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HOUSE BILL 1894

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By Representatives Condotta, Sehlin, Talcott, Skinner, McDonald, Hinkle, Schindler, Ahern, Shabro, Alexander, Holmquist, Clements, Mielke, McMahan, Roach, Schoesler, Sump, Kristiansen, Benson, Orcutt, Anderson, Pearson, Woods, Bush, Ericksen, Nixon and Newhouse

Read first time 02/13/2003. Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

- AN ACT Relating to strengthening the state expenditure limit;
- 2 amending RCW 43.135.025, 43.135.035, and 43.135.045; reenacting and
- amending RCW 43.135.035 and 43.135.045; providing an effective date;
- 4 providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 Sec. 1. RCW 43.135.025 and 2000 2nd sp.s. c 2 s 1 are each amended 7 to read as follows:
 - (1) The state shall not expend from the general fund during any fiscal year state moneys in excess of the state expenditure limit established under this chapter.

43.135.035 or pursuant to an appropriation under RCW 43.135.045(4)(b),

voucher that will result in a state general fund expenditure for any

- 11 (2) Except pursuant to a declaration of emergency under RCW
- 13 the state treasurer shall not issue or redeem any check, warrant, or
- 15 fiscal year in excess of the state expenditure limit established under
- 16 this chapter. A violation of this subsection constitutes a violation
- of RCW 43.88.290 and shall subject the state treasurer to the penalties
- 18 provided in RCW 43.88.300.

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(3) The state expenditure limit for any fiscal year shall be the previous fiscal year's state expenditure limit increased by a percentage rate that equals the fiscal growth factor.

- (4) For purposes of computing the state expenditure limit for the fiscal year beginning July 1, ((1995)) 2003, the phrase "the previous fiscal year's state expenditure limit" means the total state expenditures from the state general fund((, not including federal funds,)) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1989, plus the fiscal growth factor. ((This calculation is then computed for the state expenditure limit for fiscal years 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995, and as required under RCW 43.135.035(4).))
- (5) A state expenditure limit committee is established for the purpose of determining and adjusting the state expenditure limit as provided in this chapter. The <u>six</u> members of the state expenditure limit committee are the director of financial management, the attorney general or the attorney general's designee, and the chairs <u>and ranking minority members</u> of the senate committee on ways and means and the house of representatives committee on appropriations. All actions of the state expenditure limit committee taken pursuant to this chapter require an affirmative vote of at least ((three)) <u>four</u> members.
- (6) Each November, the state expenditure limit committee shall adjust the expenditure limit for the preceding fiscal year based on actual expenditures and known changes in the fiscal growth factor and then project an expenditure limit for the next two fiscal years. If, by November 30th, the state expenditure limit committee has not adopted the expenditure limit adjustment and projected expenditure limit as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the attorney general or his or her designee shall adjust or project the expenditure limit, as necessary.
- (7) "Fiscal growth factor" means the average of the sum of inflation and population change for each of the ((prior)) three fiscal years prior to the year for which the state expenditure limit is being adopted.
- (8) "Inflation" means the percentage change in the implicit price deflator for the United States for each fiscal year as published by the federal bureau of labor statistics.
- 37 (9) "Population change" means the percentage change in state

population for each fiscal year as reported by the office of financial management.

- Sec. 2. RCW 43.135.035 and 2002 c 33 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) After July 1, 1995, any action or combination of actions by the legislature that raises state revenue or requires revenue-neutral tax shifts may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house, and then only if state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will not exceed the state expenditure limits established under this chapter. ((However, during the 2001-2003 biennium, any action or combination of actions by the legislature that raises state revenue or requires revenue neutral tax shifts may be taken only if approved by a majority vote of each house, and then only if state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will not exceed the state expenditure limits established under this chapter.))
 - (2)(a) If the legislative action under subsection (1) of this section will result in expenditures in excess of the state expenditure limit, then the action of the legislature shall not take effect until approved by a vote of the people at a November general election. The ((office of financial management)) state expenditure limit committee shall adjust the state expenditure limit by the amount of additional revenue approved by the voters under this section. This adjustment shall not exceed the amount of revenue generated by the legislative action during the first full fiscal year in which it is in effect. The state expenditure limit shall be adjusted downward upon expiration or repeal of the legislative action.
- 28 (b) The ballot title for any vote of the people required under this 29 section shall be substantially as follows:
- "Shall taxes be imposed on in order to allow a spending increase above last year's authorized spending adjusted for inflation and population increases?"
 - (3)(a) The state expenditure limit may be exceeded upon declaration of an emergency for a period not to exceed twenty-four months by a law approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature and signed by the governor. The law shall set forth the nature of the emergency, which is limited to natural disasters that require immediate

