E2SSB 5930 - H AMD
By Representative Cody

ADOPTED 04/12/2007

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
2 following:

3 "**USE STATE PURCHASING TO IMPROVE HEALTH CARE QUALITY**

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) The health care authority and the
5 department of social and health services shall, by September 1, 2007,
6 develop a five-year plan to change reimbursement within their health
7 care programs to:
8 (a) Reward quality health outcomes rather than simply paying for
9 the receipt of particular services or procedures;
10 (b) Pay for care that reflects patient preference and is of proven
11 value;
12 (c) Require the use of evidence-based standards of care where
13 available;
14 (d) Tie provider rate increases to measurable improvements in
15 access to quality care;
16 (e) Direct enrollees to quality care systems;
17 (f) Better support primary care and provide a medical home to all
18 enrollees through reimbursement policies that create incentives for
19 providers to enter and remain in primary care practice and that address
20 disparities in payment between specialty procedures and primary care
21 services; and
22 (g) Pay for e-mail consultations, telemedicine, and telehealth
23 where doing so reduces the overall cost of care.
24 (2) In developing any component of the plan that links payment to
25 health care provider performance, the authority and the department
26 shall work in collaboration with the department of health, health
27 carriers, local public health jurisdictions, physicians and other
28 health care providers, the Puget Sound health alliance, and other
29 purchasers.

1 (3) The plan shall (a) identify any existing barriers and
2 opportunities to support implementation, including needed changes to
3 state or federal law; (b) identify the goals the plan is intended to
4 achieve and how progress toward those goals will be measured; and (c)
5 be submitted to the governor and the legislature upon completion. The
6 agencies shall report to the legislature by September 1, 2007. Any
7 component of the plan that links payment to health care provider
8 performance must be submitted to the legislature for consideration
9 prior to implementation by the department or the authority.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW
11 to read as follows:
12 (1) The legislature finds that there is growing evidence that, for
13 preference-sensitive care involving elective surgery, patient-
14 practitioner communication is improved through the use of high-quality
15 decision aids that detail the benefits, harms, and uncertainty of
16 available treatment options. Improved communication leads to more
17 fully informed patient decisions. The legislature intends to increase
18 the extent to which patients make genuinely informed, preference-based
19 treatment decisions, by promoting public/private collaborative efforts
20 to broaden the development, certification, use, and evaluation of
21 effective decision aids and by recognition of shared decision making
22 and patient decision aids in the state's laws on informed consent.
23 (2) The health care authority shall implement a shared
24 decision-making demonstration project. The demonstration project shall
25 be conducted at one or more multispecialty group practice sites
26 providing state purchased health care in the state of Washington, and
27 may include other practice sites providing state purchased health care.
28 The demonstration project shall include the following elements:
29 (a) Incorporation into clinical practice of one or more decision
30 aids for one or more identified preference-sensitive care areas
31 combined with ongoing training and support of involved practitioners
32 and practice teams, preferably at sites with necessary supportive
33 health information technology;
34 (b) An evaluation of the impact of the use of shared decision
35 making with decision aids, including the use of preference-sensitive
36 health care services selected for the demonstration project and
37 expenditures for those services, the impact on patients, including

patient understanding of the treatment options presented and concordance between patient values and the care received, and patient and practitioner satisfaction with the shared decision-making process; and

(c) As a condition of participating in the demonstration project, a participating practice site must bear the cost of selecting, purchasing, and incorporating the chosen decision aids into clinical practice.

(3) The health care authority may solicit and accept funding and in-kind contributions to support the demonstration and evaluation, and may scale the evaluation to fall within resulting resource parameters.

Sec. 3. RCW 7.70.060 and 1975-'76 2nd ex.s. c 56 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If a patient while legally competent, or his or her representative if he or she is not competent, signs a consent form which sets forth the following, the signed consent form shall constitute prima facie evidence that the patient gave his or her informed consent to the treatment administered and the patient has the burden of rebutting this by a preponderance of the evidence:

((~~(1)~~)) (a) A description, in language the patient could reasonably be expected to understand, of:

((~~(a)~~)) (i) The nature and character of the proposed treatment;

((~~(b)~~)) (ii) The anticipated results of the proposed treatment;

((~~(c)~~)) (iii) The recognized possible alternative forms of treatment; and

((~~(d)~~)) (iv) The recognized serious possible risks, complications, and anticipated benefits involved in the treatment and in the recognized possible alternative forms of treatment, including nontreatment;

((~~(2)~~)) (b) Or as an alternative, a statement that the patient elects not to be informed of the elements set forth in (a) of this subsection ((~~(1) of this section~~)).

(2) If a patient while legally competent, or his or her representative if he or she is not competent, signs an acknowledgement of shared decision making as described in this section, such acknowledgement shall constitute prima facie evidence that the patient

gave his or her informed consent to the treatment administered and the patient has the burden of rebutting this by clear and convincing evidence. An acknowledgement of shared decision making shall include:

(a) A statement that the patient, or his or her representative, and the health care provider have engaged in shared decision making as an alternative means of meeting the informed consent requirements set forth by laws, accreditation standards, and other mandates;

(b) A brief description of the services that the patient and provider jointly have agreed will be furnished;

(c) A brief description of the patient decision aid or aids that have been used by the patient and provider to address the needs for (i) high-quality, up-to-date information about the condition, including risk and benefits of available options and, if appropriate, a discussion of the limits of scientific knowledge about outcomes; (ii) values clarification to help patients sort out their values and preferences; and (iii) guidance or coaching in deliberation, designed to improve the patient's involvement in the decision process;

(d) A statement that the patient or his or her representative understands: The risk or seriousness of the disease or condition to be prevented or treated; the available treatment alternatives, including nontreatment; and the risks, benefits, and uncertainties of the treatment alternatives, including nontreatment; and

(e) A statement certifying that the patient or his or her representative has had the opportunity to ask the provider questions, and to have any questions answered to the patient's satisfaction, and indicating the patient's intent to receive the identified services.

(3) As used in this section, "shared decision making" means a process in which the physician or other health care practitioner discusses with the patient or his or her representative the information specified in subsection (2) of this section with the use of a patient decision aid and the patient shares with the provider such relevant personal information as might make one treatment or side effect more or less tolerable than others.

(4) As used in this section, "patient decision aid" means a written, audio-visual, or online tool that provides a balanced presentation of the condition and treatment options, benefits, and harms, including, if appropriate, a discussion of the limits of

scientific knowledge about outcomes, and that is certified by one or more national certifying organizations.

(5) Failure to use a form or to engage in shared decision making, with or without the use of a patient decision aid, shall not be admissible as evidence of failure to obtain informed consent. There shall be no liability, civil or otherwise, resulting from a health care provider choosing either the signed consent form set forth in subsection (1)(a) of this section or the signed acknowledgement of shared decision making as set forth in subsection (2) of this section.

PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF CHRONIC ILLNESS

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department of social and health services, in collaboration with the department of health, shall:

(a) Design and implement medical homes for its aged, blind, and disabled clients in conjunction with chronic care management programs to improve health outcomes, access, and cost-effectiveness. Programs must be evidence based, facilitating the use of information technology to improve quality of care, must acknowledge the role of primary care providers and include financial and other supports to enable these providers to effectively carry out their role in chronic care management, and must improve coordination of primary, acute, and long-term care for those clients with multiple chronic conditions. The department shall consider expansion of existing medical home and chronic care management programs and build on the Washington state collaborative initiative. The department shall use best practices in identifying those clients best served under a chronic care management model using predictive modeling through claims or other health risk information; and

(b) Evaluate the effectiveness of current chronic care management efforts in the health and recovery services administration and the aging and disability services administration, comparison to best practices, and recommendations for future efforts and organizational structure to improve chronic care management.

(2) For purposes of this section:

(a) "Medical home" means a site of care that provides comprehensive preventive and coordinated care centered on the patient needs and assures high quality, accessible, and efficient care.

(b) "Chronic care management" means the department's program that provides care management and coordination activities for medical assistance clients determined to be at risk for high medical costs. "Chronic care management" provides education and training and/or coordination that assist program participants in improving self-management skills to improve health outcomes and reduce medical costs by educating clients to better utilize services.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall conduct a program of training and technical assistance regarding care of people with chronic conditions for providers of primary care. The program shall emphasize evidence-based high quality preventive and chronic disease care. The department may designate one or more chronic conditions to be the subject of the program.

(2) The training and technical assistance program shall include the following elements:

(a) Clinical information systems and sharing and organization of patient data;

(b) Decision support to promote evidence-based care;

(c) Clinical delivery system design;

(d) Support for patients managing their own conditions; and

(e) Identification and use of community resources that are available in the community for patients and their families.

(3) In selecting primary care providers to participate in the program, the department shall consider the number and type of patients with chronic conditions the provider serves, and the provider's participation in the medicaid program, the basic health plan, and health plans offered through the public employees' benefits board.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** (1) The health care authority, in collaboration with the department of health, shall design and implement a chronic care management program for state employees enrolled in the state's self-insured uniform medical plan. Programs must be evidence

based, facilitating the use of information technology to improve quality of care and must improve coordination of primary, acute, and long-term care for those enrollees with multiple chronic conditions. The authority shall consider expansion of existing medical home and chronic care management programs. The authority shall use best practices in identifying those employees best served under a chronic care management model using predictive modeling through claims or other health risk information.

(2) For purposes of this section:

(a) "Medical home" means a site of care that provides comprehensive preventive and coordinated care centered on the patient needs and assures high-quality, accessible, and efficient care.

(b) "Chronic care management" means the authority's program that provides care management and coordination activities for health plan enrollees determined to be at risk for high medical costs. "Chronic care management" provides education and training and/or coordination that assist program participants in improving self-management skills to improve health outcomes and reduce medical costs by educating clients to better utilize services.

Sec. 7. RCW 70.83.040 and 2005 c 518 s 938 are each amended to read as follows:

When notified of positive screening tests, the state department of health shall offer the use of its services and facilities, designed to prevent mental retardation or physical defects in such children, to the attending physician, or the parents of the newborn child if no attending physician can be identified.

The services and facilities of the department, and other state and local agencies cooperating with the department in carrying out programs of detection and prevention of mental retardation and physical defects shall be made available to the family and physician to the extent required in order to carry out the intent of this chapter and within the availability of funds. ((~~The department has the authority to collect a reasonable fee, from the parents or other responsible party of each infant screened to fund specialty clinics that provide treatment services for hemoglobin diseases, phenylketonuria, congenital adrenal hyperplasia, congenital hypothyroidism, and, during the 2005-07~~

~~fiscal biennium, other disorders defined by the board of health under RCW 70.83.020. The fee may be collected through the facility where the screening specimen is obtained.~~))

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 70.83 RCW to read as follows:

The department has the authority to collect a fee of three dollars and fifty cents from the parents or other responsible party of each infant screened for congenital disorders as defined by the state board of health under RCW 70.83.020 to fund specialty clinics that provide treatment services for those with the defined disorders. The fee may be collected through the facility where a screening specimen is obtained.

COST AND QUALITY INFORMATION FOR CONSUMERS AND PROVIDERS

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

The Washington state quality forum is established within the authority. In collaboration with the Puget Sound health alliance and other local organizations, the forum shall:

(1) Collect and disseminate research regarding health care quality, evidence-based medicine, and patient safety to promote best practices, in collaboration with the technology assessment program and the prescription drug program;

(2) Coordinate the collection of health care quality data among state health care purchasing agencies;

(3) Adopt a set of measures to evaluate and compare health care cost and quality and provider performance;

(4) Identify and disseminate information regarding variations in clinical practice patterns across the state; and

(5) Produce an annual quality report detailing clinical practice patterns for purchasers, providers, insurers, and policy makers. The agencies shall report to the legislature by September 1, 2007.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The administrator shall design and pilot a consumer-centric

1 health information infrastructure and the first health record banks
2 that will facilitate the secure exchange of health information when and
3 where needed and shall:
4 (a) Complete the plan of initial implementation, including but not
5 limited to determining the technical infrastructure for health record
6 banks and the account locator service, setting criteria and standards
7 for health record banks, and determining oversight of health record
8 banks;
9 (b) Implement the first health record banks in pilot sites as
10 funding allows;
11 (c) Involve health care consumers in meaningful ways in the design,
12 implementation, oversight, and dissemination of information on the
13 health record bank system; and
14 (d) Promote adoption of electronic medical records and health
15 information exchange through continuation of the Washington health
16 information collaborative, and by working with private payors and other
17 organizations in restructuring reimbursement to provide incentives for
18 providers to adopt electronic medical records in their practices.
19 (2) The administrator may establish an advisory board, a
20 stakeholder committee, and subcommittees to assist in carrying out the
21 duties under this section. The administrator may reappoint health
22 information infrastructure advisory board members to assure continuity
23 and shall appoint any additional representatives that may be required
24 for their expertise and experience.
25 (a) The administrator shall appoint the chair of the advisory
26 board, chairs, and cochairs of the stakeholder committee, if formed;
27 (b) Meetings of the board, stakeholder committee, and any advisory
28 group are subject to chapter 42.30 RCW, the open public meetings act,
29 including RCW 42.30.110(1)(l), which authorizes an executive session
30 during a regular or special meeting to consider proprietary or
31 confidential nonpublished information; and
32 (c) The members of the board, stakeholder committee, and any
33 advisory group:
34 (i) Shall agree to the terms and conditions imposed by the
35 administrator regarding conflicts of interest as a condition of
36 appointment;
37 (ii) Are immune from civil liability for any official acts

performed in good faith as members of the board, stakeholder committee, or any advisory group.

(3) Members of the board may be compensated for participation in accordance with a personal services contract to be executed after appointment and before commencement of activities related to the work of the board. Members of the stakeholder committee shall not receive compensation but shall be reimbursed under RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

(4) The administrator may work with public and private entities to develop and encourage the use of personal health records which are portable, interoperable, secure, and respectful of patients' privacy.

(5) The administrator may enter into contracts to issue, distribute, and administer grants that are necessary or proper to carry out this section.

Sec. 11. RCW 43.70.110 and 2006 c 72 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary shall charge fees to the licensee for obtaining a license. After June 30, 1995, municipal corporations providing emergency medical care and transportation services pursuant to chapter 18.73 RCW shall be exempt from such fees, provided that such other emergency services shall only be charged for their pro rata share of the cost of licensure and inspection, if appropriate. The secretary may waive the fees when, in the discretion of the secretary, the fees would not be in the best interest of public health and safety, or when the fees would be to the financial disadvantage of the state.

(2) Except as provided in ((~~RCW 18.79.202, until June 30, 2013, and except for the cost of regulating retired volunteer medical workers in accordance with RCW 18.130.360~~)) subsection (3) of this section, fees charged shall be based on, but shall not exceed, the cost to the department for the licensure of the activity or class of activities and may include costs of necessary inspection.

(3) License fees shall include amounts in addition to the cost of licensure activities in the following circumstances:

(a) For registered nurses and licensed practical nurses licensed under chapter 18.79 RCW, support of a central nursing resource center as provided in RCW 18.79.202, until June 30, 2013;

(b) For all health care providers licensed under RCW 18.130.040,

1 the cost of regulatory activities for retired volunteer medical worker
2 licensees as provided in RCW 18.130.360; and
3 (c) For physicians licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW, physician
4 assistants licensed under chapter 18.71A RCW, osteopathic physicians
5 licensed under chapter 18.57 RCW, osteopathic physicians' assistants
6 licensed under chapter 18.57A RCW, naturopaths licensed under chapter
7 18.36A RCW, podiatrists licensed under chapter 18.22 RCW, chiropractors
8 licensed under chapter 18.25 RCW, psychologists licensed under chapter
9 18.83 RCW, registered nurses licensed under chapter 18.79 RCW,
10 optometrists licensed under chapter 18.53 RCW, mental health counselors
11 licensed under chapter 18.225 RCW, massage therapists licensed under
12 chapter 18.108 RCW, clinical social workers licensed under chapter
13 18.225 RCW, and acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW, the
14 license fees shall include up to an additional twenty-five dollars to
15 be transferred by the department to the University of Washington for
16 the purposes of section 12 of this act.
17 (4) Department of health advisory committees may review fees
18 established by the secretary for licenses and comment upon the
19 appropriateness of the level of such fees.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW
21 to read as follows:
22 Within the amounts transferred from the department of health under
23 RCW 43.70.110(3), the University of Washington shall, through the
24 health sciences library, provide online access to selected vital
25 clinical resources, medical journals, decision support tools, and
26 evidence-based reviews of procedures, drugs, and devices to the health
27 professionals listed in RCW 43.70.110(3)(c). Online access shall be
28 available no later than January 1, 2009.

29 **Sec. 13.** RCW 70.56.030 and 2006 c 8 s 107 are each amended to read
30 as follows:
31 (1) The department shall:
32 (a) Receive and investigate, where necessary, notifications and
33 reports of adverse events, including root cause analyses and corrective
34 action plans submitted as part of reports, and communicate to
35 individual facilities the department's conclusions, if any, regarding
36 an adverse event reported by a facility; ((~~and~~))

(b) Provide to the Washington state quality forum established in section 9 of this act such information from the adverse health events and incidents reports made under this chapter as the department and the Washington state quality forum determine will assist in the Washington state quality forum's research regarding health care quality, evidence-based medicine, and patient safety. Any shared information must be aggregated and not identify an individual medical facility. As determined by the department and the Washington state quality forum, selected shared information may be disseminated on the Washington state quality forum's web site and through other appropriate means; and

(c) Adopt rules as necessary to implement this chapter.

