

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2242**

57th Legislature  
2001 First Special Legislative Session

Passed by the House May 24, 2001  
Yeas 77 Nays 19

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**Speaker of the House of Representatives**

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**Speaker of the House of Representatives**

Passed by the Senate May 24, 2001  
Yeas 33 Nays 11

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**President of the Senate**

Approved

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Governor of the State of Washington**

CERTIFICATE

We, Timothy A. Martin and Cynthia Zehnder, Co-Chief Clerks of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2242** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

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**Chief Clerk**

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**Chief Clerk**

FILED

**Secretary of State  
State of Washington**

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**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2242**

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AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2001 First Special Session

**State of Washington**                      **57th Legislature 2001 First Special Session**

**By** House Committee on Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives Cody, Lisk, Ruderman, Alexander and Eickmeyer)

Read first time 05/03/2001. Referred to Committee on .

1            AN ACT Relating to medicaid nursing home rates; amending RCW  
2 74.46.020, 74.46.165, 74.46.410, 74.46.421, 74.46.431, 74.46.433,  
3 74.46.435, 74.46.437, 74.46.501, 74.46.515, 74.46.521, 74.46.711, and  
4 70.38.115; amending 1998 c 322 s 47 (uncodified); reenacting and  
5 amending RCW 74.46.506 and 74.46.511; adding new sections to chapter  
6 74.46 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 74.46.908; providing  
7 effective dates; providing an expiration date; and declaring an  
8 emergency.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

10            **Sec. 1.** RCW 74.46.020 and 1999 c 353 s 1 are each amended to read  
11 as follows:

12            Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in  
13 this section apply throughout this chapter.

14            (1) "Accrual method of accounting" means a method of accounting in  
15 which revenues are reported in the period when they are earned,  
16 regardless of when they are collected, and expenses are reported in the  
17 period in which they are incurred, regardless of when they are paid.

18            (2) "Appraisal" means the process of estimating the fair market  
19 value or reconstructing the historical cost of an asset acquired in a

1 past period as performed by a professionally designated real estate  
2 appraiser with no pecuniary interest in the property to be appraised.  
3 It includes a systematic, analytic determination and the recording and  
4 analyzing of property facts, rights, investments, and values based on  
5 a personal inspection and inventory of the property.

6 (3) "Arm's-length transaction" means a transaction resulting from  
7 good-faith bargaining between a buyer and seller who are not related  
8 organizations and have adverse positions in the market place. Sales or  
9 exchanges of nursing home facilities among two or more parties in which  
10 all parties subsequently continue to own one or more of the facilities  
11 involved in the transactions shall not be considered as arm's-length  
12 transactions for purposes of this chapter. Sale of a nursing home  
13 facility which is subsequently leased back to the seller within five  
14 years of the date of sale shall not be considered as an arm's-length  
15 transaction for purposes of this chapter.

16 (4) "Assets" means economic resources of the contractor, recognized  
17 and measured in conformity with generally accepted accounting  
18 principles.

19 (5) "Audit" or "department audit" means an examination of the  
20 records of a nursing facility participating in the medicaid payment  
21 system, including but not limited to: The contractor's financial and  
22 statistical records, cost reports and all supporting documentation and  
23 schedules, receivables, and resident trust funds, to be performed as  
24 deemed necessary by the department and according to department rule.

25 (6) "Bad debts" means amounts considered to be uncollectible from  
26 accounts and notes receivable.

27 (7) "Beneficial owner" means:

28 (a) Any person who, directly or indirectly, through any contract,  
29 arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise has or shares:

30 (i) Voting power which includes the power to vote, or to direct the  
31 voting of such ownership interest; and/or

32 (ii) Investment power which includes the power to dispose, or to  
33 direct the disposition of such ownership interest;

34 (b) Any person who, directly or indirectly, creates or uses a  
35 trust, proxy, power of attorney, pooling arrangement, or any other  
36 contract, arrangement, or device with the purpose or effect of  
37 divesting himself or herself of beneficial ownership of an ownership  
38 interest or preventing the vesting of such beneficial ownership as part

1 of a plan or scheme to evade the reporting requirements of this  
2 chapter;

3 (c) Any person who, subject to (b) of this subsection, has the  
4 right to acquire beneficial ownership of such ownership interest within  
5 sixty days, including but not limited to any right to acquire:

6 (i) Through the exercise of any option, warrant, or right;

7 (ii) Through the conversion of an ownership interest;

8 (iii) Pursuant to the power to revoke a trust, discretionary  
9 account, or similar arrangement; or

10 (iv) Pursuant to the automatic termination of a trust,  
11 discretionary account, or similar arrangement;

12 except that, any person who acquires an ownership interest or power  
13 specified in (c)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection with the purpose  
14 or effect of changing or influencing the control of the contractor, or  
15 in connection with or as a participant in any transaction having such  
16 purpose or effect, immediately upon such acquisition shall be deemed to  
17 be the beneficial owner of the ownership interest which may be acquired  
18 through the exercise or conversion of such ownership interest or power;

19 (d) Any person who in the ordinary course of business is a pledgee  
20 of ownership interest under a written pledge agreement shall not be  
21 deemed to be the beneficial owner of such pledged ownership interest  
22 until the pledgee has taken all formal steps necessary which are  
23 required to declare a default and determines that the power to vote or  
24 to direct the vote or to dispose or to direct the disposition of such  
25 pledged ownership interest will be exercised; except that:

26 (i) The pledgee agreement is bona fide and was not entered into  
27 with the purpose nor with the effect of changing or influencing the  
28 control of the contractor, nor in connection with any transaction  
29 having such purpose or effect, including persons meeting the conditions  
30 set forth in (b) of this subsection; and

31 (ii) The pledgee agreement, prior to default, does not grant to the  
32 pledgee:

33 (A) The power to vote or to direct the vote of the pledged  
34 ownership interest; or

35 (B) The power to dispose or direct the disposition of the pledged  
36 ownership interest, other than the grant of such power(s) pursuant to  
37 a pledge agreement under which credit is extended and in which the  
38 pledgee is a broker or dealer.

1       (8) (~~"Capital portion of the rate" means the sum of the property~~  
2 ~~and financing allowance rate allocations, as established in part E of~~  
3 ~~this chapter.~~

4       ~~(9))~~ "Capitalization" means the recording of an expenditure as an  
5 asset.

6       (~~(10))~~ (9) "Case mix" means a measure of the intensity of care  
7 and services needed by the residents of a nursing facility or a group  
8 of residents in the facility.

9       (~~(11))~~ (10) "Case mix index" means a number representing the  
10 average case mix of a nursing facility.

11       (~~(12))~~ (11) "Case mix weight" means a numeric score that  
12 identifies the relative resources used by a particular group of a  
13 nursing facility's residents.

14       (12) "Certificate of capital authorization" means a certification  
15 from the department for an allocation from the biennial capital  
16 financing authorization for all new or replacement building  
17 construction, or for major renovation projects, receiving a certificate  
18 of need or a certificate of need exemption under chapter 70.38 RCW  
19 after July 1, 2001.

20       (13) "Contractor" means a person or entity licensed under chapter  
21 18.51 RCW to operate a medicare and medicaid certified nursing  
22 facility, responsible for operational decisions, and contracting with  
23 the department to provide services to medicaid recipients residing in  
24 the facility.

25       (14) "Default case" means no initial assessment has been completed  
26 for a resident and transmitted to the department by the cut-off date,  
27 or an assessment is otherwise past due for the resident, under state  
28 and federal requirements.

29       (15) "Department" means the department of social and health  
30 services (DSHS) and its employees.

31       (16) "Depreciation" means the systematic distribution of the cost  
32 or other basis of tangible assets, less salvage, over the estimated  
33 useful life of the assets.

34       (17) "Direct care" means nursing care and related care provided to  
35 nursing facility residents. Therapy care shall not be considered part  
36 of direct care.

37       (18) "Direct care supplies" means medical, pharmaceutical, and  
38 other supplies required for the direct care of a nursing facility's  
39 residents.

1 (19) "Entity" means an individual, partnership, corporation,  
2 limited liability company, or any other association of individuals  
3 capable of entering enforceable contracts.

4 (20) "Equity" means the net book value of all tangible and  
5 intangible assets less the recorded value of all liabilities, as  
6 recognized and measured in conformity with generally accepted  
7 accounting principles.

8 (21) "Essential community provider" means a facility which is the  
9 only nursing facility within a commuting distance radius of at least  
10 forty minutes duration, traveling by automobile.

11 (22) "Facility" or "nursing facility" means a nursing home licensed  
12 in accordance with chapter 18.51 RCW, excepting nursing homes certified  
13 as institutions for mental diseases, or that portion of a multiservice  
14 facility licensed as a nursing home, or that portion of a hospital  
15 licensed in accordance with chapter 70.41 RCW which operates as a  
16 nursing home.

17 (~~(22)~~) (23) "Fair market value" means the replacement cost of an  
18 asset less observed physical depreciation on the date for which the  
19 market value is being determined.

20 (~~(23)~~) (24) "Financial statements" means statements prepared and  
21 presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles  
22 including, but not limited to, balance sheet, statement of operations,  
23 statement of changes in financial position, and related notes.

24 (~~(24)~~) (25) "Generally accepted accounting principles" means  
25 accounting principles approved by the financial accounting standards  
26 board (FASB).

27 (~~(25)~~) (26) "Goodwill" means the excess of the price paid for a  
28 nursing facility business over the fair market value of all net  
29 identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired, as measured in  
30 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

31 (~~(26)~~) (27) "Grouper" means a computer software product that  
32 groups individual nursing facility residents into case mix  
33 classification groups based on specific resident assessment data and  
34 computer logic.

35 (~~(27)~~) (28) "High labor-cost county" means an urban county in  
36 which the median allowable facility cost per case mix unit is more than  
37 ten percent higher than the median allowable facility cost per case mix  
38 unit among all other urban counties, excluding that county.

1        (29) "Historical cost" means the actual cost incurred in acquiring  
2 and preparing an asset for use, including feasibility studies,  
3 architect's fees, and engineering studies.

4        (~~(28)~~) (30) "Home and central office costs" means costs that are  
5 incurred in the support and operation of a home and central office.  
6 Home and central office costs include centralized services that are  
7 performed in support of a nursing facility. The department may exclude  
8 from this definition costs that are nonduplicative, documented,  
9 ordinary, necessary, and related to the provision of care services to  
10 authorized patients.

11        (31) "Imprest fund" means a fund which is regularly replenished in  
12 exactly the amount expended from it.

13        (~~(29)~~) (32) "Joint facility costs" means any costs which  
14 represent resources which benefit more than one facility, or one  
15 facility and any other entity.

16        (~~(30)~~) (33) "Lease agreement" means a contract between two  
17 parties for the possession and use of real or personal property or  
18 assets for a specified period of time in exchange for specified  
19 periodic payments. Elimination (due to any cause other than death or  
20 divorce) or addition of any party to the contract, expiration, or  
21 modification of any lease term in effect on January 1, 1980, or  
22 termination of the lease by either party by any means shall constitute  
23 a termination of the lease agreement. An extension or renewal of a  
24 lease agreement, whether or not pursuant to a renewal provision in the  
25 lease agreement, shall be considered a new lease agreement. A strictly  
26 formal change in the lease agreement which modifies the method,  
27 frequency, or manner in which the lease payments are made, but does not  
28 increase the total lease payment obligation of the lessee, shall not be  
29 considered modification of a lease term.

