
HOUSE BILL 2238

State of Washington

58th Legislature

2003 Regular Session

By Representative Quall

Read first time . Referred to .

1 AN ACT Relating to eliminating the communication portion of the
2 Washington assessment of student learning; and amending RCW
3 28A.655.060.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 28A.655.060 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 20 s 1 are each
6 amended to read as follows:

7 (1) The Washington commission on student learning is hereby
8 established. The primary purposes of the commission are to identify
9 the knowledge and skills all public school students need to know and be
10 able to do based on the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210, to
11 develop student assessment and school accountability systems, to review
12 current school district data reporting requirements and make
13 recommendations on what data is necessary for the purposes of
14 accountability and meeting state information needs, and to take other
15 steps necessary to develop a performance-based education system. The
16 commission shall include three members of the state board of education,
17 three members appointed by the governor before July 1, 1992, and five
18 members appointed no later than June 1, 1993, by the governor elected
19 in the November 1992 election. The governor shall appoint a chair from

1 the commission members, and fill any vacancies in gubernatorial
2 appointments that may occur. The state board of education shall fill
3 any vacancies of state board of education appointments that may occur.
4 In making the appointments, educators, business leaders, and parents
5 shall be represented, and nominations from statewide education,
6 business, and parent organizations shall be requested. Efforts shall
7 be made to ensure that the commission reflects the racial and ethnic
8 diversity of the state's K-12 student population and that the major
9 geographic regions in the state are represented. Appointees shall be
10 qualified individuals who are supportive of educational restructuring,
11 who have a positive record of service, and who will devote sufficient
12 time to the responsibilities of the commission to ensure that the
13 objectives of the commission are achieved.

14 (2) The commission shall establish advisory committees. Membership
15 of the advisory committees shall include, but not necessarily be
16 limited to, professionals from the office of the superintendent of
17 public instruction and the state board of education, and other state
18 and local educational practitioners and student assessment specialists.

19 (3) The commission, with the assistance of the advisory committees,
20 shall:

21 (a) Develop essential academic learning requirements based on the
22 student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210. Essential academic learning
23 requirements shall be developed, to the extent possible, for each of
24 the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210. Goals one and two shall
25 be considered primary. Essential academic learning requirements for
26 RCW 28A.150.210(1), goal one, and the mathematics component of RCW
27 28A.150.210(2), goal two, shall be completed no later than March 1,
28 1995. Essential academic learning requirements that incorporate the
29 remainder of RCW 28A.150.210 (2), (3), and (4), goals two, three, and
30 four, shall be completed no later than March 1, 1996. To the maximum
31 extent possible, the commission shall integrate goal four and the
32 knowledge and skill areas in the other goals in the development of the
33 essential academic learning requirements;

34 (b)(i) The commission and superintendent of public instruction
35 shall develop a statewide academic assessment system for use in the
36 elementary, middle, and high school years designed to determine if each
37 student has learned the essential academic learning requirements
38 identified in (a) of this subsection. The academic assessment system

1 shall include a variety of assessment methods, including criterion-
 2 referenced and performance-based measures. Performance standards for
 3 determining if a student has successfully completed an assessment shall
 4 be determined by the commission and the superintendent of public
 5 instruction in consultation with the advisory committees required in
 6 subsection (2) of this section.

7 (ii) The assessment system shall be designed so that the results
 8 under the assessment system are used by educators as tools to evaluate
 9 instructional practices, and to initiate appropriate educational
 10 support for students who have not learned the essential academic
 11 learning requirements at the appropriate periods in the student's
 12 educational development.

13 (iii) Assessments measuring the essential academic learning
 14 requirements shall be available for voluntary use by school districts
 15 and shall be required to be administered by school districts according
 16 to the following schedule unless the legislature takes action to delay
 17 or prevent implementation of the assessment system and essential
 18 academic learning requirements.

	Assessments	Assessments
	available for	required to be
	voluntary use	administered
	(School years)	(School years)
	Reading, Writing,	
	((Communication,)) Mathematics	
	- Elementary school	1996-97 1997-98
	- Middle school	1997-98 2000-01
	- High school	1998-99 2000-01
	Science	
	- High school	2002-03 2003-04
	- Middle school	2002-03 2003-04
	- Elementary school	2003-04 2004-05
	Social Studies	
	- Elementary, middle, and	2004-05 2007-08
	high school	
	Arts	
	- Middle and high school	2005-06 2008-09

1	- Elementary school	2005-06	2009-10
2	Health, Fitness		
3	- Middle and high school	2005-06	2008-09
4	- Elementary school	2005-06	2009-10

5 The completed assessments and assessments still in development
6 shall be transferred by the commission on student learning to the
7 superintendent of public instruction by June 30, 1999.