(2) The department may enforce the reporting requirements of RCW 70.56.020 using ((~~their~~)) its existing enforcement authority provided in chapter 18.46 RCW for childbirth centers, chapter 70.41 RCW for hospitals, and chapter 71.12 RCW for psychiatric hospitals.

REDUCING UNNECESSARY EMERGENCY ROOM USE

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** The Washington state health care authority and the department of social and health services shall report to the legislature by December 1, 2007, on recent trends in unnecessary emergency room use by enrollees in state purchased health care programs that they administer and the uninsured, and then partner with community organizations and local health care providers to design a demonstration pilot to reduce such unnecessary visits.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

In collaboration with the department of social and health services, the administrator shall provide all persons enrolled in health plans under this chapter and chapter 70.47 RCW with access to a twenty-four hour, seven day a week nurse hotline.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:

In collaboration with the health care authority, the department shall provide all persons receiving services under this chapter with access to a twenty-four hour, seven day a week nurse hotline. The

1 health care authority and the department of social and health services
2 shall determine the most appropriate way to provide the nurse hotline
3 under section 15 of this act and this section, which may include use of
4 the 211 system established in chapter 43.211 RCW.

5 **REDUCE HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS**

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** By September 1, 2007, the insurance
7 commissioner shall provide a report to the governor and the legislature
8 that identifies the key contributors to health care administrative
9 costs and evaluates opportunities to reduce them, including suggested
10 changes to state law. The report shall be completed in collaboration
11 with health care providers, carriers, state health purchasing agencies,
12 the Washington healthcare forum, and other interested parties.

13 **COVERAGE FOR DEPENDENTS TO AGE TWENTY-FIVE**

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW
15 to read as follows:
16 (1) Any plan offered to employees under this chapter must offer
17 each employee the option of covering any unmarried dependent of the
18 employee under the age of twenty-five.
19 (2) Any employee choosing under subsection (1) of this section to
20 cover a dependent who is: (a) Age twenty through twenty-three and not
21 a registered student at an accredited secondary school, college,
22 university, vocational school, or school of nursing; or (b) age twenty-
23 four, shall be required to pay the full cost of such coverage.
24 (3) Any employee choosing under subsection (1) of this section to
25 cover a dependent with disabilities, developmental disabilities, mental
26 illness, or mental retardation, who is incapable of self-support, may
27 continue covering that dependent under the same premium and payment
28 structure as for dependents under the age of twenty, irrespective of
29 age.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW
31 to read as follows:
32 Any disability insurance contract that provides coverage for a

subscriber's dependent must offer the option of covering any unmarried dependent under the age of twenty-five.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 20.** A new section is added to chapter 48.21 RCW to read as follows:

Any group disability insurance contract or blanket disability insurance contract that provides coverage for a participating member's dependent must offer each participating member the option of covering any unmarried dependent under the age of twenty-five.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 21.** A new section is added to chapter 48.44 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Any individual health care service plan contract that provides coverage for a subscriber's dependent must offer the option of covering any unmarried dependent under the age of twenty-five.

(2) Any group health care service plan contract that provides coverage for a participating member's dependent must offer each participating member the option of covering any unmarried dependent under the age of twenty-five.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 22.** A new section is added to chapter 48.46 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Any individual health maintenance agreement that provides coverage for a subscriber's dependent must offer the option of covering any unmarried dependent under the age of twenty-five.

(2) Any group health maintenance agreement that provides coverage for a participating member's dependent must offer each participating member the option of covering any unmarried dependent under the age of twenty-five.

SUSTAINABILITY AND ACCESS TO PUBLIC PROGRAMS

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 23.** (1) The department of social and health services shall develop a series of options that require federal waivers and state plan amendments to expand coverage and leverage federal and state resources for the state's basic health program, for the medical assistance program, as codified at Title XIX of the federal social

security act, and the state's children's health insurance program, as codified at Title XXI of the federal social security act. The department shall propose options including but not limited to:

(a) Offering alternative benefit designs to promote high quality care, improve health outcomes, and encourage cost-effective treatment options and redirect savings to finance additional coverage;

(b) Creation of a health opportunity account demonstration program for individuals eligible for transitional medical benefits. When a participant in the health opportunity account demonstration program satisfies his or her deductible, the benefits provided shall be those included in the medicaid benefit package in effect during the period of the demonstration program; and

(c) Promoting private health insurance plans and premium subsidies to purchase employer-sponsored insurance wherever possible, including federal approval to expand the department's employer-sponsored insurance premium assistance program to enrollees covered through the state's children's health insurance program.

(2) Prior to submitting requests for federal waivers or state plan amendments, the department shall consult with and seek input from stakeholders and other interested parties.

(3) The department of social and health services, in collaboration with the Washington state health care authority, shall ensure that enrollees are not simultaneously enrolled in the state's basic health program and the medical assistance program or the state's children's health insurance program to ensure coverage for the maximum number of people within available funds.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 24.** A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

When the department of social and health services determines that it is cost-effective to enroll a person eligible for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW in an employer-sponsored health plan, a carrier shall permit the enrollment of the person in the health plan for which he or she is otherwise eligible without regard to any open enrollment period restrictions.

REINSURANCE

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 25.** (1) The office of financial management, in collaboration with the office of the insurance commissioner, shall evaluate options and design a state-supported reinsurance program to address the impact of high cost enrollees in the individual and small group health insurance markets, and submit an interim report to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 2007, and a final report, including implementing legislation and supporting information, including financing options, by September 1, 2008. In designing the program, the office of financial management shall:

(a) Estimate the quantitative impact on premium savings, premium stability over time and across groups of enrollees, individual and employer take-up, number of uninsured, and government costs associated with a government-funded stop-loss insurance program, including distinguishing between one-time premium savings and savings in subsequent years. In evaluating the various reinsurance models, evaluate and consider (i) the reduction in total health care costs to the state and private sector, and (ii) the reduction in individual premiums paid by employers, employees, and individuals;

(b) Identify all relevant design issues and alternative options for each issue. At a minimum, the evaluation shall examine (i) a reinsurance corridor of ten thousand dollars to ninety thousand dollars, and a reimbursement of ninety percent; (ii) the impacts of providing reinsurance for all small group products or a subset of products; and (iii) the applicability of a chronic care program such as the approach used by the department of labor and industries with the centers of occupational health and education. Where quantitative impacts cannot be estimated, the office of financial management shall assess qualitative impacts of design issues and their options, including potential disincentives for reducing premiums, achieving premium stability, sustaining/increasing take-up, decreasing the number of uninsured, and managing government's stop-loss insurance costs;

(c) Identify market and regulatory changes needed to maximize the chance of the program achieving its policy goals, including how the program will relate to other coverage programs and markets. Design efforts shall coordinate with other design efforts targeting small group programs that may be directed by the legislature, as well as other approaches examining alternatives to managing risk;

(d) Address conditions under which overall expenditures could increase as a result of a government-funded stop-loss program and options to mitigate those conditions, such as passive versus aggressive use of disease and care management programs by insurers;

(e) Determine whether the Washington state health insurance pool should be retained, and if so, develop options for additional sources of funding;

(f) Evaluate, and quantify where possible, the behavioral responses of insurers to the program including impacts on insurer premiums and practices for settling legal disputes around large claims; and

(g) Provide alternatives for transitioning from the status quo and, where applicable, alternatives for phasing in some design elements, such as threshold or corridor levels, to balance government costs and premium savings.

(2) Within funds specifically appropriated for this purpose, the office of financial management may contract with actuaries and other experts as necessary to meet the requirements of this section.

THE WASHINGTON STATE HEALTH INSURANCE POOL AND THE BASIC HEALTH PLAN

Sec. 26. RCW 48.41.110 and 2001 c 196 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The pool shall offer one or more care management plans of coverage. Such plans may, but are not required to, include point of service features that permit participants to receive in-network benefits or out-of-network benefits subject to differential cost shares. ((~~Covered persons enrolled in the pool on January 1, 2001, may continue coverage under the pool plan in which they are enrolled on that date. However,~~)) The pool may incorporate managed care features into ((~~such~~)) existing plans.

(2) The administrator shall prepare a brochure outlining the benefits and exclusions of ((~~the~~)) pool ((~~policy~~)) policies in plain language. After approval by the board, such brochure shall be made reasonably available to participants or potential participants.

(3) The health insurance ((~~policy~~)) policies issued by the pool shall pay only reasonable amounts for medically necessary eligible health care services rendered or furnished for the diagnosis or treatment of covered illnesses, injuries, and conditions ((~~which are~~

~~not otherwise limited or excluded~~)). Eligible expenses are the reasonable amounts for the health care services and items for which benefits are extended under ((~~the~~)) a pool policy. ((~~Such benefits shall at minimum include, but not be limited to, the following services or related items:~~))

(4) The pool shall offer at least two policies, one of which will be a comprehensive policy that must comply with RCW 48.41.120 and must at a minimum include the following services or related items:

(a) Hospital services, including charges for the most common semiprivate room, for the most common private room if semiprivate rooms do not exist in the health care facility, or for the private room if medically necessary, ((~~but limited to~~)) including no less than a total of one hundred eighty inpatient days in a calendar year, and ((~~limited to~~)) no less than thirty days inpatient care for mental and nervous conditions, or alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse per calendar year;

(b) Professional services including surgery for the treatment of injuries, illnesses, or conditions, other than dental, which are rendered by a health care provider, or at the direction of a health care provider, by a staff of registered or licensed practical nurses, or other health care providers;

(c) ((~~The first~~)) No less than twenty outpatient professional visits for the diagnosis or treatment of one or more mental or nervous conditions or alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse rendered during a calendar year by one or more physicians, psychologists, or community mental health professionals, or, at the direction of a physician, by other qualified licensed health care practitioners, in the case of mental or nervous conditions, and rendered by a state certified chemical dependency program approved under chapter 70.96A RCW, in the case of alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse;

(d) Drugs and contraceptive devices requiring a prescription;

(e) Services of a skilled nursing facility, excluding custodial and convalescent care, for not ((~~more~~)) less than one hundred days in a calendar year as prescribed by a physician;

(f) Services of a home health agency;

(g) Chemotherapy, radioisotope, radiation, and nuclear medicine therapy;

(h) Oxygen;

(i) Anesthesia services;

(j) Prostheses, other than dental;

(k) Durable medical equipment which has no personal use in the absence of the condition for which prescribed;

(l) Diagnostic x-rays and laboratory tests;

(m) Oral surgery ((~~limited to~~)) including at least the following: Fractures of facial bones; excisions of mandibular joints, lesions of the mouth, lip, or tongue, tumors, or cysts excluding treatment for temporomandibular joints; incision of accessory sinuses, mouth salivary glands or ducts; dislocations of the jaw; plastic reconstruction or repair of traumatic injuries occurring while covered under the pool; and excision of impacted wisdom teeth;

(n) Maternity care services;

(o) Services of a physical therapist and services of a speech therapist;

(p) Hospice services;

(q) Professional ambulance service to the nearest health care facility qualified to treat the illness or injury; and

(r) Other medical equipment, services, or supplies required by physician's orders and medically necessary and consistent with the diagnosis, treatment, and condition.

((~~(4)~~)) (5) The board shall design and employ cost containment measures and requirements such as, but not limited to, care coordination, provider network limitations, preadmission certification, and concurrent inpatient review which may make the pool more cost-effective.

((~~(5)~~)) (6) The pool benefit policy may contain benefit limitations, exceptions, and cost shares such as copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles that are consistent with managed care products, except that differential cost shares may be adopted by the board for nonnetwork providers under point of service plans. ((~~The pool benefit policy cost shares and limitations must be consistent with those that are generally included in health plans approved by the insurance commissioner; however,~~)) No limitation, exception, or reduction may be used that would exclude coverage for any disease, illness, or injury.

((~~(6)~~)) (7) The pool may not reject an individual for health plan coverage based upon preexisting conditions of the individual or deny,

exclude, or otherwise limit coverage for an individual's preexisting health conditions; except that it shall impose a six-month benefit waiting period for preexisting conditions for which medical advice was given, for which a health care provider recommended or provided treatment, or for which a prudent layperson would have sought advice or treatment, within six months before the effective date of coverage. The preexisting condition waiting period shall not apply to prenatal care services. The pool may not avoid the requirements of this section through the creation of a new rate classification or the modification of an existing rate classification. Credit against the waiting period shall be as provided in subsection ((~~(7)~~)) (8) of this section.

((~~(7)~~)) (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the pool shall credit any preexisting condition waiting period in its plans for a person who was enrolled at any time during the sixty-three day period immediately preceding the date of application for the new pool plan. For the person previously enrolled in a group health benefit plan, the pool must credit the aggregate of all periods of preceding coverage not separated by more than sixty-three days toward the waiting period of the new health plan. For the person previously enrolled in an individual health benefit plan other than a catastrophic health plan, the pool must credit the period of coverage the person was continuously covered under the immediately preceding health plan toward the waiting period of the new health plan. For the purposes of this subsection, a preceding health plan includes an employer-provided self-funded health plan.

(b) The pool shall waive any preexisting condition waiting period for a person who is an eligible individual as defined in section 2741(b) of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-41(b)).

((~~(8)~~)) (9) If an application is made for the pool policy as a result of rejection by a carrier, then the date of application to the carrier, rather than to the pool, should govern for purposes of determining preexisting condition credit.

(10) The pool shall contract with organizations that provide care management that has been demonstrated to be effective and shall encourage enrollees who are eligible for care management services to participate.

Sec. 27. RCW 48.41.160 and 1987 c 431 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) ((~~A pool policy offered under this chapter shall contain provisions under which the pool is obligated to renew the policy until the day on which the individual in whose name the policy is issued first becomes eligible for medicare coverage. At that time, coverage of dependents shall terminate if such dependents are eligible for coverage under a different health plan. Dependents who become eligible for medicare prior to the individual in whose name the policy is issued, shall receive benefits in accordance with RCW 48.41.150~~)) On or before December 31, 2007, the pool shall cancel all existing pool policies and replace them with policies that are identical to the existing policies except for the inclusion of a provision providing for a guarantee of the continuity of coverage consistent with this section. As a means to minimize the number of policy changes for enrollees, replacement policies provided under this subsection also may include the plan modifications authorized in RCW 48.41.100, 48.41.110, and 48.41.120.

(2) A pool policy shall contain a guarantee of the individual's right to continued coverage, subject to the provisions of subsections (4) and (5) of this section.

(3) The guarantee of continuity of coverage required by this section shall not prevent the pool from canceling or nonrenewing a policy for:

(a) Nonpayment of premium;

(b) Violation of published policies of the pool;

(c) Failure of a covered person who becomes eligible for medicare benefits by reason of age to apply for a pool medical supplement plan, or a medicare supplement plan or other similar plan offered by a carrier pursuant to federal laws and regulations;

(d) Failure of a covered person to pay any deductible or copayment amount owed to the pool and not the provider of health care services;

(e) Covered persons committing fraudulent acts as to the pool;

(f) Covered persons materially breaching the pool policy; or

(g) Changes adopted to federal or state laws when such changes no longer permit the continued offering of such coverage.

(4)(a) The guarantee of continuity of coverage provided by this section requires that if the pool replaces a plan, it must make the

replacement plan available to all individuals in the plan being replaced. The replacement plan must include all of the services covered under the replaced plan, and must not significantly limit access to the kind of services covered under the replacement plan through unreasonable cost-sharing requirements or otherwise. The pool may also allow individuals who are covered by a plan that is being replaced an unrestricted right to transfer to a fully comparable plan.

(b) The guarantee of continuity of coverage provided by this section requires that if the pool discontinues offering a plan: (i) The pool must provide notice to each individual of the discontinuation at least ninety days prior to the date of the discontinuation; (ii) the pool must offer to each individual provided coverage under the discontinued plan the option to enroll in any other plan currently offered by the pool for which the individual is otherwise eligible; and (iii) in exercising the option to discontinue a plan and in offering the option of coverage under (b)(ii) of this subsection, the pool must act uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor of enrolled individuals or individuals who may become eligible for this coverage.

(c) The pool cannot replace a plan under this subsection until it has completed an evaluation of the impact of replacing the plan upon:

(i) The cost and quality of care to pool enrollees;

(ii) Pool financing and enrollment;

(iii) The board's ability to offer comprehensive and other plans to its enrollees;

(iv) Other items identified by the board.

In its evaluation, the board must request input from the constituents represented by the board members.

(d) The guarantee of continuity of coverage provided by this section does not apply if the pool has zero enrollment in a plan.

(5) The pool may not change the rates for pool policies except on a class basis, with a clear disclosure in the policy of the pool's right to do so.

((~~(3)~~)) (6) A pool policy offered under this chapter shall provide that, upon the death of the individual in whose name the policy is issued, every other individual then covered under the policy may elect, within a period specified in the policy, to continue coverage under the same or a different policy.

Sec. 28. RCW 48.41.200 and 2000 c 79 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The pool shall determine the standard risk rate by calculating the average individual standard rate charged for coverage comparable to pool coverage by the five largest members, measured in terms of individual market enrollment, offering such coverages in the state. In the event five members do not offer comparable coverage, the standard risk rate shall be established using reasonable actuarial techniques and shall reflect anticipated experience and expenses for such coverage in the individual market.

(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, maximum rates for pool coverage shall be as follows:

(a) Maximum rates for a pool indemnity health plan shall be one hundred fifty percent of the rate calculated under subsection (1) of this section;

(b) Maximum rates for a pool care management plan shall be one hundred twenty-five percent of the rate calculated under subsection (1) of this section; and

(c) Maximum rates for a person eligible for pool coverage pursuant to RCW 48.41.100(1)(a) who was enrolled at any time during the sixty-three day period immediately prior to the date of application for pool coverage in a group health benefit plan or an individual health benefit plan other than a catastrophic health plan as defined in RCW 48.43.005, where such coverage was continuous for at least eighteen months, shall be:

(i) For a pool indemnity health plan, one hundred twenty-five percent of the rate calculated under subsection (1) of this section; and

(ii) For a pool care management plan, one hundred ten percent of the rate calculated under subsection (1) of this section.