30        (~~(31)~~) (34) "Medical care program" or "medicaid program" means  
31 medical assistance, including nursing care, provided under RCW  
32 74.09.500 or authorized state medical care services.

33        (~~(32)~~) (35) "Medical care recipient," "medicaid recipient," or  
34 "recipient" means an individual determined eligible by the department  
35 for the services provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.

36        (~~(33)~~) (36) "Minimum data set" means the overall data component  
37 of the resident assessment instrument, indicating the strengths, needs,  
38 and preferences of an individual nursing facility resident.

1       ~~((34))~~ (37) "Net book value" means the historical cost of an  
2 asset less accumulated depreciation.

3       ~~((35))~~ (38) "Net invested funds" means the net book value of  
4 tangible fixed assets employed by a contractor to provide services  
5 under the medical care program, including land, buildings, and  
6 equipment as recognized and measured in conformity with generally  
7 accepted accounting principles.

8       ~~((36) "Noncapital portion of the rate" means the sum of the direct  
9 care, therapy care, operations, support services, and variable return  
10 rate allocations, as established in part E of this chapter.~~

11       ~~(37))~~ (39) "Nonurban county" means a county which is not located  
12 in a metropolitan statistical area as determined and defined by the  
13 United States office of management and budget or other appropriate  
14 agency or office of the federal government.

15       (40) "Operating lease" means a lease under which rental or lease  
16 expenses are included in current expenses in accordance with generally  
17 accepted accounting principles.

18       ~~((38))~~ (41) "Owner" means a sole proprietor, general or limited  
19 partners, members of a limited liability company, and beneficial  
20 interest holders of five percent or more of a corporation's outstanding  
21 stock.

22       ~~((39))~~ (42) "Ownership interest" means all interests beneficially  
23 owned by a person, calculated in the aggregate, regardless of the form  
24 which such beneficial ownership takes.

25       ~~((40))~~ (43) "Patient day" or "resident day" means a calendar day  
26 of care provided to a nursing facility resident, regardless of payment  
27 source, which will include the day of admission and exclude the day of  
28 discharge; except that, when admission and discharge occur on the same  
29 day, one day of care shall be deemed to exist. A "medicaid day" or  
30 "recipient day" means a calendar day of care provided to a medicaid  
31 recipient determined eligible by the department for services provided  
32 under chapter 74.09 RCW, subject to the same conditions regarding  
33 admission and discharge applicable to a patient day or resident day of  
34 care.

35       ~~((41))~~ (44) "Professionally designated real estate appraiser"  
36 means an individual who is regularly engaged in the business of  
37 providing real estate valuation services for a fee, and who is deemed  
38 qualified by a nationally recognized real estate appraisal educational  
39 organization on the basis of extensive practical appraisal experience,



1 including the writing of real estate valuation reports as well as the  
2 passing of written examinations on valuation practice and theory, and  
3 who by virtue of membership in such organization is required to  
4 subscribe and adhere to certain standards of professional practice as  
5 such organization prescribes.

6 ~~((42))~~ (45) "Qualified therapist" means:

7 (a) A mental health professional as defined by chapter 71.05 RCW;

8 (b) A mental retardation professional who is a therapist approved  
9 by the department who has had specialized training or one year's  
10 experience in treating or working with the mentally retarded or  
11 developmentally disabled;

12 (c) A speech pathologist who is eligible for a certificate of  
13 clinical competence in speech pathology or who has the equivalent  
14 education and clinical experience;

15 (d) A physical therapist as defined by chapter 18.74 RCW;

16 (e) An occupational therapist who is a graduate of a program in  
17 occupational therapy, or who has the equivalent of such education or  
18 training; and

19 (f) A respiratory care practitioner certified under chapter 18.89  
20 RCW.

21 ~~((43))~~ (46) "Rate" or "rate allocation" means the medicaid per-  
22 patient-day payment amount for medicaid patients calculated in  
23 accordance with the allocation methodology set forth in part E of this  
24 chapter.

25 ~~((44))~~ (47) "Real property," whether leased or owned by the  
26 contractor, means the building, allowable land, land improvements, and  
27 building improvements associated with a nursing facility.

28 ~~((45))~~ (48) "Rebased rate" or "cost-rebased rate" means a  
29 facility-specific component rate assigned to a nursing facility for a  
30 particular rate period established on desk-reviewed, adjusted costs  
31 reported for that facility covering at least six months of a prior  
32 calendar year designated as a year to be used for cost-rebasing payment  
33 rate allocations under the provisions of this chapter.

34 ~~((46))~~ (49) "Records" means those data supporting all financial  
35 statements and cost reports including, but not limited to, all general  
36 and subsidiary ledgers, books of original entry, and transaction  
37 documentation, however such data are maintained.

1       (~~(47)~~) (50) "Related organization" means an entity which is under  
2 common ownership and/or control with, or has control of, or is  
3 controlled by, the contractor.

4       (a) "Common ownership" exists when an entity is the beneficial  
5 owner of five percent or more ownership interest in the contractor and  
6 any other entity.

7       (b) "Control" exists where an entity has the power, directly or  
8 indirectly, significantly to influence or direct the actions or  
9 policies of an organization or institution, whether or not it is  
10 legally enforceable and however it is exercisable or exercised.

11       (~~(48)~~) (51) "Related care" means only those services that are  
12 directly related to providing direct care to nursing facility  
13 residents. These services include, but are not limited to, nursing  
14 direction and supervision, medical direction, medical records, pharmacy  
15 services, activities, and social services.

16       (~~(49)~~) (52) "Resident assessment instrument," including federally  
17 approved modifications for use in this state, means a federally  
18 mandated, comprehensive nursing facility resident care planning and  
19 assessment tool, consisting of the minimum data set and resident  
20 assessment protocols.

21       (~~(50)~~) (53) "Resident assessment protocols" means those  
22 components of the resident assessment instrument that use the minimum  
23 data set to trigger or flag a resident's potential problems and risk  
24 areas.

25       (~~(51)~~) (54) "Resource utilization groups" means a case mix  
26 classification system that identifies relative resources needed to care  
27 for an individual nursing facility resident.

28       (~~(52)~~) (55) "Restricted fund" means those funds the principal  
29 and/or income of which is limited by agreement with or direction of the  
30 donor to a specific purpose.

31       (~~(53)~~) (56) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of  
32 social and health services.

33       (~~(54)~~) (57) "Support services" means food, food preparation,  
34 dietary, housekeeping, and laundry services provided to nursing  
35 facility residents.

36       (~~(55)~~) (58) "Therapy care" means those services required by a  
37 nursing facility resident's comprehensive assessment and plan of care,  
38 that are provided by qualified therapists, or support personnel under

1 their supervision, including related costs as designated by the  
2 department.

3 ~~((56))~~ (59) "Title XIX" or "medicaid" means the 1965 amendments  
4 to the social security act, P.L. 89-07, as amended and the medicaid  
5 program administered by the department.

6 (60) "Urban county" means a county which is located in a  
7 metropolitan statistical area as determined and defined by the United  
8 States office of management and budget or other appropriate agency or  
9 office of the federal government.

10 **Sec. 2.** RCW 74.46.165 and 1998 c 322 s 10 are each amended to read  
11 as follows:

12 (1) Contractors shall be required to submit with each annual  
13 nursing facility cost report a proposed settlement report showing  
14 underspending or overspending in each component rate during the cost  
15 report year on a per-resident day basis. The department shall accept  
16 or reject the proposed settlement report, explain any adjustments, and  
17 issue a revised settlement report if needed.

18 (2) Contractors shall not be required to refund payments made in  
19 the operations, variable return, property, and ~~((return on investment))~~  
20 financing allowance component rates in excess of the adjusted costs of  
21 providing services corresponding to these components.

22 (3) The facility will return to the department any overpayment  
23 amounts in each of the direct care, therapy care, and support services  
24 rate components that the department identifies following the audit and  
25 settlement procedures as described in this chapter, provided that the  
26 contractor may retain any overpayment that does not exceed 1.0% of the  
27 facility's direct care, therapy care, and support services component  
28 rate. However, no overpayments may be retained in a cost center to  
29 which savings have been shifted to cover a deficit, as provided in  
30 subsection (4) of this section. Facilities that are not in substantial  
31 compliance for more than ninety days, and facilities that provide  
32 substandard quality of care at any time, during the period for which  
33 settlement is being calculated, will not be allowed to retain any  
34 amount of overpayment in the facility's direct care, therapy care, and  
35 support services component rate. The terms "not in substantial  
36 compliance" and "substandard quality of care" shall be defined by  
37 federal survey regulations.

1 (4) Determination of unused rate funds, including the amounts of  
2 direct care, therapy care, and support services to be recovered, shall  
3 be done separately for each component rate, and, except as otherwise  
4 provided in this subsection, neither costs nor rate payments shall be  
5 shifted from one component rate or corresponding service area to  
6 another in determining the degree of underspending or recovery, if any.  
7 (~~However,~~) In computing a preliminary or final settlement, savings in  
8 the support services cost center ((may)) shall be shifted to cover a  
9 deficit in the direct care or therapy cost centers up to the amount of  
10 any savings((. Not more than twenty percent of the rate in a cost  
11 center may be shifted)), but no more than twenty percent of the support  
12 services component rate may be shifted. In computing a preliminary or  
13 final settlement, savings in direct care and therapy care may be  
14 shifted to cover a deficit in these two cost centers up to the amount  
15 of savings in each, regardless of the percentage of either component  
16 rate shifted. Contractor-retained overpayments up to one percent of  
17 direct care, therapy care, and support services rate components, as  
18 authorized in subsection (3) of this section, shall be calculated and  
19 applied after all shifting is completed.

20 (5) Total and component payment rates assigned to a nursing  
21 facility, as calculated and revised, if needed, under the provisions of  
22 this chapter and those rules as the department may adopt, shall  
23 represent the maximum payment for nursing facility services rendered to  
24 medicaid recipients for the period the rates are in effect. No  
25 increase in payment to a contractor shall result from spending above  
26 the total payment rate or in any rate component.

27 (6) RCW 74.46.150 through 74.46.180, and rules adopted by the  
28 department prior to July 1, 1998, shall continue to govern the medicaid  
29 settlement process for periods prior to October 1, 1998, as if these  
30 statutes and rules remained in full force and effect.

31 (7) For calendar year 1998, the department shall calculate split  
32 settlements covering January 1, 1998, through September 30, 1998, and  
33 October 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998. For the period beginning  
34 October 1, 1998, rules specified in this chapter shall apply. The  
35 department shall, by rule, determine the division of calendar year 1998  
36 adjusted costs for settlement purposes.

37 **Sec. 3.** RCW 74.46.410 and 1998 c 322 s 17 are each amended to read  
38 as follows:

1 (1) Costs will be unallowable if they are not documented,  
2 necessary, ordinary, and related to the provision of care services to  
3 authorized patients.

