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HOUSE BILL 2881

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

By Representatives Lantz, Carrell, Clibborn, Moeller, Newhouse, Lovick, Schual-Berke, Darneille and Kagi

Read first time 01/22/2004. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to tort liability of governmental entities;
- 2 amending RCW 4.92.090 and 4.96.010; and adding a new section to chapter
- 3 4.24 RCW.

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- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 4.24 RCW 6 to read as follows:
 - (1) In any action or claim filed against a governmental entity for damages arising out of its tortious conduct, or the intentional tortious conduct of its past or present public officials, whether acting in a governmental or proprietary capacity, no liability may be imposed against the governmental entity or the past or present public officials, unless the tortious conduct breached a duty owed to the injured person as an individual, rather than to the public in general.
- 14 (2) In addition to the limitations set forth in subsection (1) of 15 this section, liability may only be imposed if:
- 16 (a) The terms of a legislative enactment specifically state a clear 17 intent to identify and protect a particular and circumscribed class of 18 persons, and the injured person is within this class;

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(b) A public official responsible for enforcing statutory requirements had actual knowledge of a statutory violation, failed to take corrective action despite a mandatory statutory duty to do so, and the injured person is within the class the statute is intended to protect. In addition, if the plaintiff alleges a breach of a duty to enforce a building code, the plaintiff must establish the public official had actual knowledge that the violation created an inherently dangerous condition;

- (c) There was direct contact or privity between the public official and the injured person which sets the latter apart from the general public and the public official, in direct response to a specific inquiry, provided express assurances upon which the injured person justifiably relied to his or her detriment;
- (d) A duty to warn or to come to the aid of a particular person existed. A duty to warn or come to the aid of a particular person exists only when: (i) In response to a report of an emergency, express assurances of a successful warning or rescue are given by the governmental entity to the person or one in privity with the person; (ii) the particular person or the person in privity reasonably relies upon the assurances to his or her detriment; and (iii) the person incurs bodily injury or property damage as a result of the governmental entity's negligence; or
- (e) A statutory duty to control a third person's conduct existed. A statutory duty is imposed upon a governmental entity to control a third person's conduct if the governmental entity has a "special relationship" with the third person. This duty is owed to a victim of the acts of the third party only if: (i) There is a direct nexus between the nature of the conduct of the third person for which the governmental entity is supervising the third person and the nature of the conduct causing injury to the victim; (ii) the injury to the victim is the foreseeable consequence of the governmental entity's failure to control the third person's conduct; (iii) the governmental entity had the lawful authority to prevent the third person from engaging in the injury-causing conduct; and (iv) the governmental entity's conduct amounts to negligence.

A governmental entity has a "special relationship" with a third person for the purposes of this subsection only if it has a definite,

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established, and continuing relationship with the third person based upon lawful authority to control and supervise that third person's conduct.

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- (3) Nothing in this section diminishes any immunity or defense that may otherwise be applicable to the governmental entity.
- (4) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, for the purposes of this section:
- (a) "Governmental entity" means the state or a county, city, town, 8 9 special district, municipal corporation as defined in RCW 39.50.010, quasi-municipal corporation, public 10 hospital, or interlocal by interlocal 11 organizations created agreement between local 12 governmental entities.
- 13 (b) "Public official" means an officer, employee, or volunteer of 14 a governmental entity.
- 15 (c) "Volunteer" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 51.12.035.
- 16 **Sec. 2.** RCW 4.92.090 and 1963 c 159 s 2 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- The state of Washington, whether acting in its governmental or proprietary capacity, shall be liable for damages arising out of its tortious conduct to the same extent as if it were a private person or corporation. The liability of the state under this section is subject to the provisions of section 1 of this act.
- 23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 4.96.010 and 2001 c 119 s 1 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
 - (1) All local governmental entities, whether acting in a governmental or proprietary capacity, shall be liable for damages arising out of their tortious conduct, or the tortious conduct of their past or present officers, employees, or volunteers while performing or in good faith purporting to perform their official duties, to the same extent as if they were a private person or corporation. Filing a claim for damages within the time allowed by law shall be a condition precedent to the commencement of any action claiming damages. The laws specifying the content for such claims shall be liberally construed so that substantial compliance therewith will be deemed satisfactory.
- 35 (2) The liability of a local government under this section is 36 subject to the provisions of section 1 of this act.

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- (3) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, for the purposes of this chapter, "local governmental entity" means a county, city, town, special district, municipal corporation as defined in RCW 39.50.010, quasi-municipal corporation, or public hospital.
- 5 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (4) For the purposes of this chapter, "volunteer" is defined according to RCW 51.12.035.

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