(3)(a) Subject to (b) and (c) of this subsection:

(i) The rate for any person ((~~aged fifty to sixty-four~~)) whose current gross family income is less than two hundred fifty-one percent of the federal poverty level shall be reduced by thirty percent from what it would otherwise be;

(ii) The rate for any person ((~~aged fifty to sixty-four~~)) whose current gross family income is more than two hundred fifty but less

than three hundred one percent of the federal poverty level shall be reduced by fifteen percent from what it would otherwise be;

(iii) The rate for any person who has been enrolled in the pool for more than thirty-six months shall be reduced by five percent from what it would otherwise be.

(b) In no event shall the rate for any person be less than one hundred ten percent of the rate calculated under subsection (1) of this section.

(c) Rate reductions under (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection shall be available only to the extent that funds are specifically appropriated for this purpose in the omnibus appropriations act.

Sec. 29. RCW 48.41.037 and 2000 c 79 s 36 are each amended to read as follows:

The Washington state health insurance pool account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from moneys specifically appropriated to the account must be deposited in the account. Expenditures from this account shall be used to cover deficits incurred by the Washington state health insurance pool under this chapter in excess of the threshold established in this section. To the extent funds are available in the account, funds shall be expended from the account to offset that portion of the deficit that would otherwise have to be recovered by imposing an assessment on members in excess of a threshold of seventy cents per insured person per month. The commissioner shall authorize expenditures from the account, to the extent that funds are available in the account, upon certification by the pool board that assessments will exceed the threshold level established in this section. The account is subject to the allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

Whether the assessment has reached the threshold of seventy cents per insured person per month shall be determined by dividing the total aggregate amount of assessment by the proportion of total assessed members. Thus, stop loss members shall be counted as one-tenth of a whole member in the denominator given that is the amount they are assessed proportionately relative to a fully insured medical member.

Sec. 30. RCW 48.41.100 and 2001 c 196 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The following persons who are residents of this state are eligible for pool coverage:

(a) Any person who provides evidence of a carrier's decision not to accept him or her for enrollment in an individual health benefit plan as defined in RCW 48.43.005 based upon, and within ninety days of the receipt of, the results of the standard health questionnaire designated by the board and administered by health carriers under RCW 48.43.018;

(b) Any person who continues to be eligible for pool coverage based upon the results of the standard health questionnaire designated by the board and administered by the pool administrator pursuant to subsection (3) of this section;

(c) Any person who resides in a county of the state where no carrier or insurer eligible under chapter 48.15 RCW offers to the public an individual health benefit plan other than a catastrophic health plan as defined in RCW 48.43.005 at the time of application to the pool, and who makes direct application to the pool; and

(d) Any medicare eligible person upon providing evidence of rejection for medical reasons, a requirement of restrictive riders, an up-rated premium, or a preexisting conditions limitation on a medicare supplemental insurance policy under chapter 48.66 RCW, the effect of which is to substantially reduce coverage from that received by a person considered a standard risk by at least one member within six months of the date of application.

(2) The following persons are not eligible for coverage by the pool:

(a) Any person having terminated coverage in the pool unless (i) twelve months have lapsed since termination, or (ii) that person can show continuous other coverage which has been involuntarily terminated for any reason other than nonpayment of premiums. However, these exclusions do not apply to eligible individuals as defined in section 2741(b) of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-41(b));

(b) Any person on whose behalf the pool has paid out ((~~one~~)) two million dollars in benefits;

(c) Inmates of public institutions and persons whose benefits are duplicated under public programs. However, these exclusions do not

apply to eligible individuals as defined in section 2741(b) of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-41(b));

(d) Any person who resides in a county of the state where any carrier or insurer regulated under chapter 48.15 RCW offers to the public an individual health benefit plan other than a catastrophic health plan as defined in RCW 48.43.005 at the time of application to the pool and who does not qualify for pool coverage based upon the results of the standard health questionnaire, or pursuant to subsection (1)(d) of this section.

(3) When a carrier or insurer regulated under chapter 48.15 RCW begins to offer an individual health benefit plan in a county where no carrier had been offering an individual health benefit plan:

(a) If the health benefit plan offered is other than a catastrophic health plan as defined in RCW 48.43.005, any person enrolled in a pool plan pursuant to subsection (1)(c) of this section in that county shall no longer be eligible for coverage under that plan pursuant to subsection (1)(c) of this section, but may continue to be eligible for pool coverage based upon the results of the standard health questionnaire designated by the board and administered by the pool administrator. The pool administrator shall offer to administer the questionnaire to each person no longer eligible for coverage under subsection (1)(c) of this section within thirty days of determining that he or she is no longer eligible;

(b) Losing eligibility for pool coverage under this subsection (3) does not affect a person's eligibility for pool coverage under subsection (1)(a), (b), or (d) of this section; and

(c) The pool administrator shall provide written notice to any person who is no longer eligible for coverage under a pool plan under this subsection (3) within thirty days of the administrator's determination that the person is no longer eligible. The notice shall: (i) Indicate that coverage under the plan will cease ninety days from the date that the notice is dated; (ii) describe any other coverage options, either in or outside of the pool, available to the person; (iii) describe the procedures for the administration of the standard health questionnaire to determine the person's continued eligibility for coverage under subsection (1)(b) of this section; and (iv) describe the enrollment process for the available options outside of the pool.

(4) The board shall ensure that an independent analysis of the eligibility standards for the pool coverage is conducted, including examining the eight percent eligibility threshold, eligibility for medicaid enrollees and other publicly sponsored enrollees, and the impacts on the pool and the state budget. The board shall report the findings to the legislature by December 1, 2007.

Sec. 31. RCW 48.41.120 and 2000 c 79 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the limitation provided in subsection (3) of this section, ((~~a~~)) the comprehensive pool policy offered ((~~in accordance with~~)) under RCW 48.41.110((~~(3)~~)) (4) shall impose a deductible as provided in this subsection. Deductibles of five hundred dollars and one thousand dollars on a per person per calendar year basis shall initially be offered. The board may authorize deductibles in other amounts. The deductible shall be applied to the first five hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, or other authorized amount of eligible expenses incurred by the covered person.

(2) Subject to the limitations provided in subsection (3) of this section, a mandatory coinsurance requirement shall be imposed at ((~~the~~)) a rate ((~~of~~)) not to exceed twenty percent of eligible expenses in excess of the mandatory deductible and which supports the efficient delivery of high quality health care services for the medical conditions of pool enrollees.

(3) The maximum aggregate out of pocket payments for eligible expenses by the insured in the form of deductibles and coinsurance under ((~~a~~)) the comprehensive pool policy offered ((~~in accordance with~~)) under RCW 48.41.110((~~(3)~~)) (4) shall not exceed in a calendar year:

(a) One thousand five hundred dollars per individual, or three thousand dollars per family, per calendar year for the five hundred dollar deductible policy;

(b) Two thousand five hundred dollars per individual, or five thousand dollars per family per calendar year for the one thousand dollar deductible policy; or

(c) An amount authorized by the board for any other deductible policy.

(4) Except for those enrolled in a high deductible health plan qualified under federal law for use with a health savings account, eligible expenses incurred by a covered person in the last three months of a calendar year, and applied toward a deductible, shall also be applied toward the deductible amount in the next calendar year.

(5) The board may modify cost-sharing as an incentive for enrollees to participate in care management services and other cost-effective programs and policies.

Sec. 32. RCW 48.43.005 and 2006 c 25 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless otherwise specifically provided, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Adjusted community rate" means the rating method used to establish the premium for health plans adjusted to reflect actuarially demonstrated differences in utilization or cost attributable to geographic region, age, family size, and use of wellness activities.

(2) "Basic health plan" means the plan described under chapter 70.47 RCW, as revised from time to time.

(3) "Basic health plan model plan" means a health plan as required in RCW 70.47.060(2)(e).

(4) "Basic health plan services" means that schedule of covered health services, including the description of how those benefits are to be administered, that are required to be delivered to an enrollee under the basic health plan, as revised from time to time.

(5) "Catastrophic health plan" means:

(a) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering a single enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year deductible of, at a minimum, one thousand ((~~five~~)) seven hundred fifty dollars and an annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan (other than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least three thousand five hundred dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by the insurance commissioner; and

(b) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering more than one enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year deductible of, at a minimum, three thousand five hundred dollars and an annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan (other

than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least ((~~five~~)) six thousand ((~~five hundred~~)) dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by the insurance commissioner; or

(c) Any health benefit plan that provides benefits for hospital inpatient and outpatient services, professional and prescription drugs provided in conjunction with such hospital inpatient and outpatient services, and excludes or substantially limits outpatient physician services and those services usually provided in an office setting.

In July, 2008, and in each July thereafter, the insurance commissioner shall adjust the minimum deductible and out-of-pocket expense required for a plan to qualify as a catastrophic plan to reflect the percentage change in the consumer price index for medical care for a preceding twelve months, as determined by the United States department of labor. The adjusted amount shall apply on the following January 1st.

(6) "Certification" means a determination by a review organization that an admission, extension of stay, or other health care service or procedure has been reviewed and, based on the information provided, meets the clinical requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, level of care, or effectiveness under the auspices of the applicable health benefit plan.

(7) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted during a patient's hospital stay or course of treatment.

(8) "Covered person" or "enrollee" means a person covered by a health plan including an enrollee, subscriber, policyholder, beneficiary of a group plan, or individual covered by any other health plan.

(9) "Dependent" means, at a minimum, the enrollee's legal spouse and unmarried dependent children who qualify for coverage under the enrollee's health benefit plan.

(10) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works on a full-time basis with a normal work week of thirty or more hours. The term includes a self-employed individual, including a sole proprietor, a partner of a partnership, and may include an independent contractor, if the self-employed individual, sole proprietor, partner, or independent contractor is included as an employee under a health benefit plan of a small employer, but does not work less than thirty hours per week and derives at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade

1 or business through which he or she has attempted to earn taxable
2 income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal
3 revenue service form. Persons covered under a health benefit plan
4 pursuant to the consolidated omnibus budget reconciliation act of 1986
5 shall not be considered eligible employees for purposes of minimum
6 participation requirements of chapter 265, Laws of 1995.
7 (11) "Emergency medical condition" means the emergent and acute
8 onset of a symptom or symptoms, including severe pain, that would lead
9 a prudent layperson acting reasonably to believe that a health
10 condition exists that requires immediate medical attention, if failure
11 to provide medical attention would result in serious impairment to
12 bodily functions or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part, or
13 would place the person's health in serious jeopardy.
14 (12) "Emergency services" means otherwise covered health care
15 services medically necessary to evaluate and treat an emergency medical
16 condition, provided in a hospital emergency department.
17 (13) "Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing" means amounts paid to
18 health carriers directly providing services, health care providers, or
19 health care facilities by enrollees and may include copayments,
20 coinsurance, or deductibles.
21 (14) "Grievance" means a written complaint submitted by or on
22 behalf of a covered person regarding: (a) Denial of payment for
23 medical services or nonprovision of medical services included in the
24 covered person's health benefit plan, or (b) service delivery issues
25 other than denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of
26 medical services, including dissatisfaction with medical care, waiting
27 time for medical services, provider or staff attitude or demeanor, or
28 dissatisfaction with service provided by the health carrier.
29 (15) "Health care facility" or "facility" means hospices licensed
30 under chapter 70.127 RCW, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW,
31 rural health care facilities as defined in RCW 70.175.020, psychiatric
32 hospitals licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW, nursing homes licensed
33 under chapter 18.51 RCW, community mental health centers licensed under
34 chapter 71.05 or 71.24 RCW, kidney disease treatment centers licensed
35 under chapter 70.41 RCW, ambulatory diagnostic, treatment, or surgical
36 facilities licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, drug and alcohol treatment
37 facilities licensed under chapter 70.96A RCW, and home health agencies
38 licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, and includes such facilities if

owned and operated by a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state and such other facilities as required by federal law and implementing regulations.

(16) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:

(a) A person regulated under Title 18 or chapter 70.127 RCW, to practice health or health-related services or otherwise practicing health care services in this state consistent with state law; or

(b) An employee or agent of a person described in (a) of this subsection, acting in the course and scope of his or her employment.

(17) "Health care service" means that service offered or provided by health care facilities and health care providers relating to the prevention, cure, or treatment of illness, injury, or disease.

(18) "Health carrier" or "carrier" means a disability insurer regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, a health care service contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or a health maintenance organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020.

(19) "Health plan" or "health benefit plan" means any policy, contract, or agreement offered by a health carrier to provide, arrange, reimburse, or pay for health care services except the following:

(a) Long-term care insurance governed by chapter 48.84 RCW;

(b) Medicare supplemental health insurance governed by chapter 48.66 RCW;

(c) Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55, Title 10, United States Code;

(d) Limited health care services offered by limited health care service contractors in accordance with RCW 48.44.035;

(e) Disability income;

(f) Coverage incidental to a property/casualty liability insurance policy such as automobile personal injury protection coverage and homeowner guest medical;

(g) Workers' compensation coverage;

(h) Accident only coverage;

(i) Specified disease and hospital confinement indemnity when marketed solely as a supplement to a health plan;

(j) Employer-sponsored self-funded health plans;

(k) Dental only and vision only coverage; and

(l) Plans deemed by the insurance commissioner to have a short-term limited purpose or duration, or to be a student-only plan that is

guaranteed renewable while the covered person is enrolled as a regular full-time undergraduate or graduate student at an accredited higher education institution, after a written request for such classification by the carrier and subsequent written approval by the insurance commissioner.

(20) "Material modification" means a change in the actuarial value of the health plan as modified of more than five percent but less than fifteen percent.

(21) "Preexisting condition" means any medical condition, illness, or injury that existed any time prior to the effective date of coverage.

(22) "Premium" means all sums charged, received, or deposited by a health carrier as consideration for a health plan or the continuance of a health plan. Any assessment or any "membership," "policy," "contract," "service," or similar fee or charge made by a health carrier in consideration for a health plan is deemed part of the premium. "Premium" shall not include amounts paid as enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing.

(23) "Review organization" means a disability insurer regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, health care service contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or health maintenance organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020, and entities affiliated with, under contract with, or acting on behalf of a health carrier to perform a utilization review.

(24) "Small employer" or "small group" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, political subdivision, sole proprietor, or self-employed individual that is actively engaged in business that, on at least fifty percent of its working days during the preceding calendar quarter, employed at least two but no more than fifty eligible employees, with a normal work week of thirty or more hours, the majority of whom were employed within this state, and is not formed primarily for purposes of buying health insurance and in which a bona fide employer-employee relationship exists. In determining the number of eligible employees, companies that are affiliated companies, or that are eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of taxation by this state, shall be considered an employer. Subsequent to the issuance of a health plan to a small employer and for the purpose of determining eligibility, the size of a small employer shall be determined annually. Except as otherwise specifically provided, a

small employer shall continue to be considered a small employer until the plan anniversary following the date the small employer no longer meets the requirements of this definition. A self-employed individual or sole proprietor must derive at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade or business through which the individual or sole proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040, schedule C or F, for the previous taxable year except for a self-employed individual or sole proprietor in an agricultural trade or business, who must derive at least fifty-one percent of his or her income from the trade or business through which the individual or sole proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040, for the previous taxable year. A self-employed individual or sole proprietor who is covered as a group of one on the day prior to June 10, 2004, shall also be considered a "small employer" to the extent that individual or group of one is entitled to have his or her coverage renewed as provided in RCW 48.43.035(6).

(25) "Utilization review" means the prospective, concurrent, or retrospective assessment of the necessity and appropriateness of the allocation of health care resources and services of a provider or facility, given or proposed to be given to an enrollee or group of enrollees.

(26) "Wellness activity" means an explicit program of an activity consistent with department of health guidelines, such as, smoking cessation, injury and accident prevention, reduction of alcohol misuse, appropriate weight reduction, exercise, automobile and motorcycle safety, blood cholesterol reduction, and nutrition education for the purpose of improving enrollee health status and reducing health service costs.

Sec. 33. RCW 48.41.190 and 1989 c 121 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

((~~Neither the participation by members, the establishment of rates, forms, or procedures for coverages issued by the pool, nor any other joint or collective action required by this chapter or the state of Washington shall be the basis of any legal action, civil or criminal liability or penalty against the pool, any member of the board of~~

~~directors, or members of the pool either jointly or separately.~~)) The pool, members of the pool, board directors of the pool, officers of the pool, employees of the pool, the commissioner, the commissioner's representatives, and the commissioner's employees shall not be civilly or criminally liable and shall not have any penalty or cause of action of any nature arise against them for any action taken or not taken, including any discretionary decision or failure to make a discretionary decision, when the action or inaction is done in good faith and in the performance of the powers and duties under this chapter. Nothing in this section prohibits legal actions against the pool to enforce the pool's statutory or contractual duties or obligations.

Sec. 34. RCW 41.05.075 and 2006 c 103 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The administrator shall provide benefit plans designed by the board through a contract or contracts with insuring entities, through self-funding, self-insurance, or other methods of providing insurance coverage authorized by RCW 41.05.140.

(2) The administrator shall establish a contract bidding process that:

(a) Encourages competition among insuring entities;

(b) Maintains an equitable relationship between premiums charged for similar benefits and between risk pools including premiums charged for retired state and school district employees under the separate risk pools established by RCW 41.05.022 and 41.05.080 such that insuring entities may not avoid risk when establishing the premium rates for retirees eligible for medicare;

(c) Is timely to the state budgetary process; and

(d) Sets conditions for awarding contracts to any insuring entity.