4 (2) Unallowable costs include, but are not limited to, the  
5 following:

6 (a) Costs of items or services not covered by the medical care  
7 program. Costs of such items or services will be unallowable even if  
8 they are indirectly reimbursed by the department as the result of an  
9 authorized reduction in patient contribution;

10 (b) Costs of services and items provided to recipients which are  
11 covered by the department's medical care program but not included in  
12 the medicaid per-resident day payment rate established by the  
13 department under this chapter;

14 (c) Costs associated with a capital expenditure subject to section  
15 1122 approval (part 100, Title 42 C.F.R.) if the department found it  
16 was not consistent with applicable standards, criteria, or plans. If  
17 the department was not given timely notice of a proposed capital  
18 expenditure, all associated costs will be unallowable up to the date  
19 they are determined to be reimbursable under applicable federal  
20 regulations;

21 (d) Costs associated with a construction or acquisition project  
22 requiring certificate of need approval, or exemption from the  
23 requirements for certificate of need for the replacement of existing  
24 nursing home beds, pursuant to chapter 70.38 RCW if such approval or  
25 exemption was not obtained;

26 (e) Interest costs other than those provided by RCW 74.46.290 on  
27 and after January 1, 1985;

28 (f) Salaries or other compensation of owners, officers, directors,  
29 stockholders, partners, principals, participants, and others associated  
30 with the contractor or its home office, including all board of  
31 directors' fees for any purpose, except reasonable compensation paid  
32 for service related to patient care;

33 (g) Costs in excess of limits or in violation of principles set  
34 forth in this chapter;

35 (h) Costs resulting from transactions or the application of  
36 accounting methods which circumvent the principles of the payment  
37 system set forth in this chapter;

38 (i) Costs applicable to services, facilities, and supplies  
39 furnished by a related organization in excess of the lower of the cost

1 to the related organization or the price of comparable services,  
2 facilities, or supplies purchased elsewhere;

3 (j) Bad debts of non-Title XIX recipients. Bad debts of Title XIX  
4 recipients are allowable if the debt is related to covered services, it  
5 arises from the recipient's required contribution toward the cost of  
6 care, the provider can establish that reasonable collection efforts  
7 were made, the debt was actually uncollectible when claimed as  
8 worthless, and sound business judgment established that there was no  
9 likelihood of recovery at any time in the future;

10 (k) Charity and courtesy allowances;

11 (l) Cash, assessments, or other contributions, excluding dues, to  
12 charitable organizations, professional organizations, trade  
13 associations, or political parties, and costs incurred to improve  
14 community or public relations;

15 (m) Vending machine expenses;

16 (n) Expenses for barber or beautician services not included in  
17 routine care;

18 (o) Funeral and burial expenses;

19 (p) Costs of gift shop operations and inventory;

20 (q) Personal items such as cosmetics, smoking materials, newspapers  
21 and magazines, and clothing, except those used in patient activity  
22 programs;

23 (r) Fund-raising expenses, except those directly related to the  
24 patient activity program;

25 (s) Penalties and fines;

26 (t) Expenses related to telephones, (~~((televisions,))~~) radios, and  
27 similar appliances in patients' private accommodations;

28 (u) Televisions acquired prior to July 1, 2001;

29 (~~(v)~~) (v) Federal, state, and other income taxes;

30 (~~((v))~~) (w) Costs of special care services except where authorized  
31 by the department;

32 (~~((w))~~) (x) Expenses of an employee benefit not in fact made  
33 available to all employees on an equal or fair basis, for example, key-  
34 man insurance and other insurance or retirement plans;

35 (~~((x))~~) (y) Expenses of profit-sharing plans;

36 (~~((y))~~) (z) Expenses related to the purchase and/or use of private  
37 or commercial airplanes which are in excess of what a prudent  
38 contractor would expend for the ordinary and economic provision of such  
39 a transportation need related to patient care;

1       (~~(z)~~) (aa) Personal expenses and allowances of owners or  
2 relatives;

3       (~~(aa)~~) (bb) All expenses of maintaining professional licenses or  
4 membership in professional organizations;

5       (~~(bb)~~) (cc) Costs related to agreements not to compete;

6       (~~(ee)~~) (dd) Amortization of goodwill, lease acquisition, or any  
7 other intangible asset, whether related to resident care or not, and  
8 whether recognized under generally accepted accounting principles or  
9 not;

10      (~~(dd)~~) (ee) Expenses related to vehicles which are in excess of  
11 what a prudent contractor would expend for the ordinary and economic  
12 provision of transportation needs related to patient care;

13      (~~(ee)~~) (ff) Legal and consultant fees in connection with a fair  
14 hearing against the department where a decision is rendered in favor of  
15 the department or where otherwise the determination of the department  
16 stands;

17      (~~(ff)~~) (gg) Legal and consultant fees of a contractor or  
18 contractors in connection with a lawsuit against the department;

19      (~~(gg)~~) (hh) Lease acquisition costs, goodwill, the cost of bed  
20 rights, or any other intangible assets;

21      (~~(hh)~~) (ii) All rental or lease costs other than those provided  
22 in RCW 74.46.300 on and after January 1, 1985;

23      (~~(ii)~~) (jj) Postsurvey charges incurred by the facility as a  
24 result of subsequent inspections under RCW 18.51.050 which occur beyond  
25 the first postsurvey visit during the certification survey calendar  
26 year;

27      (~~(jj)~~) (kk) Compensation paid for any purchased nursing care  
28 services, including registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, and  
29 nurse assistant services, obtained through service contract arrangement  
30 in excess of the amount of compensation paid for such hours of nursing  
31 care service had they been paid at the average hourly wage, including  
32 related taxes and benefits, for in-house nursing care staff of like  
33 classification at the same nursing facility, as reported in the most  
34 recent cost report period;

35      (~~(kk)~~) (ll) For all partial or whole rate periods after July 17,  
36 1984, costs of land and depreciable assets that cannot be reimbursed  
37 under the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 and implementing state  
38 statutory and regulatory provisions;

1       (~~(ll)~~) (mm) Costs reported by the contractor for a prior period  
2 to the extent such costs, due to statutory exemption, will not be  
3 incurred by the contractor in the period to be covered by the rate;  
4       (~~(mm)~~) (nn) Costs of outside activities, for example, costs  
5 allocated to the use of a vehicle for personal purposes or related to  
6 the part of a facility leased out for office space;  
7       (~~(nn)~~) (oo) Travel expenses outside the states of Idaho, Oregon,  
8 and Washington and the province of British Columbia. However, travel  
9 to or from the home or central office of a chain organization operating  
10 a nursing facility is allowed whether inside or outside these areas if  
11 the travel is necessary, ordinary, and related to resident care;  
12       (~~(oo)~~) (pp) Moving expenses of employees in the absence of  
13 demonstrated, good-faith effort to recruit within the states of Idaho,  
14 Oregon, and Washington, and the province of British Columbia;  
15       (~~(pp)~~) (qq) Depreciation in excess of four thousand dollars per  
16 year for each passenger car or other vehicle primarily used by the  
17 administrator, facility staff, or central office staff;  
18       (~~(qq)~~) (rr) Costs for temporary health care personnel from a  
19 nursing pool not registered with the secretary of the department of  
20 health;  
21       (~~(rr)~~) (ss) Payroll taxes associated with compensation in excess  
22 of allowable compensation of owners, relatives, and administrative  
23 personnel;  
24       (~~(ss)~~) (tt) Costs and fees associated with filing a petition for  
25 bankruptcy;  
26       (~~(tt)~~) (uu) All advertising or promotional costs, except  
27 reasonable costs of help wanted advertising;  
28       (~~(uu)~~) (vv) Outside consultation expenses required to meet  
29 department-required minimum data set completion proficiency;  
30       (~~(vv)~~) (ww) Interest charges assessed by any department or agency  
31 of this state for failure to make a timely refund of overpayments and  
32 interest expenses incurred for loans obtained to make the refunds;  
33       (~~(ww)~~) (xx) All home office or central office costs, whether on  
34 or off the nursing facility premises, and whether allocated or not to  
35 specific services, in excess of the median of those adjusted costs for  
36 all facilities reporting such costs for the most recent report period;  
37 and  
38       (~~(xx)~~) (yy) Tax expenses that a nursing facility has never  
39 incurred.



1       **Sec. 4.** RCW 74.46.421 and 1999 c 353 s 3 are each amended to read  
2 as follows:

3       (1) The purpose of part E of this chapter is to determine nursing  
4 facility medicaid payment rates that, in the aggregate for all  
5 participating nursing facilities, are in accordance with the biennial  
6 appropriations act.

7       (2)(a) The department shall use the nursing facility medicaid  
8 payment rate methodologies described in this chapter to determine  
9 initial component rate allocations for each medicaid nursing facility.

10       (b) The initial component rate allocations shall be subject to  
11 adjustment as provided in this section in order to assure that the  
12 statewide average payment rate to nursing facilities is less than or  
13 equal to the statewide average payment rate specified in the biennial  
14 appropriations act.

15       (3) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as creating a legal  
16 right or entitlement to any payment that (a) has not been adjusted  
17 under this section or (b) would cause the statewide average payment  
18 rate to exceed the statewide average payment rate specified in the  
19 biennial appropriations act.

20       (4)~~((a) The statewide average payment rate for the capital portion~~  
21 ~~of the rate for any state fiscal year under the nursing facility~~  
22 ~~medicaid payment system, weighted by patient days, shall not exceed the~~  
23 ~~annual statewide weighted average nursing facility payment rate for the~~  
24 ~~capital portion of the rate identified for that fiscal year in the~~  
25 ~~biennial appropriations act.~~

26       ~~(b) If the department determines that the weighted average nursing~~  
27 ~~facility payment rate for the capital portion of the rate calculated in~~  
28 ~~accordance with this chapter is likely to exceed the weighted average~~  
29 ~~nursing facility payment rate for the capital portion of the rate~~  
30 ~~identified in the biennial appropriations act, then the department~~  
31 ~~shall adjust all nursing facility property and financing allowance~~  
32 ~~payment rates proportional to the amount by which the weighted average~~  
33 ~~rate allocations would otherwise exceed the budgeted capital portion of~~  
34 ~~the rate amount. Any such adjustments shall only be made~~  
35 ~~prospectively, not retrospectively, and shall be applied~~  
36 ~~proportionately to each component rate allocation for each facility.~~

37       ~~(5))~~(a) The statewide average payment rate ~~((for the noncapital~~  
38 ~~portion of the rate))~~ for any state fiscal year under the nursing  
39 facility payment system, weighted by patient days, shall not exceed the

1 annual statewide weighted average nursing facility payment rate ((for  
2 the noncapital portion of the rate)) identified for that fiscal year in  
3 the biennial appropriations act.

4 (b) If the department determines that the weighted average nursing  
5 facility payment rate ((for the noncapital portion of the rate))  
6 calculated in accordance with this chapter is likely to exceed the  
7 weighted average nursing facility payment rate ((for the noncapital  
8 portion of the rate)) identified in the biennial appropriations act,  
9 then the department shall adjust all nursing facility ((direct care,  
10 therapy care, support services, operations, and variable return))  
11 payment rates proportional to the amount by which the weighted average  
12 rate allocations would otherwise exceed the budgeted ((noncapital  
13 portion of the)) rate amount. Any such adjustments shall only be made  
14 prospectively, not retrospectively, and shall be applied  
15 proportionately to each ((direct care, therapy care, support services,  
16 operations, and variable return)) component rate allocation for each  
17 facility.

