S-3928.2				

SENATE BILL 6670

State of Washington

59th Legislature

2006 Regular Session

By Senators Shin, Delvin, Fraser, Hargrove and Johnson Read first time 01/18/2006. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to court filing fees; amending RCW 36.18.012,
- 2 60.04.081, and 60.70.060; and reenacting and amending RCW 36.18.016 and
- 3 36.18.020.

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16

17

- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 36.18.012 and 2005 c 457 s 17 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
 - (1) Revenue collected under this section is subject to division with the state for deposit in the public safety and education account under RCW 36.18.025.
 - (2) The party filing a transcript or abstract of judgment or verdict from a United States court held in this state, or from the superior court of another county or from a district court in the county of issuance, shall pay at the time of filing a fee of twenty dollars.
 - (3) The clerk shall collect a fee of twenty dollars for: Filing a paper not related to or a part of a proceeding, civil or criminal, or a probate matter, required or permitted to be filed in the clerk's office for which no other charge is provided by law.
- 18 (4) If the defendant serves or files an answer to an unlawful

p. 1 SB 6670

detainer complaint under chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW, the plaintiff shall pay before proceeding with the unlawful detainer action one hundred twelve dollars.

4

5

6

7

8

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

- (5) Any party filing a counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim in an unlawful detainer action under chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW shall pay the equivalent to the total filing fee of an unlawful detainer action pursuant to RCW 36.18.020, including the fee for an unlawful detainer answer pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.
- 9 <u>(6)</u> For a restrictive covenant for filing a petition to strike 10 discriminatory provisions in real estate under RCW 49.60.227 a fee of 11 twenty dollars must be charged.
- 12 $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ (7) A fee of twenty dollars must be charged for filing a will only, when no probate of the will is contemplated.
- (((7))) <u>(8)</u> A fee of twenty dollars must be charged for filing a petition, written agreement, or written memorandum in a nonjudicial probate dispute under RCW 11.96A.220, if it is filed within an existing case in the same court.
 - ((+8))) (9) A fee of thirty-five dollars must be charged for filing a petition regarding a common law lien under RCW 60.70.060.
 - (((9) For certification of delinquent taxes by a county treasurer under RCW 84.64.190, a fee of five dollars must be charged.))
 - (10) For the filing of a tax warrant for unpaid taxes or overpayment of benefits by any agency of the state of Washington, a fee of five dollars on or after July 22, 2001, and for the filing of such a tax warrant or overpayment of benefits on or after July 1, 2003, a fee of twenty dollars, of which forty-six percent of the first five dollars is directed to the public safety and education account established under RCW 43.08.250.
- 29 **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.18.016 and 2005 c 457 s 18, 2005 c 374 s 2, and 30 2005 c 202 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 31 (1) Revenue collected under this section is not subject to division 32 under RCW 36.18.025 or 27.24.070.
- (2)(a) For the filing of a petition for modification of a decree of dissolution or paternity, within the same case as the original action, and any party filing a counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim in any such action, a fee of thirty-six dollars must be paid.

SB 6670 p. 2

(b) The party filing the first or initial petition for dissolution, legal separation, or declaration concerning the validity of marriage shall pay, at the time and in addition to the filing fee required under RCW 36.18.020, a fee of thirty dollars. The clerk of the superior court shall transmit monthly twenty-four dollars of the thirty-dollar fee collected under this subsection to the state treasury for deposit in the domestic violence prevention account. The remaining six dollars shall be retained by the county for the purpose of supporting community-based services within the county for victims of domestic violence, except for five percent of the six dollars, which may be retained by the court for administrative purposes.

- (3)(a) The party making a demand for a jury of six in a civil action shall pay, at the time, a fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars; if the demand is for a jury of twelve, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars. If, after the party demands a jury of six and pays the required fee, any other party to the action requests a jury of twelve, an additional one hundred twenty-five dollar fee will be required of the party demanding the increased number of jurors.
- (b) Upon conviction in criminal cases a jury demand charge of one hundred twenty-five dollars for a jury of six, or two hundred fifty dollars for a jury of twelve may be imposed as costs under RCW 10.46.190.
- (4) For preparing a certified copy of an instrument on file or of record in the clerk's office, for the first page or portion of the first page, a fee of five dollars, and for each additional page or portion of a page, a fee of one dollar must be charged. For authenticating or exemplifying an instrument, a fee of two dollars for each additional seal affixed must be charged. For preparing a copy of an instrument on file or of record in the clerk's office without a seal, a fee of fifty cents per page must be charged. When copying a document without a seal or file that is in an electronic format, a fee of twenty-five cents per page must be charged. For copies made on a compact disc, an additional fee of twenty dollars for each compact disc must be charged.
- (5) For executing a certificate, with or without a seal, a fee of two dollars must be charged.
- (6) For a garnishee defendant named in an affidavit for garnishment and for a writ of attachment, a fee of twenty dollars must be charged.

p. 3 SB 6670

1 (7) For filing a supplemental proceeding, a fee of twenty dollars 2 must be charged.