(3) The administrator shall establish a requirement for review of utilization and financial data from participating insuring entities on a quarterly basis.

(4) The administrator shall centralize the enrollment files for all employee and retired or disabled school employee health plans offered under chapter 41.05 RCW and develop enrollment demographics on a plan-specific basis.

(5) All claims data shall be the property of the state. The

administrator may require of any insuring entity that submits a bid to contract for coverage all information deemed necessary including:

(a) Subscriber or member demographic and claims data necessary for risk assessment and adjustment calculations in order to fulfill the administrator's duties as set forth in this chapter; and

(b) Subscriber or member demographic and claims data necessary to implement performance measures or financial incentives related to performance under subsection (7) of this section.

(6) All contracts with insuring entities for the provision of health care benefits shall provide that the beneficiaries of such benefit plans may use on an equal participation basis the services of practitioners licensed pursuant to chapters 18.22, 18.25, 18.32, 18.53, 18.57, 18.71, 18.74, 18.83, and 18.79 RCW, as it applies to registered nurses and advanced registered nurse practitioners. However, nothing in this subsection may preclude the administrator from establishing appropriate utilization controls approved pursuant to RCW 41.05.065(2)(a), (b), and (d).

(7) The administrator shall, in collaboration with other state agencies that administer state purchased health care programs, private health care purchasers, health care facilities, providers, and carriers:

(a) Use evidence-based medicine principles to develop common performance measures and implement financial incentives in contracts with insuring entities, health care facilities, and providers that:

(i) Reward improvements in health outcomes for individuals with chronic diseases, increased utilization of appropriate preventive health services, and reductions in medical errors; and

(ii) Increase, through appropriate incentives to insuring entities, health care facilities, and providers, the adoption and use of information technology that contributes to improved health outcomes, better coordination of care, and decreased medical errors;

(b) Through state health purchasing, reimbursement, or pilot strategies, promote and increase the adoption of health information technology systems, including electronic medical records, by hospitals as defined in RCW 70.41.020(4), integrated delivery systems, and providers that:

(i) Facilitate diagnosis or treatment;

(ii) Reduce unnecessary duplication of medical tests;

(iii) Promote efficient electronic physician order entry;

(iv) Increase access to health information for consumers and their providers; and

(v) Improve health outcomes;

(c) Coordinate a strategy for the adoption of health information technology systems using the final health information technology report and recommendations developed under chapter 261, Laws of 2005.

(8) The administrator may permit the Washington state health insurance pool to contract to utilize any network maintained by the authority or any network under contract with the authority.

Sec. 35. RCW 70.47.020 and 2005 c 188 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Washington basic health plan" or "plan" means the system of enrollment and payment for basic health care services, administered by the plan administrator through participating managed health care systems, created by this chapter.

(2) "Administrator" means the Washington basic health plan administrator, who also holds the position of administrator of the Washington state health care authority.

(3) "Health coverage tax credit program" means the program created by the Trade Act of 2002 (P.L. 107-210) that provides a federal tax credit that subsidizes private health insurance coverage for displaced workers certified to receive certain trade adjustment assistance benefits and for individuals receiving benefits from the pension benefit guaranty corporation.

(4) "Health coverage tax credit eligible enrollee" means individual workers and their qualified family members who lose their jobs due to the effects of international trade and are eligible for certain trade adjustment assistance benefits; or are eligible for benefits under the alternative trade adjustment assistance program; or are people who receive benefits from the pension benefit guaranty corporation and are at least fifty-five years old.

(5) "Managed health care system" means: (a) Any health care organization, including health care providers, insurers, health care service contractors, health maintenance organizations, or any combination thereof, that provides directly or by contract basic health

care services, as defined by the administrator and rendered by duly licensed providers, to a defined patient population enrolled in the plan and in the managed health care system; or (b) a self-funded or self-insured method of providing insurance coverage to subsidized enrollees provided under RCW 41.05.140 and subject to the limitations under RCW 70.47.100(7).

(6) "Subsidized enrollee" means:

(a) An individual, or an individual plus the individual's spouse or dependent children:

((~~(a)~~)) (i) Who is not eligible for medicare;

((~~(b)~~)) (ii) Who is not confined or residing in a government-operated institution, unless he or she meets eligibility criteria adopted by the administrator;

((~~(c)~~)) (iii) Who is not a full-time student who has received a temporary visa to study in the United States;

((~~(d)~~)) (iv) Who resides in an area of the state served by a managed health care system participating in the plan;

((~~(e)~~)) (v) Whose gross family income at the time of enrollment does not exceed two hundred percent of the federal poverty level as adjusted for family size and determined annually by the federal department of health and human services; and

((~~(f)~~)) (vi) Who chooses to obtain basic health care coverage from a particular managed health care system in return for periodic payments to the plan((~~.~~));

(b) An individual who meets the requirements in (a)(i) through (iv) and (vi) of this subsection and who is a foster parent licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW and whose gross family income at the time of enrollment does not exceed three hundred percent of the federal poverty level as adjusted for family size and determined annually by the federal department of health and human services; and

(c) To the extent that state funds are specifically appropriated for this purpose, with a corresponding federal match, ((~~"subsidized enrollee" also means~~)) an individual, or an individual's spouse or dependent children, who meets the requirements in (a)(i) through ((~~(d)~~)) (iv) and ((~~(f)~~)) (vi) of this subsection and whose gross family income at the time of enrollment is more than two hundred percent, but less than two hundred fifty-one percent, of the federal poverty level

as adjusted for family size and determined annually by the federal department of health and human services.

(7) "Nonsubsidized enrollee" means an individual, or an individual plus the individual's spouse or dependent children: (a) Who is not eligible for medicare; (b) who is not confined or residing in a government-operated institution, unless he or she meets eligibility criteria adopted by the administrator; (c) who is accepted for enrollment by the administrator as provided in RCW 48.43.018, either because the potential enrollee cannot be required to complete the standard health questionnaire under RCW 48.43.018, or, based upon the results of the standard health questionnaire, the potential enrollee would not qualify for coverage under the Washington state health insurance pool; (d) who resides in an area of the state served by a managed health care system participating in the plan; ((~~(d)~~)) (e) who chooses to obtain basic health care coverage from a particular managed health care system; and ((~~(e)~~)) (f) who pays or on whose behalf is paid the full costs for participation in the plan, without any subsidy from the plan.

(8) "Subsidy" means the difference between the amount of periodic payment the administrator makes to a managed health care system on behalf of a subsidized enrollee plus the administrative cost to the plan of providing the plan to that subsidized enrollee, and the amount determined to be the subsidized enrollee's responsibility under RCW 70.47.060(2).

(9) "Premium" means a periodic payment, ((~~based upon gross family income~~)) which an individual, their employer or another financial sponsor makes to the plan as consideration for enrollment in the plan as a subsidized enrollee, a nonsubsidized enrollee, or a health coverage tax credit eligible enrollee.

(10) "Rate" means the amount, negotiated by the administrator with and paid to a participating managed health care system, that is based upon the enrollment of subsidized, nonsubsidized, and health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees in the plan and in that system.

Sec. 36. RCW 70.47.060 and 2006 c 343 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The administrator has the following powers and duties:

1 (1) To design and from time to time revise a schedule of covered
2 basic health care services, including physician services, inpatient and
3 outpatient hospital services, prescription drugs and medications, and
4 other services that may be necessary for basic health care. In
5 addition, the administrator may, to the extent that funds are
6 available, offer as basic health plan services chemical dependency
7 services, mental health services and organ transplant services;
8 however, no one service or any combination of these three services
9 shall increase the actuarial value of the basic health plan benefits by
10 more than five percent excluding inflation, as determined by the office
11 of financial management. All subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees in
12 any participating managed health care system under the Washington basic
13 health plan shall be entitled to receive covered basic health care
14 services in return for premium payments to the plan. The schedule of
15 services shall emphasize proven preventive and primary health care and
16 shall include all services necessary for prenatal, postnatal, and well-
17 child care. However, with respect to coverage for subsidized enrollees
18 who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the
19 medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator
20 shall not contract for such services except to the extent that such
21 services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order
22 to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the
23 managed care provider. The schedule of services shall also include a
24 separate schedule of basic health care services for children, eighteen
25 years of age and younger, for those subsidized or nonsubsidized
26 enrollees who choose to secure basic coverage through the plan only for
27 their dependent children. In designing and revising the schedule of
28 services, the administrator shall consider the guidelines for assessing
29 health services under the mandated benefits act of 1984, RCW 48.47.030,
30 and such other factors as the administrator deems appropriate.
31 (2)(a) To design and implement a structure of periodic premiums due
32 the administrator from subsidized enrollees that is based upon gross
33 family income, giving appropriate consideration to family size and the
34 ages of all family members. The enrollment of children shall not
35 require the enrollment of their parent or parents who are eligible for
36 the plan. The structure of periodic premiums shall be applied to
37 subsidized enrollees entering the plan as individuals pursuant to

subsection (11) of this section and to the share of the cost of the plan due from subsidized enrollees entering the plan as employees pursuant to subsection (12) of this section.

(b) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from subsidized enrollees under RCW 70.47.020(6)(b). Premiums due for foster parents with gross family income up to two hundred percent of the federal poverty level shall be set at the minimum premium amount charged to enrollees with income below sixty-five percent of the federal poverty level. Premiums due for foster parents with gross family income between two hundred percent and three hundred percent of the federal poverty level shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.

(c) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from nonsubsidized enrollees. Premiums due from nonsubsidized enrollees shall be in an amount equal to the cost charged by the managed health care system provider to the state for the plan plus the administrative cost of providing the plan to those enrollees and the premium tax under RCW 48.14.0201.

((~~(c)~~)) (d) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees. Premiums due from health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees must be in an amount equal to the cost charged by the managed health care system provider to the state for the plan, plus the administrative cost of providing the plan to those enrollees and the premium tax under RCW 48.14.0201. The administrator will consider the impact of eligibility determination by the appropriate federal agency designated by the Trade Act of 2002 (P.L. 107-210) as well as the premium collection and remittance activities by the United States internal revenue service when determining the administrative cost charged for health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees.

((~~(d)~~)) (e) An employer or other financial sponsor may, with the prior approval of the administrator, pay the premium, rate, or any other amount on behalf of a subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollee, by arrangement with the enrollee and through a mechanism acceptable to the administrator. The administrator shall establish a mechanism for receiving premium payments from the United States internal revenue service for health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees.

1 ((~~(e)~~)) (f) To develop, as an offering by every health carrier
2 providing coverage identical to the basic health plan, as configured on
3 January 1, 2001, a basic health plan model plan with uniformity in
4 enrollee cost-sharing requirements.
5 (3) To evaluate, with the cooperation of participating managed
6 health care system providers, the impact on the basic health plan of
7 enrolling health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees. The
8 administrator shall issue to the appropriate committees of the
9 legislature preliminary evaluations on June 1, 2005, and January 1,
10 2006, and a final evaluation by June 1, 2006. The evaluation shall
11 address the number of persons enrolled, the duration of their
12 enrollment, their utilization of covered services relative to other
13 basic health plan enrollees, and the extent to which their enrollment
14 contributed to any change in the cost of the basic health plan.
15 (4) To end the participation of health coverage tax credit eligible
16 enrollees in the basic health plan if the federal government reduces or
17 terminates premium payments on their behalf through the United States
18 internal revenue service.
19 (5) To design and implement a structure of enrollee cost-sharing
20 due a managed health care system from subsidized, nonsubsidized, and
21 health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees. The structure shall
22 discourage inappropriate enrollee utilization of health care services,
23 and may utilize copayments, deductibles, and other cost-sharing
24 mechanisms, but shall not be so costly to enrollees as to constitute a
25 barrier to appropriate utilization of necessary health care services.
26 (6) To limit enrollment of persons who qualify for subsidies so as
27 to prevent an overexpenditure of appropriations for such purposes.
28 Whenever the administrator finds that there is danger of such an
29 overexpenditure, the administrator shall close enrollment until the
30 administrator finds the danger no longer exists. Such a closure does
31 not apply to health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees who receive
32 a premium subsidy from the United States internal revenue service as
33 long as the enrollees qualify for the health coverage tax credit
34 program.
35 (7) To limit the payment of subsidies to subsidized enrollees, as
36 defined in RCW 70.47.020. The level of subsidy provided to persons who
37 qualify may be based on the lowest cost plans, as defined by the
38 administrator.

(8) To adopt a schedule for the orderly development of the delivery of services and availability of the plan to residents of the state, subject to the limitations contained in RCW 70.47.080 or any act appropriating funds for the plan.

(9) To solicit and accept applications from managed health care systems, as defined in this chapter, for inclusion as eligible basic health care providers under the plan for subsidized enrollees, nonsubsidized enrollees, or health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees. The administrator shall endeavor to assure that covered basic health care services are available to any enrollee of the plan from among a selection of two or more participating managed health care systems. In adopting any rules or procedures applicable to managed health care systems and in its dealings with such systems, the administrator shall consider and make suitable allowance for the need for health care services and the differences in local availability of health care resources, along with other resources, within and among the several areas of the state. Contracts with participating managed health care systems shall ensure that basic health plan enrollees who become eligible for medical assistance may, at their option, continue to receive services from their existing providers within the managed health care system if such providers have entered into provider agreements with the department of social and health services.

(10) To receive periodic premiums from or on behalf of subsidized, nonsubsidized, and health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees, deposit them in the basic health plan operating account, keep records of enrollee status, and authorize periodic payments to managed health care systems on the basis of the number of enrollees participating in the respective managed health care systems.

(11) To accept applications from individuals residing in areas served by the plan, on behalf of themselves and their spouses and dependent children, for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan as subsidized, nonsubsidized, or health coverage tax credit eligible enrollees, to give priority to members of the Washington national guard and reserves who served in Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Iraqi Freedom, or Operation Noble Eagle, and their spouses and dependents, for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan, to establish appropriate minimum-enrollment periods for enrollees as may be necessary, and to determine, upon application and on a reasonable

schedule defined by the authority, or at the request of any enrollee, eligibility due to current gross family income for sliding scale premiums. Funds received by a family as part of participation in the adoption support program authorized under RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 shall not be counted toward a family's current gross family income for the purposes of this chapter. When an enrollee fails to report income or income changes accurately, the administrator shall have the authority either to bill the enrollee for the amounts overpaid by the state or to impose civil penalties of up to two hundred percent of the amount of subsidy overpaid due to the enrollee incorrectly reporting income. The administrator shall adopt rules to define the appropriate application of these sanctions and the processes to implement the sanctions provided in this subsection, within available resources. No subsidy may be paid with respect to any enrollee whose current gross family income exceeds twice the federal poverty level or, subject to RCW 70.47.110, who is a recipient of medical assistance or medical care services under chapter 74.09 RCW. If a number of enrollees drop their enrollment for no apparent good cause, the administrator may establish appropriate rules or requirements that are applicable to such individuals before they will be allowed to reenroll in the plan.

(12) To accept applications from business owners on behalf of themselves and their employees, spouses, and dependent children, as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, who reside in an area served by the plan. The administrator may require all or the substantial majority of the eligible employees of such businesses to enroll in the plan and establish those procedures necessary to facilitate the orderly enrollment of groups in the plan and into a managed health care system. The administrator may require that a business owner pay at least an amount equal to what the employee pays after the state pays its portion of the subsidized premium cost of the plan on behalf of each employee enrolled in the plan. Enrollment is limited to those not eligible for medicare who wish to enroll in the plan and choose to obtain the basic health care coverage and services from a managed care system participating in the plan. The administrator shall adjust the amount determined to be due on behalf of or from all such enrollees whenever the amount negotiated by the administrator with the participating

managed health care system or systems is modified or the administrative cost of providing the plan to such enrollees changes.

(13) To determine the rate to be paid to each participating managed health care system in return for the provision of covered basic health care services to enrollees in the system. Although the schedule of covered basic health care services will be the same or actuarially equivalent for similar enrollees, the rates negotiated with participating managed health care systems may vary among the systems. In negotiating rates with participating systems, the administrator shall consider the characteristics of the populations served by the respective systems, economic circumstances of the local area, the need to conserve the resources of the basic health plan trust account, and other factors the administrator finds relevant.

(14) To monitor the provision of covered services to enrollees by participating managed health care systems in order to assure enrollee access to good quality basic health care, to require periodic data reports concerning the utilization of health care services rendered to enrollees in order to provide adequate information for evaluation, and to inspect the books and records of participating managed health care systems to assure compliance with the purposes of this chapter. In requiring reports from participating managed health care systems, including data on services rendered enrollees, the administrator shall endeavor to minimize costs, both to the managed health care systems and to the plan. The administrator shall coordinate any such reporting requirements with other state agencies, such as the insurance commissioner and the department of health, to minimize duplication of effort.

(15) To evaluate the effects this chapter has on private employer-based health care coverage and to take appropriate measures consistent with state and federal statutes that will discourage the reduction of such coverage in the state.

(16) To develop a program of proven preventive health measures and to integrate it into the plan wherever possible and consistent with this chapter.

(17) To provide, consistent with available funding, assistance for rural residents, underserved populations, and persons of color.

(18) In consultation with appropriate state and local government

agencies, to establish criteria defining eligibility for persons confined or residing in government-operated institutions.

(19) To administer the premium discounts provided under RCW 48.41.200(3)(a) (i) and (ii) pursuant to a contract with the Washington state health insurance pool.