18 **Sec. 5.** RCW 74.46.431 and 1999 c 353 s 4 are each amended to read  
19 as follows:

20 (1) Effective July 1, 1999, nursing facility medicaid payment rate  
21 allocations shall be facility-specific and shall have seven components:  
22 Direct care, therapy care, support services, operations, property,  
23 financing allowance, and variable return. The department shall  
24 establish and adjust each of these components, as provided in this  
25 section and elsewhere in this chapter, for each medicaid nursing  
26 facility in this state.

27 (2) All component rate allocations for essential community  
28 providers as defined in this chapter shall be based upon a minimum  
29 facility occupancy of eighty-five percent of licensed beds, regardless  
30 of how many beds are set up or in use. For all facilities other than  
31 essential community providers, effective July 1, 2001, component rate  
32 allocations in direct care, therapy care, support services, variable  
33 return, operations, property, and financing allowance shall continue to  
34 be based upon a minimum facility occupancy of eighty-five percent of  
35 licensed beds. For all facilities other than essential community  
36 providers, effective July 1, 2002, the component rate allocations in  
37 operations, property, and financing allowance shall be based upon a

1 minimum facility occupancy of ninety percent of licensed beds,  
2 regardless of how many beds are set up or in use.

3 (3) Information and data sources used in determining medicaid  
4 payment rate allocations, including formulas, procedures, cost report  
5 periods, resident assessment instrument formats, resident assessment  
6 methodologies, and resident classification and case mix weighting  
7 methodologies, may be substituted or altered from time to time as  
8 determined by the department.

9 (4)(a) Direct care component rate allocations shall be established  
10 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months. Adjusted  
11 cost report data from 1996 will be used for October 1, 1998, through  
12 June 30, 2001, direct care component rate allocations; adjusted cost  
13 report data from 1999 will be used for July 1, 2001, through June 30,  
14 2004, direct care component rate allocations.

15 (b) Direct care component rate allocations based on 1996 cost  
16 report data shall be adjusted annually for economic trends and  
17 conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial  
18 appropriations act. A different economic trends and conditions  
19 adjustment factor or factors may be defined in the biennial  
20 appropriations act for facilities whose direct care component rate is  
21 set equal to their adjusted June 30, 1998, rate, as provided in RCW  
22 74.46.506(5)((~~k~~)) (i).

23 (c) Direct care component rate allocations based on 1999 cost  
24 report data shall be adjusted annually for economic trends and  
25 conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial  
26 appropriations act. A different economic trends and conditions  
27 adjustment factor or factors may be defined in the biennial  
28 appropriations act for facilities whose direct care component rate is  
29 set equal to their adjusted June 30, 1998, rate, as provided in RCW  
30 74.46.506(5)((~~k~~)) (i).

31 (5)(a) Therapy care component rate allocations shall be established  
32 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months. Adjusted  
33 cost report data from 1996 will be used for October 1, 1998, through  
34 June 30, 2001, therapy care component rate allocations; adjusted cost  
35 report data from 1999 will be used for July 1, 2001, through June 30,  
36 2004, therapy care component rate allocations.

37 (b) Therapy care component rate allocations shall be adjusted  
38 annually for economic trends and conditions by a factor or factors  
39 defined in the biennial appropriations act.

1 (6)(a) Support services component rate allocations shall be  
2 established using adjusted cost report data covering at least six  
3 months. Adjusted cost report data from 1996 shall be used for October  
4 1, 1998, through June 30, 2001, support services component rate  
5 allocations; adjusted cost report data from 1999 shall be used for July  
6 1, 2001, through June 30, 2004, support services component rate  
7 allocations.

8 (b) Support services component rate allocations shall be adjusted  
9 annually for economic trends and conditions by a factor or factors  
10 defined in the biennial appropriations act.

11 (7)(a) Operations component rate allocations shall be established  
12 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months. Adjusted  
13 cost report data from 1996 shall be used for October 1, 1998, through  
14 June 30, 2001, operations component rate allocations; adjusted cost  
15 report data from 1999 shall be used for July 1, 2001, through June 30,  
16 2004, operations component rate allocations.

17 (b) Operations component rate allocations shall be adjusted  
18 annually for economic trends and conditions by a factor or factors  
19 defined in the biennial appropriations act.

20 (8) For July 1, 1998, through September 30, 1998, a facility's  
21 property and return on investment component rates shall be the  
22 facility's June 30, 1998, property and return on investment component  
23 rates, without increase. For October 1, 1998, through June 30, 1999,  
24 a facility's property and return on investment component rates shall be  
25 rebased utilizing 1997 adjusted cost report data covering at least six  
26 months of data.

27 (9) Total payment rates under the nursing facility medicaid payment  
28 system shall not exceed facility rates charged to the general public  
29 for comparable services.

30 (10) Medicaid contractors shall pay to all facility staff a minimum  
31 wage of the greater of ((~~five dollars and fifteen cents per hour~~)) the  
32 state minimum wage or the federal minimum wage.

33 (11) The department shall establish in rule procedures, principles,  
34 and conditions for determining component rate allocations for  
35 facilities in circumstances not directly addressed by this chapter,  
36 including but not limited to: The need to prorate inflation for  
37 partial-period cost report data, newly constructed facilities, existing  
38 facilities entering the medicaid program for the first time or after a  
39 period of absence from the program, existing facilities with expanded

1 new bed capacity, existing medicaid facilities following a change of  
2 ownership of the nursing facility business, facilities banking beds or  
3 converting beds back into service, facilities temporarily reducing the  
4 number of set-up beds during a remodel, facilities having less than six  
5 months of either resident assessment, cost report data, or both, under  
6 the current contractor prior to rate setting, and other circumstances.

7 (12) The department shall establish in rule procedures, principles,  
8 and conditions, including necessary threshold costs, for adjusting  
9 rates to reflect capital improvements or new requirements imposed by  
10 the department or the federal government. Any such rate adjustments  
11 are subject to the provisions of RCW 74.46.421.

12 (13) Effective July 1, 2001, medicaid rates shall continue to be  
13 revised downward in all components, in accordance with department  
14 rules, for facilities converting banked beds to active service under  
15 chapter 70.38 RCW, by using the facility's increased licensed bed  
16 capacity to recalculate minimum occupancy for rate setting. However,  
17 for facilities other than essential community providers which bank beds  
18 under chapter 70.38 RCW, after May 25, 2001, medicaid rates shall be  
19 revised upward, in accordance with department rules, in direct care,  
20 therapy care, support services, and variable return components only, by  
21 using the facility's decreased licensed bed capacity to recalculate  
22 minimum occupancy for rate setting, but no upward revision shall be  
23 made to operations, property, or financing allowance component rates.

24 (14) Facilities obtaining a certificate of need or a certificate of  
25 need exemption under chapter 70.38 RCW after June 30, 2001, must have  
26 a certificate of capital authorization in order for (a) the  
27 depreciation resulting from the capitalized addition to be included in  
28 calculation of the facility's property component rate allocation; and  
29 (b) the net invested funds associated with the capitalized addition to  
30 be included in calculation of the facility's financing allowance rate  
31 allocation.

32 **Sec. 6.** RCW 74.46.433 and 1999 c 353 s 9 are each amended to read  
33 as follows:

34 (1) The department shall establish for each medicaid nursing  
35 facility a variable return component rate allocation. In determining  
36 the variable return allowance:

37 (a) ~~The variable return array and percentage ((assigned at the~~  
38 ~~October 1, 1998, rate setting shall remain in effect until June 30,~~

1 2001)) shall be assigned whenever rebasing of noncapital rate  
2 allocations is scheduled under RCW 46.46.431 (4), (5), (6), and (7).  
3 (b) To calculate the array of facilities for the July 1, 2001, rate  
4 setting, the department, without using peer groups, shall first rank  
5 all facilities in numerical order from highest to lowest according to  
6 each facility's examined and documented, but unlidged, combined direct  
7 care, therapy care, support services, and operations per resident day  
8 cost from the 1999 cost report period. However, before being combined  
9 with other per resident day costs and ranked, a facility's direct care  
10 cost per resident day shall be adjusted to reflect its facility average  
11 case mix index, to be averaged from the four calendar quarters of 1999,  
12 weighted by the facility's resident days from each quarter, under RCW  
13 74.46.501(7)(b)(ii). The array shall then be divided into four  
14 quartiles, each containing, as nearly as possible, an equal number of  
15 facilities, and four percent shall be assigned to facilities in the  
16 lowest quartile, three percent to facilities in the next lowest  
17 quartile, two percent to facilities in the next highest quartile, and  
18 one percent to facilities in the highest quartile.  
19 (c) The department shall ((then)), subject to (d) of this  
20 subsection, compute the variable return allowance by multiplying ((the  
21 appropriate)) a facility's assigned percentage ((amounts, which shall  
22 not be less than one percent and not greater than four percent,)) by  
23 the sum of the facility's direct care, therapy care, support services,  
24 and operations ((rate components. The percentage amounts will be based  
25 on groupings of facilities according to the rankings prescribed in (a)  
26 of this subsection, as applicable. Those groups of facilities with  
27 lower per diem costs shall receive higher percentage amounts than those  
28 with higher per diem costs)) component rates determined in accordance  
29 with this chapter and rules adopted by the department.  
30 (d) Effective July 1, 2001, if a facility's examined and documented  
31 direct care cost per resident day for the preceding report year is  
32 lower than its average direct care component rate weighted by medicaid  
33 resident days for the same year, the facility's direct care cost shall  
34 be substituted for its July 1, 2001, direct care component rate, and  
35 its variable return component rate shall be determined or adjusted each  
36 July 1st by multiplying the facility's assigned percentage by the sum  
37 of the facility's July 1, 2001, therapy care, support services, and  
38 operations component rates, and its direct care cost per resident day  
39 for the preceding year.

1 (2) The variable return rate allocation calculated in accordance  
2 with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary to comply  
3 with RCW 74.46.421.

4 **Sec. 7.** RCW 74.46.435 and 1999 c 353 s 10 are each amended to read  
5 as follows:

6 (1) Effective July 1, 2001, the property component rate allocation  
7 for each facility shall be determined by dividing the sum of the  
8 reported allowable prior period actual depreciation, subject to RCW  
9 74.46.310 through 74.46.380, adjusted for any capitalized additions or  
10 replacements approved by the department, and the retained savings from  
11 such cost center, by the greater of a facility's total resident days  
12 for the facility in the prior period or resident days as calculated on  
13 eighty-five percent facility occupancy. Effective July 1, 2002, the  
14 property component rate allocation for all facilities, except essential  
15 community providers, shall be set by using the greater of a facility's  
16 total resident days from the most recent cost report period or resident  
17 days calculated at ninety percent facility occupancy. If a capitalized  
18 addition or retirement of an asset will result in a different licensed  
19 bed capacity during the ensuing period, the prior period total resident  
20 days used in computing the property component rate shall be adjusted to  
21 anticipated resident day level.

