foster care youth who earn a high school degree enroll in college, compared to over sixty 19 20 percent of the population generally. Of the former foster care youth 21 who do enroll in college, very few go on to earn a degree. Less than 22 two percent of former foster care youth hold bachelor's degrees, 23 compared to twenty-eight percent of Washington's population generally.

(b) Former foster care youth face two critical hurdles to enrolling in college. The first is a lack of information regarding preparation for higher education and their options for enrolling in higher education. The second is finding the financial resources to fund their education. As a result of the unique hurdles and challenges that face former foster care youth, a disproportionate number of them are part of

society's large group of marginalized youth and are at increased risk of continuing the cycle of poverty and violence that frequently plagues their families.

- (c) Former foster care youth suffer from mental health problems at a rate greater than that of the general population. For example, one in four former foster care youth report having suffered from posttraumatic stress disorder within the previous twelve months, compared to only four percent of the general population. Similarly, the incidence of major depression among former foster care youth is twice that of the general population, twenty percent versus ten percent.
- (d) There are other barriers for former foster care youth to achieving successful adulthood. One-third of former foster care youth live in households that are at or below the poverty level. This is three times the rate for the general population. The percentage of former foster care youth who report being homeless within one year of leaving foster care varies from over ten percent to almost twenty-five percent. By comparison, only one percent of the general population reports having been homeless at sometime during the past year. One in three former foster care youth lack health insurance, compared to less than one in five people in the general population. One in six former foster care youth receive cash public assistance. This is five times the rate of the general population.
- (e) Approximately twenty-five percent of former foster care youth are incarcerated at sometime after leaving foster care. This is four times the rate of incarceration for the general population. Of the former foster care youth who "age out" of foster care, twenty-seven percent of the males and ten percent of the females are incarcerated within twelve to eighteen months of leaving foster care.
- (f) Female former foster care youth become sexually active more than seven months earlier than their nonfoster care counterparts, have more sexual partners, and have a mean age of first pregnancy of almost two years earlier than their peers who were not in foster care.
- (2) The legislature intends to create the passport to college promise pilot program. The pilot program will initially operate for a six-year period, and will have two primary components, as follows:
  - (a) Significantly increasing outreach to foster care youth between

- the ages of fourteen and eighteen regarding the higher education opportunities available to them, how to apply to college, and how to apply for and obtain financial aid; and
- 4 (b) Providing financial aid to former foster care youth to assist 5 with the costs of their public undergraduate college education.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The definitions in this section apply 7 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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- (1) "Cost of attendance" means the cost associated with attending a particular institution of higher education as determined by the higher education coordinating board, including but not limited to tuition, fees, room, board, books, personal expenses, and transportation, plus the cost of reasonable additional expenses incurred by an eligible student and approved by a financial aid administrator at the student's school of attendance.
- (2) "Emancipated from foster care" means a person who was a dependent of the state in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW and who was receiving foster care in the state of Washington when he or she reached his or her eighteenth birthday.
- (3) "Financial need" means the difference between a student's cost of attendance and the student's total family contribution as determined by the method prescribed by the United States department of education.
- (4) "Independent college or university" means a private, nonprofit institution of higher education, open to residents of the state, providing programs of education beyond the high school level leading to at least the baccalaureate degree, and accredited by the Northwest association of schools and colleges, and other institutions as may be developed that are approved by the higher education coordinating board as meeting equivalent standards as those institutions accredited under this section.
  - (5) "Institution of higher education" means:
- (a) Any public university, college, community college, or technical college operated by the state of Washington or any political subdivision thereof; or
  - (b) Any independent college or university in Washington; or
- 35 (c) Any other university, college, school, or institute in the 36 state of Washington offering instruction beyond the high school level 37 that is a member institution of an accrediting association recognized

- by rule of the higher education coordinating board for the purposes of 1 this section: PROVIDED, That any institution, branch, extension, or 2 facility operating within the state of Washington that is affiliated 3 with an institution operating in another state must be a separately 4 accredited member institution of any such accrediting association, or 5 a branch of a member institution of an accrediting association 6 7 recognized by rule of the board for purposes of this section, that is eligible for federal student financial aid assistance and has operated 8 as a nonprofit college or university delivering on-site classroom 9 instruction for a minimum of twenty consecutive years within the state 10 of Washington, and has an annual enrollment of at least seven hundred 11 full-time equivalent students. 12
- 13 (6) "Program" means the passport to college promise pilot program
  14 created in this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** The passport to college promise pilot program is created. The purpose of the program is:

