
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1015

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

By House Committee on Health Care (originally sponsored by Representatives Campbell, Morrell, Skinner, Hankins, Simpson, Schindler and Chase)

READ FIRST TIME 02/03/06.

1 AN ACT Relating to the reporting of infections acquired in health
2 care facilities; reenacting and amending RCW 70.41.200; adding a new
3 section to chapter 43.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 42.56
4 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that hospitals should
7 be implementing evidence-based measures to reduce hospital-acquired
8 infections. The legislature further finds the public should have
9 access to data on outcome measures regarding hospital-acquired
10 infections. Data reporting should be consistent with national hospital
11 reporting standards.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW
13 to read as follows:

14 (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
15 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

16 (a) "Health care-associated infection" means a localized or
17 systemic condition that results from adverse reaction to the presence

1 of an infectious agent or its toxins and that was not present or
2 incubating at the time of admission to the hospital.

3 (b) "Hospital" means a health care facility licensed under chapter
4 70.41 RCW, including hospital-owned ambulatory surgical centers or
5 outpatient surgical centers.

6 (2) The department shall:

7 (a) Adopt guidelines and rules for the identification, tracking,
8 reporting, and release of information related to outcome measures as
9 related to health care-associated infections acquired in hospitals. In
10 adopting these guidelines and rules related to health care-associated
11 infections, the department shall consider the recommendations of the
12 advisory committee established in (c) of this subsection as well as the
13 recommendations, definitions, and methodologies, of the United States
14 centers for disease control and prevention, the centers for health care
15 research and quality, the centers for medicare and medicaid services,
16 the joint commission on accreditation of health care organizations, the
17 national quality forum, the institute for health care improvement, or
18 other organizations with recognized expertise in infection control or
19 quality improvement. The guidelines and rules shall establish criteria
20 for excluding data from reporting where a data set is too small or
21 possesses other characteristics that make it otherwise unrepresentative
22 of a hospital's particular ability to achieve a specific outcome
23 measure. The guidelines and rules shall consider outcome measures, for
24 an entire hospital or specified units, in the following categories:

- 25 (i) Surgical site infections for selected procedures;
- 26 (ii) Surgical antimicrobial prophylaxis;
- 27 (iii) Outcome measures on ventilator-associated pneumonia;
- 28 (iv) Central line-associated, laboratory-confirmed bloodstream
29 infections in the intensive care unit; and
- 30 (v) Other categories for which there are established measures and
31 the department determines are necessary to protect public health and
32 safety as provided in subsection (3) of this section;

33 (b) Publish an annual report on the department's web site that
34 compares the hospital-acquired infection outcomes described in (a)(i)
35 of this subsection at each individual hospital in the state.
36 Comparisons among hospitals shall be adjusted to consider patient mix
37 and other relevant risk factors and control for provider peer groups,
38 when appropriate. The annual report shall disclose data in a format so

1 that no health information about any individual patient is released.
2 The department may respond to requests for data and other information,
3 at the requestor's expense, for special studies and analysis consistent
4 with requirements for confidentiality of patient records and quality
5 improvement information;

6 (c) Establish an advisory committee to make recommendations to the
7 department in the development of guidelines and rules for the
8 collection, reporting, and release of information related to
9 hospital-acquired infections and to provide advice and recommendations
10 to the department regarding the report in subsection (6) of this
11 section to expand the program to ambulatory surgical centers and
12 outpatient surgical centers. The advisory committee shall consist of
13 infection control professionals and epidemiologists. In developing its
14 recommendations, the department shall consider the definitions,
15 methodologies, and practices of the United States centers for disease
16 control, centers for medicare and medicaid services, joint commission
17 for the accreditation of health care organizations, and the institute
18 for health care improvement related to health care-associated
19 infections. The advisory committee shall meet as often as necessary to
20 complete its duties, but not less than three times per year; and

21 (d) Report to the legislature in November 2008 regarding the
22 activities of United States centers for disease control, centers for
23 medicare and medicaid services, joint commission for the accreditation
24 of health care organizations, and the institute for health care
25 improvement related to reporting hospital-acquired infections.

26 (3) As the United States centers for disease control and
27 prevention, the centers for health care research and quality, the
28 centers for medicare and medicaid services, the joint commission on
29 accreditation of health care organizations, the national quality forum
30 institute for health care improvement, or other organizations with
31 recognized expertise in infection control or quality improvement
32 identify evidence-based procedures that are demonstrated to reduce
33 infections and that are feasible measures for hospitals to track, and
34 as such an organization adopts guidelines for tracking outcomes,
35 prevention, and performance related to other infections, the department
36 shall immediately include those other procedures or categories of
37 infections to be implemented by the hospital within six months of their

1 adoption, such as catheter-related urinary tract infections or
2 clostridium difficile infections.