22 (2) A nursing facility's property component rate allocation shall  
23 be rebased annually, effective July 1st ~~((or October 1st as~~  
24 ~~applicable))~~, in accordance with this section and this chapter.

25 (3) When a certificate of need for a new facility is requested, the  
26 department, in reaching its decision, shall take into consideration  
27 per-bed land and building construction costs for the facility which  
28 shall not exceed a maximum to be established by the secretary.

29 (4) Effective July 1, 2001, for the purpose of calculating a  
30 nursing facility's property component rate, if a contractor ((elects))  
31 has elected to bank licensed beds prior to April 1, 2001, or elects to  
32 convert banked beds to active service at any time, under chapter 70.38  
33 RCW, the department shall use the facility's ((anticipated resident  
34 occupancy level subsequent to the decrease or increase in licensed bed  
35 capacity)) new licensed bed capacity to recalculate minimum occupancy  
36 for rate setting and revise the property component rate, as needed,  
37 effective as of the date the beds are banked or converted to active  
38 service. However, in no case shall the department use less than

1 eighty-five percent occupancy of the facility's licensed bed capacity  
2 after banking or conversion. Effective July 1, 2002, in no case, other  
3 than essential community providers, shall the department use less than  
4 ninety percent occupancy of the facility's licensed bed capacity after  
5 conversion.

6 (5) The property component rate allocations calculated in  
7 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary  
8 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

9 **Sec. 8.** RCW 74.46.437 and 1999 c 353 s 11 are each amended to read  
10 as follows:

11 (1) Beginning July 1, 1999, the department shall establish for each  
12 medicaid nursing facility a financing allowance component rate  
13 allocation. The financing allowance component rate shall be rebased  
14 annually, effective July 1st, in accordance with the provisions of this  
15 section and this chapter.

16 (2) Effective July 1, 2001, the financing allowance shall be  
17 determined by multiplying the net invested funds of each facility by  
18 .10, and dividing by the greater of a nursing facility's total resident  
19 days from the most recent cost report period or resident days  
20 calculated on eighty-five percent facility occupancy. Effective July  
21 1, 2002, the financing allowance component rate allocation for all  
22 facilities, other than essential community providers, shall be set by  
23 using the greater of a facility's total resident days from the most  
24 recent cost report period or resident days calculated at ninety percent  
25 facility occupancy. However, assets acquired on or after May 17, 1999,  
26 shall be grouped in a separate financing allowance calculation that  
27 shall be multiplied by .085. The financing allowance factor of .085  
28 shall not be applied to the net invested funds pertaining to new  
29 construction or major renovations receiving certificate of need  
30 approval or an exemption from certificate of need requirements under  
31 chapter 70.38 RCW, or to working drawings that have been submitted to  
32 the department of health for construction review approval, prior to May  
33 17, 1999. If a capitalized addition, renovation, replacement, or  
34 retirement of an asset will result in a different licensed bed capacity  
35 during the ensuing period, the prior period total resident days used in  
36 computing the financing allowance shall be adjusted to the greater of  
37 the anticipated resident day level or eighty-five percent of the new  
38 licensed bed capacity. Effective July 1, 2002, for all facilities,



1 other than essential community providers, the total resident days used  
2 to compute the financing allowance after a capitalized addition,  
3 renovation, replacement, or retirement of an asset shall be set by  
4 using the greater of a facility's total resident days from the most  
5 recent cost report period or resident days calculated at ninety percent  
6 facility occupancy.

7 (3) In computing the portion of net invested funds representing the  
8 net book value of tangible fixed assets, the same assets, depreciation  
9 bases, lives, and methods referred to in RCW 74.46.330, 74.46.350,  
10 74.46.360, 74.46.370, and 74.46.380, including owned and leased assets,  
11 shall be utilized, except that the capitalized cost of land upon which  
12 the facility is located and such other contiguous land which is  
13 reasonable and necessary for use in the regular course of providing  
14 resident care shall also be included. Subject to provisions and  
15 limitations contained in this chapter, for land purchased by owners or  
16 lessors before July 18, 1984, capitalized cost of land shall be the  
17 buyer's capitalized cost. For all partial or whole rate periods after  
18 July 17, 1984, if the land is purchased after July 17, 1984,  
19 capitalized cost shall be that of the owner of record on July 17, 1984,  
20 or buyer's capitalized cost, whichever is lower. In the case of leased  
21 facilities where the net invested funds are unknown or the contractor  
22 is unable to provide necessary information to determine net invested  
23 funds, the secretary shall have the authority to determine an amount  
24 for net invested funds based on an appraisal conducted according to RCW  
25 74.46.360(1).

26 (4) Effective July 1, 2001, for the purpose of calculating a  
27 nursing facility's financing allowance component rate, if a contractor  
28 ((elects)) has elected to bank licensed beds prior to May 25, 2001, or  
29 elects to convert banked beds to active service at any time, under  
30 chapter 70.38 RCW, the department shall use the facility's  
31 ((anticipated resident occupancy level subsequent to the decrease or  
32 increase in licensed bed capacity)) new licensed bed capacity to  
33 recalculate minimum occupancy for rate setting and revise the financing  
34 allowance component rate, as needed, effective as of the date the beds  
35 are banked or converted to active service. However, in no case shall  
36 the department use less than eighty-five percent occupancy of the  
37 facility's licensed bed capacity after banking or conversion.  
38 Effective July 1, 2002, in no case, other than for essential community

1 providers, shall the department use less than ninety percent occupancy  
2 of the facility's licensed bed capacity after conversion.

3 (5) The financing allowance rate allocation calculated in  
4 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary  
5 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

6 **Sec. 9.** RCW 74.46.501 and 1998 c 322 s 24 are each amended to read  
7 as follows:

8 (1) From individual case mix weights for the applicable quarter,  
9 the department shall determine two average case mix indexes for each  
10 medicaid nursing facility, one for all residents in the facility, known  
11 as the facility average case mix index, and one for medicaid residents,  
12 known as the medicaid average case mix index.

13 (2)(a) In calculating a facility's two average case mix indexes for  
14 each quarter, the department shall include all residents or medicaid  
15 residents, as applicable, who were physically in the facility during  
16 the quarter in question (January 1st through March 31st, April 1st  
17 through June 30th, July 1st through September 30th, or October 1st  
18 through December 31st).

19 (b) The facility average case mix index shall exclude all default  
20 cases as defined in this chapter. However, the medicaid average case  
21 mix index shall include all default cases.

22 (3) Both the facility average and the medicaid average case mix  
23 indexes shall be determined by multiplying the case mix weight of each  
24 resident, or each medicaid resident, as applicable, by the number of  
25 days, as defined in this section and as applicable, the resident was at  
26 each particular case mix classification or group, and then averaging.

27 (4)(a) In determining the number of days a resident is classified  
28 into a particular case mix group, the department shall determine a  
29 start date for calculating case mix grouping periods as follows:

30 (i) If a resident's initial assessment for a first stay or a return  
31 stay in the nursing facility is timely completed and transmitted to the  
32 department by the cutoff date under state and federal requirements and  
33 as described in subsection (5) of this section, the start date shall be  
34 the later of either the first day of the quarter or the resident's  
35 facility admission or readmission date;

36 (ii) If a resident's significant change, quarterly, or annual  
37 assessment is timely completed and transmitted to the department by the  
38 cutoff date under state and federal requirements and as described in

1 subsection (5) of this section, the start date shall be the date the  
2 assessment is completed;

3 (iii) If a resident's significant change, quarterly, or annual  
4 assessment is not timely completed and transmitted to the department by  
5 the cutoff date under state and federal requirements and as described  
6 in subsection (5) of this section, the start date shall be the due date  
7 for the assessment.

8 (b) If state or federal rules require more frequent assessment, the  
9 same principles for determining the start date of a resident's  
10 classification in a particular case mix group set forth in subsection  
11 (4)(a) of this section shall apply.

12 (c) In calculating the number of days a resident is classified into  
13 a particular case mix group, the department shall determine an end date  
14 for calculating case mix grouping periods as follows:

15 (i) If a resident is discharged before the end of the applicable  
16 quarter, the end date shall be the day before discharge;

17 (ii) If a resident is not discharged before the end of the  
18 applicable quarter, the end date shall be the last day of the quarter;

19 (iii) If a new assessment is due for a resident or a new assessment  
20 is completed and transmitted to the department, the end date of the  
21 previous assessment shall be the earlier of either the day before the  
22 assessment is due or the day before the assessment is completed by the  
23 nursing facility.

24 (5) The cutoff date for the department to use resident assessment  
25 data, for the purposes of calculating both the facility average and the  
26 medicaid average case mix indexes, and for establishing and updating a  
27 facility's direct care component rate, shall be one month and one day  
28 after the end of the quarter for which the resident assessment data  
29 applies.

30 (6) A threshold of ninety percent, as described and calculated in  
31 this subsection, shall be used to determine the case mix index each  
32 quarter. The threshold shall also be used to determine which  
33 facilities' costs per case mix unit are included in determining the  
34 ceiling, floor, and price. If the facility does not meet the ninety  
35 percent threshold, the department may use an alternate case mix index  
36 to determine the facility average and medicaid average case mix indexes  
37 for the quarter. The threshold is a count of unique minimum data set  
38 assessments, and it shall include resident assessment instrument  
39 tracking forms for residents discharged prior to completing an initial

1 assessment. The threshold is calculated by dividing ((the)) a  
2 facility's count of ((~~unique minimum data set assessments~~)) residents  
3 being assessed by the average census for ((each)) the facility. A  
4 daily census shall be reported by each nursing facility as it transmits  
5 assessment data to the department. The department shall compute a  
6 quarterly average census based on the daily census. If no census has  
7 been reported by a facility during a specified quarter, then the  
8 department shall use the facility's licensed beds as the denominator in  
9 computing the threshold.

10 (7)(a) Although the facility average and the medicaid average case  
11 mix indexes shall both be calculated quarterly, the facility average  
12 case mix index will be used only every three years in combination with  
13 cost report data as specified by RCW 74.46.431 and 74.46.506, to  
14 establish a facility's allowable cost per case mix unit. A facility's  
15 medicaid average case mix index shall be used to update a nursing  
16 facility's direct care component rate quarterly.

17 (b) The facility average case mix index used to establish each  
18 nursing facility's direct care component rate shall be based on an  
19 average of calendar quarters of the facility's average case mix  
20 indexes.

21 (i) For October 1, 1998, direct care component rates, the  
22 department shall use an average of facility average case mix indexes  
23 from the four calendar quarters of 1997.

24 (ii) For July 1, 2001, direct care component rates, the department  
25 shall use an average of facility average case mix indexes from the four  
26 calendar quarters of 1999.

27 (c) The medicaid average case mix index used to update or  
28 recalibrate a nursing facility's direct care component rate quarterly  
29 shall be from the calendar quarter commencing six months prior to the  
30 effective date of the quarterly rate. For example, October 1, 1998,  
31 through December 31, 1998, direct care component rates shall utilize  
32 case mix averages from the April 1, 1998, through June 30, 1998,  
33 calendar quarter, and so forth.