8 (iv) To the maximum extent possible, the commission and the
9 superintendent of public instruction shall integrate knowledge and
10 skill areas in development of the assessments.

11 Assessments for goals three and four of RCW 28A.150.210 shall be
12 integrated in the essential academic learning requirements and
13 assessments for goals one and two.

14 (v) The commission on student learning may modify the essential
15 academic learning requirements and the assessments, as needed, before
16 June 30, 1999. The superintendent of public instruction may modify the
17 essential academic learning requirements and the assessments, as
18 needed, after June 30, 1999. The commission and superintendent shall,
19 upon request, provide opportunities for the education committees of the
20 house of representatives and the senate to review the assessments and
21 proposed modifications to the essential academic learning requirements
22 before the modifications are adopted.

23 (vi) The commission and the superintendent of public instruction
24 shall develop assessments that are directly related to the essential
25 academic learning requirements, and are not biased toward persons with
26 different learning styles, racial or ethnic backgrounds, or on the
27 basis of gender;

28 (c) After a determination is made by the state board of education
29 that the high school assessment system has been implemented and that it
30 is sufficiently reliable and valid, successful completion of the high
31 school assessment shall lead to a certificate of mastery. The
32 certificate of mastery shall be obtained by most students at about the
33 age of sixteen, and is evidence that the student has successfully
34 mastered the essential academic learning requirements during his or her
35 educational career. The certificate of mastery shall be required for
36 graduation but shall not be the only requirement for graduation. The
37 commission shall make recommendations to the state board of education
38 regarding the relationship between the certificate of mastery and high

1 school graduation requirements. Upon achieving the certificate of
2 mastery, schools shall provide students with the opportunity to pursue
3 career and educational objectives through educational pathways that
4 emphasize integration of academic and vocational education.
5 Educational pathways may include, but are not limited to, programs such
6 as work-based learning, school-to-work transition, tech prep,
7 vocational-technical education, running start, and preparation for
8 technical college, community college, or university education. Any
9 middle school, junior high school, or high school using educational
10 pathways shall ensure that all participating students will continue to
11 have access to the courses and instruction necessary to meet admission
12 requirements at baccalaureate institutions. Students shall be allowed
13 to enter the educational pathway of their choice. Before accepting a
14 student into an educational pathway, the school shall inform the
15 student's parent of the pathway chosen, the opportunities available to
16 the student through the pathway, and the career objectives the student
17 will have exposure to while pursuing the pathway. Parents and students
18 dissatisfied with the opportunities available through the selected
19 educational pathway shall be provided with the opportunity to transfer
20 the student to any other pathway provided in the school. Schools may
21 not develop educational pathways that retain students in high school
22 beyond the date they are eligible to graduate, and may not require
23 students who transfer between pathways to complete pathway requirements
24 beyond the date the student is eligible to graduate;

25 (d) Consider methods to address the unique needs of special
26 education students when developing the assessments in (b) and (c) of
27 this subsection;

28 (e) Consider methods to address the unique needs of highly capable
29 students when developing the assessments in (b) and (c) of this
30 subsection;

31 (f) Develop recommendations on the time, support, and resources,
32 including technical assistance, needed by schools and school districts
33 to help students achieve the essential academic learning requirements.
34 These recommendations shall include an estimate for the legislature,
35 superintendent of public instruction, and governor on the expected cost
36 of implementing the academic assessment system;

37 (g) Develop recommendations for consideration by the higher
38 education coordinating board for adopting college and university

1 entrance requirements for public school students that are consistent
2 with the essential academic learning requirements and the certificate
3 of mastery;

4 (h) Review current school district data reporting requirements for
5 the purposes of accountability and meeting state information needs.
6 The commission on student learning shall report recommendations to the
7 joint select committee on education restructuring by September 15,
8 1996, on:

9 (i) What data is necessary to compare how school districts are
10 performing before the essential academic learning requirements and the
11 assessment system are implemented with how school districts are
12 performing after the essential academic learning requirements and the
13 assessment system are implemented; and

14 (ii) What data is necessary pertaining to school district reports
15 under the accountability systems developed by the commission on student
16 learning under this section;

