2 ESSB 5988 - H AMD 0243 ADOPTED 04/23/99

3 By Representative

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- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "Sec. 1. RCW 28A.225.020 and 1996 c 134 s 2 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) If a child required to attend school under RCW 28A.225.010 10 fails to attend school without valid justification, the public school 11 in which the child is enrolled shall:
- 12 (a) Inform the child's custodial parent, parents, or guardian by a
 13 notice in writing or by telephone whenever the child has failed to
 14 attend school after one unexcused absence within any month during the
 15 current school year. School officials shall inform the parent of the
 16 potential consequences of additional unexcused absences;
 - (b) Schedule a conference or conferences with the custodial parent, parents, or guardian and child at a time reasonably convenient for all persons included for the purpose of analyzing the causes of the child's absences after two unexcused absences within any month during the current school year. If a regularly scheduled parent-teacher conference day is to take place within thirty days of the second unexcused absence, then the school district may schedule this conference on that day; and
- 25 (c) Take steps to eliminate or reduce the child's absences. These steps shall include, where appropriate, adjusting the child's school 26 27 program or school or course assignment, providing more individualized or remedial instruction, providing appropriate vocational courses or 28 work experience, referring the child to a community truancy board, if 29 30 available, requiring the child to attend an alternative school or program, or assisting the parent or child to obtain supplementary 31 services that might eliminate or ameliorate the cause or causes for the 32 If the child's parent does not attend the 33 absence from school. 34 scheduled conference, the conference may be conducted with the student 35 and school official. However, the parent shall be notified of the steps to be taken to eliminate or reduce the child's absence. 36

- 1 (2) For purposes of this chapter, an "unexcused absence" means that 2 a child:
- 3 (a) Has failed to attend the majority of hours or periods in an 4 average school day or has failed to comply with a more restrictive 5 school district policy; and
- 6 (b) Has failed to meet the school district's policy for excused 7 absences.
- 8 (3) If a child transfers from one school district to another during 9 the school year, the receiving school or school district shall include 10 the unexcused absences accumulated at the previous school or from the 11 previous school district for purposes of this section, RCW 28A.225.030, 12 and section 6 of this act.
- 13 **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.225.030 and 1996 c 134 s 3 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- 15 (1) If a child is required to attend school under RCW 28A.225.010 16 and if the actions taken by a school district under RCW 28A.225.020 are not successful in substantially reducing an enrolled student's absences 17 18 from public school, not later than the seventh unexcused absence by a 19 child within any month during the current school year or not later than the tenth unexcused absence during the current school year the school 20 district shall file a petition and supporting affidavit for a civil 21 22 action with the juvenile court alleging a violation of RCW 28A.225.010: 23 (a) By the parent; (b) by the child; or (c) by the parent and the 24 child. Except as provided in this subsection, no additional documents 25 need be filed with the petition.
- 26 (2) The district shall not later than the fifth unexcused absence 27 in a month:
- 28 (a) Enter into an agreement with a student and parent that 29 establishes school attendance requirements;
- 30 (b) Refer a student to a community truancy board, if available, as defined in RCW 28A.225.025. The community truancy board shall enter into an agreement with the student and parent that establishes school attendance requirements and take other appropriate actions to reduce the child's absences; or
 - (c) File a petition under subsection (1) of this section.

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36 (3) The petition may be filed by a school district employee who is 37 not an attorney.

