## HOUSE BILL 2420

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State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

By Representatives Hunter, Armstrong, Nixon, Tom, Hunt, Jarrett, Haigh, Ruderman, Clibborn, Upthegrove and Moeller

Read first time 01/14/2004. Referred to Committee on State Government.

- AN ACT Relating to counting votes on ballots for write-in candidates; amending RCW 29A.24.310 and 29.62.180; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 29A.24.310 and 2003 c 111 s 622 are each amended to fead as follows:

Any person who desires to be a write-in candidate and have such votes counted at a primary or election may file a declaration of candidacy with the officer designated in RCW 29A.24.070 not later than the day before the primary or election. Declarations of candidacy for write-in candidates must be accompanied by a filing fee in the same manner as required of other candidates filing for the office as provided in RCW 29A.24.090.

Votes cast for write-in candidates who have filed such declarations of candidacy and write-in votes for persons appointed by political parties pursuant to RCW 29A.28.020 need only specify the name of the candidate in the appropriate location on the ballot in order to be counted. Write-in votes cast for any other candidate, in order to be counted, must designate the office sought and position number or

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political party, if the manner in which the write-in is done does not make the office or position clear. ((<del>In order for write-in votes to be</del> <del>valid in jurisdictions employing optical scan mark sense ballot systems</del> the voter must complete the proper mark next to the write-in line for that office.))

No person may file as a write-in candidate where:

- (1) At a general election, the person attempting to file either filed as a write-in candidate for the same office at the preceding primary or the person's name appeared on the ballot for the same office at the preceding primary;
- (2) The person attempting to file as a write-in candidate has already filed a valid write-in declaration for that primary or election, unless one or the other of the two filings is for the office of precinct committeeperson;
- (3) The name of the person attempting to file already appears on the ballot as a candidate for another office, unless one of the two offices for which he or she is a candidate is precinct committeeperson.

The declaration of candidacy shall be similar to that required by RCW 29A.24.030. No write-in candidate filing under this section may be included in any voter's pamphlet produced under chapter 29A.32 RCW unless that candidate qualifies to have his or her name printed on the general election ballot. The legislative authority of any jurisdiction producing a local voter's pamphlet under chapter 29A.32 RCW may provide, by ordinance, for the inclusion of write-in candidates in such pamphlets.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 29.62.180 and 1999 c 157 s 3 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
  - (1) For any office at any election or primary, any voter may write in on the ballot the name of any person for an office who has filed as a write-in candidate for the office in the manner provided by RCW 29.04.180 and such vote shall be counted the same as if the name had been printed on the ballot and marked by the voter. No write-in vote made for any person who has not filed a declaration of candidacy pursuant to RCW 29.04.180 is valid if that person filed for the same office, either as a regular candidate or a write-in candidate, at the preceding primary. Any abbreviation used to designate office,

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position, or political party shall be accepted if the canvassing board can determine, to their satisfaction, the voter's intent.

- (2) The number of write-in votes cast for each office must be recorded and reported with the canvass for the election.
- (3) Write-in votes cast for an individual candidate for an office need not be tallied if the total number of write-in votes ((east)) and under votes recorded by the vote tabulation system for the office is not greater than the number of votes cast for the candidate apparently nominated or elected, and the write-in votes could not have altered the outcome of the primary or election. In the case of write-in votes for statewide office or for any office whose jurisdiction encompasses more than one county, write-in votes for an individual candidate must be tallied whenever the county auditor is notified by either the office of the secretary of state or another auditor in a multicounty jurisdiction that it appears that the write-in votes could alter the outcome of the primary or election.
- (4) In the case of statewide offices or jurisdictions that encompass more than one county, if the total number of write-in votes ((cast)) and under votes recorded by the vote tabulation system for an office within a county is greater than the number of votes cast for a candidate apparently nominated or elected in a primary or election, the auditor shall tally all write-in votes for individual candidates for that office and notify the office of the secretary of state and the auditors of the other counties within the jurisdiction, that the write-in votes for individual candidates should be tallied.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Section 1 of this act takes effect July 1, 27 2004.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Section 2 of this act expires July 1, 2004.

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