H-1254.1	

HOUSE BILL 1803

State of Washington

56th Legislature

1999 Regular Session

By Representative Ericksen

Read first time 02/05/1999. Referred to Committee on Local Government.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to making technical revisions to provisions
- 2 affecting master planned resorts; and amending RCW 36.70A.030,
- 3 36.70A.360, and 36.70A.362.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 36.70A.030 and 1997 c 429 s 3 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 9 (1) "Adopt a comprehensive land use plan" means to enact a new 10 comprehensive land use plan or to update an existing comprehensive land 11 use plan.
- 12 (2) "Agricultural land" means land primarily devoted to the
- 13 commercial production of horticultural, viticultural, floricultural,
- 14 dairy, apiary, vegetable, or animal products or of berries, grain, hay,
- 15 straw, turf, seed, Christmas trees not subject to the excise tax
- 16 imposed by RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, finfish in upland
- 17 hatcheries, or livestock, and that has long-term commercial
- 18 significance for agricultural production.
- 19 (3) "City" means any city or town, including a code city.

p. 1 HB 1803

- (4) "Comprehensive land use plan," "comprehensive plan," or "plan" 1 2 means a generalized coordinated land use policy statement of the 3 governing body of a county or city that is adopted pursuant to this 4 chapter.
- (5) "Critical areas" include the following areas and ecosystems: 5 (a) Wetlands; (b) areas with a critical recharging effect on aquifers 6 7 used for potable water; (c) fish and wildlife habitat conservation 8 areas; (d) frequently flooded areas; and (e) geologically hazardous 9 areas.
- 10 (6) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and 11 economic development.
- (7) "Development regulations" or "regulation" means the controls 12 13 placed on development or land use activities by a county or city, including, but not limited to, zoning ordinances, critical areas 14 15 ordinances, shoreline master programs, official controls, planned unit 16 development ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and binding site plan 17 ordinances together with any amendments thereto. A development regulation does not include a decision to approve a project permit 18 19 application, as defined in RCW 36.70B.020, even though the decision may 20 be expressed in a resolution or ordinance of the legislative body of 21 the county or city.
- (8) "Forest land" means land primarily devoted to growing trees for 22 23 long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically 24 and practically managed for such production, including Christmas trees subject to the excise tax imposed under RCW 84.33.100 through 26 84.33.140, and that has long-term commercial significance. 27 determining whether forest land is primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be 29 economically and practically managed for such production, the following 30 factors shall be considered: (a) The proximity of the land to urban, suburban, and rural settlements; (b) surrounding parcel size and the compatibility and intensity of adjacent and nearby land uses; (c) long-32 term local economic conditions that affect the ability to manage for 33 34 timber production; and (d) the availability of public facilities and services conducive to conversion of forest land to other uses.
- (9) "Geologically hazardous areas" means areas that because of 36 37 their susceptibility to erosion, sliding, earthquake, or other geological events, are not suited to the siting of commercial, 38

HB 1803 p. 2

25

28

31

35

- 1 residential, or industrial development consistent with public health or 2 safety concerns.
- 3 (10) "Long-term commercial significance" includes the growing 4 capacity, productivity, and soil composition of the land for long-term 5 commercial production, in consideration with the land's proximity to 6 population areas, and the possibility of more intense uses of the land.
- 7 (11) "Master planned resort" means a self-contained and fully
 8 integrated planned unit development, in a setting of significant
 9 natural amenities, with primary focus on destination resort facilities
 10 consisting of short-term visitor accommodations associated with a range
 11 of developed on-site indoor or outdoor recreational facilities.
- 12 <u>(12)</u> "Minerals" include gravel, sand, and valuable metallic 13 substances.
- (((12))) <u>(13)</u> "Public facilities" include streets, roads, highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, domestic water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, parks and recreational facilities, and schools.
- $((\frac{13}{13}))$ (14) "Public services" include fire protection and suppression, law enforcement, public health, education, recreation, environmental protection, and other governmental services.
- $((\frac{14}{1}))$ (15) "Rural character" refers to the patterns of land use and development established by a county in the rural element of its comprehensive plan:
- 24 (a) In which open space, the natural landscape, and vegetation 25 predominate over the built environment;
- 26 (b) That foster traditional rural lifestyles, rural-based 27 economies, and opportunities to both live and work in rural areas;
- (c) That provide visual landscapes that are traditionally found in rural areas and communities;
- 30 (d) That are compatible with the use of the land by wildlife and 31 for fish and wildlife habitat;
- 32 (e) That reduce the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land 33 into sprawling, low-density development;
- 34 (f) That generally do not require the extension of urban 35 governmental services; and
- (g) That are consistent with the protection of natural surface water flows and ground water and surface water recharge and discharge areas.

p. 3 HB 1803

(((15))) (16) "Rural development" refers to development outside the urban growth area and outside agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. development can consist of a variety of uses and residential densities, including clustered residential development, at levels that with the preservation of rural character consistent and the requirements of the rural element. Rural development does not refer to agriculture or forestry activities that may be conducted in rural areas.