- 1 (4) If the school district fails to file a petition under this 2 section, the parent of a child with five or more unexcused absences in 3 any month during the current school year or upon the tenth unexcused 4 absence during the current school year may file a petition with the 5 juvenile court alleging a violation of RCW 28A.225.010.
- (5) Petitions filed under this section may be served by certified mail, return receipt requested. If such service is unsuccessful, or the return receipt is not signed by the addressee, personal service is required.
- 10 **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.225.035 and 1997 c 68 s 1 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 (1) A petition for a civil action under RCW 28A.225.030 or section 13 <u>6 of this act</u> shall consist of a written notification to the court 14 alleging that:
- 15 (a) The child has unexcused absences during the current school 16 year;
- 17 (b) Actions taken by the school district have not been successful 18 in substantially reducing the child's absences from school; and
- 19 (c) Court intervention and supervision are necessary to assist the 20 school district or parent to reduce the child's absences from school.
- 21 (2) The petition shall set forth the name, age, school, and 22 residence of the child and the names and residence of the child's 23 parents.
- 24 (3) The petition shall set forth facts that support the allegations 25 in this section and shall generally request relief available under this 26 chapter and provide information about what the court might order under 27 RCW 28A.225.090.
- (4) When a petition is filed under RCW 28A.225.030 or section 6 of this act, the juvenile court shall schedule a hearing at which the court shall consider the petition((... However)), or if the court determines that a referral to an available community truancy board would substantially reduce the child's unexcused absences, the court may refer the case to a community truancy board under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
- 35 (5) If a referral is made to a community truancy board, the truancy
 36 board must meet with the child, a parent, and the school district
 37 representative and enter into an agreement with the petitioner and
 38 respondent regarding expectations and any actions necessary to address

- 1 the child's truancy within thirty days of the referral. If the
- 2 petition is based on section 6 of this act, the child shall not be
- 3 required to attend and the agreement under this subsection shall be
- 4 between the truancy board, the school district, and the child's parent.
- 5 The agreement shall be presented to the juvenile court for its
- 6 <u>approval</u>.
- 7 (6) The court shall approve the agreement by order or schedule a
- 8 hearing. The court may, if the school district and community truancy
- 9 board agree, permit the truancy board to provide continued supervision
- 10 over the student, or parent if the petition is based on section 6 of
- 11 this act, and report on compliance with the order.
- 12 (7) If the truancy board fails to reach an agreement, the truancy
- 13 board shall return the case to the juvenile court for a hearing.
- 14 (8) Notwithstanding the provisions in subsection (4) of this
- 15 <u>section</u>, a hearing shall not be required if other actions by the court
- 16 would substantially reduce the child's unexcused absences. When a
- 17 <u>juvenile court</u> hearing is held, the court shall:
- 18 (a) Separately notify the child, the parent of the child, and the
- 19 school district of the hearing;
- 20 (b) Notify the parent and the child of their rights to present
- 21 evidence at the hearing; and
- 22 (c) Notify the parent and the child of the options and rights
- 23 available under chapter 13.32A RCW.
- $((\frac{5}{1}))$ (9) The court may require the attendance of $(\frac{both}{1})$ the
- 25 child ((and)) if eight years old or older, the parents, and the school
- 26 <u>district</u> at any hearing on a petition filed under RCW 28A.225.030.
- 27 (((6))) (10) A school district is responsible for determining who
- 28 shall represent the school district at hearings on a petition filed
- 29 under RCW 28A.225.030 or section 6 of this act.
- 30 (11) The court may permit the first hearing to be held without
- 31 requiring that either party be represented by legal counsel, and to be
- 32 held without a guardian ad litem for the child under RCW 4.08.050. At
- 33 the request of the school district, the court ((may)) shall permit a
- 34 school district representative who is not an attorney to represent the
- 35 school district at any future hearings.
- $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (12) If the allegations in the petition are established by
- 37 a preponderance of the evidence, the court shall grant the petition and
- 38 enter an order assuming jurisdiction to intervene for the period of
- 39 time determined by the court, after considering the facts alleged in

