H-4322.2			

## HOUSE BILL 3067

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State of Washington

58th Legislature

2004 Regular Session

By Representatives Romero and Chase

Read first time 01/27/2004. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

- AN ACT Relating to motorized foot scooters; amending RCW 46.04.336
- 2 and 46.61.710; reenacting and amending RCW 46.16.010 and 46.20.500; and
- 3 providing an effective date.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.04.336 and 2003 c 353 s 6 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
  - "Motorized foot scooter" means a device with no more than two teninch or smaller diameter wheels that has handlebars, is designed to be stood or sat upon by the operator, and is powered by an ((internal combustion engine or)) electric motor that is capable of propelling the device with or without human propulsion.
- For purposes of this section, a motor-driven cycle, a moped, an electric-assisted bicycle, or a motorcycle is not a motorized foot
- 14 scooter.

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- 15 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.16.010 and 2003 c 353 s 8 and 2003 c 53 s 238 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) It is unlawful for a person to operate any vehicle over and 18 along a public highway of this state without first having obtained and

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- having in full force and effect a current and proper vehicle license and display vehicle license number plates therefor as by this chapter provided.
  - (2) Failure to make initial registration before operation on the highways of this state is a misdemeanor, and any person convicted thereof must be punished by a fine of no less than three hundred thirty dollars, no part of which may be suspended or deferred.
  - (3) Failure to renew an expired registration before operation on the highways of this state is a traffic infraction.
    - (4) The licensing of a vehicle in another state by a resident of this state, as defined in RCW 46.16.028, evading the payment of any tax or license fee imposed in connection with registration, is a gross misdemeanor punishable as follows:
    - (a) For a first offense, up to one year in the county jail and a fine equal to twice the amount of delinquent taxes and fees, no part of which may be suspended or deferred;
    - (b) For a second or subsequent offense, up to one year in the county jail and a fine equal to four times the amount of delinquent taxes and fees, no part of which may be suspended or deferred;
    - (c) For fines levied under (b) of this subsection, an amount equal to the avoided taxes and fees owed will be deposited in the vehicle licensing fraud account created in the state treasury;
  - (d) The avoided taxes and fees shall be deposited and distributed in the same manner as if the taxes and fees were properly paid in a timely fashion.
    - (5) These provisions shall not apply to the following vehicles:
    - (a) <u>Electric powered motorized</u> foot scooters;
    - (b) Electric-assisted bicycles;

- (c) Farm vehicles if operated within a radius of fifteen miles of the farm where principally used or garaged, farm tractors and farm implements including trailers designed as cook or bunk houses used exclusively for animal herding temporarily operating or drawn upon the public highways, and trailers used exclusively to transport farm implements from one farm to another during the daylight hours or at night when such equipment has lights that comply with the law;
- 36 (d) Spray or fertilizer applicator rigs designed and used 37 exclusively for spraying or fertilization in the conduct of 38 agricultural operations and not primarily for the purpose of

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transportation, and nurse rigs or equipment auxiliary to the use of and designed or modified for the fueling, repairing, or loading of spray and fertilizer applicator rigs and not used, designed, or modified primarily for the purpose of transportation;

- (e) Fork lifts operated during daylight hours on public highways adjacent to and within five hundred feet of the warehouses which they serve: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to vehicles used by the state parks and recreation commission exclusively for park maintenance and operations upon public highways within state parks;
- 11 (f) "Special highway construction equipment" defined as follows: 12 Any vehicle which is designed and used primarily for grading of 13 highways, paving of highways, earth moving, and other construction work 14 on highways and which is not designed or used primarily for the 15 transportation of persons or property on a public highway and which is only incidentally operated or moved over the highway. It includes, but 16 17 is not limited to, road construction and maintenance machinery so 18 designed and used such as portable air compressors, air drills, asphalt spreaders, bituminous mixers, bucket loaders, track laying tractors, 19 ditchers, leveling graders, finishing machines, motor graders, paving 20 21 mixers, road rollers, scarifiers, earth moving scrapers and carryalls, 22 lighting plants, welders, pumps, power shovels and draglines, selfpropelled and tractor-drawn earth moving equipment and machinery, 23 24 including dump trucks and tractor-dump trailer combinations which either (i) are in excess of the legal width, or (ii) which, because of 25 26 their length, height, or unladen weight, may not be moved on a public 27 highway without the permit specified in RCW 46.44.090 and which are not operated laden except within the boundaries of the project limits as 28 defined by the contract, and other similar types of construction 29 equipment, or (iii) which are driven or moved upon a public highway 30 31 only for the purpose of crossing such highway from one property to 32 another, provided such movement does not exceed five hundred feet and the vehicle is equipped with wheels or pads which will not damage the 33 roadway surface. 34

35 Exclusions:

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36 "Special highway construction equipment" does not include any of 37 the following:

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Dump trucks originally designed to comply with the legal size and weight provisions of this code notwithstanding any subsequent modification which would require a permit, as specified in RCW 46.44.090, to operate such vehicles on a public highway, including trailers, truck-mounted transit mixers, cranes and shovels, or other 5 vehicles designed for the transportation of persons or property to 7 which machinery has been attached.

