H-2212.1			

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1452

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By House Committee on Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives Linville, G. Chandler, Ruderman, Cooper, Barlean, Ericksen, Quall, Marine, Conway, Rockefeller, Kenney, Pearson, Schual-Berke, Van Luven, Kagi, Keiser, Santos and Wood; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission)

Read first time 03/08/2001. Referred to Committee on .

- 1 AN ACT Relating to funding hazardous liquid and gas pipeline
- 2 safety; amending RCW 19.122.055, 81.88.010, 81.88.060, 81.88.090, and
- 3 81.88.140; adding a new section to chapter 80.24 RCW; adding a new
- 4 section to chapter 81.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 81.88
- 5 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 81.88.050 and 81.88.130;
- 6 providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The intent of this act is to ensure a
- 9 sustainable, comprehensive, pipeline safety program, to protect the
- 10 health and safety of the citizens of the state of Washington, and
- 11 maintain the quality of the state's environment. The legislature finds
- 12 that public safety and the environment are best protected by securing
- 13 permanent funding for this program through establishment of a
- 14 regulatory fee imposed on hazardous liquids and gas pipelines.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 80.24 RCW
- 16 to read as follows:
- 17 (1) Every gas company and every interstate gas pipeline company
- 18 subject to inspection or enforcement by the commission shall pay an

p. 1 2SHB 1452

annual pipeline safety fee to the commission. The aggregate amount of 1 fees set shall be sufficient to recover the reasonable costs of 2 administering the pipeline safety program, taking into account federal 3 4 funds used to offset the costs. At a minimum, the fees established 5 under this section shall be sufficient to adequately fund pipeline inspection personnel, the timely review of pipeline safety and 6 7 integrity plans, the timely development of spill response plans, the 8 timely development of accurate maps of pipeline locations, 9 participation in federal pipeline safety efforts to the extent allowed 10 by law as now or hereafter amended, and the staffing of the citizens committee on pipeline safety at levels the committee determines needed 11 12 to provide oversight. Increases in the aggregate amount of fees over 13 the immediately preceding fiscal year are subject to the requirements 14 of RCW 43.135.055.

- (2) The commission shall by rule establish the methodology it will 15 use to set the appropriate fee for each entity subject to this section. 16 17 The methodology shall provide for an equitable distribution of program costs among all entities subject to the fee. In establishing the 18 19 methodology, the commission shall create an incentive program for 20 allocating fees for pipeline safety in collaboration with the citizens committee. The fee methodology shall provide for: 21
- 22 (a) Direct assignment of average costs associated with annual 23 standard inspections, including the average number of inspection days 24 In establishing these directly assignable costs, the per year. 25 commission shall consider the requirements and guidelines of the 26 federal government, state safety standards, and good engineering 27 practice; and
- (b) A uniform and equitable means of estimating and allocating 28 costs of other duties relating to inspecting pipelines for safety that 29 are not directly assignable, including but not limited to design review and construction inspections, specialized inspections, investigations, geographic mapping system design and maintenance, and 32 33 administrative support.
- 34 (3) The commission shall require reports from those entities 35 subject to this section in the form and at such time as necessary to set the fees. After considering the reports supplied by the entities, 36 37 the commission shall set the amount of the fee payable by each entity by general order entered before July 1st of each year. 38

30

31

(4) The commission shall collect the pipeline safety fee as part of the fee specified in RCW 80.24.010. The commission shall allocate the moneys collected under RCW 80.24.010 between the pipeline safety 4 program and for other regulatory purposes. The commission shall adopt rules that assure that fee moneys related to the pipeline safety program are maintained separately from other moneys collected by the commission under this chapter.