<u>(20) To give priority in enrollment to persons who disenrolled from the program in order to enroll in medicaid, and subsequently became ineligible for medicaid coverage.</u>

Sec. 37. RCW 48.43.018 and 2004 c 244 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in (a) through (e) of this subsection, a health carrier may require any person applying for an individual health benefit plan <u>and the health care authority shall require any person applying for nonsubsidized enrollment in the basic health plan</u> to complete the standard health questionnaire designated under chapter 48.41 RCW.

(a) If a person is seeking an individual health benefit plan <u>or enrollment in the basic health plan as a nonsubsidized enrollee</u> due to his or her change of residence from one geographic area in Washington state to another geographic area in Washington state where his or her current health plan is not offered, completion of the standard health questionnaire shall not be a condition of coverage if application for coverage is made within ninety days of relocation.

(b) If a person is seeking an individual health benefit plan <u>or enrollment in the basic health plan as a nonsubsidized enrollee</u>:

(i) Because a health care provider with whom he or she has an established care relationship and from whom he or she has received treatment within the past twelve months is no longer part of the carrier's provider network under his or her existing Washington individual health benefit plan; and

(ii) His or her health care provider is part of another carrier's <u>or a basic health plan managed care system's</u> provider network; and

(iii) Application for a health benefit plan under that carrier's provider network individual coverage <u>or for basic health plan nonsubsidized enrollment</u> is made within ninety days of his or her provider leaving the previous carrier's provider network; then

completion of the standard health questionnaire shall not be a condition of coverage.

(c) If a person is seeking an individual health benefit plan or enrollment in the basic health plan as a nonsubsidized enrollee due to his or her having exhausted continuation coverage provided under 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1161 et seq., completion of the standard health questionnaire shall not be a condition of coverage if application for coverage is made within ninety days of exhaustion of continuation coverage. A health carrier or the health care authority as administrator of basic health plan nonsubsidized coverage shall accept an application without a standard health questionnaire from a person currently covered by such continuation coverage if application is made within ninety days prior to the date the continuation coverage would be exhausted and the effective date of the individual coverage applied for is the date the continuation coverage would be exhausted, or within ninety days thereafter.

(d) If a person is seeking an individual health benefit plan or enrollment in the basic health plan as a nonsubsidized enrollee due to his or her receiving notice that his or her coverage under a conversion contract is discontinued, completion of the standard health questionnaire shall not be a condition of coverage if application for coverage is made within ninety days of discontinuation of eligibility under the conversion contract. A health carrier or the health care authority as administrator of basic health plan nonsubsidized coverage shall accept an application without a standard health questionnaire from a person currently covered by such conversion contract if application is made within ninety days prior to the date eligibility under the conversion contract would be discontinued and the effective date of the individual coverage applied for is the date eligibility under the conversion contract would be discontinued, or within ninety days thereafter.

(e) If a person is seeking an individual health benefit plan ((~~and, but for the number of persons employed by his or her employer, would have qualified for~~)) or enrollment in the basic health plan as a nonsubsidized enrollee following disenrollment from a health plan that is exempt from continuation coverage provided under 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1161 et seq., completion of the standard health questionnaire shall not be a condition of coverage if: (i) ((~~Application for coverage is made~~

~~within ninety days of a qualifying event as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1163; and (ii)~~)) The person had at least twenty-four months of continuous group coverage including church plans immediately prior to ((~~the qualifying event. A health carrier shall accept an application without a standard health questionnaire from a person with at least twenty-four months of continuous group coverage if~~)) disenrollment; (ii) application is made no more than ninety days prior to the date of ((~~a qualifying event~~)) disenrollment; and (iii) the effective date of the individual coverage applied for is the date of ((~~the qualifying event~~)) disenrollment, or within ninety days thereafter.

(f) If a person is seeking an individual health benefit plan, completion of the standard health questionnaire shall not be a condition of coverage if: (i) The person had at least twenty-four months of continuous basic health plan coverage under chapter 70.47 RCW immediately prior to disenrollment; and (ii) application for coverage is made within ninety days of disenrollment from the basic health plan. A health carrier shall accept an application without a standard health questionnaire from a person with at least twenty-four months of continuous basic health plan coverage if application is made no more than ninety days prior to the date of disenrollment and the effective date of the individual coverage applied for is the date of disenrollment, or within ninety days thereafter.

(2) If, based upon the results of the standard health questionnaire, the person qualifies for coverage under the Washington state health insurance pool, the following shall apply:

(a) The carrier may decide not to accept the person's application for enrollment in its individual health benefit plan and the health care authority, as administrator of basic health plan nonsubsidized coverage, shall not accept the person's application for enrollment as a nonsubsidized enrollee; and

(b) Within fifteen business days of receipt of a completed application, the carrier or the health care authority as administrator of basic health plan nonsubsidized coverage shall provide written notice of the decision not to accept the person's application for enrollment to both the person and the administrator of the Washington state health insurance pool. The notice to the person shall state that the person is eligible for health insurance provided by the Washington state health insurance pool, and shall include information about the

Washington state health insurance pool and an application for such coverage. If the carrier or the health care authority as administrator of basic health plan nonsubsidized coverage does not provide or postmark such notice within fifteen business days, the application is deemed approved.

(3) If the person applying for an individual health benefit plan: (a) Does not qualify for coverage under the Washington state health insurance pool based upon the results of the standard health questionnaire; (b) does qualify for coverage under the Washington state health insurance pool based upon the results of the standard health questionnaire and the carrier elects to accept the person for enrollment; or (c) is not required to complete the standard health questionnaire designated under this chapter under subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section, the carrier or the health care authority as administrator of basic health plan nonsubsidized coverage, whichever entity administered the standard health questionnaire, shall accept the person for enrollment if he or she resides within the carrier's or the basic health plan's service area and provide or assure the provision of all covered services regardless of age, sex, family structure, ethnicity, race, health condition, geographic location, employment status, socioeconomic status, other condition or situation, or the provisions of RCW 49.60.174(2). The commissioner may grant a temporary exemption from this subsection if, upon application by a health carrier, the commissioner finds that the clinical, financial, or administrative capacity to serve existing enrollees will be impaired if a health carrier is required to continue enrollment of additional eligible individuals.

Sec. 38. RCW 43.70.670 and 2003 c 274 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) "Human immunodeficiency virus insurance program," as used in this section, means a program that provides health insurance coverage for individuals with human immunodeficiency virus, as defined in RCW 70.24.017(7), who are not eligible for medical assistance programs from the department of social and health services as defined in RCW 74.09.010(8) and meet eligibility requirements established by the department of health.

(2) The department of health may pay for health insurance coverage on behalf of persons with human immunodeficiency virus, who meet department eligibility requirements, and who are eligible for "continuation coverage" as provided by the federal consolidated omnibus budget reconciliation act of 1985, group health insurance policies, or individual policies. ((~~The number of insurance policies supported by this program in the Washington state health insurance pool as defined in RCW 48.41.030(18) shall not grow beyond the July 1, 2003, level.~~))

PREVENTION AND HEALTH PROMOTION

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 39.** (1) The Washington state health care authority, the department of social and health services, the department of labor and industries, and the department of health shall, by September 1, 2007, develop a five-year plan to integrate disease and accident prevention and health promotion into state purchased health programs that they administer by:

(a) Structuring benefits and reimbursements to promote healthy choices and disease and accident prevention;

(b) Encouraging enrollees in state health programs to complete a health assessment, and providing appropriate follow up;

(c) Reimbursing for cost-effective prevention activities; and

(d) Developing prevention and health promotion contracting standards for state programs that contract with health carriers.

(2) The plan shall: (a) Identify any existing barriers and opportunities to support implementation, including needed changes to state or federal law; (b) identify the goals the plan is intended to achieve and how progress towards those goals will be measured and reported; and (c) be submitted to the governor and the legislature upon completion.

Sec. 40. RCW 41.05.540 and 2005 c 360 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The health care authority, in coordination with ((~~the department of personnel,~~)) the department of health, health plans participating in public employees' benefits board programs, and the University of Washington's center for health promotion, ((~~may create a~~

~~worksite health promotion program to develop and implement initiatives designed to increase physical activity and promote improved self-care and engagement in health care decision-making among state employees.~~

~~(2) The health care authority shall report to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 2006, on progress in implementing, and evaluating the results of, the worksite health promotion program~~)) shall establish and maintain a state employee health program focused on reducing the health risks and improving the health status of state employees, dependents, and retirees enrolled in the public employees' benefits board. The program shall use public and private sector best practices to achieve goals of measurable health outcomes, measurable productivity improvements, positive impact on the cost of medical care, and positive return on investment. The program shall establish standards for health promotion and disease prevention activities, and develop a mechanism to update standards as evidence-based research brings new information and best practices forward.

(2) The state employee health program shall:

(a) Provide technical assistance and other services as needed to wellness staff in all state agencies and institutions of higher education;

(b) Develop effective communication tools and ongoing training for wellness staff;

(c) Contract with outside vendors for evaluation of program goals;

(d) Strongly encourage the widespread completion of online health assessment tools for all state employees, dependents, and retirees. The health assessment tool must be voluntary and confidential. Health assessment data and claims data shall be used to:

(i) Engage state agencies and institutions of higher education in providing evidence-based programs targeted at reducing identified health risks;

(ii) Guide contracting with third-party vendors to implement behavior change tools for targeted high-risk populations; and

(iii) Guide the benefit structure for state employees, dependents, and retirees to include covered services and medications known to manage and reduce health risks.

(3) The health care authority shall report to the legislature in December 2008 and December 2010 on outcome goals for the employee health program.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 41.** A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The health care authority through the state employee health program shall implement a state employee health demonstration project. The agencies selected must: (a) Show a high rate of health risk assessment completion; (b) document an infrastructure capable of implementing employee health programs using current and emerging best practices; (c) show evidence of senior management support; and (d) together employ a total of no more than eight thousand employees who are enrolled in health plans of the public employees' benefits board. Demonstration project agencies shall operate employee health programs for their employees in collaboration with the state employee health program.

(2) Agency demonstration project employee health programs:

(a) Shall include but are not limited to the following key elements: Outreach to all staff with efforts made to reach the largest percentage of employees possible; awareness-building information that promotes health; motivational opportunities that encourage employees to improve their health; behavior change opportunities that demonstrate and support behavior change; and tools to improve employee health care decisions;

(b) Must have wellness staff with direct accountability to agency senior management;

(c) Shall initiate and maintain employee health programs using current and emerging best practices in the field of health promotion;

(d) May offer employees such incentives as cash for completing health risk assessments, free preventive screenings, training in behavior change tools, improved nutritional standards on agency campuses, bike racks, walking maps, on-site weight reduction programs, and regular communication to promote personal health awareness.

(3) The state employee health program shall evaluate each of the four programs separately and compare outcomes for each of them with the entire state employee population to assess effectiveness of the programs. Specifically, the program shall measure at least the following outcomes in the demonstration population: The reduction in the percent of the population that is overweight or obese, the reduction in risk factors related to diabetes, the reduction in risk factors related to absenteeism, the reduction in tobacco consumption,

and the increase in appropriate use of preventive health services. The state employee health program shall report to the legislature in December 2008 and December 2010 on the demonstration project.

(4) This section expires June 30, 2011.

PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAM

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 42.** The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Controlled substance" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.50.101.

(2) "Department" means the department of health.

(3) "Patient" means the person or animal who is the ultimate user of a drug for whom a prescription is issued or for whom a drug is dispensed.

(4) "Dispenser" means a practitioner or pharmacy that delivers a Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substance to the ultimate user, but does not include:

(a) A practitioner or other authorized person who administers, as defined in RCW 69.41.010, a controlled substance; or

(b) A licensed wholesale distributor or manufacturer, as defined in chapter 18.64 RCW, of a controlled substance.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 43.** (1) When sufficient funding is provided for such purpose through federal or private grants, or is appropriated by the legislature, the department shall establish and maintain a prescription monitoring program to monitor the prescribing and dispensing of all Schedules II, III, IV, and V controlled substances and any additional drugs identified by the board of pharmacy as demonstrating a potential for abuse by all professionals licensed to prescribe or dispense such substances in this state. The program shall be designed to improve health care quality and effectiveness by reducing abuse of controlled substances, reducing duplicative prescribing and over-prescribing of controlled substances, and improving controlled substance prescribing practices with the intent of eventually establishing an electronic database available in real time to dispensers and prescribers of control substances. As much as

possible, the department should establish a common database with other states.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, each dispenser shall submit to the department by electronic means information regarding each prescription dispensed for a drug included under subsection (1) of this section. Drug prescriptions for more than immediate one day use should be reported. The information submitted for each prescription shall include, but not be limited to:

(a) Patient identifier;

(b) Drug dispensed;

(c) Date of dispensing;

(d) Quantity dispensed;

(e) Prescriber; and

(f) Dispenser.

(3) Each dispenser shall submit the information in accordance with transmission methods established by the department.

(4) The data submission requirements of this section do not apply to:

(a) Medications provided to patients receiving inpatient services provided at hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW; or patients of such hospitals receiving services at the clinics, day surgery areas, or other settings within the hospital's license where the medications are administered in single doses; or

(b) Pharmacies operated by the department of corrections for the purpose of providing medications to offenders in department of corrections institutions who are receiving pharmaceutical services from a department of corrections pharmacy, except that the department of corrections must submit data related to each offender's current prescriptions for controlled substances upon the offender's release from a department of corrections institution.

(5) The department shall seek federal grants to support the activities described in this act. The department may not require a practitioner or a pharmacist to pay a fee or tax specifically dedicated to the operation of the system.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 44.** To the extent that funding is provided for such purpose through federal or private grants, or is appropriated by the legislature, the department shall study the feasibility of

enhancing the prescription monitoring program established in section 43 of this act in order to improve the quality of state purchased health services by reducing legend drug abuse, reducing duplicative and overprescribing of legend drugs, and improving legend drug prescribing practices. The study shall address the steps necessary to expand the program to allow those who prescribe or dispense prescription drugs to perform a web-based inquiry and obtain real time information regarding the legend drug utilization history of persons for whom they are providing medical or pharmaceutical care when such persons are receiving health services through state purchased health care programs.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 45.** (1) Prescription information submitted to the department shall be confidential, in compliance with chapter 70.02 RCW and federal health care information privacy requirements and not subject to disclosure, except as provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

(2) The department shall maintain procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients and patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained is not disclosed to persons except as in subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

(3) The department may provide data in the prescription monitoring program to the following persons:

(a) Persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for their patients;

(b) An individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information;

(c) Health professional licensing, certification, or regulatory agency or entity;

(d) Appropriate local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials who are engaged in a bona fide specific investigation involving a designated person;

(e) Authorized practitioners of the department of social and health services regarding medicaid program recipients;

(f) The director or director's designee within the department of labor and industries regarding workers' compensation claimants;

(g) The director or the director's designee within the department

1 of corrections regarding offenders committed to the department of
2 corrections;
3 (h) Other entities under grand jury subpoena or court order; and
4 (i) Personnel of the department for purposes of administration and
5 enforcement of this chapter or chapter 69.50 RCW.
6 (4) The department may provide data to public or private entities
7 for statistical, research, or educational purposes after removing
8 information that could be used to identify individual patients,
9 dispensers, prescribers, and persons who received prescriptions from
10 dispensers.
11 (5) A dispenser or practitioner acting in good faith is immune from
12 any civil, criminal, or administrative liability that might otherwise
13 be incurred or imposed for requesting, receiving, or using information
14 from the program.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 46.** The department may contract with another
16 agency of this state or with a private vendor, as necessary, to ensure
17 the effective operation of the prescription monitoring program. Any
18 contractor is bound to comply with the provisions regarding
19 confidentiality of prescription information in section 45 of this act
20 and is subject to the penalties specified in section 48 of this act for
21 unlawful acts.

22 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 47.** The department shall adopt rules to
23 implement this chapter.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 48.** (1) A dispenser who knowingly fails to
25 submit prescription monitoring information to the department as
26 required by this chapter or knowingly submits incorrect prescription
27 information is subject to disciplinary action under chapter 18.130 RCW.
28 (2) A person authorized to have prescription monitoring information
29 under this chapter who knowingly discloses such information in
30 violation of this chapter is subject to civil penalty.
31 (3) A person authorized to have prescription monitoring information
32 under this chapter who uses such information in a manner or for a
33 purpose in violation of this chapter is subject to civil penalty.
34 (4) In accordance with chapter 70.02 RCW and federal health care
35 information privacy requirements, any physician or pharmacist

authorized to access a patient's prescription monitoring may discuss or release that information to other health care providers involved with the patient in order to provide safe and appropriate care coordination.

Sec. 49. RCW 42.56.360 and 2006 c 209 s 9 and 2006 c 8 s 112 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following health care information is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:

(a) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090;

(b) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420;

(c) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee under RCW 43.70.510 or 70.41.200, or by a peer review committee under RCW 4.24.250, or by a quality assurance committee pursuant to RCW 74.42.640 or 18.20.390, and notifications or reports of adverse events or incidents made under RCW 70.56.020 or 70.56.040, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents;

(d)(i) Proprietary financial and commercial information that the submitting entity, with review by the department of health, specifically identifies at the time it is submitted and that is provided to or obtained by the department of health in connection with an application for, or the supervision of, an antitrust exemption sought by the submitting entity under RCW 43.72.310;

(ii) If a request for such information is received, the submitting entity must be notified of the request. Within ten business days of receipt of the notice, the submitting entity shall provide a written statement of the continuing need for confidentiality, which shall be provided to the requester. Upon receipt of such notice, the department of health shall continue to treat information designated under this subsection (1)(d) as exempt from disclosure;

(iii) If the requester initiates an action to compel disclosure under this chapter, the submitting entity must be joined as a party to demonstrate the continuing need for confidentiality;

(e) Records of the entity obtained in an action under RCW 18.71.300 through 18.71.340;

1 (f) Except for published statistical compilations and reports
2 relating to the infant mortality review studies that do not identify
3 individual cases and sources of information, any records or documents
4 obtained, prepared, or maintained by the local health department for
5 the purposes of an infant mortality review conducted by the department
6 of health under RCW 70.05.170; ((~~and~~))
7 (g) Complaints filed under chapter 18.130 RCW after July 27, 1997,
8 to the extent provided in RCW 18.130.095(1)<u>; and</u>
9 <u>(h) Information obtained by the department of health under chapter</u>
10 <u>70.-- RCW (sections 42 through 48 of this act)</u>.
11 (2) Chapter 70.02 RCW applies to public inspection and copying of
12 health care information of patients.