3 (4) Each hospital shall:

4 (a) Collect information regarding health care-associated infection
5 outcome measures for the categories identified in subsections (2) and
6 (3) of this section; and

7 (b) Prepare a report every three months and submit the reports to
8 the department. The collection and reporting of information shall be
9 performed in accordance with the guidelines and rules of the
10 department.

11 (5) Ambulatory surgical centers and outpatient surgical centers
12 that are not owned by a hospital may voluntarily decide to participate
13 in the health care-associated infection identification, tracking,
14 reporting, and analysis program established under subsection (2) of
15 this section. Any centers that voluntarily participate in the program
16 are afforded the same protections provided in subsection (7) of this
17 section and RCW 70.41.200.

18 (6) The department, with the advice and recommendations of the
19 advisory committee created in subsection (2)(c) of this section, must
20 issue a report by December 1, 2006, that establishes a plan and
21 timetable for expanding the health care-associated infection
22 identification, tracking, reporting, and analysis program established
23 under subsection (2) of this section to include ambulatory surgical
24 centers and outpatient surgical centers.

25 (7) Neither the reports submitted by hospitals, ambulatory surgical
26 centers, or outpatient surgical centers to the department under this
27 subsection, nor any of the data contained in them are subject to
28 discovery by subpoena or admissible as evidence in a civil proceeding.

29 **Sec. 3.** RCW 70.41.200 and 2005 c 291 s 3 and 2005 c 33 s 7 are
30 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

31 (1) Every hospital shall maintain a coordinated quality improvement
32 program for the improvement of the quality of health care services
33 rendered to patients and the identification and prevention of medical
34 malpractice. The program shall include at least the following:

35 (a) The establishment of a quality improvement committee with the
36 responsibility to review the services rendered in the hospital, both
37 retrospectively and prospectively, in order to improve the quality of

1 medical care of patients and to prevent medical malpractice. The
2 committee shall oversee and coordinate the quality improvement and
3 medical malpractice prevention program and shall ensure that
4 information gathered pursuant to the program is used to review and to
5 revise hospital policies and procedures;

6 (b) A medical staff privileges sanction procedure through which
7 credentials, physical and mental capacity, and competence in delivering
8 health care services are periodically reviewed as part of an evaluation
9 of staff privileges;

10 (c) The periodic review of the credentials, physical and mental
11 capacity, and competence in delivering health care services of all
12 persons who are employed or associated with the hospital;

13 (d) A procedure for the prompt resolution of grievances by patients
14 or their representatives related to accidents, injuries, treatment, and
15 other events that may result in claims of medical malpractice;

16 (e) The maintenance and continuous collection of information
17 concerning the hospital's experience with negative health care outcomes
18 and incidents injurious to patients including health care-associated
19 infections, patient grievances, professional liability premiums,
20 settlements, awards, costs incurred by the hospital for patient injury
21 prevention, and safety improvement activities;

22 (f) The maintenance of relevant and appropriate information
23 gathered pursuant to (a) through (e) of this subsection concerning
24 individual physicians within the physician's personnel or credential
25 file maintained by the hospital;

26 (g) Education programs dealing with quality improvement, patient
27 safety, medication errors, injury prevention, infection control, staff
28 responsibility to report professional misconduct, the legal aspects of
29 patient care, improved communication with patients, and causes of
30 malpractice claims for staff personnel engaged in patient care
31 activities; and

32 (h) Policies to ensure compliance with the reporting requirements
33 of this section.

34 (2) Any person who, in substantial good faith, provides information
35 to further the purposes of the quality improvement and medical
36 malpractice prevention program or who, in substantial good faith,
37 participates on the quality improvement committee shall not be subject
38 to an action for civil damages or other relief as a result of such

1 activity. Any person or entity participating in a coordinated quality
2 improvement program that, in substantial good faith, shares information
3 or documents with one or more other programs, committees, or boards
4 under subsection (8) of this section is not subject to an action for
5 civil damages or other relief as a result of the activity. For the
6 purposes of this section, sharing information is presumed to be in
7 substantial good faith. However, the presumption may be rebutted upon
8 a showing of clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that the
9 information shared was knowingly false or deliberately misleading.