1 2

3

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14 15

16

17

- (5) Any payment of the fee imposed by this section made after its due date must include a late fee of two percent of the amount due. Delinquent fees accrue interest at the rate of one percent per month.
- (6) The commission shall keep accurate records of the costs incurred in administering its gas pipeline safety program, and the records are open to inspection by interested parties. The records and data upon which the commission's determination is made shall be prima facie correct in any proceeding to challenge the reasonableness or correctness of any order of the commission fixing fees and distributing regulatory expenses.
- (7) If any entity seeks to contest the imposition of a fee imposed 18 19 under this section, that entity shall pay the fee and request a refund 20 within six months of the due date for the payment by filing a petition for a refund with the commission. The commission shall establish by 21 rule procedures for handling refund petitions and may delegate the 22 23 decisions on refund petitions to the secretary of the commission.
- 24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 81.24 RCW 25 to read as follows:
- (1) Every hazardous liquid pipeline company as defined in RCW 26 81.88.010 shall pay an annual pipeline safety fee to the commission. 27 The aggregate amount of fees set shall be sufficient to recover the 28 29 reasonable costs of administering the pipeline safety program, taking 30 into account federal funds used to offset the costs. At a minimum, the fees established under this section shall be sufficient to adequately 31 fund pipeline inspection personnel, the timely review of pipeline 32 33 safety and integrity plans, the timely development of spill response 34 plans, the timely development of accurate maps of pipeline locations, participation in federal pipeline safety efforts to the extent allowed 35 36 by law as now or hereafter amended, and the staffing of the citizens committee on pipeline safety at levels the committee determines needed 37 38 to provide oversight. Increases in the aggregate amount of fees over

2SHB 1452 p. 3

- the immediately preceding fiscal year are subject to the requirements of RCW 43.135.055.
- 3 (2) The commission shall by rule establish the methodology it will 4 use to set the appropriate fee for each entity subject to this section. 5 The methodology shall provide for an equitable distribution of program 6 costs among all entities subject to the fee. In establishing the 7 methodology, the commission shall create an incentive program for 8 allocating fees for pipeline safety in collaboration with the citizens 9 committee. The fee methodology shall provide for:
- 10 (a) Direct assignment of average costs associated with annual standard inspections, including the average number of inspection days 12 per year. In establishing these directly assignable costs, the 13 commission shall consider the requirements and guidelines of the 14 federal government, state safety standards, and good engineering 15 practice; and
- (b) A uniform and equitable means of estimating and allocating costs of other duties relating to inspecting pipelines for safety that are not directly assignable, including but not limited to design review and construction inspections, specialized inspections, incident investigations, geographic mapping system design and maintenance, and administrative support.
 - (3) The commission shall require reports from those entities subject to this section in the form and at such time as necessary to set the fees. After considering the reports supplied by the entities, the commission shall set the amount of the fee payable by each entity by general order entered before July 1st of each year.
 - (4) The commission shall collect the pipeline safety fee as part of the fee specified in RCW 81.24.010. The commission shall allocate the moneys collected under RCW 81.24.010 between the pipeline safety program and for other regulatory purposes. The commission shall adopt rules that assure that fee moneys related to the pipeline safety program are maintained separately from other moneys collected by the commission under this chapter.
- 34 (5) Any payment of the fee imposed by this section made after its 35 due date must include a late fee of two percent of the amount due. 36 Delinquent fees accrue interest at the rate of one percent per month.
- 37 (6) The commission shall keep accurate records of the costs 38 incurred in administering its hazardous liquid pipeline safety program, 39 and the records are open to inspection by interested parties. The