34 **Sec. 10.** RCW 74.46.506 and 1999 c 353 s 5 and 1999 c 181 s 1 are  
35 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

36 (1) The direct care component rate allocation corresponds to the  
37 provision of nursing care for one resident of a nursing facility for  
38 one day, including direct care supplies. Therapy services and

1 supplies, which correspond to the therapy care component rate, shall be  
2 excluded. The direct care component rate includes elements of case mix  
3 determined consistent with the principles of this section and other  
4 applicable provisions of this chapter.

5 (2) Beginning October 1, 1998, the department shall determine and  
6 update quarterly for each nursing facility serving medicaid residents  
7 a facility-specific per-resident day direct care component rate  
8 allocation, to be effective on the first day of each calendar quarter.  
9 In determining direct care component rates the department shall  
10 utilize, as specified in this section, minimum data set resident  
11 assessment data for each resident of the facility, as transmitted to,  
12 and if necessary corrected by, the department in the resident  
13 assessment instrument format approved by federal authorities for use in  
14 this state.

15 (3) The department may question the accuracy of assessment data for  
16 any resident and utilize corrected or substitute information, however  
17 derived, in determining direct care component rates. The department is  
18 authorized to impose civil fines and to take adverse rate actions  
19 against a contractor, as specified by the department in rule, in order  
20 to obtain compliance with resident assessment and data transmission  
21 requirements and to ensure accuracy.

22 (4) Cost report data used in setting direct care component rate  
23 allocations shall be 1996 and 1999, for rate periods as specified in  
24 RCW 74.46.431(4)(a).

25 (5) Beginning October 1, 1998, the department shall rebase each  
26 nursing facility's direct care component rate allocation as described  
27 in RCW 74.46.431, adjust its direct care component rate allocation for  
28 economic trends and conditions as described in RCW 74.46.431, and  
29 update its medicaid average case mix index, consistent with the  
30 following:

31 (a) Reduce total direct care costs reported by each nursing  
32 facility for the applicable cost report period specified in RCW  
33 74.46.431(4)(a) to reflect any department adjustments, and to eliminate  
34 reported resident therapy costs and adjustments, in order to derive the  
35 facility's total allowable direct care cost;

36 (b) Divide each facility's total allowable direct care cost by its  
37 adjusted resident days for the same report period, increased if  
38 necessary to a minimum occupancy of eighty-five percent; that is, the  
39 greater of actual or imputed occupancy at eighty-five percent of

1 licensed beds, to derive the facility's allowable direct care cost per  
2 resident day;

3 (c) Adjust the facility's per resident day direct care cost by the  
4 applicable factor specified in RCW 74.46.431(4) (b) and (c) to derive  
5 its adjusted allowable direct care cost per resident day;

6 (d) Divide each facility's adjusted allowable direct care cost per  
7 resident day by the facility average case mix index for the applicable  
8 quarters specified by RCW 74.46.501(7)(b) to derive the facility's  
9 allowable direct care cost per case mix unit;

10 (e) Effective for July 1, 2001, rate setting, divide nursing  
11 facilities into at least two and, if applicable, three peer groups:  
12 Those located in ((metropolitan statistical areas as determined and  
13 defined by the United States office of management and budget or other  
14 appropriate agency or office of the federal government, and those not  
15 located in a metropolitan statistical area)) nonurban counties; those  
16 located in high labor-cost counties, if any; and those located in other  
17 urban counties;

18 (f) Array separately the allowable direct care cost per case mix  
19 unit for all ((~~metropolitan statistical area and for all~~  
20 ~~nonmetropolitan statistical area facilities~~)) facilities in nonurban  
21 counties, for all facilities in high labor-cost counties, if  
22 applicable; and for all facilities in other urban counties, and  
23 determine the median allowable direct care cost per case mix unit for  
24 each peer group;

25 (g) Except as provided in ((~~k~~)) (i) of this subsection, from  
26 October 1, 1998, through June 30, 2000, determine each facility's  
27 quarterly direct care component rate as follows:

28 (i) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is less  
29 than eighty-five percent of the facility's peer group median  
30 established under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per  
31 case mix unit equal to eighty-five percent of the facility's peer group  
32 median, and shall have a direct care component rate allocation equal to  
33 the facility's assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that  
34 facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter  
35 specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);

36 (ii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is greater  
37 than one hundred fifteen percent of the peer group median established  
38 under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case mix unit  
39 equal to one hundred fifteen percent of the peer group median, and

1 shall have a direct care component rate allocation equal to the  
2 facility's assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that  
3 facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter  
4 specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);

5 (iii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is  
6 between eighty-five and one hundred fifteen percent of the peer group  
7 median established under (f) of this subsection shall have a direct  
8 care component rate allocation equal to the facility's allowable cost  
9 per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average case  
10 mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);

11 (h) Except as provided in (~~(k)~~) (i) of this subsection, from July  
12 1, 2000, (~~through June 30, 2002~~) forward, and for all future rate  
13 setting, determine each facility's quarterly direct care component rate  
14 as follows:

15 (i) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is less  
16 than ninety percent of the facility's peer group median established  
17 under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case mix unit  
18 equal to ninety percent of the facility's peer group median, and shall  
19 have a direct care component rate allocation equal to the facility's  
20 assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid  
21 average case mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW  
22 74.46.501(7)(c);

23 (ii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is greater  
24 than one hundred ten percent of the peer group median established under  
25 (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case mix unit equal  
26 to one hundred ten percent of the peer group median, and shall have a  
27 direct care component rate allocation equal to the facility's assigned  
28 cost per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average  
29 case mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW  
30 74.46.501(7)(c);

31 (iii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is  
32 between ninety and one hundred ten percent of the peer group median  
33 established under (f) of this subsection shall have a direct care  
34 component rate allocation equal to the facility's allowable cost per  
35 case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average case mix  
36 index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);

37 (i) (~~From July 1, 2002, through June 30, 2004, determine each~~  
38 ~~facility's quarterly direct care component rate as follows:~~

1       ~~(i) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is less~~  
2 ~~than ninety five percent of the facility's peer group median~~  
3 ~~established under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per~~  
4 ~~case mix unit equal to ninety five percent of the facility's peer group~~  
5 ~~median, and shall have a direct care component rate allocation equal to~~  
6 ~~the facility's assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that~~  
7 ~~facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter~~  
8 ~~specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);~~

9       ~~(ii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is greater~~  
10 ~~than one hundred five percent of the peer group median established~~  
11 ~~under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case mix unit~~  
12 ~~equal to one hundred five percent of the peer group median, and shall~~  
13 ~~have a direct care component rate allocation equal to the facility's~~  
14 ~~assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid~~  
15 ~~average case mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW~~  
16 ~~74.46.501(7)(c);~~

17       ~~(iii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is~~  
18 ~~between ninety five and one hundred five percent of the peer group~~  
19 ~~median established under (f) of this subsection shall have a direct~~  
20 ~~care component rate allocation equal to the facility's allowable cost~~  
21 ~~per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average case~~  
22 ~~mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);~~

23       ~~(j) Beginning July 1, 2004, determine each facility's quarterly~~  
24 ~~direct care component rate by multiplying the facility's peer group~~  
25 ~~median allowable direct care cost per case mix unit by that facility's~~  
26 ~~medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter as~~  
27 ~~specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c).~~

28       ~~(k))~~(i) Between October 1, 1998, and June 30, 2000, the department  
29 shall compare each facility's direct care component rate allocation  
30 calculated under (g) of this subsection with the facility's nursing  
31 services component rate in effect on September 30, 1998, less therapy  
32 costs, plus any exceptional care offsets as reported on the cost  
33 report, adjusted for economic trends and conditions as provided in RCW  
34 74.46.431. A facility shall receive the higher of the two rates;

35       (ii) Between July 1, 2000, and June 30, 2002, the department shall  
36 compare each facility's direct care component rate allocation  
37 calculated under (h) of this subsection with the facility's direct care  
38 component rate in effect on June 30, 2000. A facility shall receive  
39 the higher of the two rates. Between July 1, 2001, and June 30, 2002,



1 if during any quarter a facility whose rate paid under (h) of this  
2 subsection is greater than either the direct care rate in effect on  
3 June 30, 2000, or than that facility's allowable direct care cost per  
4 case mix unit calculated in (d) of this subsection multiplied by that  
5 facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter  
6 specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c), the facility shall be paid in that  
7 and each subsequent quarter pursuant to (h) of this subsection and  
8 shall not be entitled to the greater of the two rates.

9 (iii) Effective July 1, 2002, all direct care component rate  
10 allocations shall be as determined under (h) of this subsection.

11 (6) The direct care component rate allocations calculated in  
12 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary  
13 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

14 (7) Payments resulting from increases in direct care component  
15 rates, granted under authority of RCW 74.46.508(1) for a facility's  
16 exceptional care residents, shall be offset against the facility's  
17 examined, allowable direct care costs, for each report year or partial  
18 period such increases are paid. Such reductions in allowable direct  
19 care costs shall be for rate setting, settlement, and other purposes  
20 deemed appropriate by the department.

21 **Sec. 11.** RCW 74.46.511 and 1999 c 353 s 6 and 1999 c 181 s 3 are  
22 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

23 (1) The therapy care component rate allocation corresponds to the  
24 provision of medicaid one-on-one therapy provided by a qualified  
25 therapist as defined in this chapter, including therapy supplies and  
26 therapy consultation, for one day for one medicaid resident of a  
27 nursing facility. The therapy care component rate allocation for  
28 October 1, 1998, through June 30, 2001, shall be based on adjusted  
29 therapy costs and days from calendar year 1996. The therapy component  
30 rate allocation for July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2004, shall be based  
31 on adjusted therapy costs and days from calendar year 1999. The  
32 therapy care component rate shall be adjusted for economic trends and  
33 conditions as specified in RCW 74.46.431(5)(b), and shall be determined  
34 in accordance with this section.

35 (2) In rebasing, as provided in RCW 74.46.431(5)(a), the department  
36 shall take from the cost reports of facilities the following reported  
37 information:

1 (a) Direct one-on-one therapy charges for all residents by payer  
2 including charges for supplies;

3 (b) The total units or modules of therapy care for all residents by  
4 type of therapy provided, for example, speech or physical. A unit or  
5 module of therapy care is considered to be fifteen minutes of one-on-  
6 one therapy provided by a qualified therapist or support personnel; and

7 (c) Therapy consulting expenses for all residents.

8 (3) The department shall determine for all residents the total cost  
9 per unit of therapy for each type of therapy by dividing the total  
10 adjusted one-on-one therapy expense for each type by the total units  
11 provided for that therapy type.

12 (4) The department shall divide medicaid nursing facilities in this  
13 state into two peer groups:

14 (a) Those facilities located within ~~((a metropolitan statistical  
15 area))~~ urban counties; and

16 (b) Those ~~((not))~~ located ~~((in a metropolitan statistical area))~~  
17 within nonurban counties.

18 ~~((Metropolitan statistical areas and nonmetropolitan statistical  
19 areas shall be as determined by the United States office of management  
20 and budget or other applicable federal office.))~~ The department shall  
21 array the facilities in each peer group from highest to lowest based on  
22 their total cost per unit of therapy for each therapy type. The  
23 department shall determine the median total cost per unit of therapy  
24 for each therapy type and add ten percent of median total cost per unit  
25 of therapy. The cost per unit of therapy for each therapy type at a  
26 nursing facility shall be the lesser of its cost per unit of therapy  
27 for each therapy type or the median total cost per unit plus ten  
28 percent for each therapy type for its peer group.