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- (1) To encourage current and former foster care youth to prepare for, attend, and successfully complete higher education; and
- 19 (2) To provide current and former foster care youth with the 20 educational planning, information, institutional support, and direct 21 financial resources necessary for them to succeed in higher education.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The higher education coordinating board shall design and, to the extent funds are appropriated for this purpose, implement, a program of supplemental scholarship and student assistance for students who have emancipated from the state foster care system after having spent at least one year in care.
    - (2) The board shall convene and consult with an advisory committee to assist with program design and implementation. The committee shall include but not be limited to former foster care youth and their advocates; representatives from the state board for community and technical colleges, and from public and private agencies that assist current and former foster care recipients in their transition to adulthood; and student support specialists from public and private colleges and universities.
    - (3) To the extent that sufficient funds have been appropriated for

this purpose, a student is eligible for assistance under this section if he or she:

- (a) Emancipated from foster care on or after January 1, 2007, after having spent at least one year in foster care subsequent to his or her sixteenth birthday;
  - (b) Is a resident student, as defined in RCW 28B.15.012(2);
- (c) Is enrolled with or will enroll on at least a half-time basis with an institution of higher education in Washington state by the age of twenty-one;
- 10 (d) Is making satisfactory academic progress toward the completion 11 of a degree or certificate program, if receiving supplemental 12 scholarship assistance;
  - (e) Has not earned a bachelor's or professional degree; and
  - (f) Is not pursuing a degree in theology.

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- (4) A passport to college scholarship under this section:
- (a) Shall not exceed resident undergraduate tuition and fees at the highest-priced public institution of higher education in the state; and
- (b) Shall not exceed the student's financial need, less a reasonable self-help amount defined by the board, when combined with all other public and private grant, scholarship, and waiver assistance the student receives.
- (5) An eligible student may receive a passport to college scholarship under this section for a maximum of five years after the student first enrolls with an institution of higher education or until the student turns age twenty-six, whichever occurs first. If a student turns age twenty-six during an academic year, and would otherwise be eligible for a scholarship under this section, the student shall continue to be eligible for a scholarship for the remainder of the academic year.
- (6) The higher education coordinating board, in consultation with and with assistance from the state board for community and technical colleges, shall perform an annual analysis to verify that those institutions of higher education at which students have received a scholarship under this section have awarded the student all available need-based and merit-based grant and scholarship aid for which the student qualifies.
- (7) In designing and implementing the passport to college student

support program under this section, the board, in consultation with and with assistance from the state board for community and technical colleges, shall ensure that a participating college or university:

- (a) Has a viable plan for identifying students eligible for assistance under this section, for tracking and enhancing their academic progress, for addressing their unique needs for assistance during school vacations and academic interims, and for linking them to appropriate sources of assistance in their transition to adulthood;
- 9 (b) Receives financial and other incentives for achieving 10 measurable progress in the recruitment, retention, and graduation of 11 eligible students.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Effective operation of the passport to college promise pilot program requires early and accurate identification of former foster care youth so that they can be linked to the financial and other assistance that will help them succeed in college. To that end:
  - (1) All institutions of higher education that receive funding for student support services under section 4 of this act shall include on their applications for admission or on their registration materials a question asking whether the applicant has been in foster care in Washington state for at least one year since his or her sixteenth birthday. All other institutions of higher education are strongly encouraged to include such a question. No institution may consider whether an applicant may be eligible for a scholarship or student support services under this chapter when deciding whether the applicant will be granted admission.
  - (2) The department of social and health services shall devise and implement procedures for efficiently, promptly, and accurately identifying students and applicants who are eligible for services under section 4 of this act, and for sharing that information with the higher education coordinating board and with institutions of higher education. The procedures shall include appropriate safeguards for consent by the applicant or student before disclosure.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) To the extent funds are appropriated for this purpose, the higher education coordinating board, with input from the state board for community and technical colleges, the foster care