2SHB 1452 p. 4

22

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

3233

- 1 records and data upon which the commission's determination is made
- 2 shall be prima facie correct in any proceeding to challenge the
- 3 reasonableness or correctness of any order of the commission fixing
- 4 fees and distributing regulatory expenses.
- 5 (7) If any entity seeks to contest the imposition of a fee imposed
- 6 under this section, that entity shall pay the fee and request a refund
- 7 within six months of the due date for the payment by filing a petition
- 8 for a refund with the commission. The commission shall establish by
- 9 rule procedures for handling refund petitions and may delegate the
- 10 decisions on refund petitions to the secretary of the commission.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 81.88 RCW
- 12 to read as follows:
- The commission shall review staff utilization, inspection activity,
- 14 fee methodology, and costs of the interstate pipeline safety program
- 15 and report to the appropriate legislative committees by November 15,
- 16 2002.
- 17 **Sec. 5.** RCW 19.122.055 and 2000 c 191 s 24 are each amended to
- 18 read as follows:
- 19 (1) Any person who fails to notify the one-number locator service
- 20 and causes damage to a hazardous liquid or gas pipeline is subject to
- 21 a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars for each
- 22 violation.
- 23 (2) All civil penalties recovered under this section ((relating to
- 24 hazardous liquid pipelines)) shall be deposited into the ((hazardous
- 25 liquid pipeline safety account created in RCW 81.88.050. All civil
- 26 penalties recovered under this section relating to gas pipelines shall
- 27 be deposited in the general fund and expended for the purpose of
- 28 enforcement of gas pipeline safety laws)) general fund.
- 29 **Sec. 6.** RCW 81.88.010 and 2000 c 191 s 2 are each amended to read
- 30 as follows:
- 31 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter
- 32 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 33 (1) "Commission" means the utilities and transportation commission.
- 34 (2) (("Department" means the department of ecology.

p. 5 2SHB 1452

- 1 (3)) "Failsafe" means a design feature that will maintain or 2 result in a safe condition in the event of malfunction or failure of a 3 power supply, component, or control device.
- 4 (((4))) (3) "Gas" means natural gas, flammable gas, or toxic or 5 corrosive gas.
- 6 ((\(\frac{(\((\frac{5}{)}\)}{)}\)) (4) "Gas pipeline" means all parts of a pipeline facility
 7 through which gas moves in transportation, including, but not limited
 8 to, line pipe, valves, and other appurtenances connected to line pipe,
 9 pumping units, fabricated assemblies associated with pumping units,
 10 metering and delivery stations and fabricated assemblies therein, and
 11 breakout tanks. "Gas pipeline" does not include process or transfer
- (((6))) <u>(5)</u> "Gas pipeline company" means a person or entity constructing, owning, or operating a gas pipeline for transporting gas.

 A "gas pipeline company" does not include: (a) Distribution systems
- owned and operated under franchise for the sale, delivery, or distribution of natural gas at retail; or (b) excavation contractors or other contractors that contract with a gas pipeline company.
- 19 (((7))) <u>(6)</u> "Hazardous liquid" means: (a) Petroleum, petroleum 20 products, or anhydrous ammonia as those terms are defined in 49 C.F.R. 21 Part 195 in effect March 1, 1998; and (b) carbon dioxide.
- 22 $((\frac{8}{0}))$ "Local government" means a political subdivision of the 23 state or a city or town.
- (((9))) <u>(8)</u> "Person" means an individual, partnership, franchise holder, association, corporation, a state, a city, a county, or any political subdivision or instrumentality of a state, and its employees, agents, or legal representatives.
- (((10))) <u>(9)</u> "Pipeline," "pipeline system," or "hazardous liquid 28 pipeline" means all parts of a pipeline facility through which a 29 30 hazardous liquid moves in transportation, including, but not limited to, line pipe, valves, and other appurtenances connected to line pipe, 31 pumping units, fabricated assemblies associated with pumping units, 32 33 metering and delivery stations and fabricated assemblies therein, and 34 breakout tanks. "Pipeline" or "pipeline system" does not include 35 process or transfer pipelines.
- ((\(\frac{(11)}{11}\))) (10) "Pipeline company" or "hazardous liquid pipeline company" means a person or entity constructing, owning, or operating a pipeline for transporting hazardous liquid. A "pipeline company" does not include: (a) Distribution systems owned and operated under

2SHB 1452 p. 6

12

pipelines.