3

4 5

6 7

8

1112

13

14

18

19

25

2627

28

31

32

33

- (8) For approving a bond, including justification on the bond, in other than civil actions and probate proceedings, a fee of two dollars must be charged.
- (9) For the issuance of a certificate of qualification and a certified copy of letters of administration, letters testamentary, or letters of guardianship, there must be a fee of two dollars.
- 9 (10) For the preparation of a passport application, the clerk may 10 collect an execution fee as authorized by the federal government.
 - (11) For clerk's services such as processing ex parte orders, performing historical searches, compiling statistical reports, and conducting exceptional record searches, the clerk may collect a fee not to exceed twenty dollars per hour or portion of an hour.
- 15 (12) For duplicated recordings of court's proceedings there must be 16 a fee of ten dollars for each audio tape and twenty-five dollars for 17 each video tape or other electronic storage medium.
 - (13) For registration of land titles, Torrens Act, under RCW 65.12.780, a fee of twenty dollars must be charged.
- 20 (14) For the issuance of extension of judgment under RCW 6.17.020 21 and chapter 9.94A RCW, a fee of two hundred dollars must be charged. 22 When the extension of judgment is at the request of the clerk, the two 23 hundred dollar charge may be imposed as court costs under RCW 24 10.46.190.
 - (15) A facilitator surcharge of up to twenty dollars must be charged as authorized under RCW 26.12.240.
 - (16) For filing a water rights statement under RCW 90.03.180, a fee of twenty-five dollars must be charged.
- 29 (17) For filing a claim of frivolous lien under RCW 60.04.081, a 30 fee of thirty-five dollars must be charged.
 - (18) For preparation of a change of venue, a fee of twenty dollars must be charged by the originating court in addition to the per page charges in subsection (4) of this section.
- 34 (19) A service fee of three dollars for the first page and one 35 dollar for each additional page must be charged for receiving faxed 36 documents, pursuant to Washington state rules of court, general rule 37 17.

SB 6670 p. 4

- 1 (20) For preparation of clerk's papers under RAP 9.7, a fee of fifty cents per page must be charged.
- 3 (21) For copies and reports produced at the local level as 4 permitted by RCW 2.68.020 and supreme court policy, a variable fee must 5 be charged.
 - (22) Investment service charge and earnings under RCW 36.48.090 must be charged.

6 7

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

- 8 (23) Costs for nonstatutory services rendered by clerk by authority 9 of local ordinance or policy must be charged.
 - (24) For filing a request for mandatory arbitration, a filing fee may be assessed against the party filing a statement of arbitrability not to exceed two hundred twenty dollars as established by authority of local ordinance. This charge shall be used solely to offset the cost of the mandatory arbitration program.
 - (25) For filing a request for trial de novo of an arbitration award, a fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars as established by authority of local ordinance must be charged.
 - (26) A public agency may not charge a fee to a law enforcement agency, for preparation, copying, or mailing of certified copies of the judgment and sentence, information, affidavit of probable cause, and/or the notice of requirement to register, of a sex offender convicted in a Washington court, when such records are necessary for risk assessment, preparation of a case for failure to register, or maintenance of a sex offender's registration file.
 - (27) For the filing of a will or codicil under the provisions of chapter 11.12 RCW, a fee of twenty dollars must be charged.
 - The revenue to counties from the fees established in this section shall be deemed to be complete reimbursement from the state for the state's share of benefits paid to the superior court judges of the state prior to July 24, 2005, and no claim shall lie against the state for such benefits.
 - Sec. 3. RCW 36.18.020 and 2005 c 457 s 19 and 2005 c 374 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 34 (1) Revenue collected under this section is subject to division 35 with the state public safety and education account under RCW 36.18.025 36 and with the county or regional law library fund under RCW 27.24.070.

p. 5 SB 6670

- 1 (2) Clerks of superior courts shall collect the following fees for their official services:
- (a) In addition to any other fee required by law, the party filing 3 the first or initial paper in any civil action, including, but not 4 limited to an action for restitution, adoption, or change of name, and 5 any party filing a counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim in 6 7 any such civil action, shall pay, at the time the paper is filed, a fee of two hundred dollars except, in an unlawful detainer action under 8 chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW for which the plaintiff shall pay a case 9 initiating filing fee of forty-five dollars, or in proceedings filed 10 under RCW 28A.225.030 alleging a violation of the compulsory attendance 11 laws where the petitioner shall not pay a filing fee. The forty-five 12 13 dollar filing fee under this subsection for an unlawful detainer action 14 shall not include an order to show cause or any other order or judgment except a default order or default judgment in an unlawful detainer 15 16 action.
 - (b) Any party, except a defendant in a criminal case, filing the first or initial paper on an appeal from a court of limited jurisdiction or any party on any civil appeal, shall pay, when the paper is filed, a fee of two hundred dollars.
 - (c) For filing of a petition for judicial review as required under RCW 34.05.514 a filing fee of two hundred dollars.
 - (d) For filing of a petition for unlawful harassment under RCW 10.14.040, and any party filing a counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim in any such action, a filing fee of fifty-three dollars.
 - (e) For filing the notice of debt due for the compensation of a crime victim under RCW 7.68.120(2)(a) a fee of two hundred dollars.
 - (f) In probate proceedings, the party instituting such proceedings, shall pay at the time of filing the first paper therein, a fee of two hundred dollars.
 - (g) For filing any petition to contest a will admitted to probate or a petition to admit a will which has been rejected, or a petition objecting to a written agreement or memorandum as provided in RCW 11.96A.220, there shall be paid a fee of two hundred dollars.
 - (h) Upon conviction or plea of guilty, upon failure to prosecute an appeal from a court of limited jurisdiction as provided by law, or upon affirmance of a conviction by a court of limited jurisdiction, a

SB 6670 p. 6

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

3637

defendant in a criminal case shall be liable for a fee of two hundred dollars.