13 **STRATEGIC HEALTH PLANNING**

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 50.** The definitions in this section apply
15 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
16 (1) "Health care provider" means an individual who holds a license
17 issued by a disciplining authority identified in RCW 18.130.040 and who
18 practices his or her profession in a health care facility or provides
19 a health service.
20 (2) "Health facility" or "facility" means hospices licensed under
21 chapter 70.127 RCW, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, rural
22 health care facilities as defined in RCW 70.175.020, psychiatric
23 hospitals licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW, nursing homes licensed
24 under chapter 18.51 RCW, community mental health centers licensed under
25 chapter 71.05 or 71.24 RCW, kidney disease treatment centers,
26 ambulatory diagnostic, treatment, or surgical facilities, drug and
27 alcohol treatment facilities licensed under chapter 70.96A RCW, and
28 home health agencies licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, and includes
29 such facilities if owned and operated by a political subdivision,
30 including a public hospital district, or instrumentality of the state
31 and such other facilities as required by federal law and implementing
32 regulations.
33 (3) "Health service" or "service" means that service, including
34 primary care service, offered or provided by health care facilities and
35 health care providers relating to the prevention, cure, or treatment of
36 illness, injury, or disease.

(4) "Health service area" means a geographic region appropriate for effective health planning that includes a broad range of health services.

(5) "Office" means the office of financial management.

(6) "Strategy" means the statewide health resources strategy.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 51.** (1) The office shall serve as a coordinating body for public and private efforts to improve quality in health care, promote cost-effectiveness in health care, and plan health facility and health service availability. In addition, the office shall facilitate access to health care data collected by public and private organizations as needed to conduct its planning responsibilities.

(2) The office shall:

(a) Conduct strategic health planning activities related to the preparation of the strategy, as specified in this chapter;

(b) Develop a computerized system for accessing, analyzing, and disseminating data relevant to strategic health planning responsibilities. The office may contract with an organization to create the computerized system capable of meeting the needs of the office;

(c) Maintain access to deidentified data collected and stored by any public and private organizations as necessary to support its planning responsibilities, including state-purchased health care program data, hospital discharge data, and private efforts to collect utilization and claims-related data. The office is authorized to enter into any data sharing agreements and contractual arrangements necessary to obtain data or to distribute data. Among the sources of deidentified data that the office may access are any databases established pursuant to the recommendations of the health information infrastructure advisory board established by chapter 261, Laws of 2005. The office may store limited data sets as necessary to support its activities. Unless specifically authorized, the office shall not collect data directly from the records of health care providers and health care facilities, but shall make use of databases that have already collected such information; and

(d) Conduct research and analysis or arrange for research and

analysis projects to be conducted by public or private organizations to further the purposes of the strategy.

(3) The office shall establish a technical advisory committee to assist in the development of the strategy. Members of the committee shall include health economists, health planners, representatives of government and nongovernment health care purchasers, representatives of state agencies that use or regulate entities with an interest in health planning, representatives of acute care facilities, representatives of long-term care facilities, representatives of community-based long-term care providers, representatives of health care providers, a representative of one or more federally recognized Indian tribes, and representatives of health care consumers. The committee shall include members with experience in the provision of health services to rural communities.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 52.** (1) The office, in consultation with the technical advisory committee established under section 51 of this act, shall develop a statewide health resources strategy. The strategy shall establish statewide health planning policies and goals related to the availability of health care facilities and services, quality of care, and cost of care. The strategy shall identify needs according to geographic regions suitable for comprehensive health planning as designated by the office.

(2) The development of the strategy shall consider the following general goals and principles:

(a) That excess capacity of health services and facilities place considerable economic burden on the public who pay for the construction and operation of these facilities as patients, health insurance purchasers, carriers, and taxpayers; and

(b) That the development and ongoing maintenance of current and accurate health care information and statistics related to cost and quality of health care, as well as projections of need for health facilities and services, are essential to effective strategic health planning.

(3) The strategy, with public input by health service areas, shall include:

(a) A health system assessment and objectives component that:

(i) Describes state and regional population demographics, health status indicators, and trends in health status and health care needs; and

(ii) Identifies key policy objectives for the state health system related to access to care, health outcomes, quality, and cost-effectiveness;

(b) A health care facilities and services plan that shall assess the demand for health care facilities and services to inform state health planning efforts and direct certificate of need determinations, for those facilities and services subject to certificate of need as provided in chapter 70.38 RCW. The plan shall include:

(i) An inventory of each geographic region's existing health care facilities and services;

(ii) Projections of need for each category of health care facility and service, including those subject to certificate of need;

(iii) Policies to guide the addition of new or expanded health care facilities and services to promote the use of quality, evidence-based, cost-effective health care delivery options, including any recommendations for criteria, standards, and methods relevant to the certificate of need review process; and

(iv) An assessment of the availability of health care providers, public health resources, transportation infrastructure, and other considerations necessary to support the needed health care facilities and services in each region;

(c) A health care data resource plan that identifies data elements necessary to properly conduct planning activities and to review certificate of need applications, including data related to inpatient and outpatient utilization and outcomes information, and financial and utilization information related to charity care, quality, and cost. The plan shall inventory existing data resources, both public and private, that store and disclose information relevant to the health planning process, including information necessary to conduct certificate of need activities pursuant to chapter 70.38 RCW. The plan shall identify any deficiencies in the inventory of existing data resources and the data necessary to conduct comprehensive health planning activities. The plan may recommend that the office be authorized to access existing data sources and conduct appropriate analyses of such data or that other agencies expand their data

1 collection activities as statutory authority permits. The plan may
2 identify any computing infrastructure deficiencies that impede the
3 proper storage, transmission, and analysis of health planning data.
4 The plan shall provide recommendations for increasing the availability
5 of data related to health planning to provide greater community
6 involvement in the health planning process and consistency in data used
7 for certificate of need applications and determinations;

8 (d) An assessment of emerging trends in health care delivery and
9 technology as they relate to access to health care facilities and
10 services, quality of care, and costs of care. The assessment shall
11 recommend any changes to the scope of health care facilities and
12 services covered by the certificate of need program that may be
13 warranted by these emerging trends. In addition, the assessment may
14 recommend any changes to criteria used by the department to review
15 certificate of need applications, as necessary;

16 (e) A rural health resource plan to assess the availability of
17 health resources in rural areas of the state, assess the unmet needs of
18 these communities, and evaluate how federal and state reimbursement
19 policies can be modified, if necessary, to more efficiently and
20 effectively meet the health care needs of rural communities. The plan
21 shall consider the unique health care needs of rural communities, the
22 adequacy of the rural health workforce, and transportation needs for
23 accessing appropriate care.

24 (4) The office shall submit the initial strategy to the governor by
25 January 1, 2010. Every two years the office shall submit an updated
26 strategy. The health care facilities and services plan as it pertains
27 to a distinct geographic planning region may be updated by individual
28 categories on a rotating, biannual schedule.

29 (5) The office shall hold at least one public hearing and allow
30 opportunity to submit written comments prior to the issuance of the
31 initial strategy or an updated strategy. A public hearing shall be
32 held prior to issuing a draft of an updated health care facilities and
33 services plan, and another public hearing shall be held before final
34 adoption of an updated health care facilities and services plan. Any
35 hearing related to updating a health care facilities and services plan
36 for a specific planning region shall be held in that region with
37 sufficient notice to the public and an opportunity to comment.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 53.** The office shall submit the strategy to the
2 department of health to direct its activities related to the
3 certificate of need review program under chapter 70.38 RCW. As the
4 health care facilities and services plan is updated for any specific
5 geographic planning region, the office shall submit that plan to the
6 department of health to direct its activities related to the
7 certificate of need review program under chapter 70.38 RCW. The office
8 shall not issue determinations of the merits of specific project
9 proposals submitted by applicants for certificates of need.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 54.** (1) The office may respond to requests for
11 data and other information from its computerized system for special
12 studies and analysis consistent with requirements for confidentiality
13 of patient, provider, and facility-specific records. The office may
14 require requestors to pay any or all of the reasonable costs associated
15 with such requests that might be approved.
16 (2) Data elements related to the identification of individual
17 patient's, provider's, and facility's care outcomes are confidential,
18 are exempt from RCW 42.56.030 through 42.56.570 and 42.17.350 through
19 42.17.450, and are not subject to discovery by subpoena or admissible
20 as evidence.

21 **Sec. 55.** RCW 70.38.015 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 601 are each
22 amended to read as follows:
23 It is declared to be the public policy of this state:
24 (1) That strategic health planning ((~~to~~)) efforts must be supported
25 by appropriately tailored regulatory activities that can effectuate the
26 goals and principles of the statewide health resources strategy
27 developed pursuant to chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 50 through 54 of this
28 act). The implementation of the strategy can promote, maintain, and
29 assure the health of all citizens in the state, ((~~to~~)) provide
30 accessible health services, health manpower, health facilities, and
31 other resources while controlling ((~~excessive~~)) increases in costs, and
32 ((~~to~~)) recognize prevention as a high priority in health programs((~~, is~~
33 ~~essential to the health, safety, and welfare of the people of the~~
34 ~~state. Health planning should be responsive to changing health and~~
35 ~~social needs and conditions~~)). Involvement in health planning from
36 both consumers and providers throughout the state should be encouraged;

(2) ((~~That the development of health services and resources, including the construction, modernization, and conversion of health facilities, should be accomplished in a planned, orderly fashion, consistent with identified priorities and without unnecessary duplication or fragmentation~~)) That the certificate of need program is a component of a health planning regulatory process that is consistent with the statewide health resources strategy and public policy goals that are clearly articulated and regularly updated;

(3) That the development and maintenance of adequate health care information, statistics and projections of need for health facilities and services is essential to effective health planning and resources development;

(4) That the development of nonregulatory approaches to health care cost containment should be considered, including the strengthening of price competition; and

(5) That health planning should be concerned with public health and health care financing, access, and quality, recognizing their close interrelationship and emphasizing cost control of health services, including cost-effectiveness and cost-benefit analysis.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 56.** (1) For the purposes of this section and RCW 70.38.015 and 70.38.135, "statewide health resource strategy" or "strategy" means the statewide health resource strategy developed by the office of financial management pursuant to chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 50 through 54 of this act).

(2) Effective January 1, 2010, for those facilities and services covered by the certificate of need programs, certificate of need determinations must be consistent with the statewide health resources strategy developed pursuant to section 52 of this act, including any health planning policies and goals identified in the statewide health resources strategy in effect at the time of application. The department may waive specific terms of the strategy if the applicant demonstrates that consistency with those terms will create an undue burden on the population that a particular project would serve, or in emergency circumstances which pose a threat to public health.

Sec. 57. RCW 70.38.135 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 607 are each amended to read as follows:

1 The secretary shall have authority to:
2 (1) Provide when needed temporary or intermittent services of
3 experts or consultants or organizations thereof, by contract, when such
4 services are to be performed on a part time or fee-for-service basis;
5 (2) Make or cause to be made such on-site surveys of health care or
6 medical facilities as may be necessary for the administration of the
7 certificate of need program;
8 (3) Upon review of recommendations, if any, from the board of
9 health or the office of financial management as contained in the
10 Washington health resources strategy:
11 (a) Promulgate rules under which health care facilities providers
12 doing business within the state shall submit to the department such
13 data related to health and health care as the department finds
14 necessary to the performance of its functions under this chapter;
15 (b) Promulgate rules pertaining to the maintenance and operation of
16 medical facilities which receive federal assistance under the
17 provisions of Title XVI;
18 (c) Promulgate rules in implementation of the provisions of this
19 chapter, including the establishment of procedures for public hearings
20 for predecisions and post-decisions on applications for certificate of
21 need;
22 (d) Promulgate rules providing circumstances and procedures of
23 expedited certificate of need review if there has not been a
24 significant change in existing health facilities of the same type or in
25 the need for such health facilities and services;
26 (4) Grant allocated state funds to qualified entities, as defined
27 by the department, to fund not more than seventy-five percent of the
28 costs of regional planning activities, excluding costs related to
29 review of applications for certificates of need, provided for in this
30 chapter or approved by the department; and
31 (5) Contract with and provide reasonable reimbursement for
32 qualified entities to assist in determinations of certificates of need.

33 **HEALTH INSURANCE PARTNERSHIP**

34 **Sec. 58.** RCW 70.47A.010 and 2006 c 255 s 1 are each amended to
35 read as follows:
36 (1) The legislature finds that many small employers struggle with

the cost of providing employer-sponsored health insurance coverage to their employees, while others are unable to offer employer-sponsored health insurance due to its high cost. Low-wage workers also struggle with the burden of paying their share of the costs of employer-sponsored health insurance, while others turn down their employer's offer of coverage due to its costs.

(2) The legislature intends, through establishment of a ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership program, to remove economic barriers to health insurance coverage for low-wage employees of small employers by building on the private sector health benefit plan system and encouraging employer and employee participation in employer-sponsored health benefit plan coverage.

Sec. 59. RCW 70.47A.020 and 2006 c 255 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Administrator" means the administrator of the Washington state health care authority, established under chapter 41.05 RCW.

(2) "Board" means the health insurance partnership board established in section 61 of this act.

(3) "Eligible ((~~employee~~)) partnership participant" means an individual who:

(a) Is a resident of the state of Washington;

(b) Has family income ((~~less than~~)) that does not exceed two hundred percent of the federal poverty level, as determined annually by the federal department of health and human services; and

(c) Is employed by a participating small employer or is a former employee of a participating small employer who chooses to continue receiving coverage through the partnership following separation from employment.

((~~(3)~~)) (4) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 48.43.005 ((~~or any plan provided by a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in RCW 48.125.010 or by another benefit arrangement defined in the federal employee retirement income security act of 1974, as amended~~)).

((~~(4) "Program"~~)) (5) "Participating small employer" means a small employer that employs at least one eligible partnership participant and

1 has entered into an agreement with the partnership for the partnership
2 to offer and administer the small employer's group health benefit plan,
3 as defined in federal law, Sec. 706 of ERISA (29 U.S.C. Sec. 1167), for
4 enrollees in the plan.

5 (6) "Partnership" means the ((small employer)) health insurance
6 partnership ((program)) established in RCW 70.47A.030.

7 (((5))) (7) "Partnership participant" means an employee of a
8 participating small employer, or a former employee of a participating
9 small employer who chooses to continue receiving coverage through the
10 partnership following separation from employment.

11 (8) "Small employer" has the same meaning as defined in RCW
12 48.43.005.

13 (((6))) (9) "Subsidy" or "premium subsidy" means payment or
14 reimbursement to an eligible ((employee)) partnership participant
15 toward the purchase of a health benefit plan, and may include a net
16 billing arrangement with insurance carriers or a prospective or
17 retrospective payment for health benefit plan premiums.

18 **Sec. 60.** RCW 70.47A.030 and 2006 c 255 s 3 are each amended to
19 read as follows:

20 (1) To the extent funding is appropriated in the operating budget
21 for this purpose, the ((small employer)) health insurance partnership
22 ((program)) is established. The administrator shall be responsible for
23 the implementation and operation of the ((small employer)) health
24 insurance partnership ((program)), directly or by contract. The
25 administrator shall offer premium subsidies to eligible ((employees))
26 partnership participants under RCW 70.47A.040.

27 (2) Consistent with policies adopted by the board under section 61
28 of this act, the administrator shall, directly or by contract:

29 (a) Establish and administer procedures for enrolling small
30 employers in the partnership, including publicizing the existence of
31 the partnership and disseminating information on enrollment, and
32 establishing rules related to minimum participation of employees in
33 small groups purchasing health insurance through the partnership.
34 Opportunities to publicize the program for outreach and education of
35 small employers on the value of insurance shall explore the use of
36 online employer guides. As a condition of participating in the
37 partnership, a small employer must agree to establish a cafeteria plan

under section 125 of the federal internal revenue code that will enable employees to use pretax dollars to pay their share of their health benefit plan premium. The partnership shall provide technical assistance to small employers for this purpose;

(b) Establish and administer procedures for health benefit plan enrollment by employees of small employers during open enrollment periods and outside of open enrollment periods upon the occurrence of any qualifying event specified in the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 or applicable state law. Neither the employer nor the partnership shall limit an employee's choice of coverage from among all the health benefit plans offered;

(c) Establish and manage a system for the partnership to be designated as the sponsor or administrator of a participating small employer health benefit plan and to undertake the obligations required of a plan administrator under federal law;

(d) Establish and manage a system of collecting and transmitting to the applicable carriers all premium payments or contributions made by or on behalf of partnership participants, including employer contributions, automatic payroll deductions for partnership participants, premium subsidy payments, and contributions from philanthropies;

(e) Establish and manage a system for determining eligibility for and making premium subsidy payments under this act;

(f) Establish a mechanism to apply a surcharge to all health benefit plans, which shall be used only to pay for administrative and operational expenses of the partnership. The surcharge must be applied uniformly to all health benefit plans offered through the partnership and must be included in the premium for each health benefit plan. Surcharges may not be used to pay any premium assistance payments under this chapter;

(g) Design a schedule of premium subsidies that is based upon gross family income, giving appropriate consideration to family size and the ages of all family members based on a benchmark health benefit plan designated by the board. The amount of an eligible partnership participant's premium subsidy shall be determined by applying a sliding scale subsidy schedule with the percentage of premium similar to that developed for subsidized basic health plan enrollees under RCW 70.47.060. The subsidy shall be applied to the employee's premium

obligation for his or her health benefit plan, so that employees benefit financially from any employer contribution to the cost of their coverage through the partnership.