- 1 franchise for the sale, delivery, or distribution of natural gas at 2 retail; or (b) excavation contractors or other contractors that 3 contract with a pipeline company.
- 4 (((12))) <u>(11)</u> "Reportable release" means a spilling, leaking, 5 pouring, emitting, discharging, or any other uncontrolled escape of a 6 hazardous liquid in excess of one barrel, or forty-two gallons.
- 7 (((13))) <u>(12)</u> "Safety management systems" means management systems 8 that include coordinated and interdisciplinary evaluations of the 9 effect of significant changes to a pipeline system before such changes 10 are implemented.
- $((\frac{14}{14}))$ "Transfer pipeline" means a buried or aboveground 11 pipeline used to carry oil between a tank vessel or transmission 12 pipeline and the first valve inside secondary containment at the 13 facility provided that any discharge on the facility side of that first 14 15 valve will not directly impact waters of the state. A transfer pipeline includes valves, and other appurtenances connected to the 16 pipeline, pumping units, and fabricated assemblies associated with 17 pumping units. A transfer pipeline does not include process pipelines, 18 19 pipelines carrying ballast or bilge water, transmission pipelines, or 20 tank vessel or storage tanks.
- (((15))) <u>(14)</u> "Transmission pipeline" means a gas pipeline that transports gas within a storage field, or transports gas from an interstate pipeline or storage facility to a distribution main or a large volume gas user, or operates at a hoop stress of twenty percent or more of the specified minimum yield strength.
- 26 **Sec. 7.** RCW 81.88.060 and 2000 c 191 s 5 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- (1) A comprehensive program of hazardous liquid pipeline safety is authorized by RCW 81.88.010, 81.88.040, ((81.88.050,)) 81.88.090, 81.88.100, ((81.88.130,)) 48.48.160, and this section to be developed and implemented consistent with federal law. ((Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section,)) The commission shall administer and enforce all laws related to hazardous liquid pipeline safety.
- (2) The commission shall adopt rules for pipeline safety standards for hazardous liquid pipeline transportation that:
- 36 (a) Require pipeline companies to design, construct, operate, and 37 maintain their pipeline facilities so they are safe and efficient;

p. 7 2SHB 1452

- 1 (b) Require pipeline companies to rapidly locate and isolate all 2 reportable releases from pipelines, that may include:
 - (i) Installation of remote control shut-off valves; and
- 4 (ii) Installation of remotely monitored pressure gauges and meters;
- 5 (c) Require the training and certification of personnel who operate 6 pipelines and the associated systems;
- 7 (d) Require reporting of emergency situations, including emergency 8 shutdowns and material defects or physical damage that impair the 9 serviceability of a pipeline; and
- (e) Require pipeline companies to submit operations safety plans to the commission once every five years, as well as any amendments to the plan made necessary by changes to the pipeline system or its operation.
- 13 The safety plan shall include emergency response procedures.
- 14 (3) The commission shall approve operations safety plans if they
 15 have been deemed fit for service. A plan shall be deemed fit for
 16 service when it provides for pipelines that are designed, developed,
 17 constructed, operated, and periodically modified to provide for
 18 protection of public safety and the environment. Pipeline operations
 19 safety plans shall, at a minimum, include:
- 20 (a) A schedule of inspection and testing within the pipeline 21 distribution system of:
- 22 (i) All mechanical components;
- 23 (ii) All electronic components; and
- (iii) The structural integrity of all pipelines as determined through pressure testing, internal inspection tool surveys, or another appropriate technique;
 - (b) Failsafe systems;
 - (c) Safety management systems; and
- 29 (d) Emergency management training for pipeline operators.
- 30 (4) The commission shall coordinate information related to pipeline 31 safety by providing technical assistance to local planning and siting 32 authorities.
- 33 (5) The commission shall evaluate, and consider adopting, proposals 34 developed by the federal office of pipeline safety, the national 35 transportation safety board, and other agencies and organizations 36 related to methods and technologies for testing the integrity of 37 pipeline structure, leak detection, and other elements of pipeline 38 operation.

