S-1073.1

SENATE BILL 5573

State of Washington

58th Legislature

2003 Regular Session

By Senator Swecker

Read first time 01/30/2003. Referred to Committee on Highways & Transportation.

- AN ACT Relating to truck traffic at night; and amending RCW
- 2 46.61.100 and 46.61.410.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.61.100 and 1997 c 253 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) Upon all roadways of sufficient width a vehicle shall be driven 7 upon the right half of the roadway, except as follows:
 - (a) When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction under the rules governing such movement;
- 10 (b) When an obstruction exists making it necessary to drive to the 11 left of the center of the highway; provided, any person so doing shall 12 yield the right of way to all vehicles traveling in the proper 13 direction upon the unobstructed portion of the highway within such 14 distance as to constitute an immediate hazard;
 - (c) Upon a roadway divided into three marked lanes and providing for two-way movement traffic under the rules applicable thereon; or
 - (d) Upon a street or highway restricted to one-way traffic.
- 18 (2) Upon all roadways having two or more lanes for traffic moving 19 in the same direction, all vehicles shall be driven in the right-hand

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lane then available for traffic, except (a) when overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction, (b) when traveling at a speed greater than the traffic flow, (c) when moving left to allow traffic to merge, or (d) when preparing for a left turn at intersection, exit, or into a private road or driveway when such left turn is legally permitted. On any such roadway, a vehicle or combination over ten thousand pounds shall be driven only in the righthand lane except under the conditions enumerated in (a) through (d) of this subsection.

- (3) No vehicle towing a trailer or no vehicle or combination over ten thousand pounds may be driven in the left-hand lane of a limited access roadway having three or more lanes for traffic moving in one direction except between the hours of 7:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m. or when preparing for a left turn at an intersection, exit, or into a private road or driveway when a left turn is legally permitted. This subsection does not apply to a vehicle using a high-occupancy vehicle lane. A high-occupancy vehicle lane is not considered the left-hand lane of a roadway. The department of transportation, in consultation with the Washington state patrol, shall adopt rules specifying (a) those circumstances where it is permissible for other vehicles to use the left lane in case of emergency or to facilitate the orderly flow of traffic, and (b) those segments of limited access roadway to be exempt from this subsection due to the operational characteristics of the roadway.
- (4) It is a traffic infraction to drive continuously in the left lane of a multilane roadway when it impedes the flow of other traffic.
- (5) Upon any roadway having four or more lanes for moving traffic and providing for two-way movement of traffic, a vehicle shall not be driven to the left of the center line of the roadway except when authorized by official traffic control devices designating certain lanes to the left side of the center of the roadway for use by traffic not otherwise permitted to use such lanes, or except as permitted under subsection (1)(b) of this section. However, this subsection shall not be construed as prohibiting the crossing of the center line in making a left turn into or from an alley, private road or driveway.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.61.410 and 1996 c 52 s 1 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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(1)(a) Subject to subsection (2) of this section the secretary may increase the maximum speed limit on any highway or portion thereof to not more than seventy miles per hour in accordance with the design speed thereof (taking into account all safety elements included therein), or whenever the secretary determines upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation that such greater speed is reasonable and safe under the circumstances existing on such part of the highway.

- (b) The greater maximum limit established under (a) of this subsection shall be effective when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected, or if a maximum limit is established for auto stages which is lower than the limit for automobiles, the auto stage speed limit shall become effective thirty days after written notice thereof is mailed in the manner provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- (c) Such maximum speed limit may be declared to be effective at all times or at such times as are indicated upon said signs or in the case of auto stages, as indicated in said written notice; and differing limits may be established for different times of day, different types of vehicles, varying weather conditions, and other factors bearing on safe speeds, which shall be effective when posted upon appropriate fixed or variable signs or if a maximum limit is established for auto stages which is lower than the limit for automobiles, the auto stage speed limit shall become effective thirty days after written notice thereof is mailed in the manner provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- (2) The maximum speed limit for vehicles over ten thousand pounds gross weight and vehicles in combination except auto stages shall not exceed sixty miles per hour and may be established at a lower limit by the secretary as provided in RCW 46.61.405. However, during the hours between 7:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m. the maximum speed limit for trucks, as defined in subsection (3) of this section, is seventy miles per hour.
- (3) The word "trucks" used by the department on signs giving notice of maximum speed limits means vehicles over ten thousand pounds gross weight and all vehicles in combination except auto stages.
- (4) Whenever the secretary establishes maximum speed limits for auto stages lower than the maximum limits for automobiles, the secretary shall cause to be mailed notice thereof to each auto

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- 1 transportation company holding a certificate of public convenience and
- 2 necessity issued by the Washington utilities and transportation
- 3 commission. The notice shall be mailed to the chief place of business
- 4 within the state of Washington of each auto transportation company or
- 5 if none then its chief place of business without the state of

6 Washington.

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