- partnership, and institutions of higher education, shall develop and maintain an internet web site and outreach program to serve as a comprehensive portal for foster care youth in Washington state to obtain information regarding higher education including, but not necessarily limited to:
  - (a) Academic, social, family, financial, and logistical information important to successful postsecondary educational success;
    - (b) How and when to obtain and complete college applications;
- 9 (c) What college placement tests, if any, are generally required 10 for admission to college and when and how to register for such tests;

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- 11 (d) How and when to obtain and complete a federal free application 12 for federal student aid (FAFSA); and
- 13 (e) Detailed sources of financial aid likely available to eligible 14 former foster care youth, including the financial aid provided by this 15 chapter.
- 16 (2) The board shall determine whether to design, build, and operate 17 such program and web site directly or to use, support, and modify 18 existing web sites created by government or nongovernmental entities 19 for a similar purpose.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) To the extent funds are appropriated for this purpose, the department of social and health services, with input from the state board for community and technical colleges, the higher education coordinating board, and institutions of higher education, shall contract with at least one nongovernmental entity through a request for proposals process to develop, implement, and administer a program of supplemental educational transition planning for youth in foster care in Washington state.
  - (2) The nongovernmental entity or entities chosen by the department shall have demonstrated success in working with foster care youth and assisting foster care youth in successfully making the transition from foster care to independent adulthood.
  - (3) The selected nongovernmental entity or entities shall provide supplemental educational transition planning to foster care youth in Washington state beginning at age fourteen and then at least every six months thereafter. The supplemental transition planning shall include:
  - (a) Comprehensive information regarding postsecondary educational opportunities including, but not limited to, sources of financial aid,

institutional characteristics and record of support for former foster care youth, transportation, housing, and other logistical considerations;

- (b) How and when to apply to postsecondary educational programs;
- (c) What precollege tests, if any, the particular foster care youth should take based on his or her postsecondary plans and when to take the tests;
- (d) What courses to take to prepare the particular foster care youth to succeed at his or her postsecondary plans;
- (e) Social, community, educational, logistical, and other issues that frequently impact college students and their success rates; and
- (f) Which web sites, nongovernmental entities, public agencies, and other foster care youth support providers specialize in which services.
- (4) The selected nongovernmental entity or entities shall work directly with the school counselors at the foster care youths' high schools to ensure that a consistent and complete transition plan has been prepared for each foster care youth who emancipates out of the foster care system in Washington state.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) The higher education coordinating board shall report to appropriate committees of the legislature by January 15, 2008, on the status of program design and implementation. The report shall include a discussion of proposed scholarship and student support service approaches; an estimate of the number of students who will receive such services; baseline information on the extent to which former foster care youth who meet the eligibility criteria in section 4 of this act have enrolled and persisted in postsecondary education; and recommendations for any statutory changes needed to promote achievement of program objectives.
  - (2) The state board for community and technical colleges and the higher education coordinating board shall monitor and analyze the extent to which eligible young people are increasing their participation, persistence, and progress in postsecondary education, and shall jointly submit a report on their findings to appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2009, and by December 1, 2011.
- 36 (3) The Washington state institute for public policy shall complete 37 an evaluation of the passport to college promise pilot program and

- 1 shall submit a report to appropriate committees of the legislature by
- 2 December 1, 2012. The report shall estimate the impact of the program
- 3 on eligible students' participation and success in postsecondary
- 4 education, and shall include recommendations for program revision and
- 5 improvement.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to:
- 7 (1) Guarantee acceptance by, or entrance into, any institution of
- 8 higher education; or
- 9 (2) Limit the participation of youth, in or formerly in, foster
- 10 care in Washington state in any other program of financial assistance
- 11 for postsecondary education.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** This chapter expires June 30, 2013.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** Sections 1 through 10 of this act
- 14 constitute a new chapter in Title 28B RCW."

## ESHB 1131 - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Ways & Means

## ADOPTED 04/11/2007

- On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "purpose;" strike the
- 16 remainder of the title and insert "adding a new chapter to Title 28B
- 17 RCW; and providing an expiration date."

--- END ---