3

27

28

- (((6) The authorities of RCW 81.88.010, 81.88.040, 81.88.050,
 81.88.090, 81.88.100, 81.88.130, 48.48.160, and this section relating
 to hazardous liquid pipeline safety shall be transferred from the
 commission to the department pursuant to RCW 81.88.130 upon the
 occurrence of either:
- 6 (a) Amendments to federal pipeline safety laws to eliminate 7 preemption of state authority to regulate safety requirements for such 8 pipelines; or
- 9 (b) The granting of federal authority to the state to enforce or 10 adopt any safety requirements for interstate hazardous liquid 11 pipelines.))
- 12 **Sec. 8.** RCW 81.88.090 and 2000 c 191 s 9 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- (1) The commission ((and the department)) shall apply for federal delegation for the state's program for the purposes of enforcement of federal hazardous liquid pipeline safety requirements. If the secretary of transportation delegates inspection authority to the state as provided in this subsection, the ((department)) commission, at a minimum, shall do the following:
- 20 (a) Inspect hazardous liquid pipelines periodically as specified in 21 the inspection program;
- 22 (b) Collect fees;
- (c) Order and oversee the testing of hazardous liquid pipelines as authorized by federal law and regulation; and
- 25 (d) File reports with the United States secretary of transportation 26 as required to maintain the delegated authority.
- (2) The commission ((and the department)) shall also seek federal authority to adopt safety standards related to the monitoring and testing of interstate hazardous liquid pipelines.
- (3) Upon delegation under subsection (1) of this section or under a grant of authority under subsection (2) of this section, to the extent authorized by federal law, the ((department)) commission shall adopt rules for interstate pipelines that are no less stringent than the state's laws and rules for intrastate hazardous liquid pipelines.
- 35 **Sec. 9.** RCW 81.88.140 and 2000 c 191 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

p. 9 2SHB 1452

- (1) The citizens committee on pipeline safety is established to 1 2 advise the state agencies and other appropriate federal and local government agencies and officials on matters relating to hazardous 3 4 liquid and gas pipeline safety, routing, construction, operation, and maintenance. The committee shall serve as an advisory committee for 5 the commission on matters relating to the commission's pipeline safety 6 programs and activities. The commission shall consult with and provide 7 8 periodic reports to the committee on matters related to the 9 commission's pipeline safety programs and activities, including but not 10 limited to the development and regular review of funding elements for pipeline safety programs and activities. 11
- (2) The committee shall have thirteen total members who shall be 12 13 appointed by the governor to staggered three-year terms and shall consist of: (a) Nine members representing local government, including 14 15 elected officials and the public; and (b) four nonvoting members, 16 representing owners and operators of hazardous liquid and pipelines. All members of the committee, voting and nonvoting, may 17 participate fully in the committee's meetings, activities, 18 19 deliberations and shall timely receive all notices and information related to committee business and decisions. 20
- 21 (3) The committee shall review and comment on proposed rules and 22 the operation of the state pipeline safety programs.
- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (4) The committee may create one or more technical advisory committees comprised of gas and hazardous liquid pipeline owners or operators, agency representatives, natural resource and environmental interests, or other interested parties.
- (((3))) <u>(5)</u> The committee established in ((subsection (1) of)) this section constitutes a class one group under RCW 43.03.220. Expenses for this group, as well as staff support, shall be provided by the utilities and transportation commission ((and, if additional pipeline authority is transferred to it, the department of ecology)).
- 32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** The following acts or parts of acts are 33 each repealed:
- 34 (1) RCW 81.88.050 (Hazardous liquid pipeline safety account) and 35 2000 c 191 s 4; and
- 36 (2) RCW 81.88.130 (Transfer of powers, duties, and functions of 37 commission to department--Delegation of federal authority--38 Determination by office of financial management) and 2000 c 191 s 13.

2SHB 1452 p. 10

- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
- 3 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect

4 July 1, 2001.

--- END ---

p. 11 2SHB 1452