S-2032.2	

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6027

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Environment, Energy & Water (originally sponsored by Senators Fraser, Winsley and Finkbeiner; by request of Governor Locke)

READ FIRST TIME 03/05/01.

- AN ACT Relating to diversification of state electricity supply and demand management; amending RCW 80.60.005 and 80.60.010; adding new sections to chapter 80.60 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21F RCW; adding a new section to chapter 80.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating new sections; and providing expiration dates.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **Sec. 1.** This chapter may be known and cited as the 10 diversification of electricity supply and demand management act.
- 11 **Sec. 2.** RCW 80.60.005 and 1998 c 318 s 1 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- 13 The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to:
- 14 (1) Encourage private investment in renewable energy resources;
- 15 (2) Stimulate the economic growth of this state; ((and))
- 16 (3) Enhance the continued diversification of the energy resources
- 17 used in this state; and
- 18 (4) Promote conservation and efficiency in electricity usage.

p. 1 SSB 6027

- Sec. 3. RCW 80.60.010 and 2000 c 158 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- 5 (1) <u>"Alternative energy resources" means the electricity produced</u>
- 6 from generation facilities fueled by: (a) Wind; (b) solar energy; (c)
- 7 geothermal energy; (d) landfill gas; (e) wave or tidal action; (f) gas
- 8 produced during the treatment of wastewater; (g) qualified hydropower;
- 9 or (h) biomass energy based on solid organic fuels from wood, forest,
- 10 or field residues, or dedicated energy crops that do not include wood
- 11 pieces that have been treated with chemical preservatives such as
- 12 <u>creosote</u>, <u>pentachlorophenol</u>, <u>or copper-chrome-arsenic</u>.
- 13 (2) "Commission" means the utilities and transportation commission.
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (3) "Conservation and efficiency resources" means measures
- 15 that yield a decrease of energy consumption while providing the same
- 16 <u>level of energy service</u>.
- 17 <u>(4)</u> "Customer-generator" means a user of a net metering system.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (5) "Department" means the department of community, trade,
- 19 <u>and economic development.</u>
- 20 <u>(6)</u> "Electrical company" means a company owned by investors that
- 21 meets the definition of RCW 80.04.010.
- 22 $((\frac{4}{}))$ "Electric cooperative" means a cooperative or
- 23 association organized under chapter 23.86 or 24.06 RCW.
- (((5))) (8) "Electric utility" means any electrical company, public
- 25 utility district, irrigation district, port district, electric
- 26 cooperative, or municipal electric utility that is engaged in the
- 27 business of distributing electricity to retail electric customers in
- 28 the state.
- 29 $((\frac{6}{}))$ $\underline{(9)}$ "Irrigation district" means an irrigation district
- 30 under chapter 87.03 RCW.
- 31 $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (10) "Municipal electric utility" means a city or town that
- 32 owns or operates an electric utility authorized by chapter 35.92 RCW.
- $((\frac{8}{1}))$ (11) "Net metering" means measuring the difference between
- 34 the electricity supplied by an electric utility and the electricity
- 35 generated by a customer-generator that is fed back to the electric
- 36 utility over the applicable billing period.
- (((9))) (12) "Net metering system" means a fuel cell or a facility
- 38 for the production of electrical energy that:
- 39 (a) Uses as its fuel either solar, wind, or hydropower;

SSB 6027 p. 2

- 1 (b) Has a generating capacity of not more than twenty-five 2 kilowatts;
 - (c) Is located on the customer-generator's premises;

3

- 4 (d) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's transmission 5 and distribution facilities; and
- 6 (e) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the customer-7 generator's requirements for electricity.
- 8 (((10))) <u>(13)</u> "Port district" means a port district within which an 9 industrial development district has been established as authorized by 10 Title 53 RCW.
- 11 $((\frac{11}{11}))$ (14) "Public utility district" means a district authorized 12 by chapter 54.04 RCW.
- 13 (15) "Qualified diversity resources" means (a) conservation and 14 efficiency resources contracted for after March 1, 2001; or (b) 15 alternative energy resources that are either:
- (i) Alternative energy resources initiating operations after March
 17 1, 2001, that are physically metered and that are verified in
 18 Washington; or
- 19 <u>(ii) Existing alternative energy resources located in Washington</u> 20 and fully owned or contracted by a Washington utility.
- 21 (16) "Qualified hydropower" means the additional energy produced by
 22 (a) existing hydropower facilities that have been modernized or
 23 upgraded after June 1, 1998, to increase capacity or efficiency; or (b)
 24 new hydropower facilities that operate with a head of twenty meters or
 25 less.
- 26 (17) "Small electric utility" means any consumer-owned utility with 27 twenty-five thousand or fewer electric meters in service, or that has 28 an average of seven or fewer customers per mile of distribution line. 29 "Electric meters in service" means those meters that record in at least 30 nine months in any calendar year not less than two hundred fifty 31 kilowatt hours per month.
- (1) By January 1, 2007, and each year 32 NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. 33 thereafter through December 31, 2011, each electric utility shall 34 ensure that at least five percent of its resources used to serve its Washington retail customers are qualified diversity resources. Of the 35 36 five percent, not less than one and one-quarter percent must be alternative energy resources and not less than one and one-quarter 37 percent must be conservation and efficiency resources. 38