(3) The administrator may enter into interdepartmental agreements with the office of the insurance commissioner, the department of social and health services, and any other state agencies necessary to implement this chapter.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 61.** A new section is added to chapter 70.47A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The health insurance partnership board is hereby established. The governor shall appoint a nine-member board composed as follows:

(a) Two representatives of small employers;

(b) Two representatives of employees of small employers, one of whom shall represent low-wage employees;

(c) Four employee health plan benefits specialists; and

(d) The administrator.

(2) The governor shall appoint the initial members of the board to staggered terms not to exceed four years. Initial appointments shall be made on or before June 1, 2007. Members appointed thereafter shall serve two-year terms. Members of the board shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.250 and shall be reimbursed for their travel expenses while on official business in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. The board shall prescribe rules for the conduct of its business. The administrator shall be chair of the board. Meetings of the board shall be at the call of the chair.

(3) The board may establish technical advisory committees or seek the advice of technical experts when necessary to execute the powers and duties included in this section.

(4) The board and employees of the board shall not be civilly or criminally liable and shall not have any penalty or cause of action of any nature arise against them for any action taken or not taken, including any discretionary decision or failure to make a discretionary decision, when the action or inaction is done in good faith and in the performance of the powers and duties under this chapter. Nothing in this section prohibits legal actions against the board to enforce the board's statutory or contractual duties or obligations.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 62.** A new section is added to chapter 70.47A
2 RCW to read as follows:
3 (1) The health insurance partnership board shall:
4 (a) Develop policies for enrollment of small employers in the
5 partnership, including minimum participation rules for small employer
6 groups. The small employer shall determine the criteria for
7 eligibility and enrollment in his or her plan and the terms and amounts
8 of the employer's contributions to that plan, consistent with any
9 minimum employer premium contribution level established by the board
10 under (d) of this subsection;
11 (b) Designate health benefit plans that are currently offered in
12 the small group market that will qualify for premium subsidy payments.
13 At least four health benefit plans shall be chosen, with multiple
14 deductible and point-of-service cost-sharing options. The health
15 benefit plans shall range from catastrophic to comprehensive coverage,
16 and one health benefit plan shall be a high deductible health plan.
17 Every effort shall be made to include health benefit plans that include
18 components to maximize the quality of care provided and result in
19 improved health outcomes, such as preventive care, wellness incentives,
20 chronic care management services, and provider network development and
21 payment policies related to quality of care;
22 (c) Approve a mid-range benefit plan from those selected to be used
23 as a benchmark plan for calculating premium subsidies;
24 (d) Determine whether there should be a minimum employer premium
25 contribution on behalf of employees, and if so, how much;
26 (e) Determine appropriate health benefit plan rating methodologies.
27 The methodologies shall be based on the small group adjusted community
28 rate as defined in Title 48 RCW. The board shall evaluate the impact
29 of applying the small group community rating with the partnership
30 principle of allowing each employee to choose their health benefit
31 plan, and consider options to reduce uncertainty for carriers and
32 provide for efficient risk management of high-cost enrollees through
33 risk adjustment, reinsurance, or other mechanisms;
34 (f) Conduct analyses and provide recommendations as requested by
35 the legislature and the governor, with the assistance of staff from the
36 health care authority and the office of the insurance commissioner.
37 (2) The board may authorize one or more limited health care service

plans for dental care services to be offered by limited health care service contractors under RCW 48.44.035. However, such plan shall not qualify for subsidy payments.

(3) In fulfilling the requirements of this section, the board shall consult with small employers, the office of the insurance commissioner, members in good standing of the American academy of actuaries, health carriers, agents and brokers, and employees of small business.

Sec. 63. RCW 70.47A.040 and 2006 c 255 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

((~~(1)~~)) Beginning ((~~July 1, 2007~~)) September 1, 2008, the administrator shall accept applications from eligible ((~~employees~~)) partnership participants, on behalf of themselves, their spouses, and their dependent children, to receive premium subsidies through the ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership ((~~program~~)).

((~~(2) Premium subsidy payments may be provided to eligible employees if:~~

~~(a) The eligible employee is employed by a small employer;~~

~~(b) The actuarial value of the health benefit plan offered by the small employer is at least equivalent to that of the basic health plan benefit offered under chapter 70.47 RCW. The office of the insurance commissioner under Title 48 RCW shall certify those small employer health benefit plans that are at least actuarially equivalent to the basic health plan benefit; and~~

~~(c) The small employer will pay at least forty percent of the monthly premium cost for health benefit plan coverage of the eligible employee.~~

~~(3) The amount of an eligible employee's premium subsidy shall be determined by applying the sliding scale subsidy schedule developed for subsidized basic health plan enrollees under RCW 70.47.060 to the employee's premium obligation for his or her employer's health benefit plan.~~

~~(4) After an eligible individual has enrolled in the program, the program shall issue subsidies in an amount determined pursuant to subsection (3) of this section to either the eligible employee or to the carrier designated by the eligible employee.~~

~~(5) An eligible employee must agree to provide verification of continued enrollment in his or her small employer's health benefit plan~~

~~on a semiannual basis or to notify the administrator whenever his or her enrollment status changes, whichever is earlier. Verification or notification may be made directly by the employee, or through his or her employer or the carrier providing the small employer health benefit plan. When necessary, the administrator has the authority to perform retrospective audits on premium subsidy accounts. The administrator may suspend or terminate an employee's participation in the program and seek repayment of any subsidy amounts paid due to the omission or misrepresentation of an applicant or enrolled employee. The administrator shall adopt rules to define the appropriate application of these sanctions and the processes to implement the sanctions provided in this subsection, within available resources.~~))

Sec. 64. RCW 48.21.045 and 2004 c 244 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) An insurer offering any health benefit plan to a small employer, either directly or through an association or member-governed group formed specifically for the purpose of purchasing health care, may offer and actively market to the small employer a health benefit plan featuring a limited schedule of covered health care services. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an insurer from offering, or a small employer from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more comprehensive benefits than those included in the product offered under this subsection. An insurer offering a health benefit plan under this subsection shall clearly disclose all covered benefits to the small employer in a brochure filed with the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan offered under this subsection shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.21.130, 48.21.140, 48.21.141, 48.21.142, 48.21.144, 48.21.146, 48.21.160 through 48.21.197, 48.21.200, 48.21.220, 48.21.225, 48.21.230, 48.21.235, 48.21.240, 48.21.244, 48.21.250, 48.21.300, 48.21.310, or 48.21.320.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an insurer from offering, or a purchaser from seeking, health benefit plans with benefits in excess of the health benefit plan offered under subsection (1) of this section. All forms, policies, and contracts shall be

submitted for approval to the commissioner, and the rates of any plan offered under this section shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits thereto.

(3) Premium rates for health benefit plans for small employers as defined in this section shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The insurer shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;

(ii) Family size;

(iii) Age; and

(iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments, which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Employees under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The insurer shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection (3).

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the enrollment of the small employer;

(ii) Changes to the family composition of the employee;

(iii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the small employer; or

(iv) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that

differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design, with the exception of discounts for health improvement programs.

(h) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. A carrier may develop its rates based on claims costs due to network provider reimbursement schedules or type of network. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(i) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all small groups purchasing coverage<u>, including the small group participants in the health insurance partnership established in RCW 70.47A.030</u>. However, annual rate adjustments for each small group health benefit plan may vary by up to plus or minus four percentage points from the overall adjustment of a carrier's entire small group pool, such overall adjustment to be approved by the commissioner, upon a showing by the carrier, certified by a member of the American academy of actuaries that: (i) The variation is a result of deductible leverage, benefit design, or provider network characteristics; and (ii) for a rate renewal period, the projected weighted average of all small group benefit plans will have a revenue neutral effect on the carrier's small group pool. Variations of greater than four percentage points are subject to review by the commissioner, and must be approved or denied within sixty days of submittal. A variation that is not denied within sixty days shall be deemed approved. The commissioner must provide to the carrier a detailed actuarial justification for any denial within thirty days of the denial.

(4) Nothing in this section shall restrict the right of employees to collectively bargain for insurance providing benefits in excess of those provided herein.

(5)(a) Except as provided in this subsection, requirements used by an insurer in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer shall be applied uniformly among all small employers applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the carrier.

(b) An insurer shall not require a minimum participation level greater than:

(i) One hundred percent of eligible employees working for groups with three or less employees; and

(ii) Seventy-five percent of eligible employees working for groups with more than three employees.

(c) In applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer shall not consider employees or dependents who have similar existing coverage in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met.

(d) An insurer may not increase any requirement for minimum employee participation or modify any requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage.

(6) An insurer must offer coverage to all eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. An insurer may not offer coverage to only certain individuals or dependents in a small employer group or to only part of the group. An insurer may not modify a health plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage or benefits for specific diseases, medical conditions, or services otherwise covered by the plan.

(7) As used in this section, "health benefit plan," "small employer," "adjusted community rate," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 65. RCW 48.44.023 and 2004 c 244 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A health care services contractor offering any health benefit plan to a small employer, either directly or through an association or member-governed group formed specifically for the purpose of purchasing health care, may offer and actively market to the small employer a health benefit plan featuring a limited schedule of covered health care services. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a contractor from offering, or a small employer from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more comprehensive benefits than those included in the product offered under this

subsection. A contractor offering a health benefit plan under this subsection shall clearly disclose all covered benefits to the small employer in a brochure filed with the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan offered under this subsection shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.44.225, 48.44.240, 48.44.245, 48.44.290, 48.44.300, 48.44.310, 48.44.320, 48.44.325, 48.44.330, 48.44.335, 48.44.340, 48.44.344, 48.44.360, 48.44.400, 48.44.440, 48.44.450, and 48.44.460.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health care service contractor from offering, or a purchaser from seeking, health benefit plans with benefits in excess of the health benefit plan offered under subsection (1) of this section. All forms, policies, and contracts shall be submitted for approval to the commissioner, and the rates of any plan offered under this section shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits thereto.

(3) Premium rates for health benefit plans for small employers as defined in this section shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The contractor shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;

(ii) Family size;

(iii) Age; and

(iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments, which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Employees under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The contractor shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection (3).

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the enrollment of the small employer;

(ii) Changes to the family composition of the employee;

(iii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the small employer; or

(iv) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design, with the exception of discounts for health improvement programs.

(h) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. A carrier may develop its rates based on claims costs due to network provider reimbursement schedules or type of network. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(i) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all groups purchasing coverage, including the small group participants in the health insurance partnership established in RCW 70.47A.030. However, annual rate adjustments for each small group health benefit plan may vary by up to plus or minus four percentage points from the overall adjustment of a carrier's entire small group pool, such overall adjustment to be approved by the commissioner, upon a showing by the carrier, certified by a member of the American academy of actuaries that: (i) The variation is a result of deductible leverage, benefit design, or provider network characteristics; and (ii) for a rate renewal period, the projected weighted average of all small group benefit plans will have a revenue neutral effect on the carrier's small group pool. Variations of greater than four percentage points are subject to review

by the commissioner, and must be approved or denied within sixty days of submittal. A variation that is not denied within sixty days shall be deemed approved. The commissioner must provide to the carrier a detailed actuarial justification for any denial within thirty days of the denial.

(4) Nothing in this section shall restrict the right of employees to collectively bargain for insurance providing benefits in excess of those provided herein.

(5)(a) Except as provided in this subsection, requirements used by a contractor in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer shall be applied uniformly among all small employers applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the carrier.

(b) A contractor shall not require a minimum participation level greater than:

(i) One hundred percent of eligible employees working for groups with three or less employees; and

(ii) Seventy-five percent of eligible employees working for groups with more than three employees.

(c) In applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer shall not consider employees or dependents who have similar existing coverage in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met.

(d) A contractor may not increase any requirement for minimum employee participation or modify any requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage.

(6) A contractor must offer coverage to all eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A contractor may not offer coverage to only certain individuals or dependents in a small employer group or to only part of the group. A contractor may not modify a health plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage or benefits for specific diseases, medical conditions, or services otherwise covered by the plan.

Sec. 66. RCW 48.46.066 and 2004 c 244 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A health maintenance organization offering any health

benefit plan to a small employer, either directly or through an association or member-governed group formed specifically for the purpose of purchasing health care, may offer and actively market to the small employer a health benefit plan featuring a limited schedule of covered health care services. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a health maintenance organization from offering, or a small employer from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more comprehensive benefits than those included in the product offered under this subsection. A health maintenance organization offering a health benefit plan under this subsection shall clearly disclose all the covered benefits to the small employer in a brochure filed with the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan offered under this subsection shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.46.275, 48.46.280, 48.46.285, 48.46.290, 48.46.350, 48.46.355, 48.46.375, 48.46.440, 48.46.480, 48.46.510, 48.46.520, and 48.46.530.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health maintenance organization from offering, or a purchaser from seeking, health benefit plans with benefits in excess of the health benefit plan offered under subsection (1) of this section. All forms, policies, and contracts shall be submitted for approval to the commissioner, and the rates of any plan offered under this section shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits thereto.

(3) Premium rates for health benefit plans for small employers as defined in this section shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health maintenance organization shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;

(ii) Family size;

(iii) Age; and

(iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments, which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Employees under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The health maintenance organization shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection (3).

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the enrollment of the small employer;

(ii) Changes to the family composition of the employee;

(iii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the small employer; or

(iv) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design, with the exception of discounts for health improvement programs.

(h) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. A carrier may develop its rates based on claims costs due to network provider reimbursement schedules or type of network. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(i) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all groups purchasing coverage, including the small group participants in the health insurance partnership established in RCW 70.47A.030. However, annual rate adjustments for each small group health benefit plan may vary by up to

plus or minus four percentage points from the overall adjustment of a carrier's entire small group pool, such overall adjustment to be approved by the commissioner, upon a showing by the carrier, certified by a member of the American academy of actuaries that: (i) The variation is a result of deductible leverage, benefit design, or provider network characteristics; and (ii) for a rate renewal period, the projected weighted average of all small group benefit plans will have a revenue neutral effect on the carrier's small group pool. Variations of greater than four percentage points are subject to review by the commissioner, and must be approved or denied within sixty days of submittal. A variation that is not denied within sixty days shall be deemed approved. The commissioner must provide to the carrier a detailed actuarial justification for any denial within thirty days of the denial.

(4) Nothing in this section shall restrict the right of employees to collectively bargain for insurance providing benefits in excess of those provided herein.

(5)(a) Except as provided in this subsection, requirements used by a health maintenance organization in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer shall be applied uniformly among all small employers applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the carrier.

(b) A health maintenance organization shall not require a minimum participation level greater than:

(i) One hundred percent of eligible employees working for groups with three or less employees; and

(ii) Seventy-five percent of eligible employees working for groups with more than three employees.

(c) In applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer shall not consider employees or dependents who have similar existing coverage in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met.

(d) A health maintenance organization may not increase any requirement for minimum employee participation or modify any requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage.

(6) A health maintenance organization must offer coverage to all eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A health

maintenance organization may not offer coverage to only certain individuals or dependents in a small employer group or to only part of the group. A health maintenance organization may not modify a health plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage or benefits for specific diseases, medical conditions, or services otherwise covered by the plan.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 67.** On or before December 1, 2008, the health insurance partnership board shall submit a report to the governor and the legislature that includes an implementation plan to incorporate the individual and small group health insurance markets into the partnership program. In preparing the report, the board shall examine at least the following issues:

(1) The impact of these markets being incorporated into the partnership, with respect to the utilization of services and cost of health plans offered through the partnership;

(2) The impact of applying small group health benefit plan regulations on access to health services and the cost of coverage for these markets; and

(3) How the composition of the board should be modified to reflect the incorporation of the individual and small group markets in the partnership.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 68.** On or before December 1, 2009, the health insurance partnership board shall submit a report and recommendations to the governor and the legislature regarding:

(1) The risks and benefits of additional markets participating in the partnership:

(a) The report shall examine the following markets:

(i) Washington state health insurance pool under chapter 48.41 RCW;

(ii) Basic health plan under chapter 70.47 RCW;

(iii) Public employees' benefits board enrollees under chapter 41.05 RCW; and

(iv) Public school employees; and

(b) The report shall examine at least the following issues:

(i) The impact of these markets participating in the partnership,

with respect to the utilization of services and cost of health plans offered through the partnership;

(ii) Whether any distinction should be made in participation between active and retired employees enrolled in public employees' benefits board plans, giving consideration to the implicit subsidy that nonmedicare-eligible retirees currently benefit from by being pooled with active employees, and how medicare-eligible retirees would be affected;

(iii) The impact of applying small group health benefit plan regulations on access to health services and the cost of coverage for these markets; and

(iv) If the board recommends the inclusion of additional markets, how the composition of the board should be modified to reflect the participation of these markets; and

(2) The risks and benefits of establishing a requirement that residents of the state of Washington age eighteen and over obtain and maintain affordable creditable coverage, as defined in the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg(c)). The report shall address the question of how a requirement that residents maintain coverage could be enforced in the state of Washington.