29 (5) The department shall calculate each nursing facility's therapy  
30 care component rate allocation as follows:

31 (a) To determine the allowable total therapy cost for each therapy  
32 type, the allowable cost per unit of therapy for each type of therapy  
33 shall be multiplied by the total therapy units for each type of  
34 therapy;

35 (b) The medicaid allowable one-on-one therapy expense shall be  
36 calculated taking the allowable total therapy cost for each therapy  
37 type times the medicaid percent of total therapy charges for each  
38 therapy type;

1 (c) The medicaid allowable one-on-one therapy expense for each  
2 therapy type shall be divided by total adjusted medicaid days to arrive  
3 at the medicaid one-on-one therapy cost per patient day for each  
4 therapy type;

5 (d) The medicaid one-on-one therapy cost per patient day for each  
6 therapy type shall be multiplied by total adjusted patient days for all  
7 residents to calculate the total allowable one-on-one therapy expense.  
8 The lesser of the total allowable therapy consultant expense for the  
9 therapy type or a reasonable percentage of allowable therapy consultant  
10 expense for each therapy type, as established in rule by the  
11 department, shall be added to the total allowable one-on-one therapy  
12 expense to determine the allowable therapy cost for each therapy type;

13 (e) The allowable therapy cost for each therapy type shall be added  
14 together, the sum of which shall be the total allowable therapy expense  
15 for the nursing facility;

16 (f) The total allowable therapy expense will be divided by the  
17 greater of adjusted total patient days from the cost report on which  
18 the therapy expenses were reported, or patient days at eighty-five  
19 percent occupancy of licensed beds. The outcome shall be the nursing  
20 facility's therapy care component rate allocation.

21 (6) The therapy care component rate allocations calculated in  
22 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary  
23 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

24 (7) The therapy care component rate shall be suspended for medicaid  
25 residents in qualified nursing facilities designated by the department  
26 who are receiving therapy paid by the department outside the facility  
27 daily rate under RCW 74.46.508(2).

28 **Sec. 12.** RCW 74.46.515 and 1999 c 353 s 7 are each amended to read  
29 as follows:

30 (1) The support services component rate allocation corresponds to  
31 the provision of food, food preparation, dietary, housekeeping, and  
32 laundry services for one resident for one day.

33 (2) Beginning October 1, 1998, the department shall determine each  
34 medicaid nursing facility's support services component rate allocation  
35 using cost report data specified by RCW 74.46.431(6).

36 (3) To determine each facility's support services component rate  
37 allocation, the department shall:

1 (a) Array facilities' adjusted support services costs per adjusted  
2 resident day for each facility from facilities' cost reports from the  
3 applicable report year, for facilities located within (~~a metropolitan~~  
4 ~~statistical area~~) urban counties, and for those (~~not~~) located (~~in~~  
5 ~~any metropolitan statistical area~~) within nonurban counties and  
6 determine the median adjusted cost for each peer group;

7 (b) Set each facility's support services component rate at the  
8 lower of the facility's per resident day adjusted support services  
9 costs from the applicable cost report period or the adjusted median per  
10 resident day support services cost for that facility's peer group,  
11 either (~~metropolitan statistical area~~) urban counties or  
12 (~~nonmetropolitan statistical area~~) nonurban counties, plus ten  
13 percent; and

14 (c) Adjust each facility's support services component rate for  
15 economic trends and conditions as provided in RCW 74.46.431(6).

16 (4) The support services component rate allocations calculated in  
17 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary  
18 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

19 **Sec. 13.** RCW 74.46.521 and 1999 c 353 s 8 are each amended to read  
20 as follows:

21 (1) The operations component rate allocation corresponds to the  
22 general operation of a nursing facility for one resident for one day,  
23 including but not limited to management, administration, utilities,  
24 office supplies, accounting and bookkeeping, minor building  
25 maintenance, minor equipment repairs and replacements, and other  
26 supplies and services, exclusive of direct care, therapy care, support  
27 services, property, financing allowance, and variable return.

28 (2) Beginning October 1, 1998, the department shall determine each  
29 medicaid nursing facility's operations component rate allocation using  
30 cost report data specified by RCW 74.46.431(7)(a). Effective July 1,  
31 2002, operations component rates for all facilities except essential  
32 community providers shall be based upon a minimum occupancy of ninety  
33 percent of licensed beds, and no operations component rate shall be  
34 revised in response to beds banked on or after May 25, 2001, under  
35 chapter 70.38 RCW.

36 (3) To determine each facility's operations component rate the  
37 department shall:

1 (a) Array facilities' adjusted general operations costs per  
2 adjusted resident day for each facility from facilities' cost reports  
3 from the applicable report year, for facilities located within ((a  
4 ~~metropolitan statistical area~~) urban counties and for those ((~~not~~)  
5 located ((~~in a metropolitan statistical area~~) within nonurban counties  
6 and determine the median adjusted cost for each peer group;

7 (b) Set each facility's operations component rate at the lower of:  
8 (i) The facility's per resident day adjusted operations costs from  
9 the applicable cost report period adjusted if necessary to a minimum  
10 occupancy of eighty-five percent of licensed beds before July 1, 2002,  
11 and ninety percent effective July 1, 2002; or

12 (ii) The adjusted median per resident day general operations cost  
13 for that facility's peer group, ((~~metropolitan statistical area~~) urban  
14 counties or ((~~nonmetropolitan statistical area~~) nonurban counties; and

15 (c) Adjust each facility's operations component rate for economic  
16 trends and conditions as provided in RCW 74.46.431(7)(b).

17 (4) The operations component rate allocations calculated in  
18 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary  
19 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

20 **Sec. 14.** RCW 74.46.711 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 69 are each  
21 amended to read as follows:

22 Upon the death of a resident with a personal fund deposited with  
23 the facility, the facility must convey within ((~~forty-five~~) thirty  
24 days the resident's funds, and a final accounting of those funds, to  
25 the individual or probate jurisdiction administering the resident's  
26 estate; but in the case of a resident who received long-term care  
27 services paid in whole or in part by the department, the funds and  
28 accounting shall be sent to the state of Washington, department of  
29 social and health services, office of financial recovery. The  
30 department shall establish a release procedure for use for burial  
31 expenses.

32 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 74.46 RCW  
33 to read as follows:

34 The total capital authorization available for any biennial period  
35 shall be specified in the biennial appropriations act and shall be  
36 calculated on an annual basis. When setting the capital authorization

1 level, the legislature shall consider both the need for, and the cost  
2 of, new and replacement beds.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 74.46 RCW  
4 to read as follows:

5 The department shall establish rules for issuing a certificate of  
6 capital authorization. Applications for a certificate of capital  
7 authorization shall be submitted and approved on a biennial basis. The  
8 rules for a certificate of capital authorization shall be consistent  
9 with the following principles:

10 (1) The certificate of capital authorization shall be approved on  
11 a first-come, first-served basis.

12 (2) Those projects that do not receive approval in one  
13 authorization period shall have priority the following biennium should  
14 the project be resubmitted.

15 (3) The department shall have the authority to give priority for a  
16 project that is necessitated by an emergency situation even if the  
17 project is not submitted in a timely fashion. The department shall  
18 establish rules for determining what constitutes an emergency.

19 (4) The department shall establish deadlines for progress and the  
20 department shall have the authority to withdraw the certificate of  
21 capital authorization where the holder of the certificate has not  
22 complied with those deadlines in a good faith manner.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** The joint legislative task force on nursing  
24 homes is hereby created.

25 (1) Membership of the task force shall consist of eight  
26 legislators. The president of the senate shall appoint four members of  
27 the senate, including two members of the majority party and two members  
28 of the minority party. The co-speakers of the house of representatives  
29 shall appoint four members of the house of representatives, including  
30 two members from each party. Each body shall select representatives  
31 from committees with jurisdiction over health and long-term care and  
32 fiscal matters.

33 (2) The task force shall:

34 (a) Consider reports from nursing home organizations, consumers of  
35 long-term care services, and the department of social and health  
36 services on key issues in the delivery of nursing home care in various  
37 areas of the state;

1 (b) Assess the alternative approaches for linking case-mix scores  
2 with service hours and costs developed in accordance with section 18 of  
3 this act;

4 (c) Approve the proposed study plans, and review the reports on  
5 nursing home access, quality of care, quality of resident life, and  
6 employee wage and benefit levels, which are to be submitted in  
7 accordance with section 18 of this act;

8 (d) Review the report which is to be prepared in accordance with  
9 section 18 of this act on the need for additional case mix groupings  
10 and weights; and

11 (e) Consider the evaluation of rebasing alternatives conducted in  
12 accordance with section 18 of this act.

13 (3) The task force shall complete its review and submit its  
14 recommendations to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the  
15 legislature by December 1, 2003.

16 (4) This section expires December 31, 2003.

17 **Sec. 18.** 1998 c 322 s 47 (uncodified) is amended to read as  
18 follows:

19 (1) By December 1, 1998, the department of social and health  
20 services shall study and provide recommendations to the chairs of the  
21 house of representatives appropriations and health care committees, and  
22 the senate ways and means and health and long-term care committees,  
23 concerning options for changing the method for paying facilities for  
24 capital and property related expenses.

25 (2) The department of social and health services shall contract  
26 with an independent and recognized organization to study and evaluate  
27 the impacts of chapter 74.46 RCW implementation on access, quality of  
28 care, quality of life for nursing facility residents, and the wage and  
29 benefit levels of all nursing facility employees. The contractor shall  
30 submit a preliminary report of findings, and recommendations for  
31 further study, to the joint legislative task force on nursing homes by  
32 December 1, 2001. The department and contractor shall incorporate the  
33 task force's recommendations into the final evaluation plan, and submit  
34 interim reports on findings and recommendations to the task force by  
35 October 1, 2002, and July 1, 2003. The department ((shall require,))  
36 and the contractor shall submit((,)) a final report with the results of  
37 this study and evaluation, including their findings and

1 recommendations, to the governor and legislature by ~~((December))~~  
2 October 1, ((2001)) 2003.

3 (3) The department of social and health services shall study and,  
4 as needed, specify additional case mix groups and appropriate case mix  
5 weights to reflect the resource utilization of residents whose care  
6 needs are not adequately identified or reflected in the resource  
7 utilization group III grouper version 5.10. At a minimum, the  
8 department shall study the adequacy of the resource utilization group  
9 III grouper version 5.10, including the minimum data set, for capturing  
10 the care and resource utilization needs of residents with AIDS,  
11 residents with traumatic brain injury, and residents who are  
12 behaviorally challenged. The department shall report its findings to  
13 the ~~((chairs of the house of representatives health care committee and~~  
14 ~~the senate health and long term care committee))~~ joint legislative task  
15 force on nursing homes by December 12, 2002.

