SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1438

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By House Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Representatives Sullivan, Jarrett, Upthegrove, Nixon, Schoesler, Crouse, Wood, Gombosky, Ruderman, Cooper, Linville, Rockefeller, Hudgins, McDermott and Wallace)

READ FIRST TIME 03/04/03.

- AN ACT Relating to providing incentives to reduce air pollution through the licensing and use of neighborhood electric vehicles; amending RCW 46.04.320, 46.61.688, and 46.61.687; adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.61 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.04.320 and 2002 c 247 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 "Motor vehicle" ((shall)) means every vehicle which is self-10 propelled and every vehicle which is propelled by electric power
- 11 obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operated upon rails.
- 12 <u>"Motor vehicle" includes a neighborhood electric vehicle as defined in</u>
- 13 <u>section 2 of this act.</u> An electric personal assistive mobility device
- 14 is not considered a motor vehicle.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW to read as follows:
- 17 "Neighborhood electric vehicle" means a self-propelled,
- 18 electrically powered four-wheeled motor vehicle whose speed attainable

p. 1 SHB 1438

- 1 in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour and not more than
- 2 twenty-five miles per hour and conforms to federal regulations under
- 3 Title 49 C.F.R. Part 571.500.

MEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Absent prohibition by local authorities authorized under this section and except as prohibited elsewhere in this section, a person may operate a neighborhood electric vehicle upon a highway of this state having a speed limit of thirty-five miles per hour or less if:
- (a) The person does not operate a neighborhood electric vehicle upon state highways that are listed in chapter 47.17 RCW;
- (b) The person does not operate a neighborhood electric vehicle upon a highway of this state without first having obtained and having in full force and effect a current and proper vehicle license and display vehicle license number plates in compliance with chapter 46.16 RCW;
- (c) The person does not operate a neighborhood electric vehicle upon a highway of this state without first obtaining a valid driver's license issued to Washington residents in compliance with chapter 46.20 RCW;
- (d) The person does not operate a neighborhood electric vehicle subject to registration under chapter 46.16 RCW on a highway of this state unless the person is insured under a motor vehicle liability policy in compliance with chapter 46.30 RCW; and
- (e) The person operating a neighborhood electric vehicle does not cross a roadway with a speed limit in excess of thirty-five miles per hour, unless the crossing begins and ends on a roadway with a speed limit of thirty-five miles per hour or less and occurs at an intersection of approximately ninety degrees, except that the operator of a neighborhood electric vehicle must not cross an uncontrolled intersection of streets and highways that are part of the state highway system subject to Title 47 RCW unless that intersection has been authorized by local authorities provided elsewhere in this section.
- (2) Any person who violates this section commits a traffic infraction.
- 36 (3) This section does not prevent local authorities, with respect 37 to streets and highways under their jurisdiction and within the

SHB 1438 p. 2

reasonable exercise of their police power, from regulating the operation of neighborhood electric vehicles on streets and highways under their jurisdiction, including the prohibition of neighborhood electric vehicles on certain streets and highways, by resolution or ordinance of the governing body, if the regulation is consistent with the provisions of this title, except that:

- (a) Local authorities may not authorize the operation of neighborhood electric vehicles on streets and highways that are part of the state highway system subject to the provisions of Title 47 RCW; and
- 10 (b) Local authorities are prohibited from establishing any 11 requirements for the registration and licensing of neighborhood 12 electric vehicles.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.61.688 and 2002 c 328 s 2 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 (1) For the purposes of this section, the term "motor vehicle" 16 includes:
 - (a) "Buses," meaning motor vehicles with motive power, except trailers, designed to carry more than ten passengers;
 - (b) "Multipurpose passenger vehicles," meaning motor vehicles with motive power, except trailers, designed to carry ten persons or less that are constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional off-road operation;
 - (c) "Neighborhood electric vehicle," meaning a self-propelled, electrically powered four-wheeled motor vehicle whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour and not more than twenty-five miles per hour and conforms to federal regulations under Title 49 C.F.R. Part 571.500;
 - (d) "Passenger cars," meaning motor vehicles with motive power, except multipurpose passenger vehicles, motorcycles, or trailers, designed for carrying ten passengers or less; and
 - $((\frac{d}{d}))$ <u>(e)</u> "Trucks," meaning motor vehicles with motive power, except trailers, designed primarily for the transportation of property.
 - (2) This section only applies to motor vehicles that meet the manual seat belt safety standards as set forth in federal motor vehicle safety standard 208 and to neighborhood electric vehicles. This section does not apply to a vehicle occupant for whom no safety belt is

p. 3 SHB 1438

available when all designated seating positions as required by federal motor vehicle safety standard 208 are occupied.

