
SENATE BILL 6574

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

By Senators Honeyford, Sheahan and Parlette

Read first time 01/26/2004. Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

1 AN ACT Relating to providing a definition of state waters for RCW
2 77.55.100; and amending RCW 77.55.100.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 77.55.100 and 2003 c 391 s 2 are each amended to read
5 as follows:

6 (1) In the event that any person or government agency desires to
7 construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work that will
8 use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the
9 salt or fresh waters of the state, such person or government agency
10 shall, before commencing construction or work thereon and to ensure the
11 proper protection of fish life, secure the approval of the department
12 as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish
13 life. This approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or unreasonably
14 conditioned.

15 (2)(a) The department shall grant or deny approval of a standard
16 permit within forty-five calendar days of the receipt of a complete
17 application and notice of compliance with any applicable requirements
18 of the state environmental policy act, made in the manner prescribed in

1 this section. The permit must contain provisions allowing for minor
2 modifications to the plans and specifications without requiring
3 reissuance of the permit.

4 (b) The applicant may document receipt of application by filing in
5 person or by registered mail. A complete application for approval
6 shall contain general plans for the overall project, complete plans and
7 specifications of the proposed construction or work within the mean
8 higher high water line in salt water or within the ordinary high water
9 line in fresh water, and complete plans and specifications for the
10 proper protection of fish life.

11 (c) The forty-five day requirement shall be suspended if:

12 (i) After ten working days of receipt of the application, the
13 applicant remains unavailable or unable to arrange for a timely field
14 evaluation of the proposed project;

15 (ii) The site is physically inaccessible for inspection; or

16 (iii) The applicant requests delay. Immediately upon determination
17 that the forty-five day period is suspended, the department shall
18 notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay.

19 (d) For purposes of this section, "standard permit" means a written
20 permit issued by the department when the conditions under subsections
21 (3) and (5)(b) of this section are not met.

22 (3)(a) The department may issue an expedited written permit in
23 those instances where normal permit processing would result in
24 significant hardship for the applicant or unacceptable damage to the
25 environment. In cases of imminent danger, the department shall issue
26 an expedited written permit, upon request, for work to repair existing
27 structures, move obstructions, restore banks, protect property, or
28 protect fish resources. Expedited permit requests require a complete
29 written application as provided in subsection (2)(b) of this section
30 and shall be issued within fifteen calendar days of the receipt of a
31 complete written application. Approval of an expedited permit is valid
32 for up to sixty days from the date of issuance.

33 (b) For the purposes of this subsection, "imminent danger" means a
34 threat by weather, water flow, or other natural conditions that is
35 likely to occur within sixty days of a request for a permit
36 application.

37 (c) The department may not require the provisions of the state

1 environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, to be met as a condition
2 of issuing a permit under this subsection.

3 (d) The department or the county legislative authority may
4 determine if an imminent danger exists. The county legislative
5 authority shall notify the department, in writing, if it determines
6 that an imminent danger exists.

7 (4) Approval of a standard permit is valid for a period of up to
8 five years from date of issuance. The permittee must demonstrate
9 substantial progress on construction of that portion of the project
10 relating to the approval within two years of the date of issuance. If
11 the department denies approval, the department shall provide the
12 applicant, in writing, a statement of the specific reasons why and how
13 the proposed project would adversely affect fish life. Protection of
14 fish life shall be the only ground upon which approval may be denied or
15 conditioned. Chapter 34.05 RCW applies to any denial of project
16 approval, conditional approval, or requirements for project
17 modification upon which approval may be contingent.

18 (5)(a) In case of an emergency arising from weather or stream flow
19 conditions or other natural conditions, the department, through its
20 authorized representatives, shall issue immediately, upon request, oral
21 approval for removing any obstructions, repairing existing structures,
22 restoring stream banks, or to protect property threatened by the stream
23 or a change in the stream flow without the necessity of obtaining a
24 written approval prior to commencing work. Conditions of an oral
25 approval to protect fish life shall be established by the department
26 and reduced to writing within thirty days and complied with as provided
27 for in this section. Oral approval shall be granted immediately, upon
28 request, for a stream crossing during an emergency situation.

29 (b) For purposes of this section and RCW 77.55.110, "emergency"
30 means an immediate threat to life, the public, property, or of
31 environmental degradation.

32 (c) The department or the county legislative authority may declare
33 and continue an emergency when one or more of the criteria under (b) of
34 this subsection are met. The county legislative authority shall
35 immediately notify the department if it declares an emergency under
36 this subsection.

37 (6) The department shall, at the request of a county, develop five-
38 year maintenance approval agreements, consistent with comprehensive

1 flood control management plans adopted under the authority of RCW
2 86.12.200, or other watershed plan approved by a county legislative
3 authority, to allow for work on public and private property for bank
4 stabilization, bridge repair, removal of sand bars and debris, channel
5 maintenance, and other flood damage repair and reduction activity under
6 agreed-upon conditions and times without obtaining permits for specific
7 projects.

8 (7) This section shall not apply to the construction of any form of
9 hydraulic project or other work which diverts water for agricultural
10 irrigation or stock watering purposes authorized under or recognized as
11 being valid by the state's water codes, or when such hydraulic project
12 or other work is associated with streambank stabilization to protect
13 farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020. These
14 irrigation or stock watering diversion and streambank stabilization
15 projects shall be governed by RCW 77.55.110.

16 A landscape management plan approved by the department and the
17 department of natural resources under RCW 76.09.350(2), shall serve as
18 a hydraulic project approval for the life of the plan if fish are
19 selected as one of the public resources for coverage under such a plan.

20 (8) For the purposes of this section (~~(and RCW 77.55.110,)~~): (a)
21 "Bed" means the land below the ordinary high water lines of state
22 waters(~~(. This definition does)~~); and (b) "state waters" shall not
23 include irrigation ditches, canals, drains, wasteways, storm water run-
24 off devices, or other artificial watercourses (~~(except where they exist~~
25 in a natural watercourse that has been altered by man)) including
26 portions of any topographical feature that would be dry without the
27 influence of irrigated agriculture return flows or the occurrence of
28 local storm events or a heavy snow melt.

29 (9) The phrase "to construct any form of hydraulic project or
30 perform other work" does not include the act of driving across an
31 established ford. Driving across streams or on wetted stream beds at
32 areas other than established fords requires approval. Work within the
33 ordinary high water line of state waters to construct or repair a ford
34 or crossing requires approval.

35 (10) The department shall not require a fishway on a tide gate,
36 flood gate, or other associated man-made agricultural drainage
37 facilities as a condition of a hydraulic project approval if such

1 fishway was not originally installed as part of an agricultural
2 drainage system existing on or before May 20, 2003.

3 (11) Any condition requiring a self-regulating tide gate to achieve
4 fish passage in an existing hydraulic project approval under this
5 section may not be enforced.

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