H-3764.	1	

## HOUSE BILL 2482

\_\_\_\_\_

State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

By Representatives Veloria, Ballasiotes, Conway, Dunn, O'Brien, D. Sommers, Crouse, Cairnes, Hurst, Santos and Kenney

Read first time 01/14/2000. Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the release of sex offenders; and amending RCW
- 2 4.24.550 and 72.09.340.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 4.24.550 and 1998 c 220 s 6 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) Public agencies are authorized to release information to the
- 7 public regarding sex offenders and kidnapping offenders when the agency
- 8 determines that disclosure of the information is relevant and necessary
- 9 to protect the public and counteract the danger created by the
- 10 particular offender. This authorization applies to information
- 11 regarding: (a) Any person adjudicated or convicted of a sex offense as
- 12 defined in RCW 9A.44.130 or a kidnapping offense as defined by RCW
- 13 9A.44.130; (b) any person under the jurisdiction of the indeterminate
- 14 sentence review board as the result of a sex offense or kidnapping
- 15 offense; (c) any person committed as a sexually violent predator under
- 16 chapter 71.09 RCW or as a sexual psychopath under chapter 71.06 RCW;
- 17 (d) any person found not guilty of a sex offense or kidnapping offense
- 18 by reason of insanity under chapter 10.77 RCW; and (e) any person found

p. 1 HB 2482

incompetent to stand trial for a sex offense or kidnapping offense and subsequently committed under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW.

1

2

4

5

6 7

8

- (2) The extent of the public disclosure of relevant and necessary information shall be rationally related to: (a) The level of risk posed by the offender to the community; (b) the locations where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; and (c) the needs of the affected community members for information to enhance their individual and collective safety.
- 9 (3) Local law enforcement agencies shall consider the following 10 quidelines in determining the extent of a public disclosure made under this section: (a) For offenders classified as risk level I, the agency 11 12 shall share information with other appropriate law enforcement agencies 13 and may disclose, upon request, relevant, necessary, and accurate information to any victim or witness to the offense and to any 14 15 individual community member who lives near the residence where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; (b) for 16 offenders classified as risk level II, the agency may also disclose 17 relevant, necessary, and accurate information to public and private 18 19 schools, child day care centers, family day care providers, businesses 20 and organizations that serve primarily children, women, or vulnerable adults, and neighbors and community groups near the residence where the 21 offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; and (c) for 22 23 offenders classified as risk level III, the agency may also disclose 24 relevant, necessary, and accurate information to the public at large.
- 25 (4) Local law enforcement agencies that disseminate information 26 pursuant to this section shall: (a) Review available risk level classifications made by the department of corrections, the department 27 of social and health services, and the indeterminate sentence review 28 29 board; (b) assign risk level classifications to all offenders about 30 whom information will be disseminated; and (c) make a good faith effort 31 to notify the public and residents at least fourteen days before the offender is released from confinement or, where an offender moves from 32 another jurisdiction, or moves after notification is made under 33 34 subsection (5) of this section, as soon as possible after the agency learns of the offender's move, except that in no case may this 35 notification provision be construed to require an extension of an 36 37 offender's release date. The juvenile court shall provide local law enforcement officials with all relevant information on offenders 38 39 allowed to remain in the community in a timely manner.