- 1 the petition and the circumstances of the juvenile, to most likely 2 cause the juvenile to return to and remain in school while the juvenile
- 3 is subject to this chapter. In no case may the order expire before the
- 4 end of the school year in which it is entered.
- 5 $((\frac{8}{13}))$ (13) If the court assumes jurisdiction, the school district
- 6 shall regularly report to the court any additional unexcused absences
- 7 by the child.
- 8 $((\frac{9}{}))$ Community truancy boards and the courts shall
- 9 coordinate, to the extent possible, proceedings and actions pertaining
- 10 to children who are subject to truancy petitions and at-risk youth
- 11 petitions in RCW 13.32A.191 or child in need of services petitions in
- 12 RCW 13.32A.140.
- 13 (15) If after a juvenile court assumes jurisdiction in one county
- 14 the child relocates to another county, the juvenile court in the
- 15 receiving county shall, upon the request of a school district or
- 16 parent, assume jurisdiction of the petition filed in the previous
- 17 county.
- 18 **Sec. 4.** RCW 28A.225.090 and 1998 c 296 s 39 are each amended to
- 19 read as follows:
- 20 (1) A court may order a child subject to a petition under RCW
- 21 28A.225.035 to:
- 22 (a) Attend the child's current school;
- 23 (b) If there is space available and the program can provide
- 24 educational services appropriate for the child, order the child to
- 25 attend another public school, an alternative education program, center,
- 26 a skill center, dropout prevention program, or another public
- 27 educational program;
- 28 (c) Attend a private nonsectarian school or program including an
- 29 education center. Before ordering a child to attend an approved or
- 30 certified private nonsectarian school or program, the court shall: (i)
- 31 Consider the public and private programs available; (ii) find that
- 32 placement is in the best interest of the child; and (iii) find that the
- 33 private school or program is willing to accept the child and will not
- 34 charge any fees in addition to those established by contract with the
- 35 student's school district. If the court orders the child to enroll in
- 36 a private school or program, the child's school district shall contract
- 37 with the school or program to provide educational services for the
- 38 child. The school district shall not be required to contract for a

weekly rate that exceeds the state general apportionment dollars calculated on a weekly basis generated by the child and received by the district. A school district shall not be required to enter into a contract that is longer than the remainder of the school year. A school district shall not be required to enter into or continue a contract if the child is no longer enrolled in the district;

- (d) Be referred to a community truancy board, if available; or
- 8 (e) Submit to testing for the use of controlled substances or 9 alcohol based on a determination that such testing is appropriate to 10 the circumstances and behavior of the child and will facilitate the 11 child's compliance with the mandatory attendance law.

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- (2) If the child fails to comply with the court order, the court may order the child to be ((punished by)) subject to detention, as provided in RCW 7.21.030(2)(e), or may impose alternatives to detention such as community service. Failure by a child to comply with an order issued under this subsection shall not be ((punishable by)) subject to detention for a period greater than that permitted pursuant to a civil contempt proceeding against a child under chapter 13.32A RCW.
 - (3) Any parent violating any of the provisions of either RCW 28A.225.010, section 6 of this act, or 28A.225.080 shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars for each day of unexcused absence from school. It shall be a defense for a parent charged with violating RCW 28A.225.010 to show that he or she exercised reasonable diligence in attempting to cause a child in his or her custody to attend school or that the child's school did not perform its duties as required in RCW 28A.225.020. The court may order the parent to provide community service instead of imposing a fine. Any fine imposed pursuant to this section may be suspended upon the condition that a parent charged with violating RCW 28A.225.010 shall participate with the school and the child in a supervised plan for the child's attendance at school or upon condition that the parent attend a conference or conferences scheduled by a school for the purpose of analyzing the causes of a child's absence.
 - (4) If a child continues to be truant after entering into a courtapproved order with the truancy board under RCW 28A.225.035, the
 juvenile court shall find the child in contempt, and the court may
 order the child to be subject to detention, as provided in RCW
 7.21.030(2)(e), or may impose alternatives to detention such as
 meaningful community service. Failure by a child to comply with an

