- 2 **SHB 2903** S COMM AMD
- 3 By Committee on Judiciary
- 4 NOT ADOPTED 3/2/00
- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "Sec. 1. RCW 9.73.090 and 1989 c 271 s 205 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) The provisions of RCW 9.73.030 through 9.73.080 shall not apply 10 to police, fire, emergency medical service, emergency communication 11 center, and poison center personnel in the following instances:
- 12 (a) Recording incoming telephone calls to police and fire stations, 13 licensed emergency medical service providers, emergency communication
- 14 centers, and poison centers;
- (b) Video and/or sound recordings may be made of arrested persons by police officers responsible for making arrests or holding persons in custody before their first appearance in court. Such video and/or sound recordings shall conform strictly to the following:
- 19 (i) The arrested person shall be informed that such recording is 20 being made and the statement so informing him shall be included in the 21 recording;
- (ii) The recording shall commence with an indication of the time of the beginning thereof and terminate with an indication of the time thereof;
- 25 (iii) At the commencement of the recording the arrested person 26 shall be fully informed of his constitutional rights, and such 27 statements informing him shall be included in the recording;
- 28 (iv) The recordings shall only be used for valid police or court 29 activities;
- 30 (c) Sound recordings that correspond to video images recorded by
 31 video cameras mounted in clear view inside or on marked state or local
 32 law enforcement vehicles. Such sound recordings shall not be divulged
 33 or used by any law enforcement agency for any commercial purpose.
- 34 (2) It shall not be unlawful for a law enforcement officer acting 35 in the performance of the officer's official duties to intercept, 36 record, or disclose an oral communication or conversation where the

officer is a party to the communication or conversation or one of the 2 parties to the communication or conversation has given prior consent to the interception, recording, or disclosure: PROVIDED, That prior to 3 the interception, transmission, or recording the officer shall obtain 4 written or telephonic authorization from a judge or magistrate, who 5 interception, recording, or disclosure of 6 shall approve the 7 communications or conversations with a nonconsenting party for a 8 reasonable and specified period of time, if there is probable cause to 9 believe that the nonconsenting party has committed, is engaged in, or 10 is about to commit a felony: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That if such authorization is given by telephone the authorization and officer's 11 statement justifying such authorization must be electronically recorded 12 by the judge or magistrate on a recording device in the custody of the 13 judge or magistrate at the time transmitted and the recording shall be 14 15 retained in the court records and reduced to writing as soon as possible thereafter. 16

Any recording or interception of a communication or conversation incident to a lawfully recorded or intercepted communication or conversation pursuant to this subsection shall be lawful and may be divulged.

All recordings of communications or conversations made pursuant to this subsection shall be retained for as long as any crime may be charged based on the events or communications or conversations recorded.

- 25 (3) Communications or conversations authorized to be intercepted, 26 recorded, or disclosed by this section shall not be inadmissible under 27 RCW 9.73.050.
- (4) Authorizations issued under subsection (2) of this section shall be effective for not more than seven days, after which period the issuing authority may renew or continue the authorization for additional periods not to exceed seven days.

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38 39 (5) If the judge or magistrate determines that there is probable cause to believe that the communication or conversation concerns the unlawful manufacture, delivery, sale, or possession with intent to manufacture, deliver, or sell, controlled substances as defined in chapter 69.50 RCW, or legend drugs as defined in chapter 69.41 RCW, or imitation controlled substances as defined in chapter 69.52 RCW, the judge or magistrate may authorize the interception, transmission, recording, or disclosure of communications or conversations under

- subsection (2) of this section even though the true name of the 1 nonconsenting party, or the particular time and place for the 2 interception, transmission, recording, or disclosure, is not known at 3 4 time of the request, if the authorization describes nonconsenting party and subject matter of the communication or 5 conversation with reasonable certainty under the circumstances. 6 such communication or conversation may be intercepted, transmitted, 7 recorded, or disclosed as authorized notwithstanding a change in the 8 time or location of the communication or conversation after the 9 10 authorization has been obtained or the presence of or participation in the communication or conversation by any additional party not named in 11 12 the authorization.
- Authorizations issued under this subsection shall be effective for not more than fourteen days, after which period the issuing authority may renew or continue the authorization for an additional period not to exceed fourteen days."
- 17 **SHB 2903** S COMM AMD
- 18 By Committee on Judiciary
- 19 NOT ADOPTED 3/2/00
- On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "recordings;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 9.73.090."

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