HB 2482 p. 2

- (5) The department of corrections is responsible for public 1 notification under this section with respect to an offender classified 2 3 as level II or III who is being released from a state correctional 4 facility. The department of social and health services is responsible for public notification under this section with respect to an offender 5 classified as level II or III who is being released from a juvenile 6 rehabilitation administration facility. In carrying out such 7 8 notification, the agencies shall follow the guidelines set forth in 9 subsection (3) of this section and shall make a good faith effort to accomplish such notification at least fourteen days before the offender 10 is released from confinement. In no case may this notification 11 provision be construed to require an extension of an offender's release 12 13 date.
- 14 (6) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or 15 public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for damages for any discretionary risk level classification decisions 16 17 or release of relevant and necessary information, unless it is shown that the official, employee, or agency acted with gross negligence or 18 19 in bad faith. The immunity in this section applies to risk level classification decisions and the release of relevant and necessary 20 information regarding any individual for whom disclosure is authorized. 21 The decision of a local law enforcement agency or official to classify 22 an offender to a risk level other than the one assigned by the 23 24 department of corrections, the department of social and health 25 services, or the indeterminate sentence review board, or the release of 26 any relevant and necessary information based on that different classification shall not, by itself, be considered gross negligence or 27 28 bad faith. The immunity provided under this section applies to the 29 release of relevant and necessary information to other public 30 officials, public employees, or public agencies, and to the general 31 public.
- (((6))) (7) Except as may otherwise be provided by law, nothing in this section shall impose any liability upon a public official, public employee, or public agency for failing to release information authorized under this section.
- $((\frac{(7)}{)})$  (8) Nothing in this section implies that information regarding persons designated in subsection (1) of this section is confidential except as may otherwise be provided by law.

p. 3 HB 2482

- (((8))) (9) When a local law enforcement agency or official classifies an offender differently than the offender is classified by the department of corrections, the department of social and health services, or the indeterminate sentence review board, the law enforcement agency or official shall notify the appropriate department or the board and submit its reasons supporting the change in classification.
- 8 **Sec. 2.** RCW 72.09.340 and 1996 c 215 s 3 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- (1) In making all discretionary decisions regarding release plans 10 for and supervision of sex offenders, the department shall set 11 12 priorities and make decisions based on an assessment of public safety In approving residence locations for level II and III sex 13 14 offenders, the department shall take into consideration the proximity of the residence locations of other level II and III sex offenders, 15 with the intention of limiting the number of such offenders living in 16 17 any one area.
- 18 (2) The department shall, no later than September 1, 1996, 19 implement a policy governing the department's evaluation and approval of release plans for sex offenders. The policy shall include, at a 20 minimum, a formal process by which victims, witnesses, and other 21 interested people may provide information and comments to the 22 23 department on potential safety risks to specific individuals or classes 24 of individuals posed by a specific sex offender. The department shall 25 make all reasonable efforts to publicize the availability of this process through currently existing mechanisms and shall seek the 26 assistance of courts, prosecutors, law enforcement, and victims' 27 advocacy groups in doing so. Notice of an offender's proposed 28 29 residence shall be provided to all people registered to receive notice 30 of an offender's release under RCW 9.94A.155(2), except that in no case may this notification requirement be construed to require an extension 31 of an offender's release date. 32
- 33 (3) For any offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a
  34 minor victim after June 6, 1996, the department shall not approve a
  35 residence location if the proposed residence: (a) Includes a minor
  36 victim or child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim who
  37 the department determines may be put at substantial risk of harm by the
  38 offender's residence in the household; or (b) is within close proximity

HB 2482 p. 4

of the current residence of a minor victim, unless the whereabouts of 1 the minor victim cannot be determined or unless such a restriction 2 would impede family reunification efforts ordered by the court or 3 4 directed by the department of social and health services. department is further authorized to reject a residence location if the 5 proposed residence is within close proximity to schools, child care 6 7 centers, playgrounds, or other grounds or facilities where children of 8 similar age or circumstance as a previous victim are present who the 9 department determines may be put at substantial risk of harm by the sex offender's residence at that location. 10

(4) When the department requires supervised visitation as a term or condition of a sex offender's community placement under RCW 9.94A.120(9)(c)(vi), the department shall, prior to approving a supervisor, consider the following:

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

(a) The relationships between the proposed supervisor, the offender, and the minor; (b) the proposed supervisor's acknowledgment and understanding of the offender's prior criminal conduct, general knowledge of the dynamics of child sexual abuse, and willingness and ability to protect the minor from the potential risks posed by contact with the offender; and (c) recommendations made by the department of social and health services about the best interests of the child.

--- END ---

p. 5 HB 2482