(((16))) (<u>17)</u> "Rural governmental services" or "rural services" include those public services and public facilities historically and typically delivered at an intensity usually found in rural areas, and may include domestic water systems, fire and police protection services, transportation and public transit services, and other public utilities associated with rural development and normally not associated with urban areas. Rural services do not include storm or sanitary sewers, except as otherwise authorized by RCW 36.70A.110(4).

((\(\frac{(17\)}{18}\))) (18) "Urban growth" refers to growth that makes intensive use of land for the location of buildings, structures, and impermeable surfaces to such a degree as to be incompatible with the primary use of land for the production of food, other agricultural products, or fiber, or the extraction of mineral resources, rural uses, rural development, and natural resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. A pattern of more intensive rural development, as provided in RCW 36.70A.070(5)(d), is not urban growth. When allowed to spread over wide areas, urban growth typically requires urban governmental services. "Characterized by urban growth" refers to land having urban growth located on it, or to land located in relationship to an area with urban growth on it as to be appropriate for urban growth.

(((18))) (19) "Urban growth areas" means those areas designated by 31 a county pursuant to RCW 36.70A.110.

(((19))) (<u>20)</u> "Urban governmental services" or "urban services" include those public services and public facilities at an intensity historically and typically provided in cities, specifically including storm and sanitary sewer systems, domestic water systems, street cleaning services, fire and police protection services, public transit services, and other public utilities associated with urban areas and normally not associated with rural areas.

HB 1803 p. 4

- $((\frac{20}{10}))$ "Wetland" or "wetlands" means areas that are 1 2 inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances 3 4 do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in 5 saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands do not include those artificial 6 7 wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland sites, including, but 8 not limited to, irrigation and drainage ditches, grass-lined swales, 9 canals, detention facilities, wastewater treatment facilities, farm 10 ponds, and landscape amenities, or those wetlands created after July 1, 1990, that were unintentionally created as a result of the construction 11 of a road, street, or highway. Wetlands may include those artificial 12 13 wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland areas created to mitigate conversion of wetlands. 14
- 15 **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.70A.360 and 1998 c 112 s 2 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
- 17 (1) Counties ((that are required or choose to plan)) planning under 18 RCW 36.70A.040 may permit master planned resorts, which may constitute 19 urban growth outside ((of)) urban growth areas as limited by this section((. A master planned resort means a self-contained and fully 20 integrated planned unit development, in a setting of significant 21 natural amenities, with primary focus on destination resort facilities 22 23 consisting of short term visitor accommodations associated with a range 24 of developed on-site indoor or outdoor recreational facilities)), only 25 <u>if:</u>
- 26 <u>(a) The comprehensive plan specifically identifies policies to</u>
 27 guide the development of master planned resorts;
- 28 <u>(b) The comprehensive plan and development regulations include</u>
 29 restrictions that preclude new urban or suburban land uses in the
 30 vicinity of the master planned resort, except in areas otherwise
 31 designated for urban growth under RCW 36.70A.110;
- (c) The county includes a finding as a part of the approval process
 that the land is better suited, and has more long-term importance, for
 the master planned resort than for the commercial harvesting of timber
 or agricultural production, if located on land that otherwise would be
 designated as forest land or agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170;

p. 5 HB 1803

- 4 <u>(e) On-site and off-site infrastructure and service impacts are</u> 5 <u>fully considered and mitigated</u>.

