
HOUSE BILL 3275

State of Washington

59th Legislature

2006 Regular Session

By Representative Hinkle

Read first time 01/31/2006. Referred to Committee on Economic Development, Agriculture & Trade.

1 AN ACT Relating to expedited processing for small water
2 impoundments; and amending RCW 90.03.370.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 90.03.370 and 2003 c 329 s 1 are each amended to read
5 as follows:

6 (1)(a) All applications for reservoir permits are subject to the
7 provisions of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320. But the party or
8 parties proposing to apply to a beneficial use the water stored in any
9 such reservoir shall also file an application for a permit, to be known
10 as the secondary permit, which shall be in compliance with the
11 provisions of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320. Such secondary
12 application shall refer to such reservoir as its source of water supply
13 and shall show documentary evidence that an agreement has been entered
14 into with the owners of the reservoir for a permanent and sufficient
15 interest in said reservoir to impound enough water for the purposes set
16 forth in said application. When the beneficial use has been completed
17 and perfected under the secondary permit, the department shall take the
18 proof of the water users under such permit and the final certificate of
19 appropriation shall refer to both the ditch and works described in the

1 secondary permit and the reservoir described in the primary permit.
2 The department may accept for processing a single application form
3 covering both a proposed reservoir and a proposed secondary permit or
4 permits for use of water from that reservoir.

5 (b) The department shall expedite processing applications for the
6 following types of storage proposals:

7 (i) Development of storage facilities that will not require a new
8 water right for diversion or withdrawal of the water to be stored;

9 (ii) Adding or changing one or more purposes of use of stored
10 water;

11 (iii) Adding to the storage capacity of an existing storage
12 facility; (~~and~~)

13 (iv) Applications for secondary permits to secure use from existing
14 storage facilities; and

15 (v) Applications for projects to store one hundred acre feet or
16 less of water that demonstrate substantial late-season flow and habitat
17 improvement for resident or anadromous fish by eliminating the
18 diversion of water from the natural course of a stream or river during
19 its base flow period.

20 (c) A secondary permit for the beneficial use of water shall not be
21 required for use of water stored in a reservoir where the water right
22 for the source of the stored water authorizes the beneficial use.

23 (2)(a) For the purposes of this section, "reservoir" includes, in
24 addition to any surface reservoir, any naturally occurring underground
25 geological formation where water is collected and stored for subsequent
26 use as part of an underground artificial storage and recovery project.
27 To qualify for issuance of a reservoir permit an underground geological
28 formation must meet standards for review and mitigation of adverse
29 impacts identified, for the following issues:

30 (i) Aquifer vulnerability and hydraulic continuity;

31 (ii) Potential impairment of existing water rights;

32 (iii) Geotechnical impacts and aquifer boundaries and
33 characteristics;

34 (iv) Chemical compatibility of surface waters and ground water;

35 (v) Recharge and recovery treatment requirements;

36 (vi) System operation;

37 (vii) Water rights and ownership of water stored for recovery; and

38 (viii) Environmental impacts.

1 (b) Standards for review and standards for mitigation of adverse
2 impacts for an underground artificial storage and recovery project
3 shall be established by the department by rule. Notwithstanding the
4 provisions of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320, analysis of each
5 underground artificial storage and recovery project and each
6 underground geological formation for which an applicant seeks the
7 status of a reservoir shall be through applicant-initiated studies
8 reviewed by the department.

9 (3) For the purposes of this section, "underground artificial
10 storage and recovery project" means any project in which it is intended
11 to artificially store water in the ground through injection, surface
12 spreading and infiltration, or other department-approved method, and to
13 make subsequent use of the stored water. However, (a) this subsection
14 does not apply to irrigation return flow, or to operational and seepage
15 losses that occur during the irrigation of land, or to water that is
16 artificially stored due to the construction, operation, or maintenance
17 of an irrigation district project, or to projects involving water
18 reclaimed in accordance with chapter 90.46 RCW; and (b) RCW 90.44.130
19 applies to those instances of claimed artificial recharge occurring due
20 to the construction, operation, or maintenance of an irrigation
21 district project or operational and seepage losses that occur during
22 the irrigation of land, as well as other forms of claimed artificial
23 recharge already existing at the time a ground water subarea is
24 established.

25 (4) Nothing in chapter 98, Laws of 2000 changes the requirements of
26 existing law governing issuance of permits to appropriate or withdraw
27 the waters of the state.

28 (5) The department shall report to the legislature by December 31,
29 2001, on the standards for review and standards for mitigation
30 developed under subsection (3) of this section and on the status of any
31 applications that have been filed with the department for underground
32 artificial storage and recovery projects by that date.

33 (6) Where needed to ensure that existing storage capacity is
34 effectively and efficiently used to meet multiple purposes, the
35 department may authorize reservoirs to be filled more than once per
36 year or more than once per season of use.

37 (7) This section does not apply to facilities to recapture and
38 reuse return flow from irrigation operations serving a single farm

1 under an existing water right as long as the acreage irrigated is not
2 increased beyond the acreage allowed to be irrigated under the water
3 right.

4 (8) In addition to the facilities exempted under subsection (7) of
5 this section, this section does not apply to small irrigation
6 impoundments. For purposes of this section, "small irrigation
7 impoundments" means lined surface storage ponds less than ten acre feet
8 in volume used to impound irrigation water under an existing water
9 right where use of the impoundment: (a)(i) Facilitates efficient use
10 of water; or (ii) promotes compliance with an approved recovery plan
11 for endangered or threatened species; and (b) does not expand the
12 number of acres irrigated or the annual consumptive quantity of water
13 used. Such ponds must be lined unless a licensed engineer determines
14 that a liner is not needed to retain water in the pond and to prevent
15 ground water contamination. Although it may also be composed of other
16 materials, a properly maintained liner may be composed of bentonite.
17 Water remaining in a small irrigation impoundment at the end of an
18 irrigation season may be carried over for use in the next season.
19 However, the limitations of this subsection (8) apply. Development and
20 use of a small irrigation impoundment does not constitute a change or
21 amendment for purposes of RCW 90.03.380 or 90.44.055.

--- END ---