- (i) With the exception of demands for jury hereafter made and garnishments hereafter issued, civil actions and probate proceedings filed prior to midnight, July 1, 1972, shall be completed and governed by the fee schedule in effect as of January 1, 1972: PROVIDED, That no fee shall be assessed if an order of dismissal on the clerk's record be filed as provided by rule of the supreme court.
- 9 (3) No fee shall be collected when a petition for relinquishment of 10 parental rights is filed pursuant to RCW 26.33.080 or for forms and 11 instructional brochures provided under RCW 26.50.030.

Sec. 4. RCW 60.04.081 and 1992 c 126 s 6 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

- (1) Any owner of real property subject to a recorded claim of lien under this chapter, or contractor, subcontractor, lender, or lien claimant who believes the claim of lien to be frivolous and made without reasonable cause, or clearly excessive may apply by motion to the superior court for the county where the property, or some part thereof is located, for an order directing the lien claimant to appear before the court at a time no earlier than six nor later than fifteen days following the date of service of the application and order on the lien claimant, and show cause, if any he or she has, why the relief requested should not be granted. The motion shall state the grounds upon which relief is asked, and shall be supported by the affidavit of the applicant or his or her attorney setting forth a concise statement of the facts upon which the motion is based.
- (2) The order shall clearly state that if the lien claimant fails to appear at the time and place noted the lien shall be released, with prejudice, and that the lien claimant shall be ordered to pay the costs requested by the applicant including reasonable attorneys' fees.
- (3) If no action to foreclose the lien claim has been filed, the clerk of the court shall assign a cause number to the application and obtain from the applicant a filing fee ((of thirty-five dollars)) pursuant to RCW 36.18.016. If an action has been filed to foreclose the lien claim, the application shall be made a part of that action.
- (4) If, following a hearing on the matter, the court determines that the lien is frivolous and made without reasonable cause, or

p. 7 SB 6670

clearly excessive, the court shall issue an order releasing the lien if 1 2 frivolous and made without reasonable cause, or reducing the lien if clearly excessive, and awarding costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to 3 4 the applicant to be paid by the lien claimant. If the court determines 5 that the lien is not frivolous and was made with reasonable cause, and is not clearly excessive, the court shall issue an order so stating and 6 7 awarding costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to the lien claimant to 8 be paid by the applicant.

(5) Proceedings under this section shall not affect other rights and remedies available to the parties under this chapter or otherwise.

Sec. 5. RCW 60.70.060 and 1995 c 19 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Any person whose real or personal property is subject to a recorded claim of common law lien who believes the claim of lien is invalid, may petition the superior court of the county in which the claim of lien has been recorded for an order, which may be granted ex parte, directing the lien claimant to appear before the court at a time no earlier than six nor later than twenty-one days following the date of service of the petition and order on the lien claimant, and show cause, if any, why the claim of lien should not be stricken and other relief provided for by this section should not be granted. petition shall state the grounds upon which relief is requested, and shall be supported by the affidavit of the petitioner or his or her attorney setting forth a concise statement of the facts upon which the motion is based. The order shall be served upon the lien claimant by personal service, or, where the court determines that service by mail is likely to give actual notice, the court may order that service be made by any person over eighteen years of age, who is competent to be a witness, other than a party, by mailing copies of the petition and order to the lien claimant at his or her last known address or any other address determined by the court to be appropriate. Two copies shall be mailed, postage prepaid, one by ordinary first class mail and the other by a form of mail requiring a signed receipt showing when and to whom it was delivered. The envelopes must bear the return address of the sender.
- 36 (2) The order shall clearly state that if the lien claimant fails 37 to appear at the time and place noted, the claim of lien shall be

SB 6670 p. 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

2829

30

31

32

33

3435

stricken and released and that the lien claimant shall be ordered to pay the costs incurred by the petitioner, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

- (3) The clerk of the court shall assign a cause number to the petition and obtain from the petitioner a filing fee ((of thirty-five dollars)) pursuant to RCW 36.18.012.
- (4) If, following a hearing on the matter, the court determines that the claim of lien is invalid, the court shall issue an order striking and releasing the claim of lien and awarding costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to the petitioner to be paid by the lien claimant. If the court determines that the claim of lien is valid, the court shall issue an order so stating and may award costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to the lien claimant to be paid by the petitioner.

--- END ---

p. 9 SB 6670