17 (i) Recommend to the legislature, governor, state board of
18 education, and superintendent of public instruction:

19 (i) A statewide accountability system to monitor and evaluate
20 accurately and fairly at elementary, middle, and high schools the level
21 of learning occurring in individual schools and school districts with
22 regard to the goals included in RCW 28A.150.210 (1) through (4). The
23 accountability system must assess each school individually against its
24 own baseline, schools with similar characteristics, and schools
25 statewide. The system shall include school-site, school district, and
26 state-level accountability reports;

27 (ii) A school assistance program to help schools and school
28 districts that are having difficulty helping students meet the
29 essential academic learning requirements as measured by performance on
30 the elementary, middle school, and high school assessments;

31 (iii) A system to intervene in schools and school districts in
32 which significant numbers of students persistently fail to learn the
33 essential academic learning requirements or meet the standards
34 established for the elementary, middle school, and high school
35 assessments; and

36 (iv) An awards program to provide incentives to school staff to
37 help their students learn the essential academic learning requirements,
38 with each school being assessed individually against its own baseline,

1 schools with similar characteristics, and the statewide average.
2 Incentives shall be based on the rate of percentage change of students
3 achieving the essential academic learning requirements and progress on
4 meeting the statewide average. School staff shall determine how the
5 awards will be spent.

6 The commission shall make recommendations regarding a statewide
7 accountability system for reading in grades kindergarten through four
8 by November 1, 1997. Recommendations for an accountability system in
9 the other subject areas and grade levels shall be made no later than
10 June 30, 1999;

11 (j) Report annually by December 1st to the legislature, the
12 governor, the superintendent of public instruction, and the state board
13 of education on the progress, findings, and recommendations of the
14 commission; and

15 (k) Make recommendations to the legislature and take other actions
16 necessary or desirable to help students meet the student learning
17 goals.

18 (4) The commission shall coordinate its activities with the state
19 board of education and the office of the superintendent of public
20 instruction.

21 (5) The commission shall seek advice broadly from the public and
22 all interested educational organizations in the conduct of its work,
23 including holding periodic regional public hearings.

24 (6) The commission shall select an entity to provide staff support
25 and the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall
26 provide administrative oversight and be the fiscal agent for the
27 commission. The commission may direct the office of the superintendent
28 of public instruction to enter into subcontracts, within the
29 commission's resources, with school districts, teachers, higher
30 education faculty, state agencies, business organizations, and other
31 individuals and organizations to assist the commission in its
32 deliberations.

33 (7) Members of the commission shall be reimbursed for travel
34 expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

35 (8)(a) By September 30, 1997, the commission on student learning,
36 the state board of education, and the superintendent of public
37 instruction shall jointly present recommendations to the education

1 committees of the house of representatives and the senate regarding the
2 high school assessments, the certificate of mastery, and high school
3 graduation requirements.

4 In preparing recommendations, the commission on student learning
5 shall convene an ad hoc working group to address questions, including:

6 (i) What type of document shall be used to identify student
7 performance and achievement and how will the document be described?

8 (ii) Should the students be required to pass the high school
9 assessments in all skill and content areas, or only in select skill and
10 content areas, to graduate?

11 (iii) How will the criteria for establishing the standards for
12 passing scores on the assessments be determined?

13 (iv) What timeline should be used in phasing-in the assessments as
14 a graduation requirement?

15 (v) What options may be used in demonstrating how the results of
16 the assessments will be displayed in a way that is meaningful to
17 students, parents, institutions of higher education, and potential
18 employers?

19 (vi) Are there other or additional methods by which the assessments
20 could be used to identify achievement such as endorsements, standards
21 of proficiency, merit badges, or levels of achievement?

22 (vii) Should the assessments and certificate of mastery be used to
23 satisfy college or university entrance criteria for public school
24 students? If yes, how should these methods be phased-in?

25 (b) The ad hoc working group shall report its recommendations to
26 the commission on student learning, the state board of education, and
27 the superintendent of public instruction by June 15, 1997. The
28 commission shall report the ad hoc working group's recommendations to
29 the education committees of the house of representatives and senate by
30 July 15, 1997. Final recommendations of the commission on student
31 learning, the state board of education, and the superintendent of
32 public instruction shall be presented to the education committees of
33 the house of representatives and the senate by September 30, 1997.

34 (9) The Washington commission on student learning shall expire on
35 June 30, 1999.

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