p. 3 SSB 6027

1 (2) By January 1, 2012, and each year thereafter, each electric 2 utility shall ensure that at least ten percent of its resources used to 3 serve its Washington retail customers are qualified diversity 4 resources. Of the ten percent, not less than two and one-half percent 5 must be alternative energy resources and not less than two and one-half 6 percent must be conservation and efficiency resources.

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

- (3) An electric utility that as of March 1, 2001, owns or has under contract sufficient resources to meet one hundred percent of its annual energy needs to serve its customers is exempt from the alternative energy resources obligations of this section until such time as those resources are no longer sufficient to serve at least ninety-five percent of its annual energy needs, or January 1, 2009, whichever is earlier.
- 14 (4) If in any year the lowest cost alternative energy resource 15 available to a utility exceeds one hundred ten percent of the capital 16 and energy cost from a new generation facility that is not an 17 alternative energy resource, the utility is relieved of its alternative 18 resource obligations under this section.
- 19 (5) A small utility may meet its obligation under this section by 20 investing at least two times the amount of its conservation and 21 renewables discount pursuant to the Bonneville power administration's 22 conservation and renewables discount program for the contract period 23 beginning October 1, 2001.
- (6) A utility is relieved of its obligation under this section with regard to alternative energy resources for that portion of its customer load that is met with power purchased from the Bonneville power administration.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) By January 1, 2007, and each year thereafter through December 31, 2011, each natural gas distribution utility that provides gas services within two or more counties shall ensure that at least two and one-half percent of its resources used to serve its Washington retail customers are conservation and efficiency resources.
- (2) By January 1, 2012, and each year thereafter, each natural gas distribution utility that provides gas services within two or more counties shall ensure that at least five percent of its resources used to serve its Washington retail customers are conservation and efficiency resources.

SSB 6027 p. 4

- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** (1) By March 1, 2003, and by each March 1st thereafter, each electric utility, except electrical companies, shall report at an open public meeting its activities undertaken to achieve the requirements of section 4 of this act. A written copy or transcript of the report must also be submitted to the department within twenty days of the public meeting.
- 7 (2) Beginning March 1, 2003, and by each March 1st thereafter, each 8 electrical company and gas company shall report to the commission its 9 activities undertaken to achieve the requirements of sections 4 and 5 10 of this act.
- 11 (3) By July 1, 2003, and each July 1st thereafter, the department 12 and the commission must jointly report to the legislature and the 13 governor whether and how the standards in sections 4 and 5 of this act 14 have been met for the previous calendar year.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 43.21F RCW to read as follows:
- 17 (1) The department shall adopt rules governing the reporting 18 requirements in section 6(1) of this act.
- (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing criteria for 19 determining whether resources qualify as alternative energy resources 20 or conservation and efficiency resources as defined in RCW 80.60.010. 21 22 To the extent practicable, these criteria shall be consistent with any 23 pertinent recommendations of the regional technical forum of the 24 Pacific Northwest electric power and conservation planning council 25 created under P.L. 96-501, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 839. The department may establish procedures by which an electric utility, except an electric 26 27 that makes expenditures for eligible conservation and efficiency resources in an amount equivalent to two percent of its 28 29 previous calendar year's gross revenues from the bundled sale of electricity to Washington retail customers is deemed to have dedicated 30 one-half of one percent of its resources toward the conservation and 31 efficiency requirements of section 4 of this act. The rules shall 32 33 include criteria for qualifying expenditures for weatherization of low-income households as conservation and efficiency resources. 34 department shall also consider energy savings realized from smart 35 36 meters and other energy management systems in establishing criteria

37

under this section.