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government action to alleviate human suffering and provide humanitarian assistance. The state expenditure limit may be exceeded for no more than twenty-four months following the declaration of the emergency and only for the purposes contained in the emergency declaration.

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- (b) Additional taxes required for an emergency under this section may be imposed only until thirty days following the next general election, unless an extension is approved at that general election. The additional taxes shall expire upon expiration of the declaration of emergency. The legislature shall not impose additional taxes for emergency purposes under this subsection unless funds in the education construction fund have been exhausted.
- (c) The state or any political subdivision of the state shall not impose any tax on intangible property listed in RCW 84.36.070 as that statute exists on January 1, 1993.
- (4) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted from the state general fund ((on or after January 1, 1993,)) to another source of funding, or if moneys are transferred from the state general fund to another fund or account, the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall lower the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift. For the purposes of this section, a transfer of money from the state general fund to another fund or account includes any state legislative action taken after July 1, 2000, that has the effect of reducing revenues from a particular source, where such revenues would otherwise be deposited into the state general fund, while increasing the revenues from that particular source to another state or local government account. For purposes of this section, a shift of program costs means the shift of any portion of the program cost, including the shift of any expenditure growth in the program. This subsection does not apply to the dedication or use of lottery revenues under RCW 67.70.240(3) or property taxes under RCW 84.52.068, in support of education or education expenditures.
- (5) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted to the state general fund on or after January 1, ((2000)) 2003, from another source of funding, ((or if moneys are transferred to the state general fund from another fund or account,)) the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall increase the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift. However, the limit may be increased for such a program cost shift only if:

- 1 (a) The legislature requires the deposit in the general fund of an ongoing revenue source that would otherwise be deposited in the fund or account that previously supported the program, in an amount equal to the cost of the program shifted; and
- 5 (b) The redirection of the ongoing revenue source takes effect on 6 the same date that the cost of the program is shifted.
- 7 Sec. 3. RCW 43.135.035 and 2001 c 3 s 8 and 2000 2nd sp.s. c 2 s 8 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

- (1) After July 1, 1995, any action or combination of actions by the legislature that raises state revenue or requires revenue-neutral tax shifts may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house, and then only if state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will not exceed the state expenditure limits established under this chapter.
- (2)(a) If the legislative action under subsection (1) of this section will result in expenditures in excess of the state expenditure limit, then the action of the legislature shall not take effect until approved by a vote of the people at a November general election. The ((office of financial management)) state expenditure limit committee shall adjust the state expenditure limit by the amount of additional revenue approved by the voters under this section. This adjustment shall not exceed the amount of revenue generated by the legislative action during the first full fiscal year in which it is in effect. The state expenditure limit shall be adjusted downward upon expiration or repeal of the legislative action.
- (b) The ballot title for any vote of the people required under this section shall be substantially as follows:
- "Shall taxes be imposed on in order to allow a spending increase above last year's authorized spending adjusted for inflation and population increases?"
- (3)(a) The state expenditure limit may be exceeded upon declaration of an emergency for a period not to exceed twenty-four months by a law approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature and signed by the governor. The law shall set forth the nature of the emergency, which is limited to natural disasters that require immediate government action to alleviate human suffering and provide humanitarian

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assistance. The state expenditure limit may be exceeded for no more than twenty-four months following the declaration of the emergency and only for the purposes contained in the emergency declaration.

