FINAL BILL REPORT SSB 5263

C 133 L 01

Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Changing provisions relating to employment rights of members of reserve and national guard forces.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Labor, Commerce & Financial Institutions (originally sponsored by Senators Snyder, Rasmussen and Gardner).

Senate Committee on Labor, Commerce & Financial Institutions House Committee on Commerce & Labor

Background: Federal law protects the employment rights of members of the national armed services (the Federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994). Washington State does not have a parallel law protecting the employment rights of members of the reserve armed services and Washington State Air National Guard and Army National Guard.

It is believed that a state law would encourage noncareer service in the armed forces, and minimize the disruption to civilian careers.

Summary: Members of military uniformed services, or applicants for membership in such services, cannot be denied employment, reemployment, job retention, promotion or any benefit of employment on the basis of military service. Employers cannot discriminate against employees based upon their military status, or use that status as a "motivating factor" in taking action against them.

However, an employer is not required to reemploy someone who was working in a short-term, nonrecurrent job, or if circumstances have changed so that reemployment would be unreasonable and impose an undue hardship on the employer. The burden of proof is on the employer.

In order to be protected under this law, the worker must have an honorable discharge or other evidence of satisfactory service, and must apply for reemployment in a timely manner.

A worker with employment-based health care coverage can make arrangements to continue the coverage under certain conditions, and may have certain pension rights that continue upon reemployment.

Legal remedies under this law include actions arising from state call-up situations, brought against noncompliant employers by the Attorney General, or by private right of action, in cases where a guard and reserve ombudsman is unable to resolve the conflict.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate Bill Report - 1 - SSB 5263

Senate 47 0

House 94 0 (House amended) Senate 44 0 (Senate concurred)

Effective: May 2, 2001

Senate Bill Report - 2 - SSB 5263