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

- (3) Every person sixteen years of age or older operating or riding in a motor vehicle shall wear the safety belt assembly in a properly adjusted and securely fastened manner.
- (4) No person may operate a motor vehicle unless all child passengers under the age of sixteen years are either: (a) Wearing a safety belt assembly or (b) are securely fastened into an approved child restraint device.
- (5) A person violating this section shall be issued a notice of traffic infraction under chapter 46.63 RCW. A finding that a person has committed a traffic infraction under this section shall be contained in the driver's abstract but shall not be available to insurance companies or employers.
- (6) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section does not constitute negligence, nor may failure to wear a safety belt assembly be admissible as evidence of negligence in any civil action.
- (7) This section does not apply to an operator or passenger who possesses written verification from a licensed physician that the operator or passenger is unable to wear a safety belt for physical or medical reasons.
- 22 (8) The state patrol may adopt rules exempting operators or 23 occupants of farm vehicles, construction equipment, and vehicles that 24 are required to make frequent stops from the requirement of wearing 25 safety belts.
 - Sec. 5. RCW 46.61.687 and 2000 c 190 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Whenever a child who is less than sixteen years of age is being transported in a motor vehicle that is in operation and that is required by RCW 46.37.510 to be equipped with a safety belt system in a passenger seating position, or is being transported in a neighborhood electric vehicle that is in operation, the driver of the vehicle shall keep the child properly restrained as follows:
- 34 (a) If the child is less than six years old and/or sixty pounds and 35 the passenger seating position equipped with a safety belt system 36 allows sufficient space for installation, then the child will be 37 restrained in a child restraint system that complies with standards of

SHB 1438 p. 4

the United States department of transportation and that is secured in the vehicle in accordance with instructions of the manufacturer of the child restraint system;

1

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

2122

23

2425

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

37

38

- (b) If the child is less than one year of age or weighs less than twenty pounds, the child shall be properly restrained in a rear-facing infant seat;
- (c) If the child is more than one but less than four years of age or weighs less than forty pounds but at least twenty pounds, the child shall be properly restrained in a forward facing child safety seat restraint system;
- (d) If the child is less than six but at least four years of age or weighs less than sixty pounds but at least forty pounds, the child shall be properly restrained in a child booster seat;
- (e) If the child is six years of age or older or weighs more than sixty pounds, the child shall be properly restrained with the motor vehicle's safety belt properly adjusted and fastened around the child's body or an appropriately fitting booster seat; and
- (f) Enforcement of (a) through (e) of this subsection is subject to a visual inspection by law enforcement to determine if the child restraint system in use is appropriate for the child's individual height, weight, and age. The visual inspection for usage of a forward facing child safety seat must ensure that the seat in use is equipped with a four-point shoulder harness system. The visual inspection for usage of a booster seat must ensure that the seat belt properly fits across the child's lap and the shoulder strap crosses the center of the child's chest. The visual inspection for the usage of a seat belt by a child must ensure that the lap belt properly fits across the child's lap and the shoulder strap crosses the center of the child's chest. determining violations, consideration to the above criteria must be given in conjunction with the provisions of (a) through (e) of this subsection. The driver of a vehicle transporting a child who is under the age of six years old or weighs less than sixty pounds, when the vehicle is equipped with a passenger side air bag supplemental restraint system, and the air bag system is activated, shall transport the child in the back seat positions in the vehicle where it is practical to do so.
- (2) A person violating subsection (1)(a) through (e) of this section may be issued a notice of traffic infraction under chapter

p. 5 SHB 1438

46.63 RCW. If the person to whom the notice was issued presents proof of acquisition of an approved child passenger restraint system or a child booster seat, as appropriate, within seven days to the jurisdiction issuing the notice and the person has not previously had a violation of this section dismissed, the jurisdiction shall dismiss the notice of traffic infraction.

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

- (3) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall not constitute negligence by a parent or legal guardian; nor shall failure to use a child restraint system be admissible as evidence of negligence in any civil action.
- (4) This section does not apply to: (a) For hire vehicles, (b) vehicles designed to transport sixteen or less passengers, including the driver, operated by auto transportation companies, as defined in RCW 81.68.010, (c) vehicles providing customer shuttle service between parking, convention, and hotel facilities, and airport terminals, and (d) school buses.
- (5) As used in this section "child booster seat" means a child passenger restraint system that meets the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth in 49 C.F.R. 571.213 that is designed to elevate a child to properly sit in a federally approved lap/shoulder belt system.
- 21 (6) The requirements of subsection (1)(a) through (e) of this 22 section do not apply in any seating position where there is only a lap 23 belt available and the child weighs more than forty pounds.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act takes effect August 1, 2003.

--- END ---

SHB 1438 p. 6