Sec. 69. RCW 70.47A.050 and 2006 c 255 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Enrollment in the ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership ((~~program~~)) is not an entitlement and shall not result in expenditures that exceed the amount that has been appropriated for the program in the operating budget. If it appears that continued enrollment will result in expenditures exceeding the appropriated level for a particular fiscal year, the administrator may freeze new enrollment in the program and establish a waiting list of eligible employees who shall receive subsidies only when sufficient funds are available.

Sec. 70. RCW 70.47A.060 and 2006 c 255 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The administrator shall adopt all rules necessary for the implementation and operation of the ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership ((~~program~~)). As part of the rule development process, the

administrator shall consult with small employers, carriers, employee organizations, and the office of the insurance commissioner under Title 48 RCW to determine an effective and efficient method for the payment of subsidies under this chapter. All rules shall be adopted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

Sec. 71. RCW 70.47A.080 and 2006 c 255 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership ((~~program~~)) account is hereby established in the custody of the state treasurer. Any nongeneral fund--state funds collected for the ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership ((~~program~~)) shall be deposited in the ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership ((~~program~~)) account. Moneys in the account shall be used exclusively for the purposes of administering the ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership ((~~program~~)), including payments to ((~~participating managed health care systems~~)) insurance carriers on behalf of ((~~small employer~~)) health insurance partnership enrollees. Only the administrator of the health care authority or his or her designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 72.** (1) The office of the insurance commissioner shall contract for an independent study of health benefit mandates, rating requirements, and insurance statutes and rules to determine the impact on premiums and individuals' health if those statutes or rules were amended or repealed.

(2) The office of the insurance commissioner shall submit an interim report to the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2007, and a final report by December 1, 2008.

PUBLIC HEALTH

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 73.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Protecting the public's health across the state is a

fundamental responsibility of the state. With any new state funding of the public health system as provided in section 74 of this act, the state expects that measurable benefits will be realized to the health of the residents of Washington. A transparent process that shows the impact of increased public health spending on performance measures related to the health outcomes in subsection (2) of this section is of great value to the state and its residents. In addition, a well-funded public health system is expected to become a more integral part of the state's emergency preparedness system.

(2) Distributions from the local public health financing account in section 74 of this act shall deliver the following outcomes, subject to the availability of amounts appropriated to the account for this specific purpose:

(a) Create a disease response system capable of responding at all times;

(b) Stop the increase in, and reduce, sexually transmitted disease rates;

(c) Reduce vaccine preventable diseases;

(d) Build capacity to quickly contain disease outbreaks;

(e) Decrease childhood and adult obesity and types I and II diabetes rates, and resulting kidney failure and dialysis;

(f) Increase childhood immunization rates;

(g) Improve birth outcomes and decrease child abuse;

(h) Reduce animal-to-human disease rates; and

(i) Monitor and protect drinking water across jurisdictional boundaries.

(3) Benchmarks for these outcomes shall be drawn from the national healthy people 2010 goals, other reliable data sets, and any subsequent national goals.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 74.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Base year funding" means the 2007 budgeted amount of local funding for public health functions passed through ordinance by each county by December 31, 2006.

1 (b) "Core public health functions of statewide significance" or
2 "public health functions" means health services that:
3 (i) Address: Communicable disease prevention and response;
4 preparation for, and response to, public health emergencies caused by
5 pandemic disease, earthquake, flood, or terrorism; prevention and
6 management of chronic diseases and disabilities; promotion of healthy
7 families and the development of children; assessment of local health
8 conditions, risks, and trends, and evaluation of the effectiveness of
9 intervention efforts; and environmental health concerns;
10 (ii) Promote uniformity in the public health activities conducted
11 by all local health jurisdictions in the public health system, increase
12 the overall strength of the public health system, or apply to broad
13 public health efforts; and
14 (iii) If left neglected or inadequately addressed, are reasonably
15 likely to have a significant adverse impact on counties beyond the
16 borders of the local health jurisdiction.
17 (c) "Local funding" means discretionary local resources for public
18 health functions, including amounts from general and special revenue
19 funds, but excluding amounts received from fees and licenses and other
20 user fee types of payments for service. "Local funding" does not
21 include payments received from the state or federal government.
22 (d) "Local health jurisdiction" or "jurisdiction" means a county
23 board of health organized under chapter 70.05 RCW, a health district
24 organized under chapter 70.46 RCW, or a combined city and county health
25 department organized under chapter 70.08 RCW.
26 (e) "Population" means the most recent population estimates by the
27 office of financial management for state revenue allocations.
28 (2) The local public health financing account is created in the
29 state treasury. Expenditures from the account must be used for the
30 purposes specified in subsections (3) and (4) of this section, except
31 for such moneys appropriated to the department of health for the
32 purpose of conducting its responsibilities under sections 75, 76, and
33 78 of this act.
34 (3) During the month of January 2008, and during the month of each
35 January thereafter, the state treasurer shall distribute from the local
36 public health financing account any amounts in the account up to a
37 maximum of five million four hundred twenty-five thousand dollars to be

1 shared equally amongst all local health jurisdictions to address core
2 public health functions of statewide significance.
3 (4) During the month of January 2008, and during the first month of
4 each fiscal quarter thereafter, the state treasurer, in consultation
5 with the department of revenue or the department of health, as
6 necessary, shall distribute money in the local public health financing
7 account as provided in this subsection. The distributions under this
8 subsection (4) are subsequent to the distribution under subsection (3)
9 of this section.
10 Appropriated funds remaining following the distribution of moneys
11 under subsection (3) of this section must be apportioned to local
12 health jurisdictions in the manner provided in this subsection (4).
13 The apportionment factor for each jurisdiction is the population of the
14 jurisdiction's county as a percentage of the statewide population for
15 the prior calendar year. For two or more counties that have jointly
16 created a health district under chapter 70.46 RCW, the combined
17 population of all counties comprising the health district must be used.
18 Money received by a jurisdiction under this subsection (4) must be used
19 to fund core public health functions of statewide significance, and
20 until July 1, 2008, money shall be used to fund only known deficiencies
21 in core public health functions of statewide significance of the
22 jurisdiction.
23 (5) To receive distributions under subsections (3) and (4) of this
24 section in calendar year 2010 and thereafter, total local funding spent
25 by the jurisdiction on public health functions in the calendar year
26 prior to the previous calendar year must have equaled or exceeded base
27 year funding. The department of health shall notify the state
28 treasurer to discontinue distributions if the jurisdiction does not
29 meet this requirement.
30 (6) In the event of an extraordinary financial circumstance beyond
31 the control of a county that results in funding for local public health
32 functions being reduced to an amount lower than the base year funding,
33 the county may petition the secretary for a waiver from the local
34 funding requirement in subsection (5) of this section. The secretary,
35 after reviewing the county's petition and determining that the local
36 funding reduction is necessary, may grant the county a waiver from the
37 requirements of subsection (5) of this section. In order for the

waiver to continue beyond one calendar year, the county must demonstrate to the secretary that an effort is being made to restore funding to the base year funding level.

(7) The department may adopt rules necessary to administer this section.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 75.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall accomplish the tasks included in subsection (2) of this section by utilizing the expertise of varied interests, as provided in this subsection.

(a) In addition to the perspectives of local health jurisdictions, the state board of health, the Washington health foundation, and department staff that are currently engaged in development of the public health services improvement plan under RCW 43.70.520, the secretary shall actively engage:

(i) Individuals or entities with expertise in the development of performance measures, accountability and systems management, such as the University of Washington school of public health and community medicine, and experts in the development of evidence-based medical guidelines or public health practice guidelines; and

(ii) Individuals or entities who will be impacted by performance measures developed under this section and have relevant expertise, such as community clinics, public health nurses, large employers, tribal health providers, family planning providers, and physicians.

(b) In developing the performance measures, consideration shall be given to levels of performance necessary to promote uniformity in core public health functions of statewide significance among all local health jurisdictions, best scientific evidence, national standards of performance, and innovations in public health practice. The performance measures shall be developed to meet the goals and outcomes in section 1 of this act. The office of the state auditor shall provide advice and consultation to the committee to assist in the development of effective performance measures and health status indicators.

(c) On or before November 1, 2007, the experts assembled under this section shall provide recommendations to the secretary related to the activities and services that qualify as core public health functions of

statewide significance and performance measures. The secretary shall provide written justification for any departure from the recommendations.

(2) By January 1, 2008, the department shall:

(a) Adopt a prioritized list of activities and services performed by local health jurisdictions that qualify as core public health functions of statewide significance as defined in section 74 of this act; and

(b) Adopt appropriate performance measures with the intent of improving health status indicators applicable to the core public health functions of statewide significance that local health jurisdictions must provide pursuant to section 74 of this act.

(3) The secretary may revise the list of activities and the performance measures in future years as appropriate. Prior to modifying either the list or the performance measures, the secretary must provide a written explanation of the rationale for such changes.

(4) The department and the local health jurisdictions shall abide by the prioritized list of activities and services and the performance measures developed pursuant to this section.

(5) The department, in consultation with representatives of county governments, shall provide local jurisdictions with financial incentives to encourage and increase local investments in core public health functions. The local jurisdictions shall not supplant existing local funding with such state-incented resources.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 76.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

Beginning November 15, 2009, the department shall report to the legislature and the governor annually on the distribution of funds under section 74 of this act and the use of those funds. The initial report must discuss the performance measures adopted by the secretary and any impact the funding in this act has had on local health jurisdiction performance and health status indicators. Future reports shall evaluate trends in performance over time and the effects of expenditures on performance over time.

Sec. 77. RCW 43.70.520 and 1993 c 492 s 467 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that the public health functions of community assessment, policy development, and assurance of service delivery are essential elements in achieving the objectives of health reform in Washington state. The legislature further finds that the population-based services provided by state and local health departments are cost-effective and are a critical strategy for the long-term containment of health care costs. The legislature further finds that the public health system in the state lacks the capacity to fulfill these functions consistent with the needs of a reformed health care system. The legislature further finds that public health nurses and nursing services are an essential part of our public health system, delivering evidence-based care and providing core services including prevention of illness, injury, or disability; the promotion of health; and maintenance of the health of populations.

(2) The department of health shall develop, in consultation with local health departments and districts, the state board of health, the health services commission, area Indian health service, and other state agencies, health services providers, and citizens concerned about public health, a public health services improvement plan. The plan shall provide a detailed accounting of deficits in the core functions of assessment, policy development, assurance of the current public health system, how additional public health funding would be used, and describe the benefits expected from expanded expenditures.

(3) The plan shall include:

(a) Definition of minimum standards for public health protection through assessment, policy development, and assurances:

(i) Enumeration of communities not meeting those standards;

(ii) A budget and staffing plan for bringing all communities up to minimum standards;

(iii) An analysis of the costs and benefits expected from adopting minimum public health standards for assessment, policy development, and assurances;

(b) Recommended strategies and a schedule for improving public health programs throughout the state, including:

(i) Strategies for transferring personal health care services from the public health system, into the uniform benefits package where feasible; and

(ii) ((~~Timing of increased funding for public health services linked to specific objectives for improving public health~~)) Linking funding for public health services to performance measures that relate to achieving improved health outcomes; and

(c) A recommended level of dedicated funding for public health services to be expressed in terms of a percentage of total health service expenditures in the state or a set per person amount; such recommendation shall also include methods to ensure that such funding does not supplant existing federal, state, and local funds received by local health departments, and methods of distributing funds among local health departments.

(4) The department shall coordinate this planning process with the study activities required in section 258, chapter 492, Laws of 1993.

(5) By March 1, 1994, the department shall provide initial recommendations of the public health services improvement plan to the legislature regarding minimum public health standards, and public health programs needed to address urgent needs, such as those cited in subsection (7) of this section.

(6) By December 1, 1994, the department shall present the public health services improvement plan to the legislature, with specific recommendations for each element of the plan to be implemented over the period from 1995 through 1997.

(7) Thereafter, the department shall update the public health services improvement plan for presentation to the legislature prior to the beginning of a new biennium.

(8) Among the specific population-based public health activities to be considered in the public health services improvement plan are: Health data assessment and chronic and infectious disease surveillance; rapid response to outbreaks of communicable disease; efforts to prevent and control specific communicable diseases, such as tuberculosis and acquired immune deficiency syndrome; health education to promote healthy behaviors and to reduce the prevalence of chronic disease, such as those linked to the use of tobacco; access to primary care in coordination with existing community and migrant health clinics and other not for profit health care organizations; programs to ensure children are born as healthy as possible and they receive immunizations and adequate nutrition; efforts to prevent intentional and unintentional injury; programs to ensure the safety of drinking water

and food supplies; poison control; trauma services; and other activities that have the potential to improve the health of the population or special populations and reduce the need for or cost of health services.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 78.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Each local health jurisdiction shall submit to the secretary such data as the secretary determines is necessary to allow the secretary to assess whether the local health jurisdiction has used the funds in a manner consistent with achieving the performance measures in section 75 of this act.

(2) If the secretary determines that the data submitted demonstrates that the local health jurisdiction is not spending the funds in a manner consistent with achieving the performance measures, the secretary shall:

(a) Provide a report to the governor identifying the local health jurisdiction and the specific items that the secretary identified as inconsistent with achieving the performance measures; and

(b) Require that the local health jurisdiction submit a plan of correction to the secretary within sixty days of receiving notice from the secretary, which explains the measures that the jurisdiction will take to resume spending funds in a manner consistent with achieving the performance measures. The secretary shall provide technical assistance to the local health jurisdiction to support the jurisdiction in successfully completing the activities included in the plan of correction.

(3) Upon a determination by the secretary that a local health jurisdiction that had previously been identified as not spending the funds in a manner consistent with achieving the performance measures has resumed consistency, the secretary shall notify the governor that the jurisdiction has returned to consistent status.

(4) Any local health jurisdiction that has not resumed spending funds in a manner consistent with achieving the performance measures within one year of the secretary reporting the jurisdiction to the governor shall be precluded from receiving any funds from the local public health financing account established in section 74 of this act. Funds may resume once the local health jurisdiction has demonstrated to

1 the satisfaction of the secretary that it has returned to consistent
2 status. The secretary shall inform the state treasurer of any
3 determinations by the secretary regarding the eligibility status of a
4 local health jurisdiction to receive funds from the local public health
5 financing account.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 79.** The following acts or parts of acts are
7 each repealed:
8 (1) RCW 70.38.919 (Effective date--State health plan--1989 1st
9 ex.s. c 9) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 610; and
10 (2) 2006 c 255 s 10 (uncodified).

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 80.** If any provision of this act or its
12 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
13 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
14 persons or circumstances is not affected.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 81.** Sections 42 through 48 of this act
16 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 82.** Sections 50 through 54 of this act
18 constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 83.** Subheadings used in this act are not any
20 part of the law.

21 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 84.** Sections 18 through 22 of this act take
22 effect January 1, 2009.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 85.** If specific funding for the purposes of the
24 following sections of this act, referencing the section of this act by
25 bill or chapter number and section number, is not provided by June 30,
26 2007, in the omnibus appropriations act, the section is null and void:
27 (1) Section 9 of this act (Washington state quality forum);
28 (2) Section 10 of this act (health records banking pilot project);
29 (3) Section 14 of this act;
30 (4) Section 40 of this act (state employee health program);

1 (5) Section 41 of this act (state employee health demonstration
2 project);
3 (6) Sections 50 through 57 of this act;
4 (7) Section 62 of this act (health insurance partnership board);
5 (8) Section 72 of this act (office of insurance commissioner
6 independent study).

7 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 86.** Sections 58 through 63 of this act are
8 necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health,
9 or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public
10 institutions, and take effect July 1, 2007."

11 Correct the title.

EFFECT: The health care authority is given greater flexibility in implementing a shared decision-making demonstration project. The authority may solicit and accept in-kind contributions as well as funds to operate the demonstration and may scale the evaluation to fit within available funds. The null and void clause for the shared decision-making demonstration is removed. The department of health shall report adverse events that occur in a hospital to the quality forum to assist in its research on health care quality, evidence-based medicine, and patient safety. Replacement plans offered through the Washington State Health Insurance Pool must not significantly limit access to the kinds of services covered under the replacement plan. The requirement that the health care authority prioritize funding for community health clinics whose clients do not inappropriately use emergency rooms is deleted. The requirement that prescribers immediately submit prescription information on controlled substances to the prescription monitoring program is deleted. The small employer health insurance program is renamed the health insurance partnership. The requirement that the actuarial value of a health benefit plan available through the program be equivalent to the basic health plan is deleted. A nine member partnership board is established to develop policies for enrollment, designate health benefit plans offered in the small group market that qualify for a subsidy, determine whether there should be a minimum employer premium contribution, determine appropriate health benefit plan rating methodologies, conduct analyses and provide recommendations as requested by the Governor and the Legislature, and authorize one or more limited health care service plans for dental care services. Establishes the Local Public Health Financing Account (Account) to fund public health services provided by local health jurisdictions. The first $5,425,000 of the funds are to be distributed equally to all local health jurisdictions and any remaining funds are to be distributed to jurisdictions on a per capita basis. Directs the Department of Health to develop a list of services and activities that

qualify for funding from the Account and performance measures applicable to those services and activities. The Department of Health must report to the Legislature annually on the distribution of funds and the impact of the funding on the performance of local health jurisdictions. The Secretary of Health is to determine whether or not the funds are being spent in a manner consistent with achieving the performance measures and report to the Governor if a jurisdiction is not consistent and provide technical assistance to that jurisdiction. Funds may be discontinued if the jurisdiction is not consistent with performance measures within one year.

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