6 7

8

9

- (2) Capital facilities, utilities, and services, including those related to sewer, water, storm water, security, fire suppression, and emergency medical, provided on-site shall be limited to meeting the needs of the master planned resort.
- ((Such)) (3) Capital facilities, utilities, and services may be 10 provided to a master planned resort by outside service providers, 11 12 including municipalities and special purpose districts, ((provided 13 that)) if the master planned resort bears all costs associated with service extensions and capacity increases directly attributable to the 14 15 master planned resort ((are fully borne by the resort)). A master planned resort and service providers may enter into agreements for 16 17 shared capital facilities and utilities((, provided that)) if such facilities and utilities serve only the master planned resort or urban 18 19 growth areas.
- 20 (4) Nothing in ((this)) subsection (2) or (3) of this section may 21 be construed as: Establishing an order of priority for processing 22 applications for water right permits, for granting such permits, or for 23 issuing certificates of water right; altering or authorizing in any 24 manner the alteration of the place of use for a water right; or 25 affecting or impairing in any manner whatsoever an existing water 26 right.
- All waters or the use of waters shall be regulated and controlled as provided in chapters 90.03 and 90.44 RCW and not otherwise.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (5) A master planned resort may include other residential uses within its boundaries(($\frac{5}{3}$)) only if the residential uses are integrated into and support the on-site recreational nature of the resort.
- 33 (((4) A master planned resort may be authorized by a county only 34 if:
- 35 (a) The comprehensive plan specifically identifies policies to 36 guide the development of master planned resorts;
- 37 (b) The comprehensive plan and development regulations include 38 restrictions that preclude new urban or suburban land uses in the

нв 1803 р. б

vicinity of the master planned resort, except in areas otherwise designated for urban growth under RCW 36.70A.110;

1

2

- 3 (c) The county includes a finding as a part of the approval process
 4 that the land is better suited, and has more long-term importance, for
 5 the master planned resort than for the commercial harvesting of timber
 6 or agricultural production, if located on land that otherwise would be
 7 designated as forest land or agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170;
- 8 (d) The county ensures that the resort plan is consistent with the 9 development regulations established for critical areas; and
- 10 (e) On-site and off-site infrastructure and service impacts are
 11 fully considered and mitigated.))
- 12 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.70A.362 and 1997 c 382 s 1 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- (1) Counties ((that are required or choose to plan)) planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may include existing resorts as master planned resorts, which may constitute urban growth outside ((of)) urban growth areas as limited by this section, only if:
- 18 <u>(a) The comprehensive plan specifically identifies policies to</u>
 19 guide the development of the existing resort;
- 20 <u>(b) The comprehensive plan and development regulations include</u> 21 restrictions that preclude new urban or suburban land uses in the 22 vicinity of the existing resort, except in areas otherwise designated 23 for urban growth under RCW 36.70A.110 and 36.70A.360(1);
- (c) The county includes a finding as a part of the approval process
 that the land is better suited, and has more long-term importance, for
 the existing resort than for the commercial harvesting of timber or
 agricultural production, if located on land that otherwise would be
 designated as forest land or agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170;
- 29 <u>(d) The county finds that the resort plan is consistent with the</u> 30 development regulations established for critical areas; and
- 31 <u>(e) On-site and off-site infrastructure impacts are fully</u> 32 considered and mitigated.
- (2) A county may allocate a portion of its twenty-year population projection, prepared by the office of financial management, to the master planned resort corresponding to the projected number of permanent residents within the master planned resort.
- 37 (3) For purposes of this section, an existing resort means a resort 38 in existence on July 1, 1990, and developed, in whole or in part, as a

p. 7 HB 1803

- significantly self-contained and integrated development that includes 1 short-term visitor accommodations associated with a range of indoor and 2 outdoor recreational facilities within the property boundaries in a 3 4 setting of significant natural amenities. An existing resort may include other permanent residential uses, conference facilities, and 5 commercial activities supporting the resort((, but)) only if these 6 7 other uses are integrated into and consistent with the on-site 8 recreational nature of the resort. 9 ((An existing resort may be authorized by a county only if:
- 10 (1) The comprehensive plan specifically identifies policies to
 11 guide the development of the existing resort;
- 12 (2) The comprehensive plan and development regulations include 13 restrictions that preclude new urban or suburban land uses in the 14 vicinity of the existing resort, except in areas otherwise designated 15 for urban growth under RCW 36.70A.110 and 36.70A.360(1);
 - (3) The county includes a finding as a part of the approval process that the land is better suited, and has more long-term importance, for the existing resort than for the commercial harvesting of timber or agricultural production, if located on land that otherwise would be designated as forest land or agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170;
 - (4) The county finds that the resort plan is consistent with the development regulations established for critical areas; and
- 23 (5) On-site and off-site infrastructure impacts are fully 24 considered and mitigated.
 - A county may allocate a portion of its twenty year population projection, prepared by the office of financial management, to the master planned resort corresponding to the projected number of permanent residents within the master planned resort.))

--- END ---

HB 1803 p. 8

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

25

26

27

28