- 1 order issued under this subsection may not subject a child to detention
- 2 for a period greater than that permitted under a civil contempt
- 3 proceeding against a child under chapter 13.32A RCW.
- 4 (5) Subsections (1),(2), and (4) of this section shall not apply to
- 5 <u>a six or seven year-old child required to attend public school under</u>
- 6 section 6 of this act.
- 7 **Sec. 5.** RCW 28A.225.025 and 1996 c 134 s 9 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 For purposes of this chapter, "community truancy board" means a
- 10 board composed of members of the local community in which the child
- 11 attends school. ((The local school district boards of directors))
- 12 Juvenile courts may establish and operate community truancy boards. If
- 13 the juvenile court and the school district agree, a school district may
- 14 establish and operate a community truancy board under the jurisdiction
- 15 of the juvenile court. Juvenile courts may create a community truancy
- 16 board or may use other ((boards)) entities that exist or are created,
- 17 such as diversion ((boards)) units. However, a diversion unit or other
- 18 existing ((board)) entity must agree before it is used as a truancy
- 19 board. ((Members of the board shall be selected from representatives
- 20 of the community.)) Duties of a community truancy board shall include,
- 21 but not be limited to, recommending methods for improving school
- 22 attendance such as assisting the parent or the child to obtain
- 23 supplementary services that might eliminate or ameliorate the causes
- 24 for the absences or suggesting to the school district that the child
- 25 enroll in another school, an alternative education program, an
- 26 education center, a skill center, a dropout prevention program, or
- 27 another public or private educational program.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 28A.225
- 29 RCW to read as follows:
- 30 (1) If a parent enrolls a child who is six or seven years of age in
- 31 a public school, the child is required to attend and that parent has
- 32 the responsibility to ensure the child attends for the full time that
- 33 school is in session. An exception shall be made to this requirement
- 34 for children whose parents formally remove them from enrollment if the
- 35 child is less than eight years old and a petition has not been filed
- 36 against the parent under subsection (3) of this section. The
- 37 requirement to attend school under this subsection does not apply to a

- child enrolled in a public school part-time for the purpose of receiving ancillary services. A child required to attend school under this subsection may be temporarily excused upon the request of his or her parent for purposes agreed upon by the school district and parent.
- 5 (2) If a six or seven year-old child is required to attend public 6 school under subsection (1) of this section and that child has 7 unexcused absences, the public school in which the child is enrolled 8 shall:
- 9 (a) Inform the child's custodial parent, parents, or guardian by a 10 notice in writing or by telephone whenever the child has failed to 11 attend school after one unexcused absence within any month during the 12 current school year;

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- (b) Request a conference or conferences with the custodial parent, parents, or guardian and child at a time reasonably convenient for all persons included for the purpose of analyzing the causes of the child's absences after two unexcused absences within any month during the current school year. If a regularly scheduled parent-teacher conference day is to take place within thirty days of the second unexcused absence, then the school district may schedule this conference on that day; and
- (c) Take steps to eliminate or reduce the child's absences. These steps shall include, where appropriate, adjusting the child's school program or school or course assignment, providing more individualized or remedial instruction, offering assistance in enrolling the child in available alternative schools or programs, or assisting the parent or child to obtain supplementary services that may help eliminate or ameliorate the cause or causes for the absence from school.
- (3) If a child required to attend public school under subsection (1) of this section has seven unexcused absences in a month or ten unexcused absences in a school year, the school district shall file a petition for civil action as provided in RCW 28A.225.035 against the parent of the child.
- (4) This section does not require a six or seven year old child to enroll in a public or private school or to receive home-based instruction. This section only applies to six or seven year oldchildren whose parents enroll them full time in public school and do not formally remove them from enrollment as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 2 RCW to read as follows:

3 The superintendent of public instruction shall provide, to the 4 extent funds are appropriated, start-up grants for alternative programs 5 and services that provide instruction and learning for truant, at-risk, and expelled students. Each grant application shall contain proposed 6 7 performance indicators and an evaluation plan to measure the success of 8 the program and its impact on improved student learning. Applications 9 shall contain the applicant's plan for maintaining the program and 10 services after the grant period.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** If funds are appropriated by the legislature 11 for this specific purpose, the superintendent of public instruction 12 shall contract with the institute of public policy or a similar agency 13 14 to: Evaluate the effectiveness of the petition process and community truancy boards in chapter 28A.225 RCW in reducing truancy; determine 15 16 whether students who do return to school after being subject to court action create disruptions for other students in the school, establish 17 18 patterns of improved attendance, and successfully complete their 19 education program; and determine the costs imposed on school districts and other truancy-related procedural 20 by the petition process requirements required by the legislature in 1992 and thereafter. 21

The cost determination shall be submitted to the legislature by December 15, 1999. The evaluation shall be submitted to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 15, 2000.

This section expires December 31, 2000."

26 Correct the title.

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