## 1 HB 1929 - H AMD 0232 SCOPE AND OBJECT 3-18-03 2 By Representative Carrell

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "Sec. 1. RCW 4.16.350 and 1998 c 147 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any civil action for damages for injury or death occurring as a result of health care which is provided after June 25, 1976, against:
- ((\(\frac{(1)}{(1)}\)) (a) A person licensed by this state to provide health care or related services, including, but not limited to, a physician, osteopathic physician, dentist, nurse, optometrist, podiatric physician and surgeon, chiropractor, physical therapist, psychologist, pharmacist, optician, physician's assistant, osteopathic physician's assistant, nurse practitioner, or physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, including, in the event such person is deceased, his estate or personal representative;
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (b) An employee or agent of a person described in (a) of this subsection  $((\frac{1}{2}))$  of this section of this section, acting in the course and scope of his or her employment, including, in the event such employee or agent is deceased, his or her estate or personal representative; or
- ((\(\frac{(3)}{3}\))) (c) An entity, whether or not incorporated, facility, or institution employing one or more persons described in (a) of this subsection ((\((\frac{1}{1}\))) of this section)), including, but not limited to, a hospital, clinic, health maintenance organization, or nursing home; or an officer, director, employee, or agent thereof acting in the course and scope of his or her employment, including, in the event such officer, director, employee, or agent is deceased, his or her estate or personal representative;
- based upon alleged professional negligence shall be commenced within three years of the act or omission alleged to have caused the injury or condition, or one year of the time the patient or his

or her representative or custodial parent or guardian discovered or reasonably should have discovered that the injury or condition was caused by said act or omission, whichever period ((expires later, except that in no event shall an action be commenced more than eight years after said act or omission: PROVIDED, That the time for commencement of an action is tolled upon proof of fraud, intentional concealment, or the presence of a foreign body not intended to have a therapeutic or diagnostic purpose or effect, until the date the patient or the patient's representative has actual knowledge of the act of fraud or concealment, or of the presence of the foreign body; the patient or the patient's representative has one year from the date of the actual knowledge in which to commence a civil action for damages.

For purposes of this section, notwithstanding RCW 4.16.190, the knowledge of a custodial parent or guardian shall be imputed to a person under the age of eighteen years, and such imputed knowledge shall operate to bar the claim of such minor to the same extent that the claim of an adult would be barred under this section. Any action not commenced in accordance with this section shall be barred.

For purposes of this section, with respect to care provided after June 25, 1976, and before August 1, 1986, the knowledge of a custodial parent or guardian shall be imputed as of April 29, 1987, to persons under the age of eighteen years)) occurs first.

- (2) In no event may an action be commenced more than three years after the act or omission alleged to have caused the injury or condition except:
- (a) Upon proof of fraud, intentional concealment, or the presence of a foreign body not intended to have a therapeutic or diagnostic purpose or effect, in which case the patient or the patient's representative has one year from the date the patient or the patient's representative or custodial parent or guardian has actual knowledge of the act of fraud or concealment or of the presence of the foreign body in which to commence a civil action for damages.
- (b) In the case of a minor, for any period during minority, but only for such period during minority in which the minor's custodial parent or quardian and the defendant or the defendant's insurer

- have committed fraud or collusion in the failure to bring an action on behalf of the minor.
  - (c) In the case of a minor under the full age of six years, in which case the action on behalf of the minor must be commenced within three years or prior to the minor's eighth birthday, whichever provides a longer period.
  - (3) Any action not commenced in accordance with this section is barred.
  - (4) For purposes of this section, the tolling provisions of RCW 4.16.190 do not apply.
  - (5) This section does not apply to a civil action based on intentional conduct brought against those individuals or entities specified in this section by a person for recovery of damages for injury occurring as a result of childhood sexual abuse as defined in RCW 4.16.340(5)."
- Correct the title. 16

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> **EFFECT:** Replaces the 8 year period of repose with a 3 year period of repose by requiring that actions be brought within the earlier of 3 years from the act or omission or 1 year of discovery, (rather than within the later of those periods but always within 8 years of the act or omission). In the case of a minor under the age of 6, allows an action within the later of 3 years from the act or omission or age 8.

> Eliminates the tolling of the statute of limitations during minority unless there has been fraud or collusion between a minor's parent or guardian and the defendant.