H-3777.1		

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1604

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2002 Regular Session

By House Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections (originally sponsored by Representatives Schual-Berke, Ballasiotes, O'Brien, Skinner, Campbell, Keiser, Ogden, Cody, Kenney, Kagi, Lovick, Edmonds, Darneille and Santos)

Read first time 01/23/2002. Referred to Committee on .

- AN ACT Relating to hospital safety; and amending RCW 9.41.300.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 3 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.41.300 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 429 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 (1) It is unlawful for any person to enter the following places 6 when he or she knowingly possesses or knowingly has under his or her 7 control a weapon:
- 8 (a) The restricted access areas of a jail, or of a law enforcement 9 facility, or any place used for the confinement of a person (i) 10 arrested for, charged with, or convicted of an offense, (ii) held for
- 11 extradition or as a material witness, or (iii) otherwise confined
- 12 pursuant to an order of a court, except an order under chapter 13.32A
- 13 or 13.34 RCW. Restricted access areas do not include common areas of
- 14 egress or ingress open to the general public;
- 15 (b) Those areas in any building which are used in connection with
- 16 court proceedings, including courtrooms, jury rooms, judge's chambers,
- 17 offices and areas used to conduct court business, waiting areas, and
- 18 corridors adjacent to areas used in connection with court proceedings.
- 19 The restricted areas do not include common areas of ingress and egress

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to the building that is used in connection with court proceedings, when it is possible to protect court areas without restricting ingress and egress to the building. The restricted areas shall be the minimum necessary to fulfill the objective of this subsection (1)(b).

5 In addition, the local legislative authority shall provide either a stationary locked box sufficient in size for pistols and key to a 6 7 weapon owner for weapon storage, or shall designate an official to 8 receive weapons for safekeeping, during the owner's visit to restricted 9 areas of the building. The locked box or designated official shall be 10 located within the same building used in connection with court proceedings. The local legislative authority shall be liable for any 11 negligence causing damage to or loss of a weapon either placed in a 12 13 locked box or left with an official during the owner's visit to restricted areas of the building. 14

The local judicial authority shall designate and clearly mark those areas where weapons are prohibited, and shall post notices at each entrance to the building of the prohibition against weapons in the restricted areas;

- (c) The restricted access areas of a public mental health facility certified by the department of social and health services for inpatient hospital care and state institutions for the care of the mentally ill, excluding those facilities solely for evaluation and treatment. Restricted access areas do not include common areas of egress and ingress open to the general public; ((or))
- 25 (d) That portion of an establishment classified by the state liquor 26 control board as off-limits to persons under twenty-one years of age: 27 or
- (e) Any building licensed as a hospital pursuant to chapter 70.41
 RCW. The areas where possession or control of a weapon is restricted
 under this subsection (1)(e) do not include exterior common areas of
 egress and ingress to the building open to the general public.
- 32 (2) Cities, towns, counties, and other municipalities may enact 33 laws and ordinances:
- (a) Restricting the discharge of firearms in any portion of their respective jurisdictions where there is a reasonable likelihood that humans, domestic animals, or property will be jeopardized. Such laws and ordinances shall not abridge the right of the individual guaranteed by Article I, section 24 of the state Constitution to bear arms in defense of self or others; and

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- 1 (b) Restricting the possession of firearms in any stadium or 2 convention center, operated by a city, town, county, or other 3 municipality, except that such restrictions shall not apply to:
- 4 (i) Any pistol in the possession of a person licensed under RCW 9.41.070 or exempt from the licensing requirement by RCW 9.41.060; or
- 6 (ii) Any showing, demonstration, or lecture involving the 7 exhibition of firearms.
- 8 (3)(a) Cities, towns, and counties may enact ordinances restricting 9 the areas in their respective jurisdictions in which firearms may be 10 sold, but, except as provided in (b) of this subsection, a business selling firearms may not be treated more restrictively than other 11 businesses located within the same zone. An ordinance requiring the 12 cessation of business within a zone shall not have a shorter 13 grandfather period for businesses selling firearms than for any other 14 businesses within the zone. 15
- 16 (b) Cities, towns, and counties may restrict the location of a 17 business selling firearms to not less than five hundred feet from primary or secondary school grounds, if the business has a storefront, 18 19 has hours during which it is open for business, and posts 20 advertisements or signs observable to passersby that firearms are available for sale. A business selling firearms that exists as of the 21 date a restriction is enacted under this subsection (3)(b) shall be 22 grandfathered according to existing law. 23
- 24 (4) Violations of local ordinances adopted under subsection (2) of 25 this section must have the same penalty as provided for by state law.
 - (5) The perimeter of the premises of any specific location covered by subsection (1) of this section shall be posted at reasonable intervals to alert the public as to the existence of any law restricting the possession of firearms on the premises.
 - (6) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:
- 31 (a) A person engaged in military activities sponsored by the 32 federal or state governments, while engaged in official duties;
 - (b) Law enforcement personnel; or

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- 34 (c) Security personnel while engaged in official duties.
- (7) Subsection (1)(a) of this section does not apply to a person licensed pursuant to RCW 9.41.070 who, upon entering the place or facility, directly and promptly proceeds to the administrator of the facility or the administrator's designee and obtains written permission to possess the firearm while on the premises or checks his or her

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- 1 firearm. The person may reclaim the firearms upon leaving but must 2 immediately and directly depart from the place or facility.
- 3 (8) Subsection (1)(c) of this section does not apply to any 4 administrator or employee of the facility or to any person who, upon 5 entering the place or facility, directly and promptly proceeds to the 6 administrator of the facility or the administrator's designee and 7 obtains written permission to possess the firearm while on the 8 premises.
- 9 (9) Subsection (1)(d) of this section does not apply to the 10 proprietor of the premises or his or her employees while engaged in 11 their employment.
- 12 (10) Any person violating subsection (1) of this section is guilty 13 of a gross misdemeanor.
- 14 (11) "Weapon" as used in this section means any firearm, explosive 15 as defined in RCW 70.74.010, or instrument or weapon listed in RCW 16 9.41.250.

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