p. 5 SSB 6027

- (3) By July 1, 2003, the department shall establish criteria by 1 2 which utilities may meet the provisions of sections 4 and 5 of this act through a qualified diversity resource credit trading program. 3 4 purposes of this section, "qualified diversity resource credit trading 5 program" means a clearinghouse or other system through which a utility may secure, for trade or other consideration, verifiable evidence that 6 7 a second party has developed a qualified diversity resource equivalent 8 in part or in full to the utility's obligation under this section and 9 that the second party agrees to transfer such evidence exclusively to 10 the credit of the utility. The department shall report to the legislature regarding the establishment of any credit trading program 11 under this section. 12
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 80.28 RCW to read as follows:
- The commission shall adopt rules to implement sections 4 through 6 of this act with respect to electrical companies and gas companies. The rules may include criteria to establish equivalence between an electric company's expenditure levels for conservation and efficiency resources and the performance standard percentages set out in sections
- Sec. 9. Each electric utility, as defined in RCW 21 NEW SECTION. 22 80.60.010, shall undertake and complete by January 1, 2003, a 23 feasibility study to determine effective methods for reducing by at 24 least three percent use of electricity during daily peak periods of 25 electricity demand. Each utility shall report the results of its study under section 6 of this act. The study shall consider the feasibility 26 27 and effectiveness of such factors as: Providing consumers information 28 on the cost of electricity at different times of day or season; "smart 29 meters" technology or other energy management systems that enable consumers and utilities to improve management of electricity supply and 30 31 cost; and rate structures that create an incentive for demand reduction dispatched by utilities. 32
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** Any direct service industrial customer that obtains a sales and use tax exemption or deferral or business and occupation tax or public utility tax credit under chapter . . . (House Bill No. 1404, Senate Bill No. 5539, or other similar legislation),

SSB 6027 p. 6

4 and 5 of this act.

20

- 1 Laws of 2001 must meet the obligations under sections 4 and 6 of this
- 2 act as if it were an electric utility.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of smart
- 6 metering and control technology purchased after July 1, 2003, by an
- 7 electric utility as defined in RCW 80.60.010, up to a selling price of
- 8 fifty dollars per utility customer to be served by the technology.
- 9 "Smart metering and control technology" means equipment, including
- 10 specialized meters, that provide two-way electronic communication
- 11 between the utility and a customer's electric meter or electric
- 12 appliances, and that will enable the utility to charge different rates
- 13 during different times of day or to physically reduce or interrupt
- 14 demand for electricity. The utilities and transportation commission
- 15 shall provide information to the department and to the electric utility
- 16 in regard to how many customers are being served by smart metering and
- 17 control technology on June 30, 2001, and how many additional customers
- 18 will be served by application of the smart metering and control
- 19 technology after July 1, 2001.
- This section expires June 30, 2007.
- 21 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW
- 22 to read as follows:
- 23 The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to smart
- 24 metering and control technology purchased after July 1, 2003, by an
- 25 electric utility as defined in RCW 80.60.010, up to a selling price of
- 26 fifty dollars per utility customer to be served by the technology.
- 27 "Smart metering and control technology" means equipment, including
- 28 specialized meters, that provide two-way electronic communication
- 29 between the utility and a customer's electric meter or electric
- 30 appliances, and that will enable the utility to charge different rates
- 31 during different times of day or to physically reduce or interrupt
- 32 demand for electricity.
- This section expires June 30, 2007.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 82.16 RCW
- 35 to read as follows:

p. 7 SSB 6027

In computing tax under this chapter for any electric utility as 1 2 defined in RCW 80.60.010 that has been certified by the utilities and 3 transportation commission to have, as of July 1, 2001, installed smart 4 metering and control technology for at least thirty percent of its 5 customers, there may be deducted from the gross income an amount equal to the purchase price of smart metering and control technology 6 7 purchased in the calendar year, up to one hundred dollars per 8 additional customer enabled to be served by such technology beyond the 9 number of customers that were served by smart metering and control 10 technology in the previous calendar year. "Smart metering and control technology" means equipment, including specialized meters, that provide 11 two-way electronic communication between the utility and a customer's 12 13 electric meter or electric appliances, and that will enable the utility to charge different rates during different times of day or to 14 15 physically reduce or interrupt demand for electricity. The utilities and transportation commission shall provide information to the 16 17 department and to the electric utility in regard to how many customers are being served by smart metering and control technology on June 30, 18 19 2001, and how many additional customers will be served by application 20 of the smart metering and control technology after July 1, 2001. This section expires June 30, 2003.

22 NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Sections 1, 4 through 6, and 10 of this act

23 are each added to chapter 80.60 RCW.

21

Sec. 15. If chapter . . . (House Bill No. 1404, 24 NEW SECTION. 25 Senate Bill No. 5539, or other similar legislation), Laws of 2001 does not become law by June 30, 2001, section 10 of this act is null and 26 27 void.

28 Sec. 16. If any provision of this act or its NEW SECTION. application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, 29 30 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. 31

--- END ---

SSB 6027 p. 8