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- (b) Additional taxes required for an emergency under this section may be imposed only until thirty days following the next general election, unless an extension is approved at that general election. The additional taxes shall expire upon expiration of the declaration of emergency. The legislature shall not impose additional taxes for emergency purposes under this subsection unless funds in the education construction fund have been exhausted.
- (c) The state or any political subdivision of the state shall not impose any tax on intangible property listed in RCW 84.36.070 as that statute exists on January 1, 1993.
- (4) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted from the state general fund ((on or after January 1, 1993,)) to another source of funding, or if moneys are transferred from the state general fund to another fund or account, the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall lower the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift. For the purposes of this section, a transfer of money from the state general fund to another fund or account includes any state legislative action taken after July 1, 2000, that has the effect of reducing revenues from a particular source, where such revenues would otherwise be deposited into the state general fund, while increasing the revenues from that particular source to another state or local government account. For purposes of this section, a shift of program costs means the shift of any portion of the program cost, including the shift of any expenditure growth in the program. This subsection does not apply to the dedication or use of lottery revenues under RCW 67.70.240(3) or property taxes under RCW 84.52.068, in support of education or education expenditures.
- (5) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted to the state general fund on or after January 1, 2000, from another source of funding, ((or if moneys are transferred to the state general fund from another fund or account,)) the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall increase the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift. However, the limit may be increased for such a program cost shift only if:

- 1 (a) The legislature requires the deposit in the general fund of an ongoing revenue source that would otherwise be deposited in the fund or account that previously supported the program, in an amount equal to the cost of the program shifted; and
- 5 (b) The redirection of the ongoing revenue source takes effect on 6 the same date that the cost of the program is shifted.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 43.135.045 and 2002 c 33 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

- (1) The emergency reserve fund is established in the state treasury. During each fiscal year, the state treasurer shall deposit in the emergency reserve fund all general fund--state revenues in excess of the state expenditure limit for that fiscal year. Deposits shall be made at the end of each fiscal quarter based on projections of state revenues and the state expenditure limit. The treasurer shall make transfers between these accounts as necessary to reconcile actual annual revenues and the expenditure limit for fiscal year 2000 and thereafter.
- (2) The legislature may appropriate moneys from the emergency reserve fund only with approval of at least two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature, and then only if the appropriation does not cause total expenditures to exceed the state expenditure limit under this chapter. ((However, during the 2001-2003 biennium, the legislature may transfer moneys from the emergency reserve fund to the general fund only with approval of a majority of the members of each house of the legislature, and then only if the appropriation does not cause total expenditures to exceed the state expenditure limit under this chapter.))
- (3) The emergency reserve fund balance shall not exceed five percent of annual general fund--state revenues as projected by the official state revenue forecast. Any balance in excess of five percent shall be transferred on a quarterly basis by the state treasurer as follows: Seventy-five percent to the student achievement fund hereby created in the state treasury and twenty-five percent to the general fund balance. The treasurer shall make transfers between these accounts as necessary to reconcile actual annual revenues for fiscal year 2000 and thereafter. When per-student state funding for the maintenance and operation of K-12 education meets a level of no less

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- than ninety percent of the national average of total funding from all sources per student as determined by the most recent published data from the national center for education statistics of the United States department of education, as calculated by the office of financial management, further deposits to the student achievement fund shall be required only to the extent necessary to maintain the ninety-percent level. Remaining funds are part of the general fund balance and these funds are subject to the expenditure limits of this chapter.
- 9 (4) The education construction fund is hereby created in the state 10 treasury.
 - (a) Funds may be appropriated from the education construction fund exclusively for common school construction or higher education construction.
 - (b) Funds may be appropriated for any other purpose only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature and if approved by a vote of the people at the next general election. An appropriation approved by the people under this subsection shall result in an adjustment to the state expenditure limit only for the fiscal period for which the appropriation is made and shall not affect any subsequent fiscal period.
 - (5) Funds from the student achievement fund shall be appropriated to the superintendent of public instruction strictly for distribution to school districts to meet the provisions set out in the student achievement act. Allocations shall be made on an equal per full-time equivalent student basis to each school district.
 - ((6) Earnings of the emergency reserve fund under RCW 43.84.092(4)(a) shall be transferred quarterly to the multimodal transportation account, except for those earnings that are in excess of thirty-five million dollars each fiscal year. Within thirty days following any fiscal year in which earnings transferred to the multimodal transportation account under this subsection did not total thirty-five million dollars, the state treasurer shall transfer from the emergency reserve fund an amount necessary to bring the total deposited in the multimodal transportation account under this subsection to thirty-five million dollars. The revenues to the multimodal transportation account reflected in this subsection provide ongoing support for the transportation programs of the state. However, it is the intent of the legislature that any new long-term financial