10 (3) Information and documents, including complaints and incident
11 reports, created specifically for, and collected and maintained by, a
12 quality improvement committee are not subject to review or disclosure,
13 except as provided in this section, or discovery or introduction into
14 evidence in any civil action, and no person who was in attendance at a
15 meeting of such committee or who participated in the creation,
16 collection, or maintenance of information or documents specifically for
17 the committee shall be permitted or required to testify in any civil
18 action as to the content of such proceedings or the documents and
19 information prepared specifically for the committee. This subsection
20 does not preclude: (a) In any civil action, the discovery of the
21 identity of persons involved in the medical care that is the basis of
22 the civil action whose involvement was independent of any quality
23 improvement activity; (b) in any civil action, the testimony of any
24 person concerning the facts which form the basis for the institution of
25 such proceedings of which the person had personal knowledge acquired
26 independently of such proceedings; (c) in any civil action by a health
27 care provider regarding the restriction or revocation of that
28 individual's clinical or staff privileges, introduction into evidence
29 information collected and maintained by quality improvement committees
30 regarding such health care provider; (d) in any civil action,
31 disclosure of the fact that staff privileges were terminated or
32 restricted, including the specific restrictions imposed, if any and the
33 reasons for the restrictions; or (e) in any civil action, discovery and
34 introduction into evidence of the patient's medical records required by
35 regulation of the department of health to be made regarding the care
36 and treatment received.

37 (4) Each quality improvement committee shall, on at least a
38 semiannual basis, report to the governing board of the hospital in

1 which the committee is located. The report shall review the quality
2 improvement activities conducted by the committee, and any actions
3 taken as a result of those activities.

4 (5) The department of health shall adopt such rules as are deemed
5 appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this section.

6 (6) The medical quality assurance commission or the board of
7 osteopathic medicine and surgery, as appropriate, may review and audit
8 the records of committee decisions in which a physician's privileges
9 are terminated or restricted. Each hospital shall produce and make
10 accessible to the commission or board the appropriate records and
11 otherwise facilitate the review and audit. Information so gained shall
12 not be subject to the discovery process and confidentiality shall be
13 respected as required by subsection (3) of this section. Failure of a
14 hospital to comply with this subsection is punishable by a civil
15 penalty not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars.

16 (7) The department, the joint commission on accreditation of health
17 care organizations, and any other accrediting organization may review
18 and audit the records of a quality improvement committee or peer review
19 committee in connection with their inspection and review of hospitals.
20 Information so obtained shall not be subject to the discovery process,
21 and confidentiality shall be respected as required by subsection (3) of
22 this section. Each hospital shall produce and make accessible to the
23 department the appropriate records and otherwise facilitate the review
24 and audit.

25 (8) A coordinated quality improvement program may share information
26 and documents, including complaints and incident reports, created
27 specifically for, and collected and maintained by, a quality
28 improvement committee or a peer review committee under RCW 4.24.250
29 with one or more other coordinated quality improvement programs
30 maintained in accordance with this section or RCW 43.70.510, a quality
31 assurance committee maintained in accordance with RCW 18.20.390 or
32 74.42.640, or a peer review committee under RCW 4.24.250, for the
33 improvement of the quality of health care services rendered to patients
34 and the identification and prevention of medical malpractice. The
35 privacy protections of chapter 70.02 RCW and the federal health
36 insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 and its
37 implementing regulations apply to the sharing of individually
38 identifiable patient information held by a coordinated quality

1 improvement program. Any rules necessary to implement this section
2 shall meet the requirements of applicable federal and state privacy
3 laws. Information and documents disclosed by one coordinated quality
4 improvement program to another coordinated quality improvement program
5 or a peer review committee under RCW 4.24.250 and any information and
6 documents created or maintained as a result of the sharing of
7 information and documents shall not be subject to the discovery process
8 and confidentiality shall be respected as required by subsection (3) of
9 this section, RCW 18.20.390 (6) and (8), 74.42.640 (7) and (9), and
10 4.24.250.

11 (9) A hospital that operates a nursing home as defined in RCW
12 18.51.010 may conduct quality improvement activities for both the
13 hospital and the nursing home through a quality improvement committee
14 under this section, and such activities shall be subject to the
15 provisions of subsections (2) through (8) of this section.

16 (10) Violation of this section shall not be considered negligence
17 per se.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 42.56 RCW
19 to read as follows:

20 Any information and reports exchanged between hospitals and the
21 department of health under section 2 of this act are exempt from
22 disclosure under this chapter.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** This act takes effect August 1, 2006.

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