

HOUSE BILL REPORT

EHB 1010

As Passed Legislature

Title: An act relating to discharge of a minor from a mental health facility.

Brief Description: Changing provisions relating to discharge of a minor from a mental health facility.

Sponsors: By Representatives Dickerson, Delvin, Kenney, Sullivan and Darneille.

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Juvenile Justice & Family Law: 1/28/03, 2/4/03 [DPA].

Floor Activity:

Passed House: 2/12/03, 97-0.

Passed Senate: 4/17/03, 47-0.

Passed Legislature.

<p style="text-align: center;">Brief Summary of Engrossed Bill</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· Changes the time of discharge from an inpatient mental health facility when a minor who was voluntarily admitted requests release.
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HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUVENILE JUSTICE & FAMILY LAW

Majority Report: Do pass as amended. Signed by 7 members: Representatives Dickerson, Chair; Pettigrew, Vice Chair; Delvin, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell, Eickmeyer, Hinkle and Upthegrove.

Staff: Sonja Hallum (786-7092).

Background:

The traditional common law view of minors and consent to treatment was that a minor could not consent to medical or surgical treatment. A physician was obliged to obtain the consent of the child's parents or responsible person before providing treatment. The only acceptable exception was if there was an emergency and it was either impracticable to obtain parental consent or any delay would unduly endanger the minor's life.

The Legislature has modified this common law approach and the current law allows for treatment of minors without parental consent under certain circumstances and specific conditions. One of the occasions when a minor may receive treatment is if the minor is age 13 or older and consents to inpatient mental health treatment. The minor may be admitted and treated in an inpatient mental health facility without parental consent.

If the minor, age 13 or older, consents and is voluntarily admitted into an inpatient mental health facility, the minor may request to leave the facility at any time. The professional person at the facility must release the minor as soon as they receive the minor's written notice of intent to leave the facility.

Summary of Engrossed Bill:

When a minor consents to inpatient mental health treatment, and is voluntarily admitted into an inpatient mental health facility, the minor may give notice of intent to leave the facility. The professional person at the inpatient mental health facility must release the minor by the second judicial day following the receipt of the minor's notice of intent to leave the facility.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Not Requested.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

Testimony For: There is a need for proper planning for discharge of a minor who decides to leave a mental health facility. Under current law, a minor could be put out on the street without any kind of planning at all. This would allow for some more time to plan for the child, especially for minors who do not have parents readily available to pick them up.

Testimony Against: None.

Testified: (In support) Representative Dickerson, prime sponsor.