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- The following vehicles, whether operated solo combination, are exempt from license registration and displaying license plates as required by this chapter:
- (a) A converter gear used to convert a semitrailer into a trailer 11 or a two-axle truck or tractor into a three or more axle truck or 12 tractor or used in any other manner to increase the number of axles of 13 a vehicle. Converter gear includes an auxiliary axle, booster axle, 14 15 dolly, and jeep axle.
- 16 (b) A tow dolly that is used for towing a motor vehicle behind 17 another motor vehicle. The front or rear wheels of the towed vehicle are secured to and rest on the tow dolly that is attached to the towing 18 19 vehicle by a tow bar.
- 20 Sec. 3. RCW 46.20.500 and 2003 c 353 s 9, 2003 c 141 s 7, and 2003 21 c 41 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
  - (1) No person may drive either a two-wheeled or a three-wheeled motorcycle, or a motor-driven cycle unless such person has a valid driver's license specially endorsed by the director to enable the holder to drive such vehicles.
  - (2) However, a person sixteen years of age or older, holding a valid driver's license of any class issued by the state of the person's residence, may operate a moped without taking any special examination for the operation of a moped.
- 30 (3) No driver's license is required for operation of an electric-31 assisted bicycle if the operator is at least sixteen years of age. Persons under sixteen years of age may not operate an electric-assisted 32 bicycle. 33
- (4) No driver's license is required to operate an electric personal 34 assistive mobility device or a power wheelchair. 35
- 36 (5) No driver's license is required to operate ((a)) an electric powered motorized foot scooter. <u>Electric powered motorized</u> foot 37

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- 1 scooters may not be operated at any time from a half hour after sunset
- 2 to a half hour before sunrise without reflectors of a type approved by
- 3 the state patrol.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.61.710 and 2003 c 353 s 10 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
  - (1) No person shall operate a moped upon the highways of this state unless the moped has been assigned a moped registration number and displays a moped permit in accordance with the provisions of RCW 46.16.630.
- 10 (2) No person may operate a motorized foot scooter powered by an
  11 internal combustion engine upon the highways of this state, a bicycle
  12 path or trail, bikeway, equestrian trail, or hiking or recreational
  13 trail.
- 14 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a moped may not be 15 operated on a bicycle path or trail, bikeway, equestrian trail, or 16 hiking or recreational trail.
  - $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (4) Operation of a moped, electric personal assistive mobility device, or an electric-assisted bicycle on a fully controlled limited access highway is unlawful. Operation of a moped or an electric-assisted bicycle on a sidewalk is unlawful.
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$  (5) Removal of any muffling device or pollution control device from a moped is unlawful.
  - ((+5+)) (6) Subsections (1), ((+2+)) (3), and ((+4+)) (5) of this section do not apply to electric-assisted bicycles. Electric-assisted bicycles and electric powered motorized foot scooters may have access to highways of the state to the same extent as bicycles. Subject to subsection ((+6+)) (7) of this section, electric-assisted bicycles and electric powered motorized foot scooters may be operated on a multipurpose trail or bicycle lane, but local jurisdictions may restrict or otherwise limit the access of electric-assisted bicycles and electric powered motorized foot scooters, and state agencies may regulate the use of electric powered motorized foot scooters on facilities and properties under their jurisdiction and control.
  - $((\frac{(6)}{)})$  (7) Subsections (1) and  $((\frac{(4)}{)})$  (5) of this section do not apply to <u>electric powered</u> motorized foot scooters. Subsection  $((\frac{(2)}{)})$  (3) of this section applies to <u>electric powered</u> motorized foot scooters when the bicycle path, trail, bikeway, equestrian trail, or hiking or

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recreational trail was built or is maintained with federal highway transportation funds. Additionally, any new trail or bicycle path or readily identifiable existing trail or bicycle path not built or maintained with federal highway transportation funds may be used by persons operating <u>electric powered</u> motorized foot scooters only when appropriately signed.

- (((7))) (8) A person operating an electric personal assistive mobility device (EPAMD) shall obey all speed limits and shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and human-powered devices at all times. An operator must also give an audible signal before overtaking and passing a pedestrian. Except for the limitations of this subsection, persons operating an EPAMD have all the rights and duties of a pedestrian.
- ((+8))) (9) The use of an EPAMD may be regulated in the following circumstances:
  - (a) A municipality and the department of transportation may prohibit the operation of an EPAMD on public highways within their respective jurisdictions where the speed limit is greater than twenty-five miles per hour;
  - (b) A municipality may restrict the speed of an EPAMD in locations with congested pedestrian or nonmotorized traffic and where there is significant speed differential between pedestrians or nonmotorized traffic and EPAMD operators. The areas in this subsection must be designated by the city engineer or designee of the municipality. Municipalities shall not restrict the speed of an EPAMD in the entire community or in areas in which there is infrequent pedestrian traffic;
  - (c) A state agency or local government may regulate the operation of an EPAMD within the boundaries of any area used for recreation, open space, habitat, trails, or conservation purposes.
- 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** This act takes effect July 1, 2004.

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