16 (4) By ~~((December 12))~~ July 1, 2002, the department of social and  
17 health services shall report to the ~~((legislature))~~ joint legislative  
18 task force on nursing homes and provide an evaluation of the fiscal  
19 impact of rebasing future payments at different intervals, including  
20 the impact of averaging two years' cost data as the basis for rebasing.  
21 This report shall include the fiscal impact to the state and the fiscal  
22 impact to nursing facility providers.

23 (5) By December 1, 2001, the department of social and health  
24 services shall report to the joint legislative task force on nursing  
25 homes on alternative approaches for using client acuity to establish  
26 direct care rates. The alternatives shall link acuity, as measured by  
27 case mix, to the number of hours of service estimated to be provided  
28 for each client, and shall multiply those estimated service hours by  
29 standard wage and benefit rates which account for differences in direct  
30 care labor costs in various areas of the state. The alternatives  
31 reviewed shall provide cost controls and incentives at least equal to  
32 the current rate-setting system, and shall not contain automatic cost  
33 increases, automatic indexing, hold harmless provisions, or mandatory  
34 future rebasing of costs.

35 **Sec. 19.** RCW 70.38.115 and 1996 c 178 s 22 are each amended to  
36 read as follows:

37 (1) Certificates of need shall be issued, denied, suspended, or  
38 revoked by the designee of the secretary in accord with the provisions



1 of this chapter and rules of the department which establish review  
2 procedures and criteria for the certificate of need program.

3 (2) Criteria for the review of certificate of need applications,  
4 except as provided in subsection (3) of this section for health  
5 maintenance organizations, shall include but not be limited to  
6 consideration of the following:

7 (a) The need that the population served or to be served by such  
8 services has for such services;

9 (b) The availability of less costly or more effective alternative  
10 methods of providing such services;

11 (c) The financial feasibility and the probable impact of the  
12 proposal on the cost of and charges for providing health services in  
13 the community to be served;

14 (d) In the case of health services to be provided, (i) the  
15 availability of alternative uses of project resources for the provision  
16 of other health services, (ii) the extent to which such proposed  
17 services will be accessible to all residents of the area to be served,  
18 and (iii) the need for and the availability in the community of  
19 services and facilities for osteopathic physicians and surgeons and  
20 allopathic physicians and their patients. The department shall  
21 consider the application in terms of its impact on existing and  
22 proposed institutional training programs for doctors of osteopathic  
23 medicine and surgery and medicine at the student, internship, and  
24 residency training levels;

25 (e) In the case of a construction project, the costs and methods of  
26 the proposed construction, including the cost and methods of energy  
27 provision, and the probable impact of the construction project reviewed  
28 (i) on the cost of providing health services by the person proposing  
29 such construction project and (ii) on the cost and charges to the  
30 public of providing health services by other persons;

31 (f) The special needs and circumstances of osteopathic hospitals,  
32 nonallopathic services and children's hospitals;

33 (g) Improvements or innovations in the financing and delivery of  
34 health services which foster cost containment and serve to promote  
35 quality assurance and cost-effectiveness;

36 (h) In the case of health services proposed to be provided, the  
37 efficiency and appropriateness of the use of existing services and  
38 facilities similar to those proposed;

1 (i) In the case of existing services or facilities, the quality of  
2 care provided by such services or facilities in the past;

3 (j) In the case of hospital certificate of need applications,  
4 whether the hospital meets or exceeds the regional average level of  
5 charity care, as determined by the secretary; and

6 (k) In the case of nursing home applications:

7 (i) The availability of other nursing home beds in the planning  
8 area to be served; and

9 (ii) The availability of other services in the community to be  
10 served. Data used to determine the availability of other services will  
11 include but not be limited to data provided by the department of social  
12 and health services.

13 (3) A certificate of need application of a health maintenance  
14 organization or a health care facility which is controlled, directly or  
15 indirectly, by a health maintenance organization, shall be approved by  
16 the department if the department finds:

17 (a) Approval of such application is required to meet the needs of  
18 the members of the health maintenance organization and of the new  
19 members which such organization can reasonably be expected to enroll;  
20 and

21 (b) The health maintenance organization is unable to provide,  
22 through services or facilities which can reasonably be expected to be  
23 available to the organization, its health services in a reasonable and  
24 cost-effective manner which is consistent with the basic method of  
25 operation of the organization and which makes such services available  
26 on a long-term basis through physicians and other health professionals  
27 associated with it.

28 A health care facility, or any part thereof, with respect to which  
29 a certificate of need was issued under this subsection may not be sold  
30 or leased and a controlling interest in such facility or in a lease of  
31 such facility may not be acquired unless the department issues a  
32 certificate of need approving the sale, acquisition, or lease.

33 (4) Until the final expiration of the state health plan as provided  
34 under RCW 70.38.919, the decision of the department on a certificate of  
35 need application shall be consistent with the state health plan in  
36 effect, except in emergency circumstances which pose a threat to the  
37 public health. The department in making its final decision may issue  
38 a conditional certificate of need if it finds that the project is  
39 justified only under specific circumstances. The conditions shall

1 directly relate to the project being reviewed. The conditions may be  
2 released if it can be substantiated that the conditions are no longer  
3 valid and the release of such conditions would be consistent with the  
4 purposes of this chapter.

5 (5) Criteria adopted for review in accordance with subsection (2)  
6 of this section may vary according to the purpose for which the  
7 particular review is being conducted or the type of health service  
8 reviewed.

9 (6) The department shall specify information to be required for  
10 certificate of need applications. Within fifteen days of receipt of  
11 the application, the department shall request additional information  
12 considered necessary to the application or start the review process.  
13 Applicants may decline to submit requested information through written  
14 notice to the department, in which case review starts on the date of  
15 receipt of the notice. Applications may be denied or limited because  
16 of failure to submit required and necessary information.

17 (7) Concurrent review is for the purpose of comparative analysis  
18 and evaluation of competing or similar projects in order to determine  
19 which of the projects may best meet identified needs. Categories of  
20 projects subject to concurrent review include at least new health care  
21 facilities, new services, and expansion of existing health care  
22 facilities. The department shall specify time periods for the  
23 submission of applications for certificates of need subject to  
24 concurrent review, which shall not exceed ninety days. Review of  
25 concurrent applications shall start fifteen days after the conclusion  
26 of the time period for submission of applications subject to concurrent  
27 review. Concurrent review periods shall be limited to one hundred  
28 fifty days, except as provided for in rules adopted by the department  
29 authorizing and limiting amendment during the course of the review, or  
30 for an unresolved pivotal issue declared by the department.

31 (8) Review periods for certificate of need applications other than  
32 those subject to concurrent review shall be limited to ninety days.  
33 Review periods may be extended up to thirty days if needed by a review  
34 agency, and for unresolved pivotal issues the department may extend up  
35 to an additional thirty days. A review may be extended in any case if  
36 the applicant agrees to the extension.

37 (9) The department or its designee, shall conduct a public hearing  
38 on a certificate of need application if requested unless the review is  
39 expedited or subject to emergency review. The department by rule shall

1 specify the period of time within which a public hearing must be  
2 requested and requirements related to public notice of the hearing,  
3 procedures, recordkeeping and related matters.

4 (10)(a) Any applicant denied a certificate of need or whose  
5 certificate of need has been suspended or revoked has the right to an  
6 adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by chapter 34.05  
7 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act.

8 (b) Any health care facility or health maintenance organization  
9 that: (i) Provides services similar to the services provided by the  
10 applicant and under review pursuant to this subsection; (ii) is located  
11 within the applicant's health service area; and (iii) testified or  
12 submitted evidence at a public hearing held pursuant to subsection (9)  
13 of this section, shall be provided an opportunity to present oral or  
14 written testimony and argument in a proceeding under this subsection:  
15 PROVIDED, That the health care facility or health maintenance  
16 organization had, in writing, requested to be informed of the  
17 department's decisions.

18 (c) If the department desires to settle with the applicant prior to  
19 the conclusion of the adjudicative proceeding, the department shall so  
20 inform the health care facility or health maintenance organization and  
21 afford them an opportunity to comment, in advance, on the proposed  
22 settlement.

23 (11) An amended certificate of need shall be required for the  
24 following modifications of an approved project:

25 (a) A new service requiring review under this chapter;

26 (b) An expansion of a service subject to review beyond that  
27 originally approved;

28 (c) An increase in bed capacity;

29 (d) A significant reduction in the scope of a nursing home project  
30 without a commensurate reduction in the cost of the nursing home  
31 project, or a cost increase (as represented in bids on a nursing home  
32 construction project or final cost estimates acceptable to the person  
33 to whom the certificate of need was issued) if the total of such  
34 increases exceeds twelve percent or fifty thousand dollars, whichever  
35 is greater, over the maximum capital expenditure approved. The review  
36 of reductions or cost increases shall be restricted to the continued  
37 conformance of the nursing home project with the review criteria  
38 pertaining to financial feasibility and cost containment.

1 (12) An application for a certificate of need for a nursing home  
2 capital expenditure which is determined by the department to be  
3 required to eliminate or prevent imminent safety hazards or correct  
4 violations of applicable licensure and accreditation standards shall be  
5 approved.

6 (13)(a) Replacement of existing nursing home beds in the same  
7 planning area by an existing licensee who has operated the beds for at  
8 least one year shall not require a certificate of need under this  
9 chapter. The licensee shall give written notice of its intent to  
10 replace the existing nursing home beds to the department and shall  
11 provide the department with information as may be required pursuant to  
12 rule. Replacement of the beds by a party other than the licensee is  
13 subject to certificate of need review under this chapter, except as  
14 otherwise permitted by subsection (14) of this section.

15 (b) When an entire nursing home ceases operation, the licensee or  
16 any other party who has secured an interest in the beds may reserve his  
17 or her interest in the beds for eight years or until a certificate of  
18 need to replace them is issued, whichever occurs first. However, the  
19 nursing home, licensee, or any other party who has secured an interest  
20 in the beds must give notice of its intent to retain the beds to the  
21 department of health no later than thirty days after the effective date  
22 of the facility's closure. Certificate of need review shall be  
23 required for any party who has reserved the nursing home beds except  
24 that the need criteria shall be deemed met when the applicant is the  
25 licensee who had operated the beds for at least one year, who has  
26 operated the beds for at least one year immediately preceding the  
27 reservation of the beds, and who is replacing the beds in the same  
28 planning area.

29 (14) In the event that a licensee, who has provided the department  
30 with notice of his or her intent to replace nursing home beds under  
31 subsection (13)(a) of this section, engages in unprofessional conduct  
32 or becomes unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety by  
33 reason of mental or physical condition, pursuant to chapter 18.130 RCW,  
34 (~~((or))~~) dies, or under state or federal law files for bankruptcy, the  
35 building owner shall be permitted to complete the nursing home bed  
36 replacement project, provided the building owner has secured an  
37 interest in the beds.

1        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 20.**    RCW 74.46.908 (Repealer) and 1999 c 353 s  
2 17 are each repealed.

3        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 21.**    If any provision of this act or its  
4 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the  
5 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other  
6 persons or circumstances is not affected.

7        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 22.**    (1) Sections 1 through 19 of this act are  
8 necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health,  
9 or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public  
10 institutions, and take effect July 1, 2001.

11        (2) Section 20 of this act is necessary for the immediate  
12 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the  
13 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect  
14 June 29, 2001.

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