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- 1 support that may be subsequently provided for transportation programs
- 2 will be used to replace and supplant the revenues reflected in this
- 3 subsection, thereby allowing those revenues to be returned to the
- 4 purposes to which they were previously dedicated.))

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- 5 Sec. 5. RCW 43.135.045 and 2001 c 3 s 9, 2000 2nd sp.s. c 5 s 1, and 2000 2nd sp.s. c 2 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The emergency reserve fund is established in the state treasury. During each fiscal year, the state treasurer shall deposit in the emergency reserve fund all general fund--state revenues in excess of the state expenditure limit for that fiscal year. Deposits shall be made at the end of each fiscal quarter based on projections of state revenues and the state expenditure limit. The treasurer shall make transfers between these accounts as necessary to reconcile actual annual revenues and the expenditure limit for fiscal year 2000 and thereafter.
 - (2) The legislature may appropriate moneys from the emergency reserve fund only with approval of at least two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature, and then only if the appropriation does not cause total expenditures to exceed the state expenditure limit under this chapter.
 - (3) The emergency reserve fund balance shall not exceed five percent of annual general fund--state revenues as projected by the official state revenue forecast. Any balance in excess of five percent shall be transferred on a quarterly basis by the state treasurer as follows: Seventy-five percent to the student achievement fund hereby created in the state treasury and twenty-five percent to the general The treasurer shall make transfers between these fund balance. accounts as necessary to reconcile actual annual revenues for fiscal year 2000 and thereafter. When per-student state funding for the maintenance and operation of K-12 education meets a level of no less than ninety percent of the national average of total funding from all sources per student as determined by the most recent published data from the national center for education statistics of the United States department of education, as calculated by the office of financial management, further deposits to the student achievement fund shall be

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required only to the extent necessary to maintain the ninety-percent level. Remaining funds are part of the general fund balance and these funds are subject to the expenditure limits of this chapter.

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- (4) The education construction fund is hereby created in the state treasury.
- (a) Funds may be appropriated from the education construction fund exclusively for common school construction or higher education construction.
- (b) Funds may be appropriated for any other purpose only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature and if approved by a vote of the people at the next general election. An appropriation approved by the people under this subsection shall result in an adjustment to the state expenditure limit only for the fiscal period for which the appropriation is made and shall not affect any subsequent fiscal period.
- (5) Funds from the student achievement fund shall be appropriated to the superintendent of public instruction strictly for distribution to school districts to meet the provisions set out in the student achievement act. Allocations shall be made on an equal per full-time equivalent student basis to each school district.
- (((6) Earnings of the emergency reserve fund under RCW 43.84.092(4)(a) shall be transferred quarterly to the multimodal transportation account, except for those earnings that are in excess of thirty-five million dollars each fiscal year. Within thirty days following any fiscal year in which earnings transferred to the multimodal transportation account under this subsection did not total thirty-five million dollars, the state treasurer shall transfer from the emergency reserve fund an amount necessary to bring the total deposited in the multimodal transportation account under this subsection to thirty-five million dollars. The revenues to the multimodal transportation account reflected in this subsection provide ongoing support for the transportation programs of the state. However, it is the intent of the legislature that any new long-term financial support that may be subsequently provided for transportation programs will be used to replace and supplant the revenues reflected in this subsection, thereby allowing those revenues to be returned to the purposes to which they were previously dedicated.))

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Sections 2 and 4 of this act expire June 30, 2 2003.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately, except for sections 3 and 5 